

1990

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POPULATION  
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1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
Population and Housing  
Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
Numbering Areas  
Columbus, GA-AL MSA

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The Field Division, **Stanley D. Matchett**, Chief, directed the census data collection and associated field operations. **Richard L. Bitzer**, **Richard F. Blass**, **Karl K. Kindel**, and **John W. Marshall** were assistant division chiefs. Regional office directors were **William F. Adams**, **John E. Bell**, **LaVerne Collins**, **Dwight P. Dean**, **Arthur G. Dukakis**, **Sheila H. Grimm**, **William F. Hill**, **James F. Holmes**, **Stanley D. Moore**, **Marvin L. Postma**, **John E. Reeder**, and **Leo C. Schilling**.

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The Technical Services Division, **C. Thomas DiNenna**, Chief, designed, developed, deployed, and produced automated technology for census data processing.



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**1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
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Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
Numbering Areas  
Columbus, GA-AL MSA**

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**U.S. Department of Commerce  
Ronald H. Brown, Secretary**

**Economics and Statistics Administration**

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director**



**Economics and Statistics  
Administration**



**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS**  
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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

#### Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Count adjustment .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units) .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



## HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

### Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*. A typical census report table is illustrated below.

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The *boxhead* is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a *spanner* appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE

Table number and title		Headnote		Column head									
Heading		Spanner		Boxhead									
Stubhead		Stub		Data field									
Sidehead		Page number and State name		Report title									
Table 67. Labor Force Characteristics, 1990		This table contains data on the labor force characteristics of the civilian noninstitutionalized population aged 16 and over, by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, for the United States and for each State and the District of Columbia.		Total									
The State		Total		Total									
State and County		Total		Total									
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*Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.





# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
<b>LAND AREA</b> .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233  
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

**Age Reporting**—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

#### User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

#### User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

#### User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

#### User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in



data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

## User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

## User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused



by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

## User Note 9

**Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds**—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the "Other race" population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the "Other race" population below the State level.

## User Note 10

**Thresholds in CPH-3**—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

**Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold**

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.





# LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		<b>Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:</b>
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia			108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
14	Idaho	67	Anchorage, AK MSA		
15	Illinois	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
16	Indiana	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
17	Iowa	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
18	Kansas				<b>Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:</b>
19	Kentucky	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
20	Louisiana	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
21	Maine	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
22	Maryland	74	Athens, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
23	Massachusetts	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
24	Michigan			113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
25	Minnesota	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA		
26	Mississippi	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
27	Missouri	78	Austin, TX MSA		<b>Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:</b>
28	Montana	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA	115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
29	Nebraska	80	Baltimore, MD MSA	115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
30	Nevada				
31	New Hampshire	81	Bangor, ME MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
32	Not Assigned	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA		<b>Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:</b>
33	New Mexico	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
34	New York	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
35	North Carolina	85	Bellingham, WA MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
36	North Dakota				
37	Ohio	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
38	Oklahoma	87	Billings, MT MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
39	Oregon	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
40	Pennsylvania	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
41	Rhode Island	90	Birmingham, AL MSA	122	Columbus, OH MSA
42	South Carolina			123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
43	South Dakota	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
44	Tennessee	92	Bloomington, IN MSA		<b>Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:</b>
45	Texas	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
46	Utah	94	Boise City, ID MSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
47	Vermont				
48	Virginia		<b>Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:</b>	126	Danville, VA MSA
49	Washington	95A	Boston, MA PMSA	127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
50	West Virginia	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA		<b>Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA</b>
51	Wisconsin	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
52	Wyoming	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
53	Puerto Rico	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA	131	Decatur, IL MSA
54	Not Assigned	95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA		
55	Virgin Islands				
		96	Bradenton, FL MSA		
		97	Bremerton, WA MSA		
		98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA		
		99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA		

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:</b>	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		<b>Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:</b>
				231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
	<b>Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:</b>	183	Jackson, TN MSA		
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
		186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA			235	Monroe, LA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
		191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA			240	Nashville, TN MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA		
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
		196	Kokomo, IN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA				<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:</b>
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
		201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA			245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
		206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA			245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
		211	Lima, OH MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA				
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA			253	Owensboro, KY MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
			<b>Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:</b>	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA				
166	Greeley, CO MSA			256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA		<b>Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:</b>
		215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA			259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
		217	Lubbock, TX MSA		
	<b>Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:</b>	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA		
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA			259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
		222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	223	Mayaguez, PR MSA		
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA			260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
		225	Medford, OR MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
	<b>Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:</b>	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA		
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA				<b>Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:</b>
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
			<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:</b>		
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
				264	Ponce, PR MSA
178	Huntsville, AL MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA



Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:</b>	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		<b>San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:</b>	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
	<b>Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:</b>	294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269C	Providence, RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA		<b>San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:</b>	323	Tucson, AZ MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA	295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
273	Rapid City, SD MSA			326	Tyler, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA	327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA	298	Sarasota, FL MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA	299	Savannah, GA MSA	330	Waco, TX MSA
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA		<b>Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:</b>	332	Waterbury, CT MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA		
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA	338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA		
		312	Springfield, MA MSA	343	York, PA MSA
		313	State College, PA MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
		314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
				346	Yuma, AZ MSA

Table A. **Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract
RUSSELL COUNTY, AL <sup>1</sup>	
CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA <sup>1</sup>	
MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA	
8 -----	7
	8
101.03 -----	101.01 (pt.)
101.04 -----	101.01 (pt.)
106.05 -----	106.03 (pt.)
106.06 -----	106.03 (pt.)

<sup>1</sup>Census tract comparability not provided; no changes in census tracts between 1980 and 1990 or changes affected less than 2.5 percent of the 1990 census population of the census tract.



Table B. **Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1980 tract	1990 tract
RUSSELL COUNTY, AL <sup>1</sup>	
CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA <sup>1</sup>	
MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA	
7 -----	8 (pt.)
8 -----	8 (pt.)
101.01 -----	101.03
	101.04
106.03 -----	106.05
	106.06

<sup>1</sup>Census tract comparability not provided; no changes in census tracts between 1980 and 1990 or changes affected less than 2.5 percent of the 1990 census population of the census tract.





Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alabama (pt.)	Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	2 865.2	1 660.5	1 660.5	48.5	1 204.6	644.4	22.2	560.2	559.8
Square miles .....	1 106.2	641.1	641.1	18.7	465.1	248.8	8.6	216.3	216.1
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>243 072</b>	<b>46 860</b>	<b>46 860</b>	<b>24 642</b>	<b>196 212</b>	<b>16 934</b>	<b>14 617</b>	<b>179 278</b>	<b>178 681</b>
Under 5 years .....	19 609	3 536	3 536	1 887	16 073	1 362	1 185	14 711	14 656
5 to 9 years .....	18 515	3 408	3 408	1 751	15 107	1 479	1 297	13 628	13 593
10 to 14 years .....	17 144	3 381	3 381	1 745	13 763	1 349	1 159	12 414	12 380
15 to 19 years .....	20 189	3 625	3 625	1 852	16 564	1 932	1 748	14 632	14 599
20 to 24 years .....	22 969	3 499	3 499	1 831	19 470	3 989	3 775	15 481	15 428
25 to 34 years .....	43 835	7 443	7 443	3 875	36 392	3 980	3 575	32 412	32 322
35 to 44 years .....	33 297	6 456	6 456	3 256	26 841	1 956	1 659	24 885	24 818
45 to 54 years .....	21 865	5 050	5 050	2 460	16 815	434	185	16 381	16 337
55 to 64 years .....	20 103	4 521	4 521	2 473	15 582	218	18	15 364	15 294
65 to 74 years .....	15 454	3 572	3 572	2 038	11 882	153	13	11 729	11 666
75 to 84 years .....	8 041	1 904	1 904	1 164	6 137	76	3	6 061	6 018
85 years and over .....	2 051	465	465	310	1 586	6	—	1 580	1 570
3 and 4 years .....	7 754	1 416	1 416	758	6 338	580	502	5 758	5 742
16 years and over .....	184 520	35 861	35 861	18 920	148 659	12 539	10 817	136 120	135 651
18 years and over .....	177 421	34 380	34 380	18 183	143 041	12 204	10 551	130 837	130 384
21 years and over .....	162 631	32 232	32 232	17 047	130 399	9 853	8 307	120 546	120 116
60 years and over .....	35 546	8 191	8 191	4 779	27 355	324	24	27 031	26 880
62 years and over .....	31 480	7 306	7 306	4 290	24 174	284	20	23 890	23 755
Median .....	30.1	33.0	33.0	33.4	29.5	22.6	22.2	30.6	30.6
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>122 400</b>	<b>24 468</b>	<b>24 468</b>	<b>13 256</b>	<b>97 932</b>	<b>5 777</b>	<b>4 560</b>	<b>92 155</b>	<b>91 812</b>
Under 5 years .....	9 513	1 679	1 679	905	7 834	673	581	7 161	7 129
5 to 9 years .....	9 167	1 642	1 642	859	7 525	778	678	6 747	6 725
10 to 14 years .....	8 429	1 613	1 613	826	6 816	665	575	6 151	6 132
15 to 19 years .....	8 565	1 787	1 787	921	6 778	466	374	6 312	6 290
20 to 24 years .....	9 363	1 768	1 768	969	7 595	500	390	7 095	7 075
25 to 34 years .....	21 266	3 802	3 802	2 041	17 464	1 412	1 208	16 052	16 005
35 to 44 years .....	17 119	3 368	3 368	1 702	13 751	821	655	12 930	12 894
45 to 54 years .....	11 668	2 669	2 669	1 350	8 999	201	74	8 798	8 778
55 to 64 years .....	11 195	2 476	2 476	1 406	8 719	114	14	8 605	8 560
65 to 74 years .....	9 101	2 076	2 076	1 241	7 025	90	9	6 935	6 890
75 to 84 years .....	5 424	1 239	1 239	797	4 185	54	2	4 131	4 102
85 years and over .....	1 590	349	349	239	1 241	3	—	1 238	1 232
3 and 4 years .....	3 756	669	669	362	3 087	290	249	2 797	2 787
16 years and over .....	93 708	19 205	19 205	10 494	74 503	3 568	2 655	70 935	70 668
18 years and over .....	90 265	18 475	18 475	10 125	71 790	3 396	2 522	68 394	68 137
21 years and over .....	84 806	17 401	17 401	9 560	67 405	3 093	2 276	64 312	64 070
60 years and over .....	21 733	4 924	4 924	3 006	16 809	194	18	16 615	16 515
62 years and over .....	19 480	4 431	4 431	2 724	15 049	175	15	14 874	14 781
Median .....	32.6	34.8	34.8	35.6	32.1	23.2	20.9	32.8	32.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>120 672</b>	<b>22 392</b>	<b>22 392</b>	<b>11 386</b>	<b>98 280</b>	<b>11 157</b>	<b>10 057</b>	<b>87 123</b>	<b>86 869</b>
Median age .....	27.8	31.1	31.1	30.9	27.2	22.5	22.3	28.5	28.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>243 072</b>	<b>46 860</b>	<b>46 860</b>	<b>24 642</b>	<b>196 212</b>	<b>16 934</b>	<b>14 617</b>	<b>179 278</b>	<b>178 681</b>
In households .....	228 602	46 286	46 286	24 223	182 316	10 616	8 299	171 700	171 103
Householder .....	86 241	17 499	17 499	9 528	68 742	2 884	2 063	65 858	65 634
Family householder .....	62 608	12 736	12 736	6 646	49 872	2 637	2 002	47 235	47 073
Nonfamily householder .....	23 633	4 763	4 763	2 882	18 870	247	61	18 623	18 561
Living alone .....	20 624	4 286	4 286	2 628	16 338	216	60	16 122	16 064
Spouse .....	44 795	9 045	9 045	4 338	35 750	2 370	1 901	33 380	33 266
Child .....	76 823	15 344	15 344	8 024	61 479	5 009	4 187	56 470	56 301
Other relatives .....	13 692	3 239	3 239	1 708	10 453	249	117	10 204	10 144
Nonrelatives .....	7 051	1 159	1 159	625	5 892	104	31	5 788	5 758
Institutionalized persons .....	3 439	406	406	406	3 033	70	70	2 963	2 963
Other persons in group quarters .....	11 031	168	168	13	10 863	6 248	6 248	4 615	4 615
Persons per household .....	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.54	2.65	3.68	4.02	2.61	2.61
Persons per family .....	3.16	3.17	3.17	3.12	3.16	3.89	4.10	3.12	3.12
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>25 546</b>	<b>5 941</b>	<b>5 941</b>	<b>3 512</b>	<b>19 605</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>19 370</b>	<b>19 254</b>
In households .....	24 261	5 651	5 651	3 233	18 610	234	15	18 376	18 260
Householder .....	16 865	4 028	4 028	2 390	12 837	156	2	12 681	12 604
Nonfamily householder .....	8 016	1 876	1 876	1 205	6 140	64	—	6 076	6 045
Living alone .....	7 734	1 825	1 825	1 179	5 909	62	—	5 847	5 817
Spouse .....	4 920	1 077	1 077	576	3 843	40	1	3 803	3 776
Other relatives .....	2 097	475	475	226	1 622	36	12	1 586	1 576
Nonrelatives .....	379	71	71	41	308	2	—	306	304
Institutionalized persons .....	1 242	275	275	275	967	—	—	967	967
Other persons in group quarters .....	43	15	15	4	28	1	1	27	27
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>62 608</b>	<b>12 736</b>	<b>12 736</b>	<b>6 646</b>	<b>49 872</b>	<b>2 637</b>	<b>2 002</b>	<b>47 235</b>	<b>47 073</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	31 730	5 872	5 872	3 071	25 858	2 086	1 769	23 772	23 709
Number of own children under 18 years .....	57 771	10 755	10 755	5 567	47 016	4 583	4 006	42 433	42 320
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>44 795</b>	<b>9 045</b>	<b>9 045</b>	<b>4 338</b>	<b>35 750</b>	<b>2 370</b>	<b>1 901</b>	<b>33 380</b>	<b>33 266</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	21 669	4 012	4 012	1 834	17 657	1 902	1 675	15 755	15 710
Number of own children under 18 years .....	39 510	7 284	7 284	3 252	32 226	4 208	3 797	28 018	27 934
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>15 070</b>	<b>3 053</b>	<b>3 053</b>	<b>1 974</b>	<b>12 017</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>11 803</b>	<b>11 761</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	8 895	1 633	1 633	1 129	7 262	147	64	7 115	7 101
Number of own children under 18 years .....	16 415	3 100	3 100	2 136	13 315	297	140	13 018	12 994
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>92 513</b>	<b>17 001</b>	<b>17 001</b>	<b>8 593</b>	<b>75 512</b>	<b>9 083</b>	<b>8 250</b>	<b>66 429</b>	<b>66 226</b>
Never married .....	30 365	4 649	4 649	2 469	25 716	4 937	4 719	20 779	20 726
Now married, except separated .....	49 619	9 690	9 690	4 633	39 929	3 563	3 063	36 366	36 243
Separated .....	2 577	452	452	253	2 125	193	171	1 932	1 927
Widowed .....	2 369	634	634	368	1 735	39	11	1 696	1 693
Divorced .....	7 583	1 576	1 576	870	6 007	351	286	5 656	5 637
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>95 291</b>	<b>19 534</b>	<b>19 534</b>	<b>10 666</b>	<b>75 757</b>	<b>3 661</b>	<b>2 726</b>	<b>72 096</b>	<b>71 826</b>
Never married .....	19 418	4 025	4 025	2 268	15 393	809	618	14 584	14 543
Now married, except separated .....	47 268	9 549	9 549	4 609	37 719	2 506	2 002	35 213	35 089
Separated .....	4 250	798	798	507	3 452	64	26	3 388	3 381
Widowed .....	13 335	3 137	3 137	1 990	10 198	135	21	10 063	10 014
Divorced .....	11 020	2 025	2 025	1 292	8 995	147	59	8 848	8 799

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	14.3	6.2	20.3	21.4	62.7	191.6	.8	.9	2.7	10.2
Square miles .....	5.5	2.4	7.9	8.3	24.2	74.0	.3	.3	1.0	3.9
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 302</b>	<b>1 714</b>	<b>4 657</b>	<b>4 309</b>	<b>6 593</b>	<b>4 314</b>	<b>1 265</b>	<b>1 916</b>	<b>3 263</b>	<b>5 304</b>
Under 5 years .....	404	86	359	362	581	283	142	209	203	327
5 to 9 years .....	384	98	375	346	542	303	129	162	198	314
10 to 14 years .....	350	111	370	395	435	308	126	163	178	277
15 to 19 years .....	451	108	393	385	448	378	125	176	176	359
20 to 24 years .....	448	92	378	309	532	331	86	143	213	367
25 to 34 years .....	927	258	773	680	1 207	738	162	278	539	776
35 to 44 years .....	942	275	713	563	912	691	115	213	392	810
45 to 54 years .....	807	196	466	375	759	494	92	161	329	687
55 to 64 years .....	739	197	398	376	588	398	87	143	439	638
65 to 74 years .....	517	163	289	311	402	246	102	150	369	452
75 to 84 years .....	257	109	125	166	161	124	82	97	186	228
85 years and over .....	76	21	18	41	26	20	17	21	41	69
3 and 4 years .....	165	40	147	148	247	108	50	88	71	138
16 years and over .....	5 077	1 404	3 496	3 118	4 960	3 349	836	1 357	2 652	4 320
18 years and over .....	4 896	1 357	3 337	2 969	4 769	3 190	786	1 283	2 575	4 179
21 years and over .....	4 630	1 296	3 080	2 764	4 484	2 981	722	1 182	2 466	3 962
60 years and over .....	1 215	402	618	711	865	585	249	341	826	1 066
62 years and over .....	1 057	366	546	633	754	507	228	311	739	934
Median .....	36.8	39.6	30.6	30.1	31.1	32.4	26.7	28.6	37.6	37.9
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 276</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>2 431</b>	<b>2 354</b>	<b>3 291</b>	<b>2 140</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>1 039</b>	<b>1 771</b>	<b>2 774</b>
Under 5 years .....	184	39	173	174	257	146	72	99	105	153
5 to 9 years .....	177	40	178	181	271	133	69	69	107	146
10 to 14 years .....	168	51	188	189	224	140	59	73	79	131
15 to 19 years .....	221	59	196	205	223	181	61	91	89	169
20 to 24 years .....	213	40	191	156	264	157	56	75	116	176
25 to 34 years .....	483	133	397	389	573	372	112	161	244	411
35 to 44 years .....	484	149	369	297	474	344	77	114	200	416
45 to 54 years .....	423	92	245	214	375	253	65	93	181	363
55 to 64 years .....	400	119	218	210	307	197	56	80	264	348
65 to 74 years .....	293	102	179	199	210	133	67	99	226	254
75 to 84 years .....	173	74	84	109	94	69	53	73	131	154
85 years and over .....	57	16	13	31	19	15	16	12	29	53
3 and 4 years .....	64	18	70	71	120	49	21	46	42	56
16 years and over .....	2 703	778	1 864	1 763	2 503	1 690	554	780	1 462	2 309
18 years and over .....	2 614	748	1 779	1 676	2 404	1 618	525	746	1 427	2 243
21 years and over .....	2 484	716	1 655	1 578	2 268	1 507	488	696	1 372	2 144
60 years and over .....	715	256	380	453	469	318	167	223	527	625
62 years and over .....	626	236	338	412	402	278	154	208	473	551
Median .....	39.3	42.0	31.9	32.1	31.7	33.3	30.7	32.2	41.9	40.1
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 026</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>2 226</b>	<b>1 955</b>	<b>3 302</b>	<b>2 174</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>1 492</b>	<b>2 530</b>
Median age .....	34.9	36.2	29.1	27.8	30.5	31.7	18.7	24.3	34.3	35.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 302</b>	<b>1 714</b>	<b>4 657</b>	<b>4 309</b>	<b>6 593</b>	<b>4 314</b>	<b>1 265</b>	<b>1 916</b>	<b>3 263</b>	<b>5 304</b>
In households .....	6 154	1 703	4 657	4 296	6 593	4 170	1 265	1 841	3 263	5 156
Householder .....	2 411	719	1 684	1 545	2 409	1 452	524	741	1 391	2 045
Family householder .....	1 837	501	1 263	1 064	1 873	1 142	305	471	952	1 566
Nonfamily householder .....	574	218	421	481	536	310	219	270	439	479
Living alone .....	514	204	379	440	458	269	210	250	401	432
Spouse .....	1 568	407	862	501	1 568	881	89	186	716	1 350
Child .....	1 784	473	1 618	1 695	2 103	1 456	557	737	868	1 464
Other relatives .....	281	71	357	437	336	278	69	119	216	209
Nonrelatives .....	110	33	136	118	177	103	26	58	72	88
Institutionalized persons .....	148	11	—	—	—	—	—	75	—	148
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	13	—	144	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.55	2.37	2.77	2.78	2.74	2.87	2.41	2.48	2.35	2.52
Persons per family .....	2.98	2.90	3.25	3.47	3.14	3.29	3.34	3.21	2.89	2.93
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>850</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>749</b>
In households .....	714	293	432	514	589	381	201	268	596	613
Householder .....	476	210	309	405	398	251	167	225	429	409
Nonfamily householder .....	186	113	141	206	173	83	112	150	209	154
Living alone .....	179	111	138	198	167	82	112	148	205	149
Spouse .....	169	60	91	60	130	88	19	31	124	146
Other relatives .....	62	22	27	38	54	38	11	10	38	53
Nonrelatives .....	7	1	5	11	7	4	4	2	5	5
Institutionalized persons .....	136	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	136
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	4	—	9	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 837</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>1 263</b>	<b>1 064</b>	<b>1 873</b>	<b>1 142</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>1 566</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	756	198	636	550	918	524	199	266	357	626
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 266	330	1 127	1 104	1 640	959	431	566	587	1 023
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 568</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>1 568</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>1 350</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	630	160	426	249	765	406	42	79	269	525
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 083	274	742	501	1 357	749	88	163	448	887
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>217</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>178</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	105	32	179	283	122	99	155	173	78	88
Number of own children under 18 years .....	151	48	329	574	228	181	341	379	118	116
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 417</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>1 661</b>	<b>1 396</b>	<b>2 496</b>	<b>1 699</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>1 204</b>	<b>2 042</b>
Never married .....	510	111	499	569	509	462	127	222	247	415
Now married, except separated .....	1 640	421	918	552	1 650	1 016	94	215	750	1 410
Separated .....	26	9	40	72	35	45	24	22	26	22
Widowed .....	58	22	43	87	62	50	31	37	38	51
Divorced .....	183	72	161	116	240	126	29	88	143	144
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 747</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>1 892</b>	<b>1 810</b>	<b>2 539</b>	<b>1 721</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>1 480</b>	<b>2 344</b>
Never married .....	398	99	420	575	328	407	194	240	186	335
Now married, except separated .....	1 630	420	906	558	1 643	939	97	205	750	1 400
Separated .....	49	16	69	153	59	44	69	80	27	34
Widowed .....	407	155	243	342	266	183	134	164	305	353
Divorced .....	263	94	254	182	243	148	69	109	212	222



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers	3.2	13.8	5.2	11.7	.1	—	4.1	2.9	6.6	9.7
Square miles	1.3	5.3	2.0	4.5	—	—	1.6	1.1	2.5	3.7
<b>AGE</b>										
All persons	826	4 239	3 524	4 299	6	—	998	888	418	10
Under 5 years	46	327	272	361	—	—	77	40	32	1
5 to 9 years	42	342	218	346	—	—	70	56	33	—
10 to 14 years	45	350	210	395	1	—	73	66	20	—
15 to 19 years	47	354	231	384	—	—	92	61	39	1
20 to 24 years	51	338	326	307	—	—	81	41	40	2
25 to 34 years	126	703	611	679	1	—	151	132	70	1
35 to 44 years	112	652	401	560	1	—	132	163	61	3
45 to 54 years	79	426	310	375	1	—	120	117	40	—
55 to 64 years	92	368	331	374	1	—	101	105	30	2
65 to 74 years	95	258	300	311	1	—	65	68	31	—
75 to 84 years	72	107	226	166	—	—	29	37	18	—
85 years and over	19	14	88	41	—	—	7	2	4	—
3 and 4 years	20	138	105	148	—	—	27	20	9	—
16 years and over	689	3 166	2 786	3 109	5	—	757	715	330	9
18 years and over	668	3 022	2 704	2 961	5	—	717	689	315	8
21 years and over	635	2 793	2 525	2 757	5	—	668	661	287	7
60 years and over	236	553	796	711	1	—	149	166	65	—
62 years and over	227	485	732	633	1	—	123	139	61	—
Median	40.9	30.6	33.2	30.1	42.5	—	31.5	39.0	30.3	33.5
Female	461	2 213	1 883	2 349	3	—	502	453	218	5
Under 5 years	23	155	125	173	—	—	31	16	18	1
5 to 9 years	16	161	110	181	—	—	31	24	17	—
10 to 14 years	15	180	100	189	—	—	37	36	8	—
15 to 19 years	24	177	105	205	—	—	52	35	19	—
20 to 24 years	29	174	188	155	—	—	37	11	17	1
25 to 34 years	63	362	299	388	1	—	72	70	35	1
35 to 44 years	66	332	201	296	—	—	68	83	37	1
45 to 54 years	34	223	177	214	—	—	60	58	22	—
55 to 64 years	61	206	181	209	1	—	52	58	12	1
65 to 74 years	61	158	176	199	1	—	39	41	21	—
75 to 84 years	55	74	148	109	—	—	19	19	10	—
85 years and over	14	11	73	31	—	—	4	2	2	—
3 and 4 years	12	65	49	71	—	—	8	6	5	—
16 years and over	406	1 691	1 530	1 759	3	—	394	372	173	4
18 years and over	394	1 613	1 502	1 672	3	—	371	354	166	4
21 years and over	375	1 501	1 406	1 575	3	—	340	341	154	3
60 years and over	164	342	504	453	1	—	90	92	38	—
62 years and over	159	302	464	412	1	—	75	77	36	—
Median	43.8	31.9	35.6	32.1	55.5	—	32.7	39.7	32.0	31.5
Male	365	2 026	1 641	1 950	3	—	496	435	200	5
Median age	34.4	29.1	31.2	27.7	35.5	—	30.0	37.5	29.1	35.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
All persons	826	4 239	3 524	4 299	6	—	998	888	418	10
In households	815	4 239	3 352	4 286	6	—	998	888	418	10
Householder	383	1 521	1 378	1 542	3	—	366	336	163	3
Family householder	231	1 151	907	1 061	2	—	271	270	112	3
Nonfamily householder	152	370	471	481	1	—	95	66	51	—
Living alone	144	333	417	440	1	—	82	60	46	—
Spouse	175	785	537	498	2	—	218	232	77	3
Child	207	1 487	1 012	1 691	1	—	320	266	131	4
Other relatives	35	322	301	437	—	—	72	36	35	—
Nonrelatives	15	124	124	118	—	—	22	18	12	—
Institutionalized persons	11	—	172	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.13	2.79	2.43	2.78	2.00	—	2.73	2.64	2.56	3.33
Persons per family	2.81	3.25	3.04	3.48	2.50	—	3.25	2.98	3.17	3.33
Persons 65 years and over	186	379	614	518	1	—	101	107	53	—
In households	186	379	475	514	1	—	101	107	53	—
Householder	143	272	339	405	1	—	67	67	37	—
Nonfamily householder	88	125	160	206	1	—	32	25	16	—
Living alone	87	123	156	198	1	—	30	24	15	—
Spouse	31	79	86	60	—	—	23	29	12	—
Other relatives	11	24	41	38	—	—	9	11	3	—
Nonrelatives	1	4	9	11	—	—	2	—	1	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	139	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
Families	231	1 151	907	1 061	2	—	271	270	112	3
With own children under 18 years	89	587	398	548	1	—	130	109	49	2
Number of own children under 18 years	144	1 044	669	1 102	1	—	243	186	83	2
Married-couple families	175	785	537	498	2	—	218	232	77	3
With own children under 18 years	64	392	215	247	1	—	105	96	34	2
Number of own children under 18 years	102	683	381	499	1	—	196	172	59	2
Female householder, no husband present	46	305	301	488	—	—	39	26	25	—
With own children under 18 years	23	168	161	283	—	—	17	9	11	—
Number of own children under 18 years	39	311	258	574	—	—	35	9	18	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
Males 15 years and over	286	1 503	1 276	1 391	2	—	375	349	158	5
Never married	48	452	391	567	—	—	95	63	47	2
Now married, except separated	184	836	593	549	2	—	230	237	82	3
Separated	5	33	49	72	—	—	4	4	7	—
Widowed	9	37	78	87	—	—	7	13	6	—
Divorced	40	145	165	116	—	—	39	32	16	—
Females 15 years and over	407	1 717	1 548	1 806	3	—	403	377	175	4
Never married	49	375	315	574	—	—	63	50	45	1
Now married, except separated	184	827	589	555	2	—	230	236	79	3
Separated	12	56	76	153	—	—	15	4	13	—
Widowed	108	219	364	342	1	—	54	47	24	—
Divorced	54	240	204	182	—	—	41	40	14	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	62.6	191.6	218.7	446.6	669.3	480.8	22.2	163.5	458.6
Square miles .....	24.2	74.0	84.4	172.4	258.4	185.7	8.6	63.1	177.1
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 587</b>	<b>4 314</b>	<b>3 030</b>	<b>2 499</b>	<b>3 474</b>	<b>14 654</b>	<b>14 617</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>37</b>
Under 5 years .....	581	283	198	194	243	1 191	1 185	171	6
5 to 9 years .....	542	303	223	198	232	1 300	1 297	179	3
10 to 14 years .....	434	308	240	211	284	1 162	1 159	187	3
15 to 19 years .....	448	378	234	209	311	1 751	1 748	181	3
20 to 24 years .....	532	331	230	157	254	3 776	3 775	213	1
25 to 34 years .....	1 206	738	454	350	466	3 582	3 575	398	7
35 to 44 years .....	911	691	483	296	460	1 666	1 659	290	7
45 to 54 years .....	758	494	394	264	403	192	185	242	7
55 to 64 years .....	587	398	254	204	367	18	18	200	—
65 to 74 years .....	401	246	219	226	278	13	13	140	—
75 to 84 years .....	161	124	85	155	131	3	3	73	—
85 years and over .....	26	20	16	35	45	—	—	6	—
3 and 4 years .....	247	108	70	80	97	505	502	75	3
16 years and over .....	4 955	3 349	2 319	1 852	2 655	10 842	10 817	1 697	25
18 years and over .....	4 764	3 190	2 223	1 766	2 525	10 574	10 551	1 630	23
21 years and over .....	4 479	2 981	2 090	1 659	2 353	8 329	8 307	1 524	22
60 years and over .....	864	585	443	510	630	24	24	300	—
62 years and over .....	753	507	391	470	572	20	20	264	—
Median .....	31.1	32.4	33.5	32.9	34.2	22.2	22.2	29.9	29.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 288</b>	<b>2 140</b>	<b>1 519</b>	<b>1 327</b>	<b>1 760</b>	<b>4 580</b>	<b>4 560</b>	<b>1 197</b>	<b>20</b>
Under 5 years .....	257	146	106	92	107	585	581	88	4
5 to 9 years .....	271	133	108	89	110	679	678	99	1
10 to 14 years .....	224	140	112	100	130	576	575	89	1
15 to 19 years .....	223	181	112	84	160	377	374	89	3
20 to 24 years .....	264	157	110	80	122	391	390	109	1
25 to 34 years .....	572	372	219	192	228	1 211	1 208	201	3
35 to 44 years .....	474	344	247	161	251	660	655	161	5
45 to 54 years .....	375	253	197	148	206	76	74	125	2
55 to 64 years .....	306	197	135	123	186	14	14	100	—
65 to 74 years .....	209	133	113	137	142	9	9	81	—
75 to 84 years .....	94	69	49	92	90	2	2	52	—
85 years and over .....	19	15	11	29	28	—	—	3	—
3 and 4 years .....	120	49	29	43	47	251	249	39	2
16 years and over .....	2 500	1 690	1 167	1 028	1 383	2 669	2 655	899	14
18 years and over .....	2 401	1 618	1 120	1 000	1 316	2 534	2 522	862	12
21 years and over .....	2 265	1 507	1 060	946	1 225	2 287	2 276	806	11
60 years and over .....	468	318	242	316	354	18	18	176	—
62 years and over .....	401	278	218	294	328	15	15	160	—
Median .....	31.7	33.3	34.6	36.5	35.7	21.0	20.9	30.7	25.0
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 299</b>	<b>2 174</b>	<b>1 511</b>	<b>1 172</b>	<b>1 714</b>	<b>10 074</b>	<b>10 057</b>	<b>1 083</b>	<b>17</b>
Median age .....	30.5	31.7	32.7	29.4	32.0	22.3	22.3	29.1	33.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 587</b>	<b>4 314</b>	<b>3 030</b>	<b>2 499</b>	<b>3 474</b>	<b>14 654</b>	<b>14 617</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>37</b>
In households .....	6 587	4 170	3 030	2 499	3 463	8 336	8 299	2 280	37
Householder .....	2 406	1 452	1 070	952	1 223	2 074	2 063	810	11
Family householder .....	1 871	1 142	857	647	917	2 013	2 002	624	11
Nonfamily householder .....	535	310	213	305	306	61	61	186	—
Living alone .....	457	269	179	286	279	60	60	156	—
Spouse .....	1 566	881	686	376	668	1 912	1 901	458	11
Child .....	2 102	1 456	1 012	880	1 149	4 202	4 187	807	15
Other relatives .....	336	278	187	246	341	117	117	132	—
Nonrelatives .....	177	103	75	45	82	31	31	73	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	70	70	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	144	—	—	11	6 248	6 248	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.74	2.87	2.83	2.63	2.83	4.02	4.02	2.81	3.36
Persons per family .....	3.14	3.29	3.20	3.32	3.35	4.10	4.10	3.24	3.36
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>588</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>—</b>
In households .....	588	381	320	416	452	15	15	219	—
Householder .....	397	251	209	295	315	2	2	154	—
Nonfamily householder .....	172	83	78	144	121	—	—	64	—
Living alone .....	166	82	72	140	117	—	—	62	—
Spouse .....	130	88	66	68	85	1	1	39	—
Other relatives .....	54	38	37	50	47	12	12	24	—
Nonrelatives .....	7	4	8	3	5	—	—	2	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	9	—	—	2	1	1	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 871</b>	<b>1 142</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>2 013</b>	<b>2 002</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>11</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	917	524	402	288	380	1 777	1 769	309	8
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 639	959	718	593	765	4 020	4 006	563	14
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 566</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>1 912</b>	<b>1 901</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>11</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	764	406	324	167	280	1 683	1 675	219	8
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 356	749	595	343	560	3 811	3 797	397	14
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>226</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>—</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	122	99	55	112	79	64	64	83	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	228	181	90	234	169	140	140	157	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 494</b>	<b>1 699</b>	<b>1 176</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>1 302</b>	<b>8 261</b>	<b>8 250</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>11</b>
Never married .....	509	462	308	316	378	4 719	4 719	218	—
Now married, except separated .....	1 648	1 016	717	391	733	3 074	3 063	489	11
Separated .....	35	45	21	42	41	171	171	22	—
Widowed .....	62	50	33	50	45	11	11	28	—
Divorced .....	240	126	97	51	105	286	286	65	—
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 536</b>	<b>1 721</b>	<b>1 193</b>	<b>1 046</b>	<b>1 413</b>	<b>2 740</b>	<b>2 726</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>14</b>
Never married .....	328	407	228	287	348	621	618	188	3
Now married, except separated .....	1 641	939	711	391	710	2 013	2 002	493	11
Separated .....	59	44	35	63	58	26	26	38	—
Widowed .....	265	183	134	229	211	21	21	114	—
Divorced .....	243	148	85	76	86	59	59	88	—



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	1.7	.4	1.3	3.0	.9	4.7	1.1	.8	1.6	1.8
Square miles .....	.7	.2	.5	1.2	.3	1.8	.4	.3	.6	.7
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 470</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>2 634</b>	<b>1 021</b>	<b>3 180</b>	<b>1 790</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>2 318</b>	<b>2 857</b>
Under 5 years .....	452	55	5	137	79	205	126	75	124	160
5 to 9 years .....	411	35	2	121	63	184	130	65	143	142
10 to 14 years .....	322	34	2	133	66	149	116	57	114	133
15 to 19 years .....	278	33	1	161	91	193	116	70	128	140
20 to 24 years .....	258	53	8	172	69	185	130	87	143	237
25 to 34 years .....	550	90	16	349	167	511	298	156	372	540
35 to 44 years .....	406	67	25	348	119	392	203	130	282	319
45 to 54 years .....	227	44	25	290	130	394	156	101	199	181
55 to 64 years .....	226	70	50	398	106	472	158	110	242	210
65 to 74 years .....	176	63	80	351	73	340	193	105	299	315
75 to 84 years .....	126	43	90	143	50	132	137	65	227	315
85 years and over .....	38	10	50	31	8	23	27	14	45	165
3 and 4 years .....	162	16	2	60	34	84	50	30	52	67
16 years and over .....	2 227	469	345	2 219	803	2 608	1 401	825	1 918	2 393
18 years and over .....	2 118	453	345	2 152	762	2 523	1 350	796	1 862	2 331
21 years and over .....	1 969	430	343	2 049	709	2 416	1 274	747	1 789	2 246
60 years and over .....	451	151	250	750	185	739	447	247	711	906
62 years and over .....	393	135	240	655	169	642	421	225	653	868
Median .....	25.2	34.8	70.0	42.2	33.2	38.9	34.4	35.5	38.9	37.0
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 937</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>1 423</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>1 651</b>	<b>937</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>1 326</b>	<b>1 682</b>
Under 5 years .....	236	32	4	72	40	86	49	45	63	67
5 to 9 years .....	185	22	2	67	26	86	64	26	80	73
10 to 14 years .....	162	19	1	71	40	73	51	26	58	66
15 to 19 years .....	154	22	—	78	47	76	57	35	72	61
20 to 24 years .....	162	20	2	81	32	102	57	44	79	128
25 to 34 years .....	327	47	4	164	80	249	143	79	193	286
35 to 44 years .....	228	36	7	176	66	206	110	60	150	179
45 to 54 years .....	122	20	14	153	62	219	71	53	108	103
55 to 64 years .....	131	45	28	237	57	256	91	69	144	124
65 to 74 years .....	110	45	48	210	46	196	120	59	192	200
75 to 84 years .....	97	29	74	91	36	83	103	45	152	243
85 years and over .....	23	6	35	23	6	19	21	13	35	152
3 and 4 years .....	85	10	2	32	14	36	20	22	26	22
16 years and over .....	1 324	267	212	1 198	425	1 391	765	450	1 112	1 463
18 years and over .....	1 264	257	212	1 170	406	1 360	738	439	1 083	1 433
21 years and over .....	1 173	242	212	1 111	380	1 312	703	412	1 043	1 388
60 years and over .....	296	100	171	459	113	431	296	160	459	660
62 years and over .....	264	93	165	406	110	378	286	147	424	639
Median .....	26.5	37.6	74.9	45.2	35.7	42.5	39.4	38.0	42.6	43.6
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 533</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>1 211</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>1 529</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>1 175</b>
Median age .....	22.4	32.3	63.4	38.1	31.3	35.3	30.9	33.6	35.9	30.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 470</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>2 634</b>	<b>1 021</b>	<b>3 180</b>	<b>1 790</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>2 318</b>	<b>2 857</b>
In households .....	3 281	597	334	2 634	1 021	3 180	1 783	1 035	2 318	2 507
Householder .....	1 237	224	292	1 108	392	1 255	748	441	1 082	1 202
Family householder .....	807	162	801	253	996	460	280	651	712	712
Nonfamily householder .....	430	62	268	307	139	259	288	161	431	490
Living alone .....	373	58	261	275	125	239	248	139	393	427
Spouse .....	235	114	17	655	109	814	299	182	449	486
Child .....	1 392	169	11	706	334	876	513	271	555	615
Other relatives .....	256	60	4	117	152	182	126	74	161	99
Nonrelatives .....	161	30	10	48	34	53	97	67	71	105
Institutionalized persons .....	22	—	19	—	—	—	2	—	—	350
Other persons in group quarters .....	167	—	1	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.65	2.67	1.14	2.38	2.60	2.53	2.38	2.35	2.14	2.09
Persons per family .....	3.33	3.12	2.33	2.85	3.35	2.88	3.04	2.88	2.79	2.69
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>340</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>795</b>
In households .....	327	116	218	525	131	495	357	184	571	462
Householder .....	254	77	206	362	102	325	270	135	413	332
Nonfamily householder .....	172	31	193	151	50	125	153	69	211	163
Living alone .....	162	30	191	147	47	123	149	65	206	159
Spouse .....	39	27	10	125	17	119	57	35	111	110
Other relatives .....	22	10	—	34	10	48	20	10	43	14
Nonrelatives .....	12	2	2	4	2	3	10	4	4	6
Institutionalized persons .....	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	333
Other persons in group quarters .....	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>807</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>712</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	545	63	4	265	94	357	207	115	226	304
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 159	113	8	437	185	582	358	197	381	482
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>285</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>814</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>486</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	118	45	3	220	40	289	141	69	150	162
Number of own children under 18 years .....	234	84	7	372	75	475	250	121	257	263
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>516</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>182</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	399	14	1	36	51	52	56	33	64	121
Number of own children under 18 years .....	883	24	1	54	104	87	96	61	106	190
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>931</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>1 030</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>946</b>
Never married .....	381	53	48	238	160	250	163	85	196	246
Now married, except separated .....	284	123	24	681	117	840	320	194	471	519
Separated .....	79	5	8	2	44	6	17	15	18	22
Widowed .....	49	3	23	27	23	36	32	17	45	44
Divorced .....	138	19	30	82	37	104	113	70	82	115
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 354</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>1 213</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>1 406</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>1 125</b>	<b>1 476</b>
Never married .....	468	41	21	162	115	153	99	56	190	246
Now married, except separated .....	269	124	19	677	122	848	325	203	472	514
Separated .....	174	7	11	10	41	16	36	19	35	35
Widowed .....	228	49	123	243	103	232	195	96	269	484
Divorced .....	215	49	38	121	51	157	118	83	159	197

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	4.9	3.3	3.0	.5	.8	1.8	1.7	1.1	.9	2.2
Square miles .....	1.9	1.3	1.2	.2	.3	.7	.7	.4	.3	.8
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 970</b>	<b>2 740</b>	<b>3 441</b>	<b>1 159</b>	<b>2 380</b>	<b>1 230</b>	<b>3 470</b>	<b>1 559</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>3 249</b>
Under 5 years .....	258	122	180	78	338	58	452	124	56	193
5 to 9 years .....	227	127	118	65	210	56	411	93	44	213
10 to 14 years .....	221	156	118	70	165	61	322	91	40	252
15 to 19 years .....	297	162	176	73	158	73	278	91	39	295
20 to 24 years .....	378	126	310	70	207	66	258	141	90	193
25 to 34 years .....	611	236	717	179	367	180	550	323	256	440
35 to 44 years .....	562	360	429	158	237	134	406	210	166	457
45 to 54 years .....	349	350	287	109	146	106	227	115	85	407
55 to 64 years .....	451	380	302	115	170	123	226	104	79	414
65 to 74 years .....	430	417	360	140	184	122	176	134	132	254
75 to 84 years .....	166	249	334	80	173	158	126	102	122	105
85 years and over .....	20	55	110	22	25	99	38	31	47	26
3 and 4 years .....	96	57	61	27	131	23	162	55	18	61
16 years and over .....	3 215	2 301	2 993	930	1 631	1 040	2 227	1 241	1 011	2 537
18 years and over .....	3 124	2 222	2 921	896	1 570	1 015	2 118	1 209	998	2 403
21 years and over .....	2 883	2 144	2 791	859	1 465	975	1 969	1 135	960	2 255
60 years and over .....	862	933	964	309	481	450	451	327	352	568
62 years and over .....	776	849	904	282	452	421	393	306	330	490
Median .....	34.9	47.3	36.8	37.6	28.0	44.4	25.2	32.3	37.5	35.7
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 127</b>	<b>1 468</b>	<b>1 996</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>1 404</b>	<b>664</b>	<b>1 937</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>1 779</b>
Under 5 years .....	134	58	86	41	157	25	236	63	37	76
5 to 9 years .....	120	59	57	28	104	31	185	46	18	115
10 to 14 years .....	115	71	54	30	78	36	162	44	16	114
15 to 19 years .....	160	80	107	31	84	31	154	46	17	141
20 to 24 years .....	199	63	165	30	147	31	162	70	49	88
25 to 34 years .....	290	122	374	94	224	81	327	155	119	233
35 to 44 years .....	299	199	227	79	142	59	228	100	82	262
45 to 54 years .....	194	183	158	63	93	47	122	57	43	243
55 to 64 years .....	275	224	184	55	91	58	131	66	50	259
65 to 74 years .....	225	227	249	95	130	67	110	87	96	150
75 to 84 years .....	99	148	251	56	130	115	97	66	93	77
85 years and over .....	17	34	84	20	24	83	23	24	40	21
3 and 4 years .....	50	29	33	13	61	10	85	26	10	24
16 years and over .....	1 726	1 259	1 781	518	1 048	567	1 324	662	586	1 449
18 years and over .....	1 684	1 224	1 733	502	1 016	555	1 264	646	583	1 391
21 years and over .....	1 551	1 181	1 657	485	949	534	1 173	617	559	1 312
60 years and over .....	488	532	689	207	339	297	296	215	260	360
62 years and over .....	441	485	653	194	320	284	264	202	246	312
Median .....	36.3	49.1	41.4	41.8	30.8	52.4	26.5	33.9	43.7	39.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 843</b>	<b>1 272</b>	<b>1 445</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>1 533</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>1 470</b>
Median age .....	33.2	44.9	33.2	33.1	23.4	39.0	22.4	31.0	32.9	30.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 970</b>	<b>2 740</b>	<b>3 441</b>	<b>1 159</b>	<b>2 380</b>	<b>1 230</b>	<b>3 470</b>	<b>1 559</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>3 249</b>
In households .....	3 964	2 740	3 435	1 159	2 380	855	3 281	1 559	1 151	3 249
Householder .....	1 628	1 173	1 902	548	1 056	365	1 237	685	649	1 166
Family householder .....	1 129	872	879	276	613	194	807	384	253	871
Nonfamily householder .....	499	301	1 023	272	443	171	430	301	396	295
Living alone .....	383	281	928	244	417	144	373	253	340	251
Spouse .....	921	782	649	111	216	97	235	228	187	459
Child .....	1 088	683	660	317	880	238	1 392	409	190	1 070
Other relatives .....	109	63	90	126	152	93	256	128	40	438
Nonrelatives .....	218	39	134	57	76	62	161	109	85	116
Institutionalized persons .....	6	—	6	—	—	278	—	—	5	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	97	167	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.43	2.34	1.81	2.11	2.25	2.34	2.65	2.28	1.77	2.79
Persons per family .....	2.88	2.75	2.59	3.01	3.04	3.21	3.33	2.99	2.65	3.26
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>616</b>	<b>721</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>385</b>
In households .....	613	721	799	242	382	147	327	267	301	385
Householder .....	402	466	616	198	300	107	254	194	251	246
Nonfamily householder .....	133	174	418	116	212	60	172	112	193	88
Living alone .....	131	165	408	106	208	55	162	105	190	81
Spouse .....	174	216	135	25	45	18	39	43	34	68
Other relatives .....	31	30	38	10	27	12	22	17	9	66
Nonrelatives .....	6	9	10	9	10	10	12	13	7	5
Institutionalized persons .....	3	—	5	—	—	225	3	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	7	10	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 129</b>	<b>872</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>871</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	457	281	323	120	388	73	545	172	93	331
Number of own children under 18 years .....	799	493	489	201	729	145	1 159	293	139	598
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>921</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>459</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	361	241	203	43	92	33	118	93	62	167
Number of own children under 18 years .....	643	431	324	73	152	65	234	166	97	312
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>162</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>361</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	77	33	105	72	286	35	399	70	26	150
Number of own children under 18 years .....	129	46	146	121	561	70	883	116	32	253
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 506</b>	<b>1 055</b>	<b>1 226</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>1 117</b>
Never married .....	393	193	345	163	215	175	381	192	127	404
Now married, except separated .....	956	795	676	127	244	137	284	243	198	505
Separated .....	20	2	28	51	28	32	79	23	12	57
Widowed .....	26	33	36	32	34	58	49	15	18	40
Divorced .....	111	32	141	50	81	81	138	107	72	111
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 758</b>	<b>1 280</b>	<b>1 799</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>1 065</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>1 354</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>1 474</b>
Never married .....	366	177	414	130	304	114	468	130	110	367
Now married, except separated .....	961	799	670	122	239	143	269	245	200	504
Separated .....	18	9	46	56	106	43	174	42	9	117
Widowed .....	216	206	417	153	244	207	228	125	161	275
Divorced .....	197	89	252	62	172	65	215	129	109	211



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	3.0	1.6	1.2	1.0	2.4	.6	3.8	1.7	2.5	3.2
Square miles .....	1.2	.6	.5	.4	.9	.2	1.5	.7	.9	1.2
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 403</b>	<b>3 651</b>	<b>1 761</b>	<b>1 810</b>	<b>2 777</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>2 073</b>	<b>3 049</b>	<b>3 691</b>	<b>4 424</b>
Under 5 years .....	175	227	146	199	236	39	231	267	320	451
5 to 9 years .....	141	212	107	172	199	22	195	242	242	376
10 to 14 years .....	132	242	125	166	150	27	243	222	272	280
15 to 19 years .....	152	264	99	156	225	39	208	229	311	325
20 to 24 years .....	149	244	172	119	257	90	148	203	513	591
25 to 34 years .....	426	521	332	274	634	159	288	450	771	911
35 to 44 years .....	314	450	216	229	356	120	221	349	504	573
45 to 54 years .....	206	402	138	156	183	56	160	252	311	400
55 to 64 years .....	286	450	119	147	165	39	138	283	211	310
65 to 74 years .....	286	394	165	102	207	28	145	318	179	144
75 to 84 years .....	113	214	110	74	127	23	75	210	49	52
85 years and over .....	23	31	32	16	38	3	21	50	8	11
3 and 4 years .....	65	91	60	65	99	10	81	110	109	163
16 years and over .....	1 927	2 924	1 364	1 237	2 159	549	1 363	2 298	2 805	3 269
18 years and over .....	1 867	2 815	1 319	1 174	2 094	541	1 287	2 210	2 683	3 151
21 years and over .....	1 776	2 659	1 255	1 086	1 918	495	1 152	2 081	2 463	2 874
60 years and over .....	593	873	271	452	69	309	713	338	365	365
62 years and over .....	520	783	350	252	414	65	283	650	298	293
Median .....	35.6	37.3	31.6	28.4	29.7	31.5	25.5	33.4	27.0	26.7
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 284</b>	<b>2 006</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>1 285</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>1 229</b>	<b>1 745</b>	<b>1 901</b>	<b>2 220</b>
Under 5 years .....	83	104	80	100	122	18	117	129	155	231
5 to 9 years .....	74	108	45	100	117	9	87	110	117	195
10 to 14 years .....	65	117	61	86	62	16	126	117	141	137
15 to 19 years .....	72	127	44	88	68	24	100	117	169	169
20 to 24 years .....	75	119	92	72	96	46	98	117	245	295
25 to 34 years .....	216	256	176	178	241	68	191	245	358	410
35 to 44 years .....	166	243	114	146	119	45	140	196	280	284
45 to 54 years .....	106	244	80	105	80	23	106	144	179	202
55 to 64 years .....	167	281	79	89	97	19	177	124	173	173
65 to 74 years .....	170	244	107	70	143	15	96	205	101	80
75 to 84 years .....	74	140	73	46	105	14	55	149	28	35
85 years and over .....	16	23	22	12	35	3	19	39	4	9
3 and 4 years .....	30	40	27	29	58	5	39	52	59	80
16 years and over .....	1 049	1 652	778	788	971	253	883	1 363	1 465	1 636
18 years and over .....	1 017	1 604	758	753	952	248	847	1 324	1 386	1 573
21 years and over .....	972	1 527	725	699	898	221	769	1 255	1 270	1 419
60 years and over .....	353	554	243	169	334	42	220	477	198	211
62 years and over .....	314	494	227	160	309	40	203	433	170	177
Median .....	38.2	41.7	34.3	30.6	31.9	30.0	29.3	36.7	28.1	27.0
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 119</b>	<b>1 645</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>1 492</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>1 304</b>	<b>1 790</b>	<b>2 204</b>
Median age .....	33.7	32.7	28.6	24.4	28.5	32.2	18.7	30.1	26.3	26.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 403</b>	<b>3 651</b>	<b>1 761</b>	<b>1 810</b>	<b>2 777</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>2 073</b>	<b>3 049</b>	<b>3 691</b>	<b>4 424</b>
In households .....	2 400	3 649	1 761	1 810	1 926	641	2 073	3 030	3 687	4 424
Householder .....	990	1 341	805	722	885	364	774	1 319	1 431	1 716
Family householder .....	698	950	466	472	460	139	523	770	1 023	1 155
Nonfamily householder .....	292	391	339	250	425	225	251	549	408	561
Living alone .....	253	359	300	221	384	194	230	491	339	438
Spouse .....	559	480	298	149	86	97	127	232	714	741
Child .....	652	1 117	500	698	689	117	877	936	1 149	1 404
Other relatives .....	127	585	82	180	164	18	225	408	231	277
Nonrelatives .....	72	126	76	61	102	45	70	135	162	286
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	827	—	—	—	4	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	3	2	—	—	24	4	—	19	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.42	2.72	2.19	2.51	2.18	1.76	2.68	2.30	2.58	2.58
Persons per family .....	2.92	3.30	2.89	3.18	3.04	2.67	3.35	3.05	3.05	3.10
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>422</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>207</b>
In households .....	421	639	307	192	361	54	241	577	236	207
Householder .....	275	439	225	149	307	41	188	447	151	142
Nonfamily householder .....	116	165	136	89	241	30	114	271	48	65
Living alone .....	111	153	132	82	232	26	109	255	48	64
Spouse .....	112	104	65	21	19	5	23	74	63	35
Other relatives .....	26	80	13	17	29	6	23	49	20	30
Nonrelatives .....	8	16	4	5	6	2	7	7	2	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	1	—	—	—	7	—	—	1	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>698</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>1 023</b>	<b>1 155</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	284	305	206	273	283	67	309	339	507	613
Number of own children under 18 years .....	466	533	388	533	572	99	634	594	855	1 114
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>559</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>741</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	218	144	107	55	29	40	44	72	307	359
Number of own children under 18 years .....	373	269	173	101	59	60	81	131	515	625
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>111</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>317</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	57	140	93	209	248	21	254	248	183	209
Number of own children under 18 years .....	81	237	208	421	501	31	539	437	314	416
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>893</b>	<b>1 293</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>1 208</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>1 369</b>	<b>1 660</b>
Never married .....	215	506	169	189	625	108	247	396	434	525
Now married, except separated .....	578	516	324	156	235	110	149	251	766	828
Separated .....	12	79	21	30	125	13	32	101	33	69
Widowed .....	19	65	24	28	55	6	27	72	18	21
Divorced .....	69	127	58	64	168	63	50	135	118	217
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 062</b>	<b>1 677</b>	<b>787</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>1 389</b>	<b>1 488</b>	<b>1 657</b>
Never married .....	151	429	161	269	319	58	313	445	329	368
Now married, except separated .....	587	524	311	170	118	106	149	263	754	795
Separated .....	24	136	53	114	143	19	157	151	80	104
Widowed .....	187	355	132	119	262	22	166	344	110	145
Divorced .....	113	233	130	134	142	52	114	186	215	245

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01	
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	1.9	5.0	2.0	3.9	1.7	58.6	39.6	5.8	32.5	
Square miles	.7	1.9	.8	1.5	.7	22.6	15.3	2.3	12.5	
AGE										
All persons	2 856	5 459	4 016	4 944	2 987	1 236	4 754	5 240	2 679	
Under 5 years	268	432	663	409	356	56	383	369	249	
5 to 9 years	237	378	514	443	284	76	376	313	272	
10 to 14 years	237	400	353	462	203	96	418	244	224	
15 to 19 years	236	365	340	414	206	115	372	271	201	
20 to 24 years	205	479	340	370	431	55	263	613	111	
25 to 34 years	491	946	700	809	620	125	849	1 655	520	
35 to 44 years	399	694	442	655	375	252	956	886	524	
45 to 54 years	238	472	230	385	183	181	512	467	291	
55 to 64 years	226	679	191	441	168	151	311	275	154	
65 to 74 years	205	469	166	342	121	81	223	104	96	
75 to 84 years	91	130	63	186	29	41	81	33	23	
85 years and over	23	15	14	28	11	7	10	10	8	
3 and 4 years	109	157	237	175	112	25	156	152	110	
16 years and over	2 060	4 180	2 425	3 558	2 108	989	3 498	4 264	1 890	
18 years and over	1 971	4 022	2 289	3 377	2 045	938	3 348	4 159	1 794	
21 years and over	1 845	3 791	2 071	3 132	1 852	874	3 132	3 975	1 711	
60 years and over	424	978	343	781	247	197	457	288	199	
62 years and over	385	822	308	701	211	163	405	219	167	
Median	29.8	32.1	22.1	29.8	25.2	39.4	32.1	28.6	30.8	
Female	1 503	2 815	2 306	2 752	1 530	608	2 356	2 511	1 311	
Under 5 years	120	206	337	209	174	28	171	175	122	
5 to 9 years	113	187	255	225	145	38	183	161	126	
10 to 14 years	106	202	186	234	102	41	194	134	92	
15 to 19 years	124	192	185	216	122	50	167	129	101	
20 to 24 years	106	239	241	191	231	23	142	343	61	
25 to 34 years	263	444	466	452	315	65	425	716	262	
35 to 44 years	219	354	255	371	168	126	491	421	266	
45 to 54 years	129	258	118	229	87	87	235	221	138	
55 to 64 years	129	389	123	263	97	76	163	127	74	
65 to 74 years	124	257	90	207	60	42	126	55	51	
75 to 84 years	56	74	38	134	21	26	53	20	14	
85 years and over	14	13	12	21	8	6	6	9	4	
3 and 4 years	50	70	116	74	55	11	63	76	56	
16 years and over	1 138	2 184	1 501	2 052	1 086	494	1 773	2 018	952	
18 years and over	1 090	2 100	1 432	1 959	1 051	472	1 702	1 971	902	
21 years and over	1 020	1 979	1 286	1 825	934	441	1 598	1 880	854	
60 years and over	252	560	205	503	138	104	258	147	103	
62 years and over	233	466	182	456	119	86	232	114	89	
Median	32.0	33.6	24.1	31.7	24.8	40.4	32.9	28.6	31.4	
Male	1 353	2 644	1 710	2 192	1 457	628	2 398	2 729	1 368	
Median age	27.7	30.8	18.1	27.3	25.5	38.0	31.1	28.7	30.3	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	2 856	5 459	4 016	4 944	2 987	1 236	4 754	5 240	2 679	
In households	2 856	5 456	4 016	4 944	2 987	1 223	4 754	5 240	2 670	
Householder	1 099	2 072	1 538	1 846	1 207	425	1 609	2 402	857	
Family householder	703	1 545	1 055	1 282	772	364	1 382	1 386	754	
Nonfamily householder	396	527	483	564	435	61	227	1 016	103	
Living alone	344	450	416	493	353	54	189	805	74	
Spouse	328	1 182	272	734	439	318	1 197	1 202	670	
Child	958	1 696	1 771	1 756	969	406	1 681	1 259	995	
Other relatives	312	286	249	402	171	59	168	104	87	
Nonrelatives	159	220	186	206	201	15	99	273	61	
Institutionalized persons	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	
Persons per household	2.60	2.63	2.61	2.68	2.47	2.88	2.95	2.18	3.12	
Persons per family	3.27	3.05	3.17	3.26	3.05	3.15	3.20	2.85	3.32	
Persons 65 years and over	319	614	243	556	161	129	314	147	127	
In households	319	614	243	556	161	129	314	147	127	
Householder	219	385	188	405	125	81	187	83	68	
Nonfamily householder	104	145	115	206	74	24	65	33	20	
Living alone	98	142	113	198	72	23	64	33	19	
Spouse	55	169	35	115	18	28	86	36	32	
Other relatives	35	49	14	28	15	17	38	27	27	
Nonrelatives	10	11	6	8	3	3	3	1	—	
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	703	1 545	1 055	1 282	772	364	1 382	1 386	754	
With own children under 18 years	345	710	771	680	452	156	760	677	458	
Number of own children under 18 years	678	1 262	1 539	1 284	821	276	1 306	1 041	830	
Married-couple families	328	1 182	772	734	439	318	1 197	1 202	670	
With own children under 18 years	142	502	127	335	205	143	656	556	408	
Number of own children under 18 years	275	894	260	609	369	251	1 130	881	748	
Female householder, no husband present	315	281	724	476	276	32	150	138	65	
With own children under 18 years	181	162	611	307	214	9	86	98	44	
Number of own children under 18 years	358	293	1 231	617	398	17	143	128	72	
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	950	2 029	958	1 546	1 035	507	1 769	2 273	963	
Never married	361	477	403	503	278	129	386	711	197	
Now married, except separated	357	1 279	300	779	540	330	1 226	1 299	693	
Separated	80	42	88	60	56	9	18	31	7	
Widowed	44	53	47	48	17	13	32	14	11	
Divorced	108	178	120	156	144	26	107	218	55	
Females 15 years and over	1 164	2 220	1 528	2 084	1 109	501	1 808	2 041	971	
Never married	313	339	613	466	266	82	257	439	140	
Now married, except separated	356	1 260	304	810	479	338	1 224	1 237	694	
Separated	140	86	219	141	88	4	25	30	13	
Widowed	198	284	154	334	108	54	124	76	51	
Divorced	157	251	238	333	168	23	178	259	73	



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Can.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	39.4	28.6	12.6	5.0	6.9	14.0	3.8	7.8	6.1
Square miles .....	15.2	11.0	4.8	1.9	2.6	5.4	1.5	3.0	2.4
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 685</b>	<b>1 658</b>	<b>4 540</b>	<b>6 508</b>	<b>2 814</b>	<b>8 008</b>	<b>5 482</b>	<b>7 772</b>	<b>3 187</b>
Under 5 years .....	571	73	314	332	181	638	396	589	221
5 to 9 years .....	659	104	382	393	180	630	486	674	289
10 to 14 years .....	639	90	308	456	154	556	478	756	301
15 to 19 years .....	602	143	292	536	172	511	443	704	321
20 to 24 years .....	323	62	183	375	177	614	344	515	187
25 to 34 years .....	1 428	130	751	799	451	1 349	1 051	1 404	492
35 to 44 years .....	1 548	308	940	1 111	372	1 223	781	1 162	494
45 to 54 years .....	794	311	597	956	309	781	506	857	425
55 to 64 years .....	562	211	402	804	336	772	615	721	278
65 to 74 years .....	320	178	261	520	324	573	298	279	118
75 to 84 years .....	169	42	98	196	134	291	72	92	52
85 years and over .....	70	6	12	30	24	70	12	19	9
3 and 4 years .....	236	36	125	144	76	257	173	232	95
16 years and over .....	5 684	1 358	3 484	5 227	2 268	6 085	4 033	5 621	2 316
18 years and over .....	5 429	1 291	3 365	4 993	2 203	5 871	3 846	5 323	2 166
21 years and over .....	5 132	1 235	3 206	4 711	2 096	5 548	3 613	4 938	2 014
60 years and over .....	829	332	547	1 127	650	1 349	681	684	293
62 years and over .....	725	281	471	971	582	1 203	535	536	231
Median .....	32.7	42.9	35.4	38.5	36.9	32.7	30.8	30.0	31.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 929</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>2 355</b>	<b>3 397</b>	<b>1 502</b>	<b>4 240</b>	<b>2 863</b>	<b>4 070</b>	<b>1 674</b>
Under 5 years .....	285	30	151	150	77	302	203	272	105
5 to 9 years .....	308	55	193	200	77	326	238	329	134
10 to 14 years .....	328	44	170	234	82	258	239	372	153
15 to 19 years .....	286	64	146	266	96	259	215	343	156
20 to 24 years .....	149	26	106	196	98	329	167	265	96
25 to 34 years .....	771	75	397	399	231	712	557	734	267
35 to 44 years .....	782	166	478	599	182	647	399	624	267
45 to 54 years .....	394	152	307	503	178	397	296	501	224
55 to 64 years .....	280	106	188	415	177	446	336	384	148
65 to 74 years .....	187	88	148	288	200	317	160	163	80
75 to 84 years .....	114	21	61	123	86	196	45	67	35
85 years and over .....	45	6	10	24	18	51	8	16	9
3 and 4 years .....	114	15	63	60	41	125	93	112	48
16 years and over .....	2 949	685	1 815	2 781	1 246	3 311	2 134	3 031	1 255
18 years and over .....	2 834	657	1 754	2 651	1 209	3 204	2 046	2 895	1 179
21 years and over .....	2 688	635	1 672	2 503	1 149	3 033	1 935	2 695	1 101
60 years and over .....	483	173	297	635	390	807	380	397	182
62 years and over .....	424	143	259	553	356	719	300	322	149
Median .....	33.2	42.6	35.3	39.4	39.3	33.8	31.8	31.7	32.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 756</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>2 185</b>	<b>3 111</b>	<b>1 312</b>	<b>3 768</b>	<b>2 619</b>	<b>3 702</b>	<b>1 513</b>
Median age .....	32.1	43.2	35.5	37.4	35.1	31.2	29.4	28.1	29.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 685</b>	<b>1 658</b>	<b>4 540</b>	<b>6 508</b>	<b>2 814</b>	<b>8 008</b>	<b>5 482</b>	<b>7 772</b>	<b>3 187</b>
In households .....	7 511	1 658	4 530	6 508	2 807	7 985	5 482	7 772	3 187
Householder .....	2 575	612	1 671	2 437	1 119	3 189	1 834	2 516	953
Family householder .....	2 182	533	1 377	1 988	860	2 333	1 527	2 124	828
Nonfamily householder .....	393	79	294	449	259	856	307	392	125
Living alone .....	337	72	262	400	229	759	252	336	106
Spouse .....	1 920	496	1 236	1 735	714	1 838	1 162	1 496	568
Child .....	2 669	479	1 447	2 014	790	2 515	1 948	3 027	1 274
Other relatives .....	229	50	111	220	114	253	366	537	321
Nonrelatives .....	118	21	65	102	70	190	172	196	71
Institutionalized persons .....	160	—	10	—	7	23	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.92	2.71	2.71	2.67	2.51	2.50	2.99	3.09	3.34
Persons per family .....	3.21	2.92	3.03	3.00	2.88	2.97	3.28	3.38	3.61
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>559</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>746</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>934</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>179</b>
In households .....	435	226	361	746	478	911	382	390	179
Householder .....	265	133	208	479	298	622	229	245	113
Nonfamily householder .....	105	30	61	174	113	288	66	93	36
Living alone .....	102	29	59	167	112	280	60	91	35
Spouse .....	111	73	109	200	127	210	100	74	23
Other relatives .....	54	17	42	62	45	67	46	65	39
Nonrelatives .....	5	3	2	5	8	12	7	6	4
Institutionalized persons .....	124	—	10	—	4	23	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>2 182</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>1 377</b>	<b>1 988</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>2 333</b>	<b>1 527</b>	<b>2 124</b>	<b>828</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 261	198	683	833	328	1 184	771	1 150	446
Number of own children under 18 years .....	2 148	347	1 124	1 427	574	2 017	1 416	2 115	828
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 920</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>1 735</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>1 838</b>	<b>1 162</b>	<b>1 496</b>	<b>568</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 105	183	624	715	258	863	566	778	317
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 899	322	1 038	1 267	468	1 528	1 039	1 437	584
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>206</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>219</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	125	9	47	104	56	293	169	323	114
Number of own children under 18 years .....	199	16	72	143	83	450	319	578	223
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 808</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>1 695</b>	<b>2 514</b>	<b>1 033</b>	<b>2 830</b>	<b>1 939</b>	<b>2 656</b>	<b>1 094</b>
Never married .....	606	142	310	546	207	600	510	785	349
Now married, except separated .....	1 976	505	1 267	1 778	739	1 901	1 208	1 581	615
Separated .....	20	—	11	15	7	33	47	59	33
Widowed .....	68	12	20	44	11	58	26	42	19
Divorced .....	138	28	87	131	69	238	148	189	78
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>3 008</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>1 841</b>	<b>2 813</b>	<b>1 266</b>	<b>3 354</b>	<b>2 183</b>	<b>3 097</b>	<b>1 282</b>
Never married .....	449	108	286	466	187	542	410	648	311
Now married, except separated .....	1 995	508	1 257	1 776	732	1 886	1 220	1 597	617
Separated .....	37	3	16	30	19	62	69	140	69
Widowed .....	278	55	141	270	188	401	212	285	154
Divorced .....	249	30	141	271	140	463	272	427	131



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	1.7	6.3	4.7	5.4	202.6	7.7	—	—	.4
Square miles .....	.7	2.4	1.8	2.1	78.2	3.0	—	—	.2
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 227</b>	<b>5 065</b>	<b>5 384</b>	<b>6 473</b>	<b>11 975</b>	<b>905</b>	—	—	<b>597</b>
Under 5 years .....	—	353	365	564	1 722	91	—	—	55
5 to 9 years .....	—	387	442	495	1 220	63	—	—	35
10 to 14 years .....	15	396	529	438	452	50	—	—	34
15 to 19 years .....	47	433	511	623	2 161	36	—	—	33
20 to 24 years .....	130	430	290	749	2 717	103	—	—	53
25 to 34 years .....	428	947	788	1 184	3 168	203	—	—	90
35 to 44 years .....	245	770	923	886	484	119	—	—	67
45 to 54 years .....	83	516	589	606	31	96	—	—	44
55 to 64 years .....	49	466	560	562	14	88	—	—	70
65 to 74 years .....	57	254	281	271	6	46	—	—	63
75 to 84 years .....	99	100	92	75	—	8	—	—	43
85 years and over .....	74	13	14	20	—	2	—	—	10
3 and 4 years .....	—	137	143	211	692	29	—	—	16
16 years and over .....	1 197	3 838	3 951	4 862	8 528	694	—	—	469
18 years and over .....	1 174	3 686	3 721	4 605	8 349	681	—	—	453
21 years and over .....	1 155	3 419	3 453	4 213	5 576	656	—	—	430
60 years and over .....	257	573	641	596	11	107	—	—	151
62 years and over .....	245	483	535	505	9	78	—	—	135
Median .....	34.8	30.7	32.3	27.8	20.5	29.4	—	—	34.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>223</b>	<b>2 616</b>	<b>2 875</b>	<b>3 403</b>	<b>3 842</b>	<b>452</b>	—	—	<b>343</b>
Under 5 years .....	—	168	187	282	850	47	—	—	32
5 to 9 years .....	—	195	211	254	585	38	—	—	22
10 to 14 years .....	1	183	254	241	228	20	—	—	19
15 to 19 years .....	14	205	256	307	119	17	—	—	22
20 to 24 years .....	3	200	129	366	533	51	—	—	20
25 to 34 years .....	8	484	432	593	1 289	92	—	—	47
35 to 44 years .....	13	416	524	503	204	55	—	—	36
45 to 54 years .....	7	303	338	350	20	51	—	—	20
55 to 64 years .....	13	244	323	304	10	46	—	—	45
65 to 74 years .....	33	149	150	143	4	30	—	—	45
75 to 84 years .....	71	60	62	43	—	4	—	—	29
85 years and over .....	60	9	9	17	—	1	—	—	6
3 and 4 years .....	—	69	77	111	340	14	—	—	10
16 years and over .....	217	2 028	2 175	2 567	2 159	343	—	—	267
18 years and over .....	208	1 959	2 063	2 442	2 120	336	—	—	257
21 years and over .....	208	1 826	1 925	2 234	1 992	323	—	—	242
60 years and over .....	176	336	365	325	8	58	—	—	100
62 years and over .....	171	286	304	282	7	46	—	—	93
Median .....	78.1	32.6	34.4	29.3	21.8	30.0	—	—	37.6
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 004</b>	<b>2 449</b>	<b>2 509</b>	<b>3 070</b>	<b>8 133</b>	<b>453</b>	—	—	<b>254</b>
Median age .....	32.8	28.8	29.9	26.4	20.4	29.1	—	—	32.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 227</b>	<b>5 065</b>	<b>5 384</b>	<b>6 473</b>	<b>11 975</b>	<b>905</b>	—	—	<b>597</b>
In households .....	1	5 064	5 375	6 473	7 713	905	—	—	597
Householder .....	1	1 803	1 745	2 373	2 119	356	—	—	224
Family householder .....	—	1 427	1 454	1 807	2 021	258	—	—	162
Nonfamily householder .....	1	376	291	566	98	98	—	—	62
Living alone .....	1	312	248	475	93	74	—	—	58
Spouse .....	—	1 036	1 015	1 236	1 888	205	—	—	114
Child .....	—	1 675	2 009	2 219	3 545	252	—	—	169
Other relatives .....	—	373	455	411	114	45	—	—	60
Nonrelatives .....	—	177	151	234	47	47	—	—	30
Institutionalized persons .....	1 226	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	4	—	4 262	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	1.00	2.81	3.08	2.73	3.64	2.54	—	—	2.67
Persons per family .....	—	3.16	3.39	3.14	3.74	2.95	—	—	3.12
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>230</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>56</b>	—	—	<b>116</b>
In households .....	—	367	386	366	5	56	—	—	116
Householder .....	—	231	239	228	—	30	—	—	77
Nonfamily householder .....	—	70	77	70	—	8	—	—	31
Living alone .....	—	66	73	64	—	7	—	—	30
Spouse .....	—	92	85	77	1	18	—	—	27
Other relatives .....	—	41	48	56	4	6	—	—	10
Nonrelatives .....	—	3	14	5	—	2	—	—	2
Institutionalized persons .....	230	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>—</b>	<b>1 427</b>	<b>1 454</b>	<b>1 807</b>	<b>2 021</b>	<b>258</b>	—	—	<b>162</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	—	671	751	967	1 802	114	—	—	63
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	1 175	1 379	1 579	3 499	192	—	—	113
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>—</b>	<b>1 036</b>	<b>1 015</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>1 888</b>	<b>205</b>	—	—	<b>114</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	—	467	522	608	1 680	88	—	—	45
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	829	978	993	3 285	146	—	—	84
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>—</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>41</b>	—	—	<b>42</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	—	176	206	317	101	20	—	—	14
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	309	367	522	177	38	—	—	24
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>990</b>	<b>1 859</b>	<b>1 825</b>	<b>2 350</b>	<b>6 402</b>	<b>354</b>	—	—	<b>203</b>
Never married .....	486	524	552	713	3 491	72	—	—	53
Now married, except separated .....	167	1 091	1 074	1 334	2 726	234	—	—	123
Separated .....	106	39	40	73	62	12	—	—	5
Widowed .....	50	38	40	53	4	6	—	—	3
Divorced .....	181	167	119	177	119	30	—	—	19
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>222</b>	<b>2 070</b>	<b>2 223</b>	<b>2 626</b>	<b>2 179</b>	<b>347</b>	—	—	<b>270</b>
Never married .....	47	422	509	582	150	47	—	—	41
Now married, except separated .....	17	1 096	1 091	1 322	1 948	216	—	—	124
Separated .....	7	89	105	145	27	13	—	—	7
Widowed .....	125	206	251	207	8	31	—	—	49
Divorced .....	26	257	267	370	46	40	—	—	49

**Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgio (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alobomo (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	<b>144 326</b>	<b>28 473</b>	<b>28 473</b>	<b>14 377</b>	<b>115 853</b>	<b>10 091</b>	<b>8 657</b>	<b>105 762</b>	<b>105 172</b>
Under 5 years	10 083	2 018	2 018	932	8 065	786	680	7 279	7 226
5 to 9 years	9 494	1 882	1 882	856	7 612	791	686	6 821	6 786
10 to 14 years	8 356	1 727	1 727	816	6 629	684	585	5 945	5 911
15 to 19 years	11 044	1 852	1 852	899	9 192	1 271	1 159	7 921	7 888
20 to 24 years	14 007	2 144	2 144	1 056	11 863	2 594	2 458	9 269	9 217
25 to 34 years	25 741	4 615	4 615	2 203	21 126	2 264	2 007	18 862	18 775
35 to 44 years	19 884	4 020	4 020	1 946	15 864	1 126	943	14 738	14 672
45 to 54 years	13 937	3 352	3 352	1 607	10 585	298	122	10 287	10 243
55 to 64 years	13 719	3 059	3 059	1 683	10 660	141	10	10 519	10 449
65 to 74 years	11 029	2 327	2 327	1 361	8 702	96	5	8 606	8 543
75 to 84 years	5 615	1 197	1 197	807	4 418	37	2	4 381	4 338
85 years and over	1 417	280	280	211	1 137	3	—	1 134	1 124
3 and 4 years	3 999	819	819	388	3 180	322	278	2 858	2 843
16 years and over	114 830	22 533	22 533	11 634	92 297	7 726	6 630	84 571	84 107
18 years and over	111 254	21 762	21 762	11 273	89 492	7 542	6 489	81 950	81 502
21 years and over	102 195	20 582	20 582	10 663	81 613	5 894	4 910	75 719	75 294
60 years and over	25 103	5 322	5 322	3 251	19 781	196	11	19 585	19 434
62 years and over	22 283	4 740	4 740	2 918	17 543	170	8	17 373	17 238
Median	32.3	35.0	35.0	36.9	31.6	22.5	22.1	33.2	33.1
<b>Female</b>	<b>70 974</b>	<b>14 596</b>	<b>14 596</b>	<b>7 637</b>	<b>56 378</b>	<b>3 205</b>	<b>2 457</b>	<b>53 173</b>	<b>52 835</b>
Under 5 years	4 826	941	941	448	3 885	391	331	3 494	3 464
5 to 9 years	4 624	893	893	410	3 731	412	347	3 319	3 297
10 to 14 years	4 165	841	841	381	3 324	347	305	2 977	2 958
15 to 19 years	4 302	908	908	437	3 394	243	187	3 151	3 129
20 to 24 years	5 307	1 063	1 063	539	4 244	270	199	3 974	3 955
25 to 34 years	11 898	2 234	2 234	1 086	9 664	776	656	8 888	8 842
35 to 44 years	9 839	2 015	2 015	983	7 824	472	369	7 352	7 317
45 to 54 years	7 219	1 737	1 737	863	5 482	136	51	5 346	5 326
55 to 64 years	7 505	1 638	1 638	944	5 867	66	6	5 801	5 756
65 to 74 years	6 428	1 320	1 320	817	5 108	59	5	5 049	5 004
75 to 84 years	3 759	791	791	563	2 968	31	1	2 937	2 908
85 years and over	1 102	215	215	166	887	2	—	885	879
3 and 4 years	1 905	375	375	180	1 530	164	137	1 366	1 357
16 years and over	56 607	11 767	11 767	6 327	44 840	2 011	1 443	42 829	42 565
18 years and over	54 871	11 382	11 382	6 157	43 489	1 914	1 371	41 575	41 321
21 years and over	51 976	10 813	10 813	5 855	41 163	1 763	1 257	39 400	39 161
60 years and over	15 155	3 147	3 147	2 031	12 008	121	9	11 887	11 787
62 years and over	13 637	2 834	2 834	1 845	10 803	110	7	10 693	10 600
Median	35.3	37.0	37.0	40.1	34.9	24.0	22.0	35.9	35.9
<b>Male</b>	<b>73 352</b>	<b>13 877</b>	<b>13 877</b>	<b>6 740</b>	<b>59 475</b>	<b>6 886</b>	<b>6 200</b>	<b>52 589</b>	<b>52 337</b>
Median age	29.5	33.3	33.3	34.2	28.8	22.3	22.1	30.6	30.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	<b>144 326</b>	<b>28 473</b>	<b>28 473</b>	<b>14 377</b>	<b>115 853</b>	<b>10 091</b>	<b>8 657</b>	<b>105 762</b>	<b>105 172</b>
In households	135 124	28 065	28 065	14 081	107 059	6 010	4 576	101 049	100 459
Householder	54 121	11 123	11 123	5 883	42 998	1 731	1 188	41 267	41 045
Family householder	38 880	8 155	8 155	4 086	30 725	1 576	1 163	29 149	28 988
Nonfamily householder	15 241	2 968	2 968	1 797	12 273	155	25	12 118	12 057
Living alone	13 285	2 641	2 641	1 643	10 644	130	24	10 514	10 456
Spouse	31 938	6 710	6 710	3 204	25 228	1 422	1 094	23 806	23 695
Child	39 795	8 186	8 186	3 935	31 609	2 692	2 230	28 917	28 750
Other relatives	5 301	1 327	1 327	709	3 974	99	45	3 875	3 815
Nonrelatives	3 969	719	719	350	3 250	66	19	3 184	3 154
Institutionalized persons	1 658	289	289	289	1 369	42	42	1 327	1 327
Other persons in group quarters	7 544	119	119	7	7 425	4 039	4 039	3 386	3 386
Persons per household	2.50	2.52	2.52	2.39	2.50	3.50	3.88	2.46	2.45
Persons per family	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.91	2.99	3.71	3.93	2.95	2.95
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>18 061</b>	<b>3 804</b>	<b>3 804</b>	<b>2 379</b>	<b>14 257</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>14 121</b>	<b>14 005</b>
In households	17 143	3 575	3 575	2 161	13 568	136	7	13 432	13 316
Householder	11 757	2 485	2 485	1 555	9 272	91	—	9 181	9 104
Nonfamily householder	5 498	1 148	1 148	778	4 350	48	—	4 302	4 271
Living alone	5 343	1 122	1 122	766	4 221	47	—	4 174	4 144
Spouse	3 986	796	796	453	3 190	23	—	3 167	3 140
Other relatives	1 194	258	258	134	936	22	7	914	904
Nonrelatives	206	36	36	19	170	—	—	170	168
Institutionalized persons	894	217	217	217	677	—	—	677	677
Other persons in group quarters	24	12	12	1	12	—	—	12	12
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>38 880</b>	<b>8 155</b>	<b>8 155</b>	<b>4 086</b>	<b>30 725</b>	<b>1 576</b>	<b>1 163</b>	<b>29 149</b>	<b>28 988</b>
With own children under 18 years	17 601	3 510	3 510	1 652	14 091	1 195	990	12 896	12 834
Number of own children under 18 years	30 319	6 051	6 051	2 774	24 268	2 497	2 147	21 771	21 660
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>32 127</b>	<b>6 723</b>	<b>6 723</b>	<b>3 204</b>	<b>25 404</b>	<b>1 450</b>	<b>1 113</b>	<b>23 954</b>	<b>23 841</b>
With own children under 18 years	14 310	2 849	2 849	1 257	11 461	1 106	944	10 355	10 311
Number of own children under 18 years	25 187	4 977	4 977	2 148	20 210	2 326	2 041	17 884	17 802
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>5 362</b>	<b>1 107</b>	<b>1 107</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>4 255</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>4 161</b>	<b>4 119</b>
With own children under 18 years	2 674	529	529	336	2 145	65	28	2 080	2 066
Number of own children under 18 years	4 203	870	870	532	3 333	124	65	3 209	3 185
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>59 034</b>	<b>10 925</b>	<b>10 925</b>	<b>5 375</b>	<b>48 109</b>	<b>5 775</b>	<b>5 232</b>	<b>42 334</b>	<b>42 133</b>
Never married	17 132	2 247	2 247	1 164	14 885	3 313	3 201	11 572	11 520
Now married, except separated	34 981	7 147	7 147	3 388	27 834	2 132	1 773	25 702	25 580
Separated	811	140	140	71	671	75	71	596	591
Widowed	1 232	302	302	178	930	23	7	907	904
Divorced	4 878	1 089	1 089	574	3 789	232	180	3 557	3 538
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>57 359</b>	<b>11 921</b>	<b>11 921</b>	<b>6 398</b>	<b>45 438</b>	<b>2 055</b>	<b>1 474</b>	<b>43 383</b>	<b>43 116</b>
Never married	8 256	1 581	1 581	855	6 675	6 321	570	6 321	6 280
Now married, except separated	33 254	7 020	7 020	3 361	26 234	1 500	1 153	24 734	24 613
Separated	1 049	223	223	123	826	23	10	803	796
Widowed	8 262	1 809	1 809	1 238	6 453	83	12	6 370	6 321
Divorced	6 538	1 288	1 288	821	5 250	95	29	5 155	5 106



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			Remainder of Russell County, AL		
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310
<b>AGE</b>										
All persons	5 830	2 373	6 056	1 969	1 012	2 210	1 863	6 050	1 969	2 122
Under 5 years	364	160	545	147	88	142	135	545	147	141
5 to 9 years	361	152	499	118	68	142	91	499	118	143
10 to 14 years	322	158	398	116	62	153	105	397	116	154
15 to 19 years	416	163	401	121	72	151	111	401	121	152
20 to 24 years	412	202	498	166	66	186	190	498	166	172
25 to 34 years	817	393	1 136	382	144	355	332	1 135	382	312
35 to 44 years	876	352	812	335	114	324	201	811	335	333
45 to 54 years	774	259	704	226	102	248	162	703	226	298
55 to 64 years	718	247	543	190	95	238	172	542	190	193
65 to 74 years	475	187	351	131	105	179	154	350	131	160
75 to 84 years	232	88	146	35	82	80	144	146	35	54
85 years and over	63	12	23	2	14	12	66	23	2	10
3 and 4 years	149	65	233	49	45	60	54	233	49	48
16 years and over	4 705	1 889	4 548	1 573	787	1 760	1 511	4 543	1 573	1 650
18 years and over	4 538	1 823	4 377	1 512	761	1 699	1 469	4 372	1 512	1 591
21 years and over	4 288	1 697	4 117	1 441	711	1 579	1 383	4 112	1 441	1 498
60 years and over	1 124	405	777	252	249	385	466	776	252	319
62 years and over	971	367	675	225	227	347	424	674	225	286
Median	37.4	33.7	30.8	33.3	35.4	34.1	33.9	30.8	33.3	34.4
Female	3 020	1 234	3 025	926	537	1 149	993	3 022	926	1 048
Under 5 years	163	74	242	73	43	65	65	242	73	74
5 to 9 years	167	72	250	45	28	65	44	250	45	75
10 to 14 years	154	89	204	57	27	87	41	204	57	82
15 to 19 years	206	82	201	55	33	77	49	201	55	70
20 to 24 years	193	103	255	78	31	94	105	255	78	82
25 to 34 years	430	180	539	179	79	162	154	538	179	148
35 to 44 years	446	177	418	149	50	162	101	418	149	163
45 to 54 years	407	139	352	113	56	132	95	352	113	141
55 to 64 years	388	135	284	85	48	133	92	283	85	99
65 to 74 years	269	110	178	74	70	105	92	177	74	73
75 to 84 years	152	64	86	17	62	58	96	86	17	33
85 years and over	45	9	16	1	10	9	59	16	1	8
3 and 4 years	54	25	114	21	27	23	24	114	21	20
16 years and over	2 499	992	2 297	744	435	926	832	2 294	744	798
18 years and over	2 415	955	2 208	715	423	891	819	2 205	715	771
21 years and over	2 291	894	2 083	683	402	832	772	2 080	683	732
60 years and over	651	247	417	130	167	235	306	416	130	166
62 years and over	567	226	354	119	157	214	282	353	119	153
Median	39.6	35.8	31.3	33.5	39.8	36.2	37.8	31.3	33.5	34.2
Male	2 810	1 139	3 031	1 043	475	1 061	870	3 028	1 043	1 074
Median age	35.5	32.1	30.4	33.1	30.7	32.1	30.9	30.4	33.1	34.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
All persons	5 830	2 373	6 056	1 969	1 012	2 210	1 863	6 050	1 969	2 122
In households	5 730	2 373	6 056	1 868	977	2 210	1 718	6 050	1 868	2 122
Householder	2 244	939	2 219	723	430	868	766	2 216	723	761
Family householder	1 729	676	1 725	562	254	626	483	1 723	562	622
Nonfamily householder	515	263	494	161	176	242	283	493	161	139
Living alone	466	235	418	129	166	217	253	417	129	113
Spouse	1 489	520	1 457	496	160	483	331	1 455	496	555
Child	1 656	700	1 914	529	298	654	479	1 913	529	670
Other relatives	250	125	298	54	56	122	77	298	54	91
Nonrelatives	91	89	168	66	33	83	65	168	66	45
Institutionalized persons	100	—	—	—	35	—	145	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	101	—	—	—	—	101	—
Persons per household	2.56	2.51	2.73	2.60	2.25	2.53	2.23	2.73	2.60	2.79
Persons per family	2.97	2.97	3.13	2.94	3.00	2.99	2.82	3.13	2.94	3.11
Persons 65 years and over	770	287	520	168	201	271	364	519	168	224
In households	678	287	520	159	201	271	239	519	159	224
Householder	450	200	352	96	164	191	172	351	96	146
Nonfamily householder	174	95	158	29	110	93	89	157	29	52
Living alone	170	93	153	28	109	91	89	152	28	48
Spouse	164	70	113	50	28	65	51	113	50	53
Other relatives	59	15	48	11	7	13	15	48	11	21
Nonrelatives	5	2	7	2	2	2	1	7	2	4
Institutionalized persons	92	—	—	—	—	—	125	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	9	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
Families	1 729	676	1 725	562	254	626	483	1 723	562	622
With own children under 18 years	701	290	847	252	116	267	216	846	252	284
Number of own children under 18 years	1 171	483	1 513	422	225	449	358	1 512	422	495
Married-couple families	1 497	514	1 460	499	159	477	331	1 458	499	555
With own children under 18 years	595	216	710	213	64	200	139	709	213	257
Number of own children under 18 years	1 020	357	1 258	360	124	332	246	1 257	360	455
Female householder, no husband present	185	123	192	49	73	114	122	192	49	41
With own children under 18 years	87	57	107	27	43	51	67	107	27	14
Number of own children under 18 years	121	103	201	44	87	95	96	201	44	25
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
Males 15 years and over	2 247	904	2 285	837	355	841	689	2 283	837	867
Never married	456	224	442	153	90	213	182	442	153	182
Now married, except separated	1 559	548	1 538	585	177	509	367	1 536	585	579
Separated	16	12	30	16	7	8	15	30	16	9
Widowed	47	20	53	9	20	20	37	53	9	21
Divorced	169	100	222	74	61	91	88	222	74	76
Females 15 years and over	2 536	999	2 329	751	439	932	843	2 326	751	817
Never married	353	145	290	101	63	136	115	290	101	114
Now married, except separated	1 542	547	1 530	520	171	508	364	1 528	520	574
Separated	34	17	54	8	20	13	29	54	8	10
Widowed	365	145	234	53	120	138	212	233	53	78
Divorced	242	145	221	69	65	137	123	221	69	41

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Can.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA		
	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	519	1 567	8 684	8 657	1 407	1 367	1 250	468	1 367
Under 5 years	36	96	684	680	102	101	96	24	101
5 to 9 years	40	102	687	686	104	92	61	16	92
10 to 14 years	25	92	588	585	96	78	56	14	78
15 to 19 years	20	109	1 162	1 159	109	90	69	21	90
20 to 24 years	23	96	2 459	2 458	135	107	95	22	107
25 to 34 years	67	226	2 010	2 007	254	203	205	61	203
35 to 44 years	68	232	949	943	177	203	152	40	203
45 to 54 years	76	213	128	122	170	120	91	32	120
55 to 64 years	53	199	10	10	131	139	121	49	139
65 to 74 years	58	143	5	5	91	118	136	53	118
75 to 84 years	46	40	2	2	35	92	146	77	92
85 years and over	7	19	—	—	3	24	22	59	24
3 and 4 years	15	42	280	278	42	32	31	12	32
16 years and over	414	1 252	6 649	6 630	1 077	1 074	1 021	410	1 074
18 years and over	405	1 207	6 506	6 489	1 036	1 043	996	404	1 043
21 years and over	394	1 149	4 926	4 910	988	952	952	391	988
60 years and over	138	283	11	11	185	310	378	214	310
62 years and over	126	256	8	8	162	270	354	207	270
Median	42.5	37.5	22.1	22.1	31.0	35.5	37.6	55.7	35.5
<b>Female</b>									
Under 5 years	16	38	335	331	56	60	45	10	60
5 to 9 years	12	43	348	347	64	38	32	8	38
10 to 14 years	6	46	306	305	41	45	23	8	45
15 to 19 years	6	52	190	187	53	50	35	11	50
20 to 24 years	9	45	200	199	70	54	57	12	54
25 to 34 years	35	104	657	656	119	92	97	27	92
35 to 44 years	34	116	373	369	99	94	81	16	94
45 to 54 years	40	112	53	51	83	53	52	15	53
55 to 64 years	27	96	6	6	60	77	64	23	77
65 to 74 years	35	69	5	5	54	73	94	28	73
75 to 84 years	25	27	1	1	30	69	111	59	69
85 years and over	4	14	—	—	2	14	21	52	14
3 and 4 years	7	20	139	137	25	19	14	5	19
16 years and over	215	623	1 454	1 443	557	564	604	241	564
18 years and over	211	598	1 380	1 371	534	545	589	239	545
21 years and over	209	574	1 265	1 257	498	515	568	231	515
60 years and over	77	153	9	9	112	200	266	151	200
62 years and over	73	142	7	7	103	178	249	148	178
Median	47.2	39.3	22.0	22.0	31.5	36.2	43.3	67.4	36.2
<b>Male</b>									
Under 5 years	270	805	6 210	6 200	676	648	538	199	648
Median age	36.6	35.9	22.1	22.1	30.5	34.5	33.4	42.6	34.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	519	1 567	8 684	8 657	1 407	1 367	1 250	468	1 367
In households	519	1 556	4 603	4 576	1 407	1 256	1 250	306	1 256
Householder	221	609	1 196	1 188	535	569	624	151	569
Family householder	162	450	1 171	1 163	405	297	308	72	297
Nonfamily householder	59	159	25	25	130	272	316	79	272
Living alone	58	139	24	24	106	238	293	71	238
Spouse	148	396	1 102	1 094	320	161	184	51	161
Child	137	435	2 241	2 230	451	355	311	68	355
Other relatives	8	72	45	45	54	83	83	19	83
Nonrelatives	5	44	19	19	47	88	48	17	88
Institutionalized persons	—	—	42	42	—	15	—	142	15
Other persons in group quarters	—	11	4 039	4 039	—	96	—	20	96
Persons per household	2.36	2.56	3.88	3.88	2.66	2.21	2.00	2.03	2.21
Persons per family	2.83	3.02	3.93	3.93	3.07	3.03	2.86	2.92	3.03
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>									
In households	111	200	7	7	129	225	304	69	225
Householder	76	136	—	—	91	174	235	53	174
Nonfamily householder	31	52	—	—	48	119	158	29	119
Living alone	31	50	—	—	47	111	154	27	111
Spouse	31	43	—	—	23	33	44	11	33
Other relatives	4	18	7	7	15	9	18	2	9
Nonrelatives	—	3	—	—	—	9	7	3	9
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	117	2
Other persons in group quarters	—	2	—	—	—	7	—	3	7
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	162	450	1 171	1 163	405	297	308	72	297
With own children under 18 years	56	176	996	990	199	154	135	23	154
Number of own children under 18 years	106	326	2 157	2 147	340	265	222	50	265
Married-couple families	150	400	1 121	1 113	329	160	184	50	160
With own children under 18 years	53	157	950	944	156	75	75	14	75
Number of own children under 18 years	103	296	2 051	2 041	275	134	127	32	134
Female householder, no husband present	9	39	31	31	63	103	107	19	103
With own children under 18 years	3	14	28	28	37	59	56	8	59
Number of own children under 18 years	3	25	65	65	59	103	87	16	103
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	203	642	5 240	5 232	535	520	425	171	520
Never married	37	124	3 201	3 201	112	165	121	46	165
Now married, except separated	150	435	1 781	1 773	351	194	209	67	194
Separated	2	4	71	71	4	35	10	5	35
Widowed	4	20	7	7	16	28	24	15	28
Divorced	10	59	180	180	52	98	61	38	98
Females 15 years and over	215	635	1 485	1 474	570	576	612	243	576
Never married	18	95	273	270	81	96	94	28	96
Now married, except separated	148	417	1 161	1 153	339	183	201	76	183
Separated	3	7	10	10	13	43	24	7	43
Widowed	37	73	12	12	71	134	179	104	134
Divorced	9	43	29	29	66	120	114	28	120



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.04
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>944</b>	<b>1 433</b>	<b>2 059</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>3 683</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>1 485</b>	<b>1 259</b>	<b>4 721</b>
Under 5 years.....	64	87	185	28	255	52	94	127	337
5 to 9 years.....	32	53	155	21	206	48	95	96	289
10 to 14 years.....	41	50	90	16	203	28	79	50	219
15 to 19 years.....	37	95	129	18	182	36	67	70	245
20 to 24 years.....	86	276	341	36	316	50	118	206	561
25 to 34 years.....	169	328	476	73	628	91	231	240	1 470
35 to 44 years.....	123	132	231	35	413	63	159	133	777
45 to 54 years.....	85	114	155	40	319	47	113	93	432
55 to 64 years.....	63	125	165	44	586	74	208	127	254
65 to 74 years.....	122	138	96	84	443	87	199	86	97
75 to 84 years.....	93	33	31	22	123	28	110	23	31
85 years and over.....	29	2	5	5	9	4	12	8	9
3 and 4 years.....	25	28	56	10	94	14	41	40	136
16 years and over.....	803	1 226	1 618	351	2 987	472	1 212	979	3 831
18 years and over.....	786	1 197	1 587	346	2 920	459	1 183	960	3 736
21 years and over.....	752	1 112	1 427	336	2 770	432	1 136	873	3 568
26 years and over.....	283	235	227	138	893	162	439	184	272
60 years and over.....	268	209	186	127	761	150	402	155	207
Median.....	38.5	27.9	27.2	42.0	36.0	34.9	38.9	28.4	28.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>511</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>1 892</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>2 252</b>
Under 5 years.....	31	38	96	11	128	26	43	58	157
5 to 9 years.....	13	17	72	9	103	22	41	48	145
10 to 14 years.....	22	24	42	6	108	16	40	34	121
15 to 19 years.....	20	44	73	5	100	16	37	43	118
20 to 24 years.....	46	116	158	17	157	33	60	102	313
25 to 34 years.....	78	125	183	35	274	44	112	115	629
35 to 44 years.....	54	54	96	16	188	35	85	50	365
45 to 54 years.....	47	62	88	20	177	21	62	41	208
55 to 64 years.....	42	73	92	26	333	45	127	76	118
65 to 74 years.....	76	80	52	52	248	44	124	42	50
75 to 84 years.....	62	18	23	15	69	20	77	15	20
85 years and over.....	20	—	5	4	7	4	7	6	8
3 and 4 years.....	10	15	29	3	43	6	16	14	66
16 years and over.....	442	565	766	190	1 535	260	688	486	1 808
18 years and over.....	434	544	747	188	1 495	256	672	473	1 765
21 years and over.....	416	509	654	184	1 420	238	648	419	1 679
26 years and over.....	181	138	133	86	513	96	282	102	139
60 years and over.....	172	119	115	81	432	89	260	85	108
Median.....	43.8	30.9	27.3	48.5	38.3	37.3	43.5	27.8	28.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>433</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>1 079</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>1 791</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>629</b>	<b>2 469</b>
Median age.....	34.4	27.2	27.1	33.4	34.1	33.3	33.6	28.8	28.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>944</b>	<b>1 433</b>	<b>2 059</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>3 683</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>1 485</b>	<b>1 259</b>	<b>4 721</b>
In households.....	944	1 432	2 059	422	3 683	608	1 485	1 259	4 721
Householder.....	495	655	875	201	1 523	275	662	551	2 169
Family householder.....	261	429	561	121	1 118	165	426	344	1 260
Nonfamily householder.....	234	226	314	80	405	110	236	207	909
Living alone.....	211	182	246	68	350	91	212	168	718
Spouse.....	214	363	416	81	883	103	312	244	1 071
Child.....	179	282	526	96	962	159	369	317	1 151
Other relatives.....	15	51	91	20	159	38	77	60	88
Nonrelatives.....	41	81	151	24	156	33	65	87	242
Institutionalized persons.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household.....	1.91	2.20	2.35	2.14	2.44	2.27	2.24	2.28	2.18
Persons per family.....	2.57	2.64	2.86	2.69	2.83	2.89	2.78	2.79	2.84
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>244</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>137</b>
In households.....	244	173	132	111	575	119	321	117	137
Householder.....	183	111	90	75	368	86	231	89	79
Nonfamily householder.....	115	37	43	35	139	42	118	48	32
Living alone.....	113	37	43	32	137	41	115	46	32
Spouse.....	54	56	28	26	166	28	80	16	33
Other relatives.....	6	5	14	7	34	3	8	10	24
Nonrelatives.....	1	1	—	3	7	2	2	2	1
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>261</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>1 118</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>1 260</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	97	144	254	41	404	74	157	153	613
Number of own children under 18 years.....	146	206	417	65	660	127	247	260	951
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>216</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>915</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>1 092</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	75	114	183	26	312	31	99	94	504
Number of own children under 18 years.....	117	169	303	41	505	61	166	155	804
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>34</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>130</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	19	25	51	14	71	34	48	49	90
Number of own children under 18 years.....	26	31	85	22	119	50	70	92	120
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>362</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>1 466</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>2 047</b>
Never married.....	73	194	228	46	285	56	113	102	635
Now married, except separated.....	229	397	468	91	981	107	328	289	1 178
Separated.....	10	9	22	6	23	9	17	17	25
Widowed.....	18	10	11	4	43	10	24	7	14
Divorced.....	32	61	130	20	134	36	44	81	195
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>445</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>1 553</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>1 829</b>
Never married.....	60	67	107	13	176	37	64	72	395
Now married, except separated.....	219	371	435	85	928	110	332	253	1 103
Separated.....	8	11	24	14	44	17	17	25	27
Widowed.....	94	54	81	50	238	47	159	62	72
Divorced.....	64	69	123	28	167	51	119	78	232

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	7 228	7 036	3 372	3 656	500	2 240	968	1 183	6 770
Under 5 years	554	496	218	271	—	125	56	100	800
5 to 9 years	631	513	255	285	—	133	51	50	558
10 to 14 years	593	473	213	280	4	124	43	41	191
15 to 19 years	555	450	221	258	22	130	42	112	1 639
20 to 24 years	300	529	199	272	40	228	68	248	1 768
25 to 34 years	1 371	1 130	637	669	118	399	153	268	1 570
35 to 44 years	1 459	1 088	428	499	81	254	102	125	220
45 to 54 years	759	714	363	423	46	243	94	100	14
55 to 64 years	532	731	511	464	19	324	207	78	8
65 to 74 years	294	559	257	178	35	193	121	52	2
75 to 84 years	130	285	60	48	75	80	30	8	—
85 years and over	50	68	10	9	60	7	1	1	—
3 and 4 years	231	196	94	107	—	54	23	23	304
16 years and over	5 329	5 468	2 644	2 772	488	1 842	814	981	5 204
18 years and over	5 095	5 275	2 547	2 663	478	1 805	799	954	5 084
21 years and over	4 823	4 991	2 429	2 506	470	1 685	763	831	2 951
60 years and over	727	1 313	574	437	182	433	264	88	6
62 years and over	632	1 172	454	329	173	371	219	81	4
Median	32.5	34.3	34.2	32.0	43.0	34.5	42.3	25.8	20.3
<b>Female</b>									
Under 5 years	3 678	3 682	1 724	1 877	151	1 142	507	569	1 726
5 to 9 years	276	239	120	122	—	57	25	44	375
10 to 14 years	296	255	115	138	—	62	27	28	263
15 to 19 years	308	215	112	142	1	61	20	22	93
20 to 24 years	262	220	98	115	9	66	17	72	52
25 to 34 years	139	277	88	143	2	96	32	107	242
35 to 44 years	737	566	322	330	—	187	80	108	596
45 to 54 years	727	571	199	253	4	129	54	64	88
55 to 64 years	379	366	214	248	6	150	50	51	10
65 to 74 years	263	421	274	244	6	170	120	40	5
75 to 84 years	171	310	141	102	23	113	66	29	2
85 years and over	87	192	35	33	50	46	15	3	—
Median	33	50	6	7	50	5	1	1	—
3 and 4 years	110	96	55	47	—	25	12	11	146
16 years and over	2 744	2 935	1 356	1 455	146	956	433	468	988
18 years and over	2 640	2 842	1 313	1 407	141	942	424	447	973
21 years and over	2 506	2 695	1 261	1 331	141	873	413	377	905
60 years and over	418	786	318	238	128	250	143	47	5
62 years and over	366	701	252	188	125	217	118	43	4
Median	32.9	36.3	35.2	33.6	80.8	37.9	44.8	25.7	21.8
<b>Male</b>									
Under 5 years	3 550	3 354	1 648	1 779	349	1 098	461	614	5 044
Median age	32.0	32.4	33.0	30.1	35.3	31.9	39.2	25.9	20.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	7 228	7 036	3 372	3 656	500	2 240	968	1 183	6 770
In households	7 140	7 013	3 372	3 656	1	2 240	967	1 183	3 540
Householder	2 460	2 853	1 238	1 285	1	900	381	492	974
Family householder	2 093	2 071	1 006	1 077	—	692	295	344	934
Nonfamily householder	367	782	232	208	1	208	86	148	40
Living alone	313	693	198	177	1	164	73	119	39
Spouse	1 843	1 684	811	822	—	536	246	315	902
Child	2 524	2 109	1 053	1 262	—	579	242	277	1 610
Other relatives	204	207	177	200	—	125	65	36	38
Nonrelatives	109	160	93	87	—	100	33	63	16
Institutionalized persons	78	23	—	—	499	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	10	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3 230
Persans per household	2.91	2.47	2.75	2.87	1.00	2.52	2.52	2.34	3.64
Persans per family	3.19	2.95	3.05	3.15	—	2.84	2.85	2.75	3.73
<b>Persans 65 years and over</b>									
All persons	474	912	327	235	170	280	152	61	2
In households	414	889	327	235	—	280	152	61	2
Householder	249	612	205	155	—	184	101	31	—
Nonfamily householder	96	280	62	53	—	58	35	8	—
Living alone	93	272	57	52	—	55	33	8	—
Spouse	108	209	92	50	—	76	42	20	—
Other relatives	52	59	28	29	—	19	6	8	2
Nonrelatives	5	9	2	1	—	1	3	2	—
Institutionalized persons	60	23	—	—	170	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	2 093	2 071	1 006	1 077	—	692	295	344	934
With own children under 18 years	1 203	982	427	510	—	221	82	141	817
Number of own children under 18 years	2 040	1 667	729	874	—	370	134	208	1 592
Married-couple families	1 852	1 696	824	840	—	559	246	300	895
With own children under 18 years	1 061	767	341	380	—	165	67	116	783
Number of own children under 18 years	1 812	1 353	590	644	—	272	107	172	1 543
Female householder, no husband present	191	316	145	197	—	106	38	38	27
With own children under 18 years	115	191	66	109	—	46	12	19	23
Number of own children under 18 years	184	280	111	188	—	85	23	27	31
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	2 652	2 581	1 309	1 345	346	896	383	517	4 226
Never married	562	532	301	324	137	211	77	121	2 656
Now married, except separated	1 903	1 749	855	877	59	579	265	333	1 453
Separated	12	25	24	16	31	17	5	14	27
Widowed	45	53	20	18	21	15	10	7	4
Divorced	130	222	109	110	98	74	26	42	86
Females 15 years and over	2 798	2 973	1 377	1 475	150	962	435	475	995
Never married	403	425	178	209	24	137	47	60	45
Now married, except separated	1 902	1 719	841	869	8	563	264	332	920
Separated	29	45	18	37	4	23	12	11	7
Widowed	234	389	167	145	96	121	66	24	4
Divorced	230	395	173	215	18	118	46	48	19



Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Russell County, AL			Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
AGE									
All persons	91 484	18 088	18 088	10 118	73 396	5 235	4 375	68 161	68 157
Under 5 years	8 848	1 487	1 487	947	7 361	448	378	6 913	6 911
5 to 9 years	8 360	1 505	1 505	889	6 855	509	432	6 346	6 346
10 to 14 years	8 230	1 640	1 640	925	6 590	514	424	6 076	6 076
15 to 19 years	8 425	1 751	1 751	942	6 674	491	419	6 183	6 183
20 to 24 years	7 913	1 334	1 334	764	6 579	1 058	983	5 521	5 521
25 to 34 years	16 466	2 762	2 762	1 638	13 704	1 327	1 185	12 377	12 375
35 to 44 years	12 359	2 381	2 381	1 283	9 978	618	506	9 360	9 360
45 to 54 years	7 459	1 662	1 662	836	5 797	104	38	5 693	5 693
55 to 64 years	6 067	1 442	1 442	774	4 625	71	4	4 554	4 554
65 to 74 years	4 329	1 234	1 234	666	3 095	54	6	3 041	3 041
75 to 84 years	2 398	705	705	355	1 693	38	—	1 655	1 655
85 years and aver	630	185	185	99	445	3	—	442	442
3 and 4 years	3 469	586	586	368	2 883	190	157	2 693	2 692
16 years and aver	64 428	13 098	13 098	7 158	51 330	3 685	3 080	47 645	47 643
18 years and aver	61 100	12 396	12 396	6 788	48 704	3 570	2 991	45 134	45 132
21 years and aver	56 027	11 445	11 445	6 270	44 582	3 060	2 519	41 522	41 520
60 years and aver	10 162	2 850	2 850	1 511	7 312	120	8	7 192	7 192
62 years and aver	8 986	2 551	2 551	1 358	6 435	107	7	6 328	6 328
Median	27.4	29.9	29.9	28.7	26.8	22.9	22.6	27.4	27.4
Female	47 934	9 714	9 714	5 536	38 220	1 963	1 511	36 257	36 254
Under 5 years	4 383	726	726	452	3 657	219	188	3 438	3 436
5 to 9 years	4 204	741	741	447	3 463	265	230	3 198	3 198
10 to 14 years	3 996	766	766	444	3 230	249	201	2 981	2 981
15 to 19 years	4 008	869	869	479	3 139	178	142	2 961	2 961
20 to 24 years	3 742	693	693	425	3 049	187	150	2 862	2 862
25 to 34 years	8 568	1 537	1 537	939	7 031	473	393	6 558	6 557
35 to 44 years	6 663	1 316	1 316	699	5 347	251	189	5 096	5 096
45 to 54 years	4 155	912	912	477	3 243	46	11	3 197	3 197
55 to 64 years	3 471	825	825	452	2 646	42	4	2 604	2 604
65 to 74 years	2 617	749	749	417	1 868	30	3	1 838	1 838
75 to 84 years	1 643	446	446	232	1 197	22	—	1 175	1 175
85 years and aver	484	134	134	73	350	1	—	349	349
3 and 4 years	1 718	289	289	181	1 429	88	75	1 341	1 340
16 years and aver	34 569	7 308	7 308	4 093	27 261	1 192	863	26 069	26 068
18 years and aver	32 957	6 966	6 966	3 896	25 991	1 131	816	24 860	24 859
21 years and aver	30 563	6 469	6 469	3 637	24 094	1 019	724	23 075	23 074
60 years and aver	6 389	1 762	1 762	962	4 627	67	5	4 560	4 560
62 years and aver	5 701	1 586	1 586	869	4 115	60	4	4 055	4 055
Median	29.3	31.9	31.9	30.5	28.7	22.0	19.8	29.1	29.1
Male	43 550	8 374	8 374	4 582	35 176	3 272	2 864	31 904	31 903
Median age	25.4	27.2	27.2	26.1	25.1	23.1	22.9	25.6	25.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	91 484	18 088	18 088	10 118	73 396	5 235	4 375	68 161	68 157
In households	87 225	17 929	17 929	9 997	69 296	3 555	2 695	65 741	65 737
Householder	30 385	6 278	6 278	3 589	24 107	945	671	23 162	23 161
Family householder	22 333	4 511	4 511	2 523	17 822	861	642	16 961	16 960
Nonfamily householder	8 052	1 767	1 767	1 066	6 285	84	29	6 201	6 201
Living alone	7 079	1 620	1 620	968	5 459	78	29	5 381	5 381
Spouse	11 205	2 257	2 257	1 093	8 948	668	541	8 280	8 279
Child	34 646	7 068	7 068	4 060	27 578	1 783	1 426	25 795	25 793
Other relatives	8 101	1 894	1 894	985	6 207	130	52	6 077	6 077
Nonrelatives	2 888	432	432	270	2 456	29	5	2 427	2 427
Institutionalized persons	1 744	115	115	115	1 629	24	24	1 605	1 605
Other persons in group quarters	2 515	44	44	6	2 471	1 656	1 656	815	815
Persons per household	2.88	2.86	2.86	2.79	2.89	3.85	4.15	2.85	2.85
Persons per family	3.43	3.49	3.49	3.44	3.42	4.10	4.28	3.38	3.38
Persons 65 years and over	7 357	2 124	2 124	1 120	5 233	95	6	5 138	5 138
In households	6 992	2 063	2 063	1 059	4 929	94	5	4 835	4 835
Householder	5 053	1 535	1 535	827	3 518	64	2	3 454	3 454
Nonfamily householder	2 498	724	724	423	1 774	16	—	1 758	1 758
Living alone	2 371	699	699	409	1 672	15	—	1 657	1 657
Spouse	924	280	280	122	644	17	1	627	627
Other relatives	845	213	213	88	632	11	2	621	621
Nonrelatives	170	35	35	22	135	2	—	133	133
Institutionalized persons	347	58	58	58	289	—	—	289	289
Other persons in group quarters	18	3	3	3	15	1	1	14	14
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	22 333	4 511	4 511	2 523	17 822	861	642	16 961	16 960
With own children under 18 years	13 119	2 317	2 317	1 396	10 802	703	593	10 099	10 098
Number of own children under 18 years	25 373	4 635	4 635	2 774	20 738	1 578	1 353	19 160	19 158
Married-couple families	11 539	2 268	2 268	1 106	9 271	724	595	8 547	8 546
With own children under 18 years	6 541	1 129	1 129	561	5 412	612	549	4 800	4 799
Number of own children under 18 years	12 535	2 251	2 251	1 089	10 284	1 388	1 263	8 896	8 894
Female householder, no husband present	9 491	1 931	1 931	1 253	7 560	118	37	7 442	7 442
With own children under 18 years	6 061	1 094	1 094	786	4 967	80	34	4 887	4 887
Number of own children under 18 years	11 980	2 218	2 218	1 600	9 762	166	68	9 596	9 596
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	30 695	5 975	5 975	3 164	24 720	2 534	2 249	22 186	22 185
Never married	12 060	2 376	2 376	1 291	9 684	1 187	1 082	8 497	8 497
Now married, except separated	13 229	2 481	2 481	1 212	10 748	1 131	993	9 617	9 616
Separated	1 714	312	312	182	1 402	102	84	1 300	1 300
Widowed	1 125	332	332	190	793	16	4	777	777
Divorced	2 567	474	474	289	2 093	98	86	1 995	1 995
Females 15 years and over	35 351	7 481	7 481	4 193	27 870	1 230	892	26 640	26 639
Never married	10 750	2 426	2 426	1 406	8 324	378	271	7 946	7 946
Now married, except separated	12 242	2 446	2 446	1 205	9 796	717	575	9 079	9 078
Separated	3 139	572	572	381	2 567	39	14	2 528	2 528
Widowed	4 936	1 317	1 317	744	3 619	46	3	3 573	3 573
Divorced	4 284	720	720	457	3 564	50	29	3 514	3 514

Table 3. **General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL					Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL				
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>422</b>	<b>2 259</b>	<b>4 123</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>2 004</b>	<b>1 640</b>	<b>4 116</b>
Under 5 years .....	37	197	349	30	124	122	120	183	134	349
5 to 9 years .....	22	222	334	39	180	109	93	199	127	334
10 to 14 years .....	27	211	383	35	187	110	101	196	105	383
15 to 19 years .....	29	229	379	47	253	111	104	202	117	378
20 to 24 years .....	33	175	301	32	159	66	76	151	134	299
25 to 34 years .....	105	371	651	59	341	120	131	339	272	651
35 to 44 years .....	51	359	532	91	346	80	98	326	196	530
45 to 54 years .....	28	204	358	49	261	72	59	175	148	358
55 to 64 years .....	17	148	359	44	207	57	47	127	157	357
65 to 74 years .....	35	101	289	51	115	80	45	78	146	289
75 to 84 years .....	25	36	147	15	89	57	15	26	82	147
85 years and over .....	13	6	41	3	18	11	7	2	22	41
3 and 4 years .....	16	81	141	10	55	42	42	77	51	141
16 years and over .....	327	1 586	2 973	382	1 735	624	564	1 385	1 257	2 966
18 years and over .....	316	1 493	2 824	362	1 637	580	516	1 302	1 219	2 818
21 years and over .....	304	1 363	2 625	338	1 502	528	465	1 194	1 128	2 620
60 years and over .....	83	211	657	87	333	179	92	166	330	657
62 years and over .....	79	177	583	78	282	166	84	136	308	583
Median .....	30.5	27.7	29.7	35.7	31.9	23.5	22.0	27.4	32.4	29.7
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>228</b>	<b>1 182</b>	<b>2 253</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>1 185</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>1 049</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>2 250</b>
Under 5 years .....	19	98	168	14	69	60	55	89	58	168
5 to 9 years .....	9	105	176	19	87	60	40	95	66	176
10 to 14 years .....	14	98	181	19	81	52	46	92	59	181
15 to 19 years .....	14	114	203	22	125	51	58	100	54	203
20 to 24 years .....	19	88	150	8	75	50	44	80	82	149
25 to 34 years .....	51	213	370	29	186	91	81	196	141	370
35 to 44 years .....	26	190	286	52	190	59	63	168	98	285
45 to 54 years .....	13	104	207	21	135	52	37	89	82	207
55 to 64 years .....	10	81	202	22	112	39	31	71	88	201
65 to 74 years .....	20	68	183	32	59	54	29	52	84	183
75 to 84 years .....	21	19	96	8	52	36	11	15	52	96
85 years and over .....	12	4	31	3	14	10	2	2	14	31
3 and 4 years .....	10	45	69	5	26	16	18	42	25	69
16 years and over .....	179	860	1 683	193	925	435	342	753	688	1 680
18 years and over .....	174	812	1 596	183	882	408	320	710	674	1 593
21 years and over .....	170	749	1 500	173	803	378	291	657	626	1 498
60 years and over .....	59	131	417	51	188	124	56	105	198	417
62 years and over .....	55	110	378	47	159	115	51	86	182	378
Median .....	31.8	29.1	31.7	38.5	33.4	28.9	25.7	28.6	33.8	31.7
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>194</b>	<b>1 077</b>	<b>1 870</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1 095</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>1 866</b>
Median age .....	29.0	25.4	27.0	32.8	29.6	15.9	17.7	25.2	31.4	27.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>422</b>	<b>2 259</b>	<b>4 123</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>2 004</b>	<b>1 640</b>	<b>4 116</b>
In households .....	374	2 259	4 117	495	2 242	995	857	2 004	1 613	4 110
Householder .....	152	734	1 461	172	713	396	306	642	606	1 459
Family householder .....	98	579	1 017	135	568	240	214	517	419	1 015
Nonfamily householder .....	54	155	444	37	145	156	92	125	187	444
Living alone .....	44	142	405	35	137	150	82	114	163	405
Spouse .....	60	338	464	103	370	46	26	298	200	462
Child .....	118	913	1 651	176	901	484	437	828	527	1 648
Other relatives .....	27	228	427	38	221	53	63	196	221	427
Nonrelatives .....	17	46	114	6	37	16	25	40	59	114
Institutionalized persons .....	48	—	—	—	—	—	39	—	27	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	6	—	38	—	—	—	—	6
Persons per household .....	2.49	3.08	2.82	2.81	3.14	2.52	2.81	3.13	2.68	2.82
Persons per family .....	3.16	3.56	3.51	3.27	3.62	3.43	3.46	3.57	3.29	3.51
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>73</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>477</b>
In households .....	29	143	474	69	222	148	67	106	236	474
Householder .....	23	107	373	46	155	123	61	79	167	373
Nonfamily householder .....	11	45	188	15	54	82	40	31	71	188
Living alone .....	8	44	181	14	54	82	39	31	67	181
Spouse .....	4	21	53	17	38	16	3	14	35	53
Other relatives .....	—	12	38	6	27	8	3	11	26	38
Nonrelatives .....	2	3	10	—	2	1	—	2	8	10
Institutionalized persons .....	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>98</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1 017</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>1 015</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	49	341	529	64	263	168	147	315	178	528
Number of own children under 18 years .....	89	642	1 066	115	514	374	339	593	307	1 065
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>63</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>465</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	31	207	233	50	184	20	14	189	73	232
Number of own children under 18 years .....	60	383	471	91	367	45	39	349	132	470
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>30</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>478</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	16	120	280	13	72	147	128	115	93	280
Number of own children under 18 years .....	27	226	569	23	136	328	290	216	161	569
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>150</b>	<b>748</b>	<b>1 329</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>841</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1 325</b>
Never married .....	46	273	557	62	305	107	130	237	207	555
Now married, except separated .....	70	364	515	102	416	47	37	321	221	513
Separated .....	10	28	71	5	29	23	15	25	34	71
Widowed .....	11	23	82	9	41	21	17	17	41	82
Divorced .....	13	60	104	16	50	14	27	53	76	104
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>186</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>1 728</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>948</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>1 725</b>
Never married .....	44	274	566	36	302	181	176	238	198	565
Now married, except separated .....	68	354	522	105	402	51	34	314	219	520
Separated .....	14	51	150	5	36	64	59	42	47	150
Widowed .....	40	97	318	31	129	103	44	80	152	318
Divorced .....	20	105	172	20	79	43	43	99	79	172



Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chottahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chottahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chottahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>495</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>1 973</b>	<b>1 887</b>	<b>4 385</b>	<b>4 375</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>2 082</b>
Under 5 years .....	30	124	57	156	145	380	378	68	347
5 to 9 years .....	39	180	79	158	127	434	432	75	316
10 to 14 years .....	35	187	84	186	191	424	424	90	244
15 to 19 years .....	47	253	80	189	199	419	419	72	186
20 to 24 years .....	32	159	58	132	158	983	983	75	148
25 to 34 years .....	59	341	141	282	237	1 189	1 185	138	344
35 to 44 years .....	91	346	148	227	223	507	506	111	203
45 to 54 years .....	49	261	93	187	188	39	38	65	105
55 to 64 years .....	44	207	61	151	167	4	4	67	86
65 to 74 years .....	51	115	59	168	135	6	6	48	57
75 to 84 years .....	15	89	31	109	91	—	—	38	32
85 years and over .....	3	18	6	28	26	—	—	3	14
3 and 4 years .....	10	55	22	64	55	158	157	32	129
16 years and over .....	382	1 735	661	1 433	1 389	3 086	3 080	599	1 139
18 years and over .....	362	1 637	624	1 356	1 305	2 997	2 991	573	1 061
21 years and over .....	338	1 502	586	1 260	1 193	2 525	2 519	535	970
60 years and over .....	87	333	124	372	347	8	8	112	137
62 years and over .....	78	282	105	344	316	7	7	100	120
Median .....	35.7	31.9	32.3	31.0	30.4	22.6	22.6	28.1	18.6
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>249</b>	<b>1 185</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>1 072</b>	<b>987</b>	<b>1 514</b>	<b>1 511</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>1 204</b>
Under 5 years .....	14	69	32	75	69	188	188	31	172
5 to 9 years .....	19	87	33	77	65	230	230	35	146
10 to 14 years .....	19	81	29	94	83	201	201	48	117
15 to 19 years .....	22	125	40	78	106	142	142	36	102
20 to 24 years .....	8	75	28	69	77	150	150	37	107
25 to 34 years .....	29	186	70	156	123	395	393	78	233
35 to 44 years .....	52	190	82	126	131	190	189	61	134
45 to 54 years .....	21	135	54	107	94	11	11	35	68
55 to 64 years .....	22	112	36	96	89	4	4	38	54
65 to 74 years .....	32	59	40	102	73	3	3	27	36
75 to 84 years .....	8	52	16	67	63	—	—	22	26
85 years and over .....	3	14	3	25	14	—	—	1	9
3 and 4 years .....	5	26	9	35	27	75	75	13	65
16 years and over .....	193	925	362	808	752	866	863	326	751
18 years and over .....	183	882	342	784	711	819	816	312	710
21 years and over .....	173	803	323	732	645	727	724	292	651
60 years and over .....	51	188	76	239	201	5	5	62	93
62 years and over .....	47	159	65	221	186	4	4	56	83
Median .....	38.5	33.4	34.9	34.1	33.5	19.9	19.8	28.9	23.3
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>246</b>	<b>1 095</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>2 871</b>	<b>2 864</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>878</b>
Median age .....	32.8	29.6	29.3	27.5	28.1	22.9	22.9	26.2	13.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>495</b>	<b>2 280</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>1 973</b>	<b>1 887</b>	<b>4 385</b>	<b>4 375</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>2 082</b>
In households .....	495	2 242	897	1 973	1 887	2 705	2 695	850	2 008
Householder .....	172	713	306	730	611	674	671	271	660
Family householder .....	135	568	232	484	464	645	642	216	506
Nonfamily householder .....	37	145	74	246	147	29	29	55	154
Living alone .....	35	137	66	228	140	29	29	49	132
Spouse .....	103	370	128	226	264	544	541	124	74
Child .....	176	901	337	740	705	1 430	1 426	353	1 028
Other relatives .....	38	221	96	237	269	52	52	78	173
Nonrelatives .....	6	37	30	40	38	5	5	24	73
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	24	24	—	7
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	38	—	—	—	1 656	1 656	—	67
Persons per household .....	2.81	3.14	2.93	2.70	3.09	4.15	4.15	3.12	3.03
Persons per family .....	3.27	3.62	3.42	3.48	3.67	4.28	4.28	3.55	3.51
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>69</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>103</b>
In households .....	69	222	96	305	252	5	5	89	99
Householder .....	46	155	63	219	179	2	2	62	77
Nonfamily householder .....	15	54	26	113	69	—	—	16	51
Living alone .....	14	54	24	109	67	—	—	15	49
Spouse .....	17	38	13	37	42	1	1	16	6
Other relatives .....	6	27	16	46	29	2	2	9	13
Nonrelatives .....	—	2	4	3	2	—	—	2	3
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	3
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>135</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>506</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	64	263	116	232	201	595	593	108	388
Number of own children under 18 years .....	115	514	220	486	432	1 357	1 353	221	887
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>99</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>75</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	50	184	66	114	120	551	549	61	43
Number of own children under 18 years .....	91	367	138	239	257	1 267	1 263	121	100
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>30</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>409</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	13	72	41	109	65	34	34	46	337
Number of own children under 18 years .....	23	136	65	231	144	68	68	98	773
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>194</b>	<b>841</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>654</b>	<b>2 252</b>	<b>2 249</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>406</b>
Never married .....	62	305	126	279	253	1 082	1 082	105	215
Now married, except separated .....	102	416	138	241	294	996	993	135	90
Separated .....	5	29	12	40	37	84	84	18	43
Widowed .....	9	41	12	46	25	4	4	12	21
Divorced .....	16	50	20	41	45	86	86	12	37
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>197</b>	<b>948</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>769</b>
Never married .....	36	302	112	267	252	271	271	107	368
Now married, except separated .....	105	402	132	241	286	578	575	139	86
Separated .....	5	36	25	60	51	14	14	25	128
Widowed .....	31	129	56	191	138	3	3	43	93
Divorced .....	20	79	44	67	43	29	29	21	94

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA									
	Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>1 113</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>2 082</b>	<b>3 155</b>	<b>3 337</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>2 412</b>
Under 5 years	66	64	241	34	347	186	217	82	188	234
5 to 9 years	57	53	148	40	316	211	199	75	167	196
10 to 14 years	53	58	109	46	244	247	237	84	165	147
15 to 19 years	82	67	88	46	186	288	250	62	151	190
20 to 24 years	58	53	110	44	148	179	225	81	106	200
25 to 34 years	136	144	161	118	344	422	482	155	240	527
35 to 44 years	105	130	83	92	203	446	419	91	202	309
45 to 54 years	106	99	50	74	105	396	370	52	148	167
55 to 64 years	89	102	47	74	86	409	407	56	128	140
65 to 74 years	58	118	47	68	57	243	340	43	93	164
75 to 84 years	35	74	26	81	32	103	176	17	67	102
85 years and over	6	20	3	40	14	25	15	3	16	36
3 and 4 years	28	23	99	11	129	59	89	35	62	97
16 years and over	666	792	595	626	1 139	2 457	2 639	545	1 115	1 804
18 years and over	629	759	560	607	1 061	2 325	2 531	517	1 052	1 744
21 years and over	584	730	499	580	970	2 185	2 388	488	969	1 608
60 years and over	145	269	100	235	137	553	736	91	242	370
62 years and over	131	242	96	213	120	475	660	82	228	338
Median	32.9	38.7	18.3	39.9	18.6	35.8	36.2	26.0	27.4	29.3
<b>Female</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>1 204</b>	<b>1 726</b>	<b>1 836</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>1 006</b>	<b>1 160</b>
Under 5 years	31	33	112	15	172	75	97	49	94	121
5 to 9 years	23	22	72	23	146	114	102	32	96	115
10 to 14 years	32	25	55	27	117	111	113	39	86	61
15 to 19 years	43	28	48	20	102	140	119	24	83	62
20 to 24 years	29	24	89	19	107	81	113	43	66	87
25 to 34 years	68	75	127	54	233	222	241	94	154	223
35 to 44 years	57	64	60	43	134	252	230	58	133	106
45 to 54 years	51	58	39	32	68	237	232	33	99	76
55 to 64 years	50	48	27	35	54	254	252	37	79	83
65 to 74 years	36	79	36	38	36	143	209	31	62	108
75 to 84 years	25	52	18	56	26	77	114	11	42	85
85 years and over	4	18	3	31	9	20	14	2	12	33
3 and 4 years	10	12	47	5	65	24	39	17	28	57
16 years and over	356	441	438	325	751	1 401	1 499	327	712	850
18 years and over	338	426	422	315	710	1 343	1 452	315	677	831
21 years and over	316	414	376	302	651	1 267	1 383	301	628	787
60 years and over	84	181	72	145	93	351	467	62	152	271
62 years and over	81	168	70	135	83	303	417	55	144	249
Median	34.7	43.3	23.2	44.1	23.3	39.5	40.3	29.4	30.3	30.6
<b>Male</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>1 429</b>	<b>1 501</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>1 252</b>
Median age	31.0	33.5	10.8	37.3	13.3	31.1	31.7	23.0	22.4	28.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>1 113</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>2 082</b>	<b>3 155</b>	<b>3 337</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>2 412</b>
In households	851	982	1 113	547	2 008	3 155	3 336	801	1 671	1 792
Householder	319	468	426	213	660	1 128	1 183	300	639	786
Family householder	212	229	301	121	506	847	864	203	438	440
Nonfamily householder	107	239	125	92	154	281	319	97	201	346
Living alone	96	213	122	73	132	240	294	83	178	307
Spouse	84	79	29	46	74	437	419	78	124	75
Child	288	267	565	170	1 028	1 048	1 060	321	680	675
Other relatives	134	116	68	73	173	431	562	67	175	161
Nonrelatives	26	52	25	45	73	111	112	35	53	95
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	136	7	—	—	—	—	596
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	74	67	—	1	—	—	24
Persons per household	2.68	2.09	2.62	2.57	3.03	2.80	2.83	2.67	2.62	2.28
Persons per family	3.40	3.00	3.21	3.39	3.51	3.27	3.37	3.31	3.24	3.06
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>302</b>
In households	99	212	76	77	99	371	531	63	176	294
Householder	77	175	65	53	77	239	363	42	138	242
Nonfamily householder	34	104	54	31	51	87	126	21	82	179
Living alone	32	94	54	28	49	80	118	19	75	170
Spouse	14	19	1	7	6	63	82	11	17	17
Other relatives	6	9	8	10	13	65	73	7	16	29
Nonrelatives	2	9	2	7	3	4	13	3	5	6
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	108	1	—	—	—	—	1
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	4	3	—	—	—	—	7
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>847</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>440</b>
With own children under 18 years	78	96	251	50	388	322	289	109	263	276
Number of own children under 18 years	152	164	504	95	887	584	505	242	517	564
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>75</b>
With own children under 18 years	28	27	15	19	43	162	133	32	53	26
Number of own children under 18 years	54	47	24	33	100	304	250	56	97	55
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>346</b>
With own children under 18 years	48	65	230	27	337	146	137	74	201	245
Number of own children under 18 years	95	112	472	54	773	247	230	182	409	497
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>1 085</b>	<b>1 160</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>972</b>
Never married	140	145	93	128	215	394	466	93	180	517
Now married, except separated	88	94	32	70	90	487	456	92	134	178
Separated	36	49	17	27	43	57	75	10	30	110
Widowed	19	31	10	43	21	40	60	6	27	50
Divorced	29	42	16	41	37	107	103	26	50	117
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>769</b>	<b>1 426</b>	<b>1 524</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>863</b>
Never married	112	118	209	86	368	361	409	98	250	301
Now married, except separated	91	88	35	67	86	478	459	86	144	102
Separated	40	54	82	36	128	115	133	45	112	138
Widowed	80	140	64	103	93	267	316	38	111	214
Divorced	40	46	57	36	94	205	207	66	113	108



Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 863</b>	<b>2 999</b>	<b>2 112</b>	<b>2 179</b>	<b>2 425</b>	<b>1 290</b>	<b>3 360</b>	<b>3 305</b>	<b>1 512</b>
Under 5 years .....	227	260	222	243	239	143	606	301	198
5 to 9 years .....	181	211	181	214	215	129	460	333	173
10 to 14 years .....	232	222	212	182	221	145	323	370	140
15 to 19 years .....	199	227	208	180	218	139	297	334	125
20 to 24 years .....	136	199	208	180	167	119	285	240	189
25 to 34 years .....	258	439	407	397	416	250	601	554	322
35 to 44 years .....	197	343	354	307	363	206	374	467	213
45 to 54 years .....	146	249	185	228	196	97	177	257	82
55 to 64 years .....	108	279	75	138	182	41	115	218	30
65 to 74 years .....	104	312	39	46	121	14	78	140	32
75 to 84 years .....	59	209	15	21	69	3	34	75	5
85 years and over .....	16	49	6	5	18	4	10	16	3
3 and 4 years .....	80	107	78	100	99	54	222	127	62
16 years and over .....	1 184	2 261	1 463	1 504	1 702	842	1 920	2 237	976
18 years and over .....	1 111	2 173	1 375	1 424	1 618	774	1 798	2 091	933
21 years and over .....	981	2 046	1 245	1 321	1 502	716	1 611	1 901	838
60 years and over .....	235	703	96	134	286	43	178	330	54
62 years and over .....	214	642	83	103	258	27	156	293	48
Median .....	22.9	33.5	25.7	26.1	28.7	23.7	19.9	26.5	23.3
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 123</b>	<b>1 714</b>	<b>1 172</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>1 280</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>1 951</b>	<b>1 846</b>	<b>787</b>
Under 5 years .....	114	126	112	127	109	72	307	159	105
5 to 9 years .....	83	107	97	120	103	68	230	175	91
10 to 14 years .....	122	117	112	92	100	70	169	186	61
15 to 19 years .....	94	116	121	86	119	65	166	175	74
20 to 24 years .....	91	114	115	122	88	54	205	126	106
25 to 34 years .....	173	239	216	207	226	126	416	324	172
35 to 44 years .....	131	194	215	167	202	116	217	266	102
45 to 54 years .....	100	141	107	107	107	42	94	158	41
55 to 64 years .....	78	174	44	75	103	21	77	124	13
65 to 74 years .....	75	200	20	27	72	5	45	83	15
75 to 84 years .....	47	148	9	12	41	3	17	56	5
85 years and over .....	15	38	4	3	10	4	8	14	2
3 and 4 years .....	39	51	43	50	47	24	109	57	37
16 years and over .....	789	1 339	835	790	942	422	1 221	1 298	513
18 years and over .....	756	1 300	779	751	896	391	1 156	1 222	491
21 years and over .....	681	1 232	703	696	830	361	1 030	1 115	435
60 years and over .....	182	468	56	75	166	25	107	214	28
62 years and over .....	166	426	48	59	152	17	91	193	27
Median .....	28.4	36.7	26.4	26.3	30.3	24.3	22.8	28.2	22.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>740</b>	<b>1 285</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>1 034</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>1 409</b>	<b>1 459</b>	<b>725</b>
Median age .....	17.3	30.2	24.8	25.9	26.8	23.2	15.8	23.8	23.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 863</b>	<b>2 999</b>	<b>2 112</b>	<b>2 179</b>	<b>2 425</b>	<b>1 290</b>	<b>3 360</b>	<b>3 305</b>	<b>1 512</b>
In households .....	1 863	2 987	2 109	2 179	2 425	1 287	3 360	3 305	1 512
Householder .....	674	1 299	726	774	894	415	1 246	1 133	571
Family householder .....	465	756	553	551	580	321	875	815	368
Nonfamily householder .....	209	543	173	223	314	94	371	318	203
Living alone .....	192	485	152	176	275	79	323	271	164
Spouse .....	87	227	309	281	244	179	163	389	150
Child .....	830	921	822	827	861	553	1 589	1 326	592
Other relatives .....	211	406	175	174	291	90	211	320	100
Nonrelatives .....	61	134	77	123	135	50	151	137	99
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.76	2.30	2.91	2.83	2.70	3.16	2.69	2.91	2.64
Persons per family .....	3.42	3.06	3.38	3.34	3.39	3.64	3.23	3.49	3.28
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>179</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>40</b>
In households .....	179	570	60	72	208	21	122	231	40
Householder .....	144	442	39	52	144	11	101	171	35
Nonfamily householder .....	96	268	11	22	69	4	73	88	25
Living alone .....	93	252	11	21	66	3	72	83	25
Spouse .....	11	72	6	7	29	2	7	35	2
Other relatives .....	19	49	14	13	28	5	11	19	2
Nonrelatives .....	5	7	1	—	7	3	3	6	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>465</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>368</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	292	331	347	334	302	233	689	494	261
Number of own children under 18 years .....	608	582	615	652	612	451	1 396	989	504
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>88</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>154</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	35	71	184	158	115	145	94	221	91
Number of own children under 18 years .....	66	128	323	289	233	274	196	414	182
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>354</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>182</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	247	241	151	153	166	70	571	247	149
Number of own children under 18 years .....	529	428	272	322	336	150	1 168	530	287
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>419</b>	<b>942</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>471</b>
Never married .....	226	389	225	276	315	157	341	373	165
Now married, except separated .....	105	249	337	322	265	220	186	427	199
Separated .....	29	101	23	45	74	16	79	42	37
Widowed .....	22	71	8	10	40	6	37	24	10
Divorced .....	37	132	53	81	88	38	83	109	60
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>804</b>	<b>1 364</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>968</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>1 245</b>	<b>1 326</b>	<b>530</b>
Never married .....	294	439	256	249	300	119	572	393	183
Now married, except separated .....	105	256	334	308	268	201	188	441	172
Separated .....	154	151	67	77	124	33	200	120	54
Widowed .....	150	339	55	61	148	20	104	171	38
Divorced .....	101	179	139	111	128	63	181	201	83

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>744</b>	<b>1 874</b>	<b>3 821</b>	<b>2 986</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>2 629</b>	<b>4 311</b>	<b>5 100</b>	<b>3 912</b>
Under 5 years .....	123	170	300	210	—	216	304	432	729
5 to 9 years .....	91	208	364	274	—	240	380	427	527
10 to 14 years .....	64	241	449	289	11	250	475	392	204
15 to 19 years .....	38	199	414	307	23	286	458	500	344
20 to 24 years .....	78	134	227	169	89	180	218	466	667
25 to 34 years .....	174	373	679	462	304	512	617	864	1 233
35 to 44 years .....	92	302	620	459	158	476	800	745	189
45 to 54 years .....	43	120	395	386	37	259	484	494	14
55 to 64 years .....	26	83	226	258	29	129	341	476	4
65 to 74 years .....	9	34	94	112	22	56	160	218	1
75 to 84 years .....	4	8	43	51	23	19	61	67	—
85 years and over .....	2	2	10	9	14	6	13	19	—
3 and 4 years .....	51	76	118	91	—	80	118	173	291
16 years and over .....	458	1 210	2 636	2 154	693	1 851	3 064	3 749	2 421
18 years and over .....	445	1 131	2 457	2 011	681	1 742	2 853	3 522	2 377
21 years and over .....	418	1 027	2 240	1 870	670	1 606	2 624	3 265	1 979
60 years and over .....	23	79	221	275	73	126	372	505	2
62 years and over .....	22	63	188	218	70	99	311	421	2
Median .....	24.1	24.4	27.7	31.2	32.7	28.2	30.7	28.7	21.2
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>426</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>2 017</b>	<b>1 571</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1 358</b>	<b>2 310</b>	<b>2 728</b>	<b>1 642</b>
Under 5 years .....	57	81	141	99	—	106	160	222	379
5 to 9 years .....	56	109	175	130	—	125	180	219	252
10 to 14 years .....	32	117	217	148	—	112	229	216	107
15 to 19 years .....	21	102	209	150	5	129	233	227	54
20 to 24 years .....	51	73	116	85	1	95	95	241	241
25 to 34 years .....	117	209	374	254	8	275	341	457	527
35 to 44 years .....	52	167	344	246	9	259	459	429	71
45 to 54 years .....	18	67	225	203	1	142	279	289	7
55 to 64 years .....	14	44	116	137	7	64	196	259	3
65 to 74 years .....	4	17	58	76	10	33	84	113	1
75 to 84 years .....	3	7	33	34	20	14	46	40	—
85 years and over .....	1	2	9	9	10	4	8	16	—
3 and 4 years .....	26	37	61	44	—	43	64	92	149
16 years and over .....	279	662	1 443	1 168	70	980	1 698	2 020	894
18 years and over .....	272	624	1 361	1 095	66	929	1 597	1 919	876
21 years and over .....	256	572	1 246	1 023	66	871	1 472	1 788	823
60 years and over .....	13	42	140	171	47	76	219	276	2
62 years and over .....	12	36	120	141	45	60	183	237	2
Median .....	24.8	26.1	29.7	32.5	67.9	29.9	33.1	30.7	21.1
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>318</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>1 804</b>	<b>1 415</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>1 271</b>	<b>2 001</b>	<b>2 372</b>	<b>2 270</b>
Median age .....	22.1	22.3	25.3	29.0	31.8	26.4	28.4	26.8	21.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>744</b>	<b>1 874</b>	<b>3 821</b>	<b>2 986</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>2 629</b>	<b>4 311</b>	<b>5 100</b>	<b>3 912</b>
In households .....	744	1 874	3 821	2 986	—	2 628	4 303	5 100	3 287
Householder .....	272	536	1 149	889	—	859	1 339	1 823	928
Family householder .....	212	467	985	777	—	702	1 138	1 422	877
Nonfamily householder .....	60	69	164	112	—	157	201	401	51
Living alone .....	53	51	143	98	—	140	172	342	49
Spouse .....	97	282	593	518	—	435	738	860	741
Child .....	319	808	1 664	1 212	—	1 029	1 730	1 883	1 536
Other relatives .....	35	175	316	304	—	235	380	369	56
Nonrelatives .....	21	73	99	63	—	70	116	165	26
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	710	1	5	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	625
Persons per household .....	2.71	3.51	3.34	3.37	—	3.09	3.24	2.84	3.60
Persons per family .....	3.11	3.73	3.64	3.64	—	3.46	3.53	3.24	3.73
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>15</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>1</b>
In households .....	15	44	147	172	—	81	233	304	1
Householder .....	8	18	85	111	—	45	138	197	—
Nonfamily householder .....	6	4	38	36	—	11	42	62	—
Living alone .....	6	3	37	35	—	10	40	56	—
Spouse .....	1	7	24	22	—	15	43	56	1
Other relatives .....	3	14	33	35	—	19	41	48	—
Nonrelatives .....	3	5	5	4	—	2	11	3	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	59	—	1	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>212</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>702</b>	<b>1 138</b>	<b>1 422</b>	<b>877</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	166	308	603	423	—	431	657	799	793
Number of own children under 18 years .....	277	622	1 160	791	—	751	1 215	1 315	1 512
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>103</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>797</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	69	200	372	296	—	288	446	470	719
Number of own children under 18 years .....	116	397	726	552	—	512	847	770	1 363
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>104</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>70</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	94	95	207	112	—	125	192	294	66
Number of own children under 18 years .....	157	203	380	221	—	215	340	491	134
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>185</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>1 224</b>	<b>1 019</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>1 411</b>	<b>1 778</b>	<b>1 548</b>
Never married .....	51	192	440	329	343	293	465	585	503
Now married, except separated .....	111	311	652	569	106	482	790	961	993
Separated .....	7	22	41	33	74	21	35	55	29
Widowed .....	3	6	23	18	28	23	30	45	—
Divorced .....	13	36	68	70	77	89	91	132	23
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>281</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>1 484</b>	<b>1 194</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1 015</b>	<b>1 741</b>	<b>2 071</b>	<b>904</b>
Never married .....	96	209	419	298	23	272	454	513	91
Now married, except separated .....	107	301	641	563	9	466	793	929	769
Separated .....	17	48	100	68	3	65	91	132	17
Widowed .....	6	37	124	146	28	81	184	181	2
Divorced .....	55	93	200	119	8	131	219	316	25



Table 4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Muskegee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>AGE</b>				
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>765</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>568</b>
Under 5 years .....	48	39	34	34
5 to 9 years .....	49	42	37	37
10 to 14 years .....	46	42	39	39
15 to 19 years .....	94	89	71	71
20 to 24 years .....	155	150	107	107
25 to 34 years .....	178	158	135	134
35 to 44 years .....	82	68	62	62
45 to 54 years .....	58	48	46	46
55 to 64 years .....	35	23	23	23
65 to 74 years .....	14	11	10	10
75 to 84 years .....	6	5	5	5
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	21	18	14	14
16 years and over .....	617	547	454	453
18 years and over .....	596	529	437	436
21 years and over .....	480	418	356	355
60 years and over .....	31	25	24	24
62 years and over .....	24	19	18	18
Median .....	24.7	24.2	24.8	24.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>285</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>214</b>
Under 5 years .....	16	14	11	11
5 to 9 years .....	25	22	18	18
10 to 14 years .....	23	20	18	18
15 to 19 years .....	20	19	16	16
20 to 24 years .....	34	33	30	30
25 to 34 years .....	73	64	54	54
35 to 44 years .....	40	32	29	29
45 to 54 years .....	28	22	21	21
55 to 64 years .....	14	7	7	7
65 to 74 years .....	6	5	5	5
75 to 84 years .....	6	5	5	5
85 years and over .....	—	—	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	10	9	6	6
16 years and over .....	220	186	166	166
18 years and over .....	211	177	157	157
21 years and over .....	196	163	148	148
60 years and over .....	16	12	12	12
62 years and over .....	13	10	10	10
Median .....	29.4	28.3	28.8	28.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>480</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>354</b>
Median age .....	23.2	22.8	23.7	23.7
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>				
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>765</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>568</b>
In households .....	569	482	445	444
Householder .....	200	170	162	161
Family householder .....	145	125	118	118
Nonfamily householder .....	55	45	44	43
Living alone .....	46	36	35	35
Spouse .....	129	108	94	94
Child .....	182	155	140	140
Other relatives .....	30	23	23	23
Nonrelatives .....	28	26	26	26
Institutionalized persons .....	22	20	20	20
Other persons in group quarters .....	174	173	104	104
Persons per household .....	2.78	2.80	2.77	2.77
Persons per family .....	3.29	3.26	3.22	3.22
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>
In households .....	20	16	15	15
Householder .....	19	15	14	14
Nonfamily householder .....	9	7	7	7
Living alone .....	9	7	7	7
Spouse .....	—	—	—	—
Other relatives .....	—	—	—	—
Nonrelatives .....	1	1	1	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>				
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>145</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>118</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	91	78	73	73
Number of own children under 18 years .....	146	127	113	113
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>118</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>94</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	73	62	57	57
Number of own children under 18 years .....	116	100	86	86
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>20</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	12	11	11	11
Number of own children under 18 years .....	26	24	24	24
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>401</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>291</b>
Never married .....	192	181	132	131
Now married, except separated .....	162	145	127	127
Separated .....	9	9	6	6
Widowed .....	5	5	5	5
Divorced .....	33	25	22	22
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>221</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>167</b>
Never married .....	35	32	27	27
Now married, except separated .....	136	113	98	98
Separated .....	10	9	9	9
Widowed .....	12	10	10	10
Divorced .....	28	23	23	23

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>								
All persons .....	3 107	2 990	480	464	2 510	2 508	464	464
Under 5 years .....	212	205	36	36	169	169	36	36
5 to 9 years .....	258	252	52	52	200	200	52	52
10 to 14 years .....	244	239	49	48	190	190	48	48
15 to 19 years .....	295	286	53	53	233	233	53	53
20 to 24 years .....	281	272	64	63	208	207	63	63
25 to 34 years .....	613	592	120	115	472	472	115	115
35 to 44 years .....	597	568	79	78	489	488	78	78
45 to 54 years .....	306	290	20	14	270	270	14	14
55 to 64 years .....	222	216	4	2	212	212	2	2
65 to 74 years .....	58	50	2	2	48	48	2	2
75 to 84 years .....	19	18	1	1	17	17	1	1
85 years and over .....	2	2	—	—	2	2	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	82	80	16	16	64	64	16	16
16 years and over .....	2 338	2 241	335	320	1 906	1 904	320	320
18 years and over .....	2 236	2 141	319	304	1 822	1 820	304	304
21 years and over .....	2 037	1 949	271	256	1 678	1 676	256	256
60 years and over .....	187	175	6	4	169	169	4	4
62 years and over .....	146	137	5	4	132	132	4	4
Median .....	29.8	29.5	23.7	22.8	30.9	30.9	22.8	22.8
<b>Female</b>								
Under 5 years .....	1 847	1 774	236	224	1 538	1 536	224	224
5 to 9 years .....	101	97	13	13	84	84	13	13
10 to 14 years .....	132	130	27	27	103	103	27	27
15 to 19 years .....	124	124	27	27	97	97	27	27
20 to 24 years .....	123	119	15	15	104	104	15	15
25 to 34 years .....	118	110	14	13	96	95	13	13
35 to 44 years .....	400	387	73	70	314	314	70	70
45 to 54 years .....	412	390	48	48	342	341	48	48
55 to 64 years .....	212	204	13	7	191	191	7	7
65 to 74 years .....	171	166	4	2	162	162	2	2
75 to 84 years .....	39	33	1	1	32	32	1	1
85 years and over .....	13	12	1	1	11	11	1	1
3 and 4 years .....	2	2	—	—	2	2	—	—
16 years and over .....	33	31	7	7	24	24	7	7
18 years and over .....	1 467	1 402	166	154	1 236	1 234	154	154
21 years and over .....	1 419	1 354	161	149	1 193	1 191	149	149
60 years and over .....	1 343	1 282	148	136	1 134	1 132	136	136
62 years and over .....	139	129	5	3	124	124	3	3
Median .....	105	98	4	3	94	94	3	3
Median age .....	33.5	33.3	29.0	28.7	34.3	34.3	28.7	28.7
<b>Male</b>								
Under 5 years .....	1 260	1 216	244	240	972	972	240	240
Median age .....	22.8	22.7	21.1	21.0	23.6	23.6	21.0	21.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
All persons .....	3 107	2 990	480	464	2 510	2 508	464	464
In households .....	2 926	2 812	373	357	2 439	2 437	357	357
Householder .....	714	677	56	53	621	621	53	53
Family householder .....	527	502	52	50	450	450	50	50
Nonfamily householder .....	187	175	4	3	171	171	3	3
Living alone .....	139	128	4	3	124	124	3	3
Spouse .....	966	928	134	124	794	792	124	124
Child .....	1 010	981	171	170	810	810	170	170
Other relatives .....	163	156	9	9	147	147	9	9
Nonrelatives .....	73	70	3	1	67	67	1	1
Institutionalized persons .....	5	5	1	1	4	4	1	1
Other persons in group quarters .....	176	173	106	106	67	67	106	106
Persons per household .....	3.06	3.07	4.45	4.53	2.95	2.95	4.53	4.53
Persons per family .....	3.62	3.62	4.71	4.74	3.49	3.49	4.74	4.74
Persons 65 years and over .....	79	70	3	3	67	67	3	3
In households .....	78	69	3	3	66	66	3	3
Householder .....	22	18	—	—	18	18	—	—
Nonfamily householder .....	9	7	—	—	7	7	—	—
Living alone .....	9	7	—	—	7	7	—	—
Spouse .....	9	8	—	—	8	8	—	—
Other relatives .....	45	41	3	3	38	38	3	3
Nonrelatives .....	2	2	—	—	2	2	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
Families .....	527	502	52	50	450	450	50	50
With own children under 18 years .....	365	348	50	48	298	298	48	48
Number of own children under 18 years .....	831	813	160	159	653	653	159	159
Married-couple families .....	398	381	51	49	330	330	49	49
With own children under 18 years .....	279	268	49	47	219	219	47	47
Number of own children under 18 years .....	712	697	154	154	543	543	154	154
Female householder, no husband present .....	109	101	1	1	100	100	1	1
With own children under 18 years .....	77	71	1	1	70	70	1	1
Number of own children under 18 years .....	88	85	3	3	82	82	3	3
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
Males 15 years and over .....	903	871	174	171	697	697	171	171
Never married .....	390	382	102	101	280	280	101	101
Now married, except separated .....	464	443	65	64	378	378	64	64
Separated .....	8	8	2	2	6	6	2	2
Widowed .....	4	4	—	—	4	4	—	—
Divorced .....	37	34	5	4	29	29	4	4
Females 15 years and over .....	1 490	1 423	169	157	1 254	1 252	157	157
Never married .....	211	201	25	25	176	176	25	25
Now married, except separated .....	1 042	1 001	138	127	863	861	127	127
Separated .....	24	22	—	—	22	22	—	—
Widowed .....	105	98	4	4	94	94	4	4
Divorced .....	108	101	2	1	99	99	1	1



**Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fair Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Calumbeus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Fair Benning South CDP	Total	Calumbeus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	<b>7 388</b>	<b>7 087</b>	<b>1 793</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>5 294</b>	<b>5 290</b>	<b>1 773</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>1 421</b>
Under 5 years	845	795	154	152	641	640	152	152	249
5 to 9 years	740	716	200	199	516	515	199	199	174
10 to 14 years	634	618	202	200	416	416	200	200	68
15 to 19 years	678	659	170	166	489	489	168	166	188
20 to 24 years	1 059	1 029	342	339	687	687	339	339	264
25 to 34 years	1 710	1 636	436	435	1 200	1 199	435	435	399
35 to 44 years	917	887	247	245	640	639	246	245	71
45 to 54 years	308	285	30	24	255	255	26	24	2
55 to 64 years	286	269	10	6	259	259	6	6	2
65 to 74 years	160	148	1	1	147	147	1	1	4
75 to 84 years	43	37	1	1	36	36	1	1	—
85 years and over	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
3 and 4 years	343	326	78	78	248	248	78	78	119
16 years and over	5 068	4 859	1 210	1 191	3 649	3 647	1 196	1 191	920
18 years and over	4 885	4 686	1 166	1 149	3 520	3 518	1 153	1 149	902
21 years and over	4 258	4 071	990	975	3 081	3 079	978	975	670
60 years and over	346	322	6	5	316	316	5	5	4
62 years and over	287	265	5	4	260	260	4	4	4
Median	23.7	23.6	22.3	22.3	24.2	24.2	22.3	22.3	20.4
<b>Female</b>	<b>3 178</b>	<b>3 037</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>2 414</b>	<b>2 412</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>511</b>
Under 5 years	382	359	70	70	289	289	70	70	121
5 to 9 years	371	359	110	109	249	248	109	109	84
10 to 14 years	308	302	89	89	213	213	89	89	34
15 to 19 years	251	239	51	48	188	188	50	48	20
20 to 24 years	328	313	40	39	273	273	39	39	55
25 to 34 years	710	682	150	149	532	532	149	149	159
35 to 44 years	396	382	94	93	288	287	94	93	32
45 to 54 years	169	156	11	8	145	145	9	8	2
55 to 64 years	152	143	8	6	135	135	6	6	2
65 to 74 years	77	72	—	—	72	72	—	—	2
75 to 84 years	27	23	—	—	23	23	—	—	—
85 years and over	7	7	—	—	7	7	—	—	—
3 and 4 years	169	158	38	38	120	120	38	38	59
16 years and over	2 067	1 969	341	330	1 628	1 627	334	330	266
18 years and over	1 971	1 881	319	310	1 562	1 561	313	310	259
21 years and over	1 800	1 717	290	282	1 427	1 426	284	282	248
60 years and over	181	168	4	3	164	164	3	3	2
62 years and over	153	141	3	2	138	138	2	2	2
Median	24.2	24.2	18.8	18.5	24.9	24.9	18.5	18.5	18.9
<b>Male</b>	<b>4 210</b>	<b>4 050</b>	<b>1 170</b>	<b>1 157</b>	<b>2 880</b>	<b>2 878</b>	<b>1 158</b>	<b>1 157</b>	<b>910</b>
Median age	23.4	23.3	22.8	22.8	23.7	23.7	22.8	22.8	20.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	<b>7 388</b>	<b>7 087</b>	<b>1 793</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>5 294</b>	<b>5 290</b>	<b>1 773</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>1 421</b>
In households	6 359	6 067	1 197	1 172	4 870	4 866	1 177	1 172	1 041
Householder	1 968	1 867	268	263	1 599	1 598	264	263	266
Family householder	1 635	1 560	264	260	1 296	1 295	261	260	259
Nonfamily householder	333	307	4	3	303	303	3	3	7
Living alone	267	246	4	3	242	242	3	3	4
Spouse	1 309	1 252	259	251	993	992	253	251	244
Child	2 644	2 538	636	626	1 902	1 901	628	626	512
Other relatives	250	232	23	22	209	208	22	22	15
Nonrelatives	188	178	11	10	167	167	10	10	4
Institutionalized persons	38	36	2	2	34	34	2	2	—
Other persons in group quarters	991	984	594	594	390	390	594	594	380
Persons per household	3.21	3.24	4.32	4.37	3.06	3.06	4.36	4.37	3.89
Persons per family	3.55	3.57	4.34	4.37	3.41	3.41	4.36	4.37	3.94
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>
In households	207	190	1	1	189	189	1	1	3
Householder	132	121	—	—	121	121	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	48	44	—	—	44	44	—	—	—
Living alone	46	42	—	—	42	42	—	—	—
Spouse	39	35	—	—	35	35	—	—	—
Other relatives	34	32	1	1	31	31	1	1	3
Nonrelatives	2	2	—	—	2	2	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons	2	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>1 635</b>	<b>1 560</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>1 296</b>	<b>1 295</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>259</b>
With own children under 18 years	1 141	1 094	246	245	848	847	245	245	236
Number of own children under 18 years	2 363	2 267	614	607	1 653	1 652	608	607	508
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>1 372</b>	<b>1 313</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>1 055</b>	<b>1 054</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>253</b>
With own children under 18 years	944	909	240	239	669	668	239	239	230
Number of own children under 18 years	1 980	1 912	595	592	1 317	1 316	593	592	491
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
With own children under 18 years	170	158	4	4	154	154	4	4	5
Number of own children under 18 years	341	314	15	11	299	299	11	11	13
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>3 052</b>	<b>2 941</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>2 058</b>	<b>2 057</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>658</b>
Never married	1 100	1 071	437	435	634	634	435	435	294
Now married, except separated	1 698	1 629	404	399	1 225	1 224	400	399	344
Separated	67	66	18	18	48	48	18	18	5
Widowed	22	19	2	2	17	17	2	2	—
Divorced	165	156	22	20	134	134	20	20	15
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>2 117</b>	<b>2 017</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>1 663</b>	<b>1 662</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>272</b>
Never married	402	381	76	73	305	305	75	73	18
Now married, except separated	1 360	1 305	267	259	1 038	1 037	261	259	249
Separated	61	60	4	4	56	56	4	4	2
Widowed	97	85	3	3	82	82	3	3	1
Divorced	197	186	4	4	182	182	4	4	2

Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Georgio (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
			Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
AGE									
All persons	141 128	112 817	9 422	8 011	103 395	102 809	8 033	8 011	6 306
Under 5 years	9 747	7 757	724	620	7 033	6 981	624	620	721
5 to 9 years	9 179	7 313	720	615	6 593	6 559	616	615	500
10 to 14 years	8 058	6 342	589	492	5 753	5 719	495	492	164
15 to 19 years	10 780	8 938	1 213	1 105	7 725	7 692	1 106	1 105	1 576
20 to 24 years	13 645	11 521	2 502	2 369	9 019	8 967	2 370	2 369	1 676
25 to 34 years	25 051	20 468	2 109	1 852	18 359	18 273	1 855	1 852	1 450
35 to 44 years	19 455	15 449	1 014	833	14 435	14 370	838	833	196
45 to 54 years	13 779	10 437	282	112	10 155	10 111	116	112	14
55 to 64 years	13 524	10 474	134	7	10 340	10 270	7	7	8
65 to 74 years	10 914	8 595	96	5	8 499	8 436	5	5	1
75 to 84 years	5 584	4 391	36	1	4 355	4 312	1	1	—
85 years and over	1 412	1 132	3	—	1 129	1 119	—	—	—
3 and 4 years	3 876	3 066	294	250	2 772	2 757	252	250	276
16 years and over	112 619	90 192	7 297	6 219	82 895	82 433	6 233	6 219	4 907
18 years and over	109 131	87 470	7 132	6 095	80 338	79 892	6 108	6 095	4 794
21 years and over	100 296	79 808	5 533	4 563	74 275	73 852	4 576	4 563	2 738
60 years and over	24 864	19 557	193	9	19 364	19 213	9	9	5
62 years and over	22 076	17 350	167	6	17 183	17 048	6	6	3
Median	32.5	31.8	22.5	22.1	33.4	33.3	22.1	22.1	20.3
Female									
Under 5 years	69 550	55 034	2 964	2 226	52 070	51 734	2 239	2 226	1 576
5 to 9 years	4 681	3 753	369	309	3 384	3 354	313	309	344
10 to 14 years	4 473	3 588	381	316	3 207	3 186	317	316	238
15 to 19 years	4 014	3 178	302	260	2 876	2 857	261	260	81
20 to 24 years	4 195	3 293	222	169	3 071	3 049	170	169	46
25 to 34 years	5 181	4 128	258	188	3 870	3 851	189	188	220
35 to 44 years	11 599	9 379	720	600	8 659	8 613	601	600	552
45 to 54 years	9 665	7 656	429	327	7 227	7 193	330	327	79
55 to 64 years	7 129	5 398	130	48	5 268	5 248	49	48	10
65 to 74 years	7 402	5 770	61	3	5 709	5 664	3	3	5
75 to 84 years	6 372	5 056	59	5	4 997	4 952	5	5	1
85 years and over	3 741	2 952	31	1	2 921	2 892	1	1	—
3 and 4 years	1 098	883	2	—	881	875	—	—	—
16 years and over	1 847	1 479	153	126	1 326	1 317	128	126	135
18 years and over	55 646	43 932	1 873	1 315	42 059	41 796	1 322	1 315	908
21 years and over	53 960	42 627	1 788	1 253	40 839	40 586	1 259	1 253	896
60 years and over	51 132	40 364	1 641	1 142	38 723	38 485	1 148	1 142	831
62 years and over	15 034	11 895	119	8	11 776	11 676	8	8	4
Median	13 531	10 705	108	6	10 597	10 504	6	6	3
Medion age	35.6	35.2	24.1	22.1	36.2	36.2	22.1	22.1	21.9
Male									
Under 5 years	71 578	57 783	6 458	5 785	51 325	51 075	5 794	5 785	4 730
Median age	29.7	28.9	22.3	22.1	30.7	30.7	22.1	22.1	20.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	141 128	112 817	9 422	8 011	103 395	102 809	8 033	8 011	6 306
In households	132 246	104 337	5 510	4 099	98 827	98 241	4 121	4 099	3 206
Householder	53 214	42 139	1 619	1 081	40 520	40 299	1 088	1 081	891
Family householder	38 149	30 029	1 465	1 056	28 564	28 404	1 063	1 056	853
Nonfamily householder	15 065	12 110	154	25	11 956	11 895	25	25	38
Living alone	13 134	10 504	129	24	10 375	10 317	24	24	38
Spouse	31 324	24 646	1 311	990	23 335	23 225	996	990	826
Child	38 629	30 504	2 430	1 977	28 074	27 908	1 986	1 977	1 438
Other relatives	5 185	3 868	89	36	3 779	3 720	36	36	36
Nonrelatives	3 894	3 180	61	15	3 119	3 089	15	15	15
Institutionalized persons	1 643	1 356	42	42	1 314	1 314	42	42	—
Other persons in group quarters	7 239	7 124	3 870	3 870	3 254	3 254	3 870	3 870	3 100
Persons per household	2.49	2.49	3.45	3.84	2.45	2.45	3.84	3.84	3.62
Persons per family	2.98	2.98	3.67	3.90	2.94	2.94	3.89	3.90	3.71
Persons 65 years and over	17 910	14 118	135	6	13 983	13 867	6	6	1
In households	16 994	13 430	135	6	13 295	13 179	6	6	1
Householder	11 660	9 182	91	—	9 091	9 014	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	5 461	4 316	48	—	4 268	4 237	—	—	—
Living alone	5 308	4 189	47	—	4 142	4 112	—	—	—
Spouse	3 951	3 158	23	—	3 135	3 108	—	—	—
Other relatives	1 179	922	21	6	901	891	6	6	1
Nonrelatives	204	168	—	—	168	166	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons	892	676	—	—	676	676	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	24	12	—	—	12	12	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	38 149	30 029	1 465	1 056	28 564	28 404	1 063	1 056	853
With own children under 18 years	17 144	13 658	1 094	890	12 564	12 503	896	890	745
Number of own children under 18 years	29 309	23 315	2 242	1 898	21 073	20 963	1 907	1 898	1 421
Married-couple families	31 490	24 794	1 341	1 008	23 453	23 341	1 015	1 008	814
With own children under 18 years	13 916	11 084	1 007	846	10 077	10 034	852	846	711
Number of own children under 18 years	24 324	19 385	2 078	1 796	17 307	17 226	1 805	1 796	1 376
Female householder, no husband present	5 285	4 185	92	29	4 093	4 051	29	29	27
With own children under 18 years	2 618	2 096	63	26	2 033	2 019	26	26	23
Number of own children under 18 years	4 069	3 217	117	61	3 100	3 076	61	61	29
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	57 762	46 890	5 477	4 943	41 413	41 213	4 950	4 943	4 008
Never married	16 735	14 501	3 189	3 079	11 312	11 260	3 079	3 079	2 559
Now married, except separated	34 213	27 098	1 970	1 616	25 128	25 007	1 623	1 616	1 339
Separated	790	651	71	67	580	575	67	67	26
Widowed	1 217	917	21	5	896	893	5	5	4
Divorced	4 807	3 723	226	176	3 497	3 478	176	176	80
Females 15 years and over	56 382	44 515	1 912	1 341	42 603	42 337	1 348	1 341	913
Never married	8 083	6 513	329	248	6 184	6 143	249	248	40
Now married, except separated	32 628	25 637	1 387	1 047	24 250	24 130	1 053	1 047	844
Separated	1 031	809	22	9	787	780	9	9	7
Widowed	8 204	6 403	82	11	6 321	6 272	11	11	3
Divorced	6 436	5 153	92	26	5 061	5 012	26	26	3



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Charlottesville County, VA	Muscogee County, GA	Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Russell County, AL)			
	Alabama (pt.)	Phenix City city (pt.)	Total	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308
<b>RACE</b>										
All persons	243 072	24 642	46 860	196 212	16 934	179 278	6 302	1 714	4 657	4 309
White	144 326	14 377	28 473	115 853	10 091	105 762	5 830	1 639	2 373	1 82
Black	91 484	10 118	18 088	73 396	5 235	68 161	422	59	2 259	4 123
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	765	41	90	675	106	569	10	2	9	4
American Indian	689	41	85	604	99	505	10	2	8	4
Eskimo	69	1	1	68	7	61	—	—	1	—
Aleut	7	—	4	3	—	3	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	3 107	74	117	2 990	480	2 510	33	9	8	—
Asian	2 670	68	94	2 576	301	2 275	33	8	7	—
Chinese	190	3	3	187	19	168	3	—	—	—
Filipino	467	9	13	454	84	370	6	—	—	—
Japanese	332	14	14	318	20	298	3	—	—	—
Asian Indian	160	12	12	148	9	139	5	5	2	—
Korean	1	18	27	1	123	991	7	1	4	—
Vietnamese	128	1	2	126	10	116	1	1	—	—
Cambodian	28	1	1	27	2	25	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	54	—	6	48	10	38	1	—	1	—
Other Asian	169	11	16	153	23	130	7	1	1	—
Pacific Islander	437	6	23	414	179	235	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	146	3	5	141	59	82	—	—	—	—
Samoan	122	1	1	121	81	40	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	150	3	17	133	29	104	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	19	—	—	19	10	9	—	—	—	—
Other race	3 390	31	92	3 298	1 022	2 276	7	5	8	—
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>										
All persons	243 072	24 642	46 860	196 212	16 934	179 278	6 302	1 714	4 657	4 309
Hispanic origin (of any race)	7 388	151	301	7 087	1 793	5 294	33	14	44	14
Mexican	1 822	31	130	1 892	450	1 242	5	4	29	4
Puerto Rican	2 923	39	70	2 853	732	2 121	12	7	8	5
Cuban	206	—	11	195	32	163	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	2 437	51	90	2 347	579	1 768	16	3	7	5
Not of Hispanic origin	235 684	24 491	46 559	189 125	15 141	173 984	6 269	1 700	4 613	4 295
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>										
All persons	243 072	24 642	46 860	196 212	16 934	179 278	6 302	1 714	4 657	4 309
White	144 326	14 377	28 473	115 853	10 091	105 762	5 830	1 639	2 373	1 82
Hispanic origin	3 198	95	162	3 036	669	2 367	27	10	31	1
Not of Hispanic origin	141 128	14 282	28 311	112 817	9 422	103 395	5 803	1 629	2 342	1 81
Black	91 484	10 118	18 088	73 396	5 235	68 161	422	59	2 259	4 123
Hispanic origin	774	24	47	727	95	632	—	—	5	13
Not of Hispanic origin	90 710	10 094	18 041	72 669	5 140	67 529	422	59	2 254	4 110
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	765	4	90	675	106	569	10	2	9	4
Hispanic origin	52	1	4	48	9	39	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	713	86	86	627	97	530	10	2	9	4
Asian or Pacific Islander	3 107	74	117	2 990	480	2 510	33	9	8	—
Hispanic origin	2 922	4	6	179	45	134	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	185	70	111	2 811	435	2 376	33	9	8	—
Other race	3 390	31	92	3 298	1 022	2 276	7	5	8	—
Hispanic origin	3 179	82	82	3 097	975	2 122	6	4	8	—
Not of Hispanic origin	211	4	10	201	47	154	1	1	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts (NA's in Russell County, AL—Con.)		Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL										Remainder of Russell County, AL	
	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)
<b>RACE</b>														
All persons	6 593	4 314	1 265	1 916	3 263	5 304	826	4 239	3 524	4 299	6	—	998	888
White	6 056	1 969	268	1 012	3 073	4 983	783	2 210	1 863	1 179	6	—	847	856
Black	495	2 280	995	896	162	276	29	2 004	1 640	4 116	—	—	146	30
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	15	8	2	4	6	7	2	9	8	4	—	—	3	—
American Indian	15	8	2	4	6	7	2	9	8	4	—	—	3	—
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	24	—	—	17	33	7	8	5	—	—	—	—	2
Asian	3	14	—	4	15	33	7	7	2	—	—	—	—	1
Chinese	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino	—	3	—	—	1	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese	—	2	—	1	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	3	5	—	—	7	5	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	—	3	—	3	—	7	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	5	10	—	—	2	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	3	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	19	33	—	—	5	5	5	8	8	—	—	—	2	—
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	6 593	4 314	1 265	1 916	3 263	5 304	826	4 239	3 524	4 299	6	—	998	888
Hispanic origin (of any race)	40	68	5	7	23	28	12	44	18	14	—	—	5	2
Mexican	9	42	—	2	11	3	3	29	9	4	—	—	2	1
Puerto Rican	14	14	1	—	5	12	7	8	1	5	—	—	—	—
Cuban	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	12	12	4	5	7	13	2	7	8	5	—	—	3	1
Not of Hispanic origin	6 553	4 246	1 260	1 909	3 240	5 276	814	4 195	3 506	4 285	6	—	993	886
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>														
All persons	6 593	4 314	1 265	1 916	3 263	5 304	826	4 239	3 524	4 299	6	—	998	888
White	6 056	1 969	268	1 012	3 073	4 983	783	2 210	1 863	1 179	6	—	847	856
Hispanic origin	17	32	268	1 006	3 059	4 959	8	31	11	1	—	—	3	2
Not of Hispanic origin	6 039	1 937	995	896	162	276	775	2 179	1 852	1 178	6	—	844	854
Black	495	2 280	995	896	162	276	29	2 004	1 640	4 116	—	—	146	30
Hispanic origin	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	13	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	494	2 275	990	896	162	276	29	1 999	1 639	4 103	—	—	146	30
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	15	8	2	4	6	7	2	9	8	4	—	—	3	—
Hispanic origin	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	13	7	2	3	6	7	2	9	8	4	—	—	3	2
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	24	—	4	17	33	7	8	5	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	1	1	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	7	23	—	4	13	33	7	8	5	—	—	—	2	2
Other race	19	33	—	—	5	5	5	8	8	—	—	—	2	—
Hispanic origin	19	29	—	—	5	1	4	8	6	—	—	—	2	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA)		Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA		Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA		Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Muscogee County, GA)	
RACE	Area	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 110
<b>All persons</b>		418	10	6 587	4 314	3 030	2 499	3 474	14 654	14 617	2 280	37	3 470	597
White	-----	163	3	6 050	1 969	2 122	519	1 567	8 684	8 657	1 407	27	1 367	590
Black	-----	255	7	495	2 280	897	1 973	1 887	4 385	4 375	850	10	2 082	4
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-----	-----	-----	15	8	7	3	12	99	99	7	-----	-----	1
American Indian	-----	-----	-----	15	8	7	3	8	92	92	7	-----	-----	1
Eskimo	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	7	7	-----	-----	-----	-----
Aleut	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Asian or Pacific Islander	-----	-----	-----	8	24	2	4	4	464	464	16	-----	8	2
Asian	-----	-----	-----	3	14	2	4	2	287	287	14	-----	6	2
Chinese	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	19	19	-----	-----	-----	-----
Filipino	-----	-----	-----	-----	3	-----	-----	-----	84	84	-----	-----	-----	-----
Japanese	-----	-----	-----	-----	2	1	-----	1	18	18	2	-----	-----	1
Asian Indian	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	9	9	-----	-----	-----	-----
Asian Indian	-----	-----	-----	3	5	-----	-----	-----	112	112	11	-----	-----	1
Korean	-----	-----	-----	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	10	10	-----	-----	-----	-----
Vietnamese	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other Asian	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other Asian	-----	-----	-----	-----	3	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Laotian	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	10	10	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other Asian	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	4	-----	23	23	-----	-----	6	-----
Pacific Islander	-----	-----	-----	5	10	1	-----	1	177	177	2	-----	2	-----
Hawaiian	-----	-----	-----	1	1	-----	-----	-----	58	58	1	-----	1	-----
Samoan	-----	-----	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	-----	81	81	-----	-----	-----	-----
Guamanian	-----	-----	-----	3	9	-----	-----	-----	28	28	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other Pacific Islander	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	10	10	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other race	-----	-----	-----	19	33	2	-----	5	1 022	1 022	-----	-----	4	-----
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>		418	10	6 587	4 314	3 030	2 499	3 474	14 654	14 617	2 280	37	3 470	597
<b>All persons</b>		-----	-----	40	68	7	14	14	1 773	1 768	20	5	30	4
Hispanic origin (of any race)	-----	-----	-----	9	42	4	8	3	443	443	5	2	5	1
Mexican	-----	-----	-----	14	14	-----	-----	3	729	729	3	-----	2	3
Puerto Rican	-----	-----	-----	5	-----	-----	4	-----	27	27	-----	3	-----	-----
Cuban	-----	-----	-----	12	12	3	2	6	569	569	10	-----	21	-----
Other Hispanic	-----	-----	-----	6	4 246	3 023	2 485	3 460	12 881	12 849	2 260	32	3 440	593
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	418	10	6 547	4 246	3 023	2 485	3 460	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>		418	10	6 587	4 314	3 030	2 499	3 474	14 654	14 617	2 280	37	3 470	597
<b>All persons</b>		-----	-----	6 050	1 969	2 122	519	1 567	8 684	8 657	1 407	27	1 367	590
White	-----	-----	-----	17	32	6	-----	7	651	646	18	5	4	4
Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	6 033	1 937	2 116	519	1 560	8 033	8 011	1 389	22	1 363	586
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	495	2 280	897	1 973	1 887	4 385	4 375	850	10	2 082	4
Black	-----	-----	-----	1	5	-----	14	2	94	94	-----	-----	-----	-----
Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	494	2 275	896	1 959	1 885	4 291	4 281	849	10	2 065	4
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	15	8	7	3	12	99	99	7	-----	9	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-----	-----	-----	2	1	-----	-----	-----	9	9	-----	-----	-----	-----
Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	13	7	7	3	12	90	90	-----	-----	9	1
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	8	24	2	4	3	464	464	16	-----	8	2
Asian or Pacific Islander	-----	-----	-----	1	1	-----	-----	-----	44	44	-----	-----	5	-----
Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	1	23	2	4	3	420	420	15	-----	3	2
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	19	33	2	-----	-----	1 022	1 022	-----	-----	4	-----
Other race	-----	-----	-----	19	29	2	-----	5	975	975	-----	-----	4	-----
Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	19	29	2	-----	5	975	975	-----	-----	4	-----
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	-----	-----	-----	4	2	-----	-----	47	47	-----	-----	-----	-----

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA													
RACE		Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15
All persons		354	2 634	1 021	3 180	1 790	1 035	2 318	2 857	3 970	2 740	3 441	1 159	2 380	1 230
White		286	2 517	168	3 107	1 743	928	1 972	2 466	3 694	2 698	3 218	176	2 380	1 230
Black		61	85	851	24	35	104	323	311	193	29	179	982	1 113	468
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		—	7	—	13	2	1	12	11	5	—	7	1	5	757
American Indian		—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Eskimo		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander		7	18	—	30	4	2	8	37	41	6	17	—	—	—
Asian		7	18	—	24	4	2	8	37	40	6	15	—	5	3
Chinese		1	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	16	4	—	—	5	3
Filipino		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese		1	11	—	4	—	1	2	3	4	1	4	—	4	2
Asian Indian		5	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	1	2	—	—	—
Korean		—	4	—	13	—	—	2	5	4	1	4	—	—	—
Vietnamese		—	—	—	5	—	—	—	7	12	1	3	—	—	—
Cambodian		—	1	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Hmong		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian		—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	1
Samoan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—
Guamanian		—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race		—	7	2	6	6	—	3	—	37	7	—	—	—	2
HISPANIC ORIGIN		354	2 634	1 021	3 180	1 790	1 035	2 318	2 857	3 970	2 740	3 441	1 159	2 380	1 230
All persons		—	34	10	32	15	10	11	91	77	27	61	3	37	23
Hispanic origin (of any race)		—	13	1	13	5	1	5	32	7	4	26	—	24	2
Mexican		—	15	4	15	1	2	—	17	25	9	16	—	7	—
Puerto Rican		—	—	—	—	3	—	2	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Cuban		—	6	1	4	—	7	4	42	41	14	19	3	6	19
Other Hispanic		354	2 600	1 011	3 148	1 775	1 025	2 307	2 766	3 893	2 713	3 380	1 156	2 343	1 207
Not of Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN		354	2 634	1 021	3 180	1 790	1 035	2 318	2 857	3 970	2 740	3 441	1 159	2 380	1 230
All persons		286	2 517	168	3 107	1 743	928	1 972	2 466	3 694	2 698	3 218	176	2 380	1 230
White		—	26	3	25	6	8	8	56	38	20	41	3	18	468
Hispanic origin		286	2 491	165	3 082	1 737	920	1 964	2 410	3 656	2 678	3 177	173	2 322	468
Not of Hispanic origin		61	85	851	24	35	104	323	311	193	29	179	982	1 113	757
Black		—	2	5	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	12	21
Hispanic origin		61	83	846	24	35	102	323	311	192	29	178	982	1 101	736
Not of Hispanic origin		—	7	—	13	2	1	12	11	5	—	7	1	5	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin		—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander		7	18	—	30	4	2	8	37	41	6	17	1	5	3
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		—	18	—	1	3	—	—	30	37	6	17	—	5	3
Other race		7	18	—	29	6	2	8	30	37	6	20	—	7	2
Hispanic origin		—	7	2	6	6	—	3	32	37	7	19	—	7	2
Not of Hispanic origin		—	5	2	6	—	—	—	28	34	—	1	—	—	—



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
RACE														
All persons	3 470	1 559	1 156	3 249	2 403	3 651	1 761	1 810	2 777	645	2 073	3 049	3 691	4 424
White	1 367	1 204	1 095	75	2 100	3 301	944	1 32	343	382	204	40	1 433	2 059
Black	2 082	343	47	3 155	254	3 337	801	1 671	2 412	236	1 863	2 999	2 112	2 179
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	9	1	4	1	8	3	1	1	13	5	1	1	18	22
American Indian	9	1	4	1	8	3	1	1	11	5	1	1	18	22
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	7	5	9	15	6	13	1	6	11	5	3	77	64
Asian	6	6	4	9	15	3	13	1	3	8	5	2	64	62
Chinese	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	3	2	1	5
Filipino	—	3	4	1	4	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	12	8
Japanese	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	36	36
Asian Indian	—	3	—	5	4	—	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	6	—	—	1	—	—	4	—	—	—	1	—	3	—
Pacific Islander	2	1	1	—	—	3	—	—	3	3	—	1	13	2
Hawaiian	1	1	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	1
Samoa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	7	—
Guamanian	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	9	26	4	2	5	3	11	—	6	51	100
Other race	4	4	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	3 470	1 559	1 156	3 249	2 403	3 651	1 761	1 810	2 777	645	2 073	3 049	3 691	4 424
Hispanic origin (of any race)	30	11	13	25	50	16	15	5	25	21	8	30	124	227
Mexican	5	4	4	2	20	1	3	—	2	7	1	3	18	63
Puerto Rican	2	4	2	12	12	—	2	1	9	11	2	16	47	72
Cuban	2	—	—	—	5	—	2	—	2	—	4	—	2	3
Other Hispanic	21	3	7	11	13	14	8	4	12	3	1	11	57	89
Not of Hispanic origin	3 440	1 548	1 143	3 224	2 353	3 635	1 746	1 805	2 752	624	2 065	3 019	3 567	4 197
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	3 470	1 559	1 156	3 249	2 403	3 651	1 761	1 810	2 777	645	2 073	3 049	3 691	4 424
White	1 367	1 204	1 095	75	2 100	3 301	944	1 32	343	382	204	40	1 433	2 059
Hispanic origin	4	6	7	2	23	1	12	—	4	10	2	—	44	98
Not of Hispanic origin	1 363	1 198	1 088	73	2 077	3 300	932	1 32	339	372	202	40	1 389	1 961
Black	2 082	343	47	3 155	254	3 337	801	1 671	2 412	236	1 863	2 999	2 112	2 179
Hispanic origin	17	1	16	1	1	11	—	—	10	—	6	24	22	28
Not of Hispanic origin	2 065	342	47	3 139	253	3 326	801	1 671	2 402	236	1 857	2 975	2 090	2 151
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	9	1	4	1	8	3	1	1	13	5	1	1	18	22
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	1
Not of Hispanic origin	9	1	4	1	8	3	—	—	10	5	1	1	15	21
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	7	5	9	15	6	13	1	6	11	5	3	77	64
Hispanic origin	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	2
Not of Hispanic origin	3	7	4	9	15	6	12	1	—	11	5	2	72	62
Other race	4	4	5	7	26	4	2	5	3	11	—	6	51	100
Hispanic origin	4	4	5	7	26	4	2	5	2	11	—	5	50	98
Not of Hispanic origin	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	2

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

## Area

COLUMBUS, GA-AL MSA 31



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.														Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area															
RACE	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)		
All persons	8 008	5 482	7 772	3 187	1 227	5 065	5 384	6 473	11 975	905	—	—	597		
White	7 036	3 372	3 656	1 777	500	2 240	2 400	1 183	6 770	621	—	—	590		
Black	744	1 874	3 821	2 986	710	2 629	4 311	5 100	3 912	200	—	—	4		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	29	16	25	1	8	12	5	13	162	1	—	—	1		
American Indian	26	16	22	1	8	12	5	13	111	—	—	—	1		
Eskimo	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	49	—	—	—	—		
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—		
Asian or Pacific Islander	157	120	155	18	3	113	66	69	304	49	—	—	2		
Asian	152	106	135	18	1	104	60	58	249	45	—	—	2		
Chinese	12	11	13	—	—	17	7	7	6	1	—	—	—		
Filipino	21	9	17	2	—	18	7	4	85	15	—	—	—		
Japanese	51	24	17	—	—	16	6	4	10	11	—	—	1		
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—		
Korean	43	37	2	14	—	43	—	33	97	17	—	—	—		
Vietnamese	4	18	5	2	1	5	16	2	4	—	—	—	1		
Cambodian	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—		
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Thai	5	—	2	—	—	1	—	2	9	1	—	—	—		
Other Asian	5	6	17	—	—	4	4	10	27	—	—	—	—		
Pacific Islander	5	14	20	—	2	9	6	11	55	4	—	—	—		
Hawaiian	3	—	7	—	1	5	5	5	4	3	—	—	—		
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	19	—	—	—	—		
Guamanian	2	14	13	—	—	4	—	2	30	1	—	—	—		
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—		
Other race	42	100	115	5	6	71	34	108	827	34	—	—	—		
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	8 008	5 482	7 772	3 187	1 227	5 065	5 384	6 473	11 975	905	—	—	597		
Hispanic origin (of any race)	124	296	311	29	19	161	102	179	1 421	62	—	—	4		
Mexican	29	64	54	3	1	30	21	31	374	17	—	—	1		
Puerto Rican	43	123	149	7	4	76	38	77	620	21	—	—	3		
Cuban	4	7	17	1	5	1	1	—	26	2	—	—	—		
Other Hispanic	48	102	91	18	9	54	42	71	401	22	—	—	—		
Not of Hispanic origin	7 884	5 186	7 461	3 158	1 208	4 904	5 282	6 294	10 554	843	—	—	593		
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	8 008	5 482	7 772	3 187	1 227	5 065	5 384	6 473	11 975	905	—	—	597		
White	7 036	3 372	3 656	1 777	500	2 240	2 400	1 183	6 770	621	—	—	590		
Hispanic origin	90	158	136	5	7	73	30	34	464	30	—	—	4		
Not of Hispanic origin	6 946	3 214	3 520	1 772	493	2 167	938	1 149	6 306	591	—	—	586		
Black	744	1 874	3 821	2 986	710	2 629	4 311	5 100	3 912	200	—	—	4		
Hispanic origin	2	32	55	18	4	18	38	39	105	—	—	—	—		
Not of Hispanic origin	742	1 842	3 766	2 968	706	2 611	4 273	5 061	3 807	200	—	—	4		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	29	16	25	1	8	12	5	13	162	1	—	—	1		
Hispanic origin	—	—	3	—	1	—	1	3	16	—	—	—	—		
Not of Hispanic origin	29	16	22	1	7	12	4	10	146	1	—	—	1		
Asian or Pacific Islander	157	120	155	18	3	113	66	69	304	49	—	—	2		
Hispanic origin	3	10	10	1	1	5	3	6	31	2	—	—	—		
Not of Hispanic origin	154	110	145	17	2	108	63	63	273	47	—	—	2		
Other race	42	100	115	5	6	71	34	108	827	34	—	—	—		
Hispanic origin	29	96	107	5	6	65	30	97	805	30	—	—	—		
Not of Hispanic origin	13	4	8	—	—	6	4	11	22	4	—	—	—		

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alabama (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>93 643</b>	<b>19 633</b>	<b>19 633</b>	<b>10 592</b>	<b>74 010</b>	<b>3 108</b>	<b>2 143</b>	<b>70 902</b>	<b>70 657</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	86 241	17 499	17 499	9 528	68 742	2 884	2 063	65 858	65 634
Owner-occupied housing units .....	47 438	11 380	11 380	5 169	36 058	582	16	35 476	35 343
Percent of occupied housing units .....	55.0	65.0	65.0	54.3	52.5	20.2	.8	53.9	53.8
White .....	33 967	7 842	7 842	3 728	26 125	399	9	25 726	25 593
Black .....	12 824	3 490	3 490	1 421	9 334	177	5	9 157	9 157
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	91	16	16	6	75	1	—	74	74
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	369	20	20	13	349	3	—	346	346
Other race .....	187	12	12	1	175	2	2	173	173
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	665	52	52	22	613	6	3	607	607
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	33 568	7 815	7 815	3 713	25 753	395	8	25 358	25 225
Renter-occupied housing units .....	38 803	6 119	6 119	4 359	32 684	2 302	2 047	30 382	30 291
White .....	20 154	3 281	3 281	2 155	16 873	1 332	1 179	15 541	15 452
Black .....	17 561	2 788	2 788	1 473	14 773	666	768	14 005	14 004
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	109	14	14	9	95	7	7	88	87
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	345	17	17	13	328	53	53	275	275
Other race .....	634	19	19	14	615	142	142	473	473
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	1 303	49	49	36	1 254	262	260	992	991
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	19 646	3 260	3 260	2 138	16 386	1 224	1 073	15 162	15 074
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	<b>7 402</b>	<b>2 134</b>	<b>2 134</b>	<b>1 064</b>	<b>5 268</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>5 044</b>	<b>5 023</b>
For sale only .....	957	182	182	88	775	18	—	757	757
For rent .....	3 746	778	778	517	2 968	62	14	2 906	2 902
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	886	405	405	191	481	35	22	446	437
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	244	99	99	22	145	16	1	129	127
For migrant workers .....	17	13	13	10	4	—	—	4	4
Other vacant .....	1 552	657	657	236	895	93	43	802	796
Boarded up .....	108	32	32	13	76	5	1	71	71
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	884	110	110	82	774	5	—	769	769
2 rooms .....	2 748	424	424	239	2 324	25	7	2 299	2 295
3 rooms .....	9 325	1 885	1 885	1 288	7 440	138	62	7 302	7 292
4 rooms .....	18 710	4 733	4 733	2 532	13 977	464	183	13 513	13 403
5 rooms .....	22 297	5 339	5 339	2 840	16 958	615	397	16 343	16 287
6 rooms .....	19 535	4 024	4 024	2 050	15 511	879	687	14 632	14 578
7 rooms .....	10 928	1 845	1 845	911	9 083	615	523	8 468	8 466
8 or more rooms .....	9 216	1 273	1 273	650	7 943	367	284	7 576	7 567
Median, all housing units .....	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.2	5.8	6.1	5.2	5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.9	6.2	5.3	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.9	6.1	5.3	5.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.0	5.5	5.5	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3	6.0	6.1	4.2	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	57 677	12 196	12 196	6 795	45 481	835	362	44 646	44 433
1, attached .....	2 915	215	215	160	2 700	882	872	1 818	1 814
2 .....	3 916	588	588	536	3 328	279	264	3 049	3 022
3 or 4 .....	5 772	654	654	618	5 118	303	296	4 815	4 815
5 to 9 .....	7 228	1 545	1 545	1 528	5 683	314	313	5 369	5 368
10 to 19 .....	4 505	455	455	446	4 050	5	5	4 045	4 045
20 to 49 .....	2 023	174	174	161	1 849	—	—	1 849	1 849
50 or more .....	1 630	—	—	—	1 630	—	—	1 630	1 630
Mobile home or trailer .....	6 995	3 603	3 603	244	3 392	450	1	2 942	2 942
Other .....	982	203	203	104	779	40	30	739	739
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>86 241</b>	<b>17 499</b>	<b>17 499</b>	<b>9 528</b>	<b>68 742</b>	<b>2 884</b>	<b>2 063</b>	<b>65 858</b>	<b>65 634</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	20 624	4 286	4 286	2 628	16 338	216	60	16 122	16 064
2 persons .....	26 117	5 394	5 394	2 932	20 723	455	208	20 268	20 196
3 persons .....	16 658	3 254	3 254	1 688	13 404	560	386	12 844	12 810
4 persons .....	13 726	2 655	2 655	1 343	11 071	832	700	10 239	10 211
5 persons .....	5 856	1 144	1 144	566	4 712	550	478	4 162	4 142
6 or more persons .....	3 260	766	766	371	2 494	271	231	2 223	2 211
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.36	2.33	2.33	2.23	2.37	3.75	4.04	2.33	2.33
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.30	2.38	2.58	4.00	2.37	2.37
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.34	2.22	2.22	2.12	2.36	3.94	4.04	2.26	2.26
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	82 169	16 616	16 616	9 068	65 553	2 679	1 899	62 874	62 667
1.01 to 1.50 .....	2 848	639	639	334	2 209	169	140	2 040	2 025
1.51 or more .....	1 224	244	244	126	980	36	24	944	942
Mean .....	.49	.51	.51	.50	.49	.62	.65	.48	.48
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>39 417</b>	<b>7 768</b>	<b>7 768</b>	<b>4 618</b>	<b>31 649</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>31 399</b>	<b>31 277</b>
Less than \$20,000 .....	2 178	1 004	1 004	541	1 174	33	—	1 141	1 107
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	7 465	2 018	2 018	1 241	5 447	79	1	5 368	5 290
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	12 158	2 403	2 403	1 485	9 755	71	1	9 684	9 675
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	8 585	1 438	1 438	806	7 147	47	4	7 100	7 099
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	4 081	512	512	326	3 569	15	1	3 554	3 554
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	3 101	314	314	191	2 787	5	2	2 782	2 782
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	991	58	58	24	933	—	—	933	933
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	383	10	10	—	373	—	—	373	373
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	179	8	8	3	171	—	—	171	171
\$300,000 or more .....	296	3	3	1	293	—	—	293	293
Median (dollars) .....	55 600	46 200	46 200	45 900	58 600	42 600	66 300	58 800	58 900
Mean (dollars) .....	66 800	50 200	50 200	50 000	70 900	46 300	76 100	71 100	71 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>38 031</b>	<b>5 905</b>	<b>5 905</b>	<b>4 295</b>	<b>32 126</b>	<b>2 236</b>	<b>1 996</b>	<b>29 890</b>	<b>29 801</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	264	194	194	194	278	414	432	274	274
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	266	199	199	202	279	398	452	275	275
With meals included in rent .....	296	14	14	13	282	4	3	278	278
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	304	230	230	241	307	357	438	307	307
No meals included in rent .....	34 791	5 416	5 416	4 047	29 375	955	757	28 420	28 334
No cash rent .....	2 944	475	475	235	2 469	1 277	1 236	1 192	1 189



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
All housing units.....	2 608	806	1 855	1 679	2 616	1 661	605	849	1 556	2 204
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	2 411	719	1 684	1 545	2 409	1 452	524	741	1 391	2 045
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 776	422	1 104	685	1 848	1 165	55	207	917	1 530
Percent of occupied housing units.....	73.7	58.7	65.6	44.3	76.7	80.2	10.5	27.9	65.9	74.8
White.....	1 726	410	637	38	1 690	544	41	187	876	1 512
Black.....	42	10	462	646	143	614	13	20	37	11
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	—	2	1	5	—	1	—	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	5	2	3	—	4	2	—	—	3	5
Other race.....	1	—	—	—	6	5	—	—	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	—	8	3	11	9	—	—	4	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 721	410	630	38	1 685	541	41	187	873	1 509
Renter-occupied housing units.....	635	297	580	860	561	287	469	534	474	515
White.....	518	280	302	45	529	179	86	243	435	421
Black.....	110	11	272	815	29	99	383	286	33	87
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	1	1	—	2	2	—	3	2	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	2	—	—	—	3	—	2	3	3
Other race.....	2	3	5	—	1	4	—	—	1	2
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	5	10	3	5	7	1	2	2	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	514	278	298	44	528	176	86	242	434	417
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	197	87	171	134	207	209	81	108	165	159
For sale only.....	20	7	17	9	32	12	1	2	26	15
For rent.....	93	42	63	58	81	91	57	70	52	83
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	44	11	17	15	48	11	7	3	59	44
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	4	—	1	7	6	2	—	7	1	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	36	27	73	45	40	93	16	26	27	14
Boarded up.....	—	1	—	4	1	2	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	3	1	42	14	4	7	7	4	2	3
2 rooms.....	37	36	22	59	32	59	19	28	14	31
3 rooms.....	170	112	133	284	133	105	130	165	162	146
4 rooms.....	398	148	515	419	694	417	269	284	322	279
5 rooms.....	586	186	488	462	796	430	119	221	525	467
6 rooms.....	643	187	394	300	602	345	49	101	343	572
7 rooms.....	441	71	166	94	240	194	5	30	100	400
8 or more rooms.....	330	65	95	47	115	104	7	16	88	306
Median, all housing units.....	5.7	5.1	4.9	4.6	5.1	5.1	4.0	4.3	5.0	5.8
Median, all housing units.....	5.7	5.1	5.0	4.7	5.2	5.2	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.8	5.2	5.0	4.7	5.1	5.2	4.1	4.3	5.1	5.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.2	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.4	6.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	1 883	511	1 208	986	1 522	735	134	395	1 299	1 652
1, attached.....	36	10	10	41	16	7	11	20	17	36
2.....	14	22	56	263	37	3	12	38	81	13
3 or 4.....	139	105	59	40	2	3	49	62	112	138
5 to 9.....	194	19	100	222	—	—	354	294	15	191
10 to 19.....	109	34	57	68	1	—	39	32	13	109
20 to 49.....	47	—	74	31	—	—	—	—	—	47
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	168	97	274	4	1 032	900	1	2	2	3
Other.....	18	8	17	24	6	13	5	6	17	15
Occupied housing units.....	2 411	719	1 684	1 545	2 409	1 452	524	741	1 391	2 045
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	514	204	379	440	458	269	210	250	401	432
2 persons.....	877	247	477	358	752	447	114	203	497	775
3 persons.....	435	124	343	280	545	288	85	109	240	360
4 persons.....	410	98	278	227	403	244	50	95	163	346
5 persons.....	125	38	118	130	169	120	41	46	58	97
6 or more persons.....	50	8	89	110	82	84	24	38	32	35
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.29	2.13	2.47	2.43	2.49	2.53	1.96	2.09	2.09	2.26
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.34	2.32	2.60	2.49	2.46	2.64	1.53	1.84	2.12	2.34
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.10	1.70	2.25	2.38	2.64	2.29	2.02	2.22	2.03	2.00
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	2 368	709	1 597	1 389	2 314	1 365	481	679	1 357	2 017
1.01 to 1.50.....	35	7	67	113	75	64	26	43	27	22
1.51 or more.....	8	3	20	43	20	23	17	19	7	6
Median.....	.44	.46	.54	.59	.53	.55	.58	.56	.46	.42
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 545	343	877	627	1 076	479	39	187	854	1 396
Less than \$20,000.....	35	12	68	131	64	65	15	47	96	21
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	131	92	249	208	245	131	17	76	346	101
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	436	98	365	214	374	146	4	50	315	387
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	509	53	134	59	301	89	2	12	77	471
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	275	44	29	8	47	24	1	—	10	265
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	139	34	25	7	31	18	—	2	8	135
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	15	10	6	—	9	6	—	—	2	13
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	3	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	2
\$300,000 or more.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Median (dollars).....	66 300	51 600	45 800	37 500	52 100	44 500	25 500	35 100	39 300	67 800
Mean (dollars).....	69 400	62 100	48 400	38 200	54 200	48 900	29 100	34 800	40 500	70 800
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	622	294	569	846	545	276	467	527	461	510
Median contract rent (dollars).....	326	216	264	129	213	232	106	110	211	341
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	323	220	236	144	219	228	125	128	202	349
With meals included in rent.....	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	4	—	2
Median contract rent (dollars).....	456	—	50	113	—	—	—	98	—	456
No meals included in rent.....	585	280	545	775	495	232	453	506	416	485
No cash rent.....	35	14	22	69	50	44	14	17	45	23

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Troct 305 (pt.)	Troct 306 (pt.)	Troct 307	Troct 308 (pt.)	Troct 309.01 (pt.)	Troct 309.02 (pt.)	Troct 304 (pt.)	Troct 305 (pt.)	Troct 306 (pt.)	Troct 308 (pt.)
All housing units.....	435	1 667	1 599	1 674	3	—	404	371	188	5
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	383	1 521	1 378	1 542	3	—	366	336	163	3
Owner-occupied housing units.....	149	991	635	683	2	—	246	273	113	2
Percent of occupied housing units.....	38.9	65.2	46.1	44.3	66.7	—	67.2	81.3	69.3	66.7
White.....	145	593	334	38	2	—	214	265	44	—
Black.....	2	393	301	644	—	—	31	8	69	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	2	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	8	3	3	—	—	2	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	145	586	332	38	2	—	212	265	44	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	234	530	743	859	1	—	120	63	50	1
White.....	218	275	432	44	1	—	97	62	27	1
Black.....	10	249	305	815	—	—	23	1	23	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race.....	3	5	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	5	10	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	216	271	428	43	1	—	97	62	27	1
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	52	146	221	132	—	—	38	35	25	2
For sale only.....	2	17	17	8	—	—	5	5	—	1
For rent.....	35	50	112	58	—	—	10	7	13	—
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	5	16	43	14	—	—	—	6	1	1
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	1	3	7	—	—	1	—	—	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	10	62	36	45	—	—	22	17	11	—
Boarded up.....	1	—	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	1	42	9	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
2 rooms.....	35	20	33	59	—	—	6	1	2	—
3 rooms.....	102	115	184	284	—	—	24	10	18	—
4 rooms.....	85	438	440	415	—	—	119	63	77	4
5 rooms.....	95	448	502	462	1	—	119	91	40	—
6 rooms.....	74	356	254	300	1	—	71	113	38	—
7 rooms.....	21	161	99	94	1	—	41	50	5	—
8 or more rooms.....	22	87	78	46	—	—	24	43	8	1
Median, all housing units.....	4.4	5.0	4.8	4.6	6.0	—	4.9	5.7	4.5	4.1
Median, all housing units.....	4.5	5.1	4.9	4.7	6.0	—	5.1	5.7	4.8	5.2
Median, occupied housing units.....	4.5	5.1	4.8	4.7	6.0	—	5.0	5.7	4.6	4.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3	6.0	—	5.3	5.9	5.1	4.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.6	4.1	4.4	4.0	6.0	—	4.4	4.9	4.1	8.5+
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	230	1 112	987	983	3	—	231	281	96	3
1, attached.....	5	7	23	41	—	—	—	5	3	—
2.....	22	53	54	263	—	—	1	—	3	—
3 or 4.....	105	56	56	40	—	—	1	—	3	—
5 to 9.....	19	99	334	222	—	—	3	—	1	—
10 to 19.....	34	50	101	68	—	—	—	—	7	—
20 to 49.....	—	61	22	31	—	—	—	—	13	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	16	212	6	2	—	—	165	81	62	2
Other.....	4	17	16	24	—	—	3	4	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	383	1 521	1 378	1 542	3	—	366	336	163	3
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	144	333	417	440	1	—	82	60	46	—
2 persons.....	125	428	431	358	1	—	102	122	49	—
3 persons.....	55	314	246	278	1	—	75	69	29	2
4 persons.....	41	259	163	226	—	—	64	57	19	1
5 persons.....	16	106	72	130	—	—	28	22	12	—
6 or more persons.....	2	81	49	110	—	—	15	6	8	—
Median, occupied housing units.....	1.88	2.50	2.13	2.42	2.00	—	2.49	2.39	2.22	3.25
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.61	2.18	2.48	1.50—	—	2.35	2.43	2.46	3.50
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.52	2.31	2.09	2.37	3.00	—	2.89	2.19	1.64	3.00
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	380	1 443	1 322	1 386	3	—	351	329	154	3
1.01 to 1.50.....	2	61	40	113	—	—	13	5	6	—
1.51 or more.....	1	17	16	43	—	—	2	2	3	—
Mean.....	.46	.54	.49	.59	.33	—	.53	.45	.52	.56
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	122	817	576	626	1	—	149	221	60	1
Less than \$20,000.....	6	54	172	130	—	—	14	6	14	1
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	45	235	213	208	—	—	30	47	14	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	40	349	126	214	—	—	49	58	16	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	12	125	48	59	—	—	38	41	9	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	4	27	11	8	—	—	10	40	2	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	11	21	6	7	1	—	4	23	4	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	4	5	—	—	—	—	2	6	1	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	43 800	45 900	30 400	37 600	112 500	—	51 900	59 800	42 500	17 500
Mean (dollars).....	54 200	48 500	33 700	38 200	112 500	—	56 200	66 400	47 400	17 500
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	232	520	731	846	1	—	112	62	49	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	214	268	248	129	238	—	196	220	218	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	220	239	239	144	237	—	194	221	208	—
With meals included in rent.....	—	2	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	50	500	113	—	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	227	500	684	775	1	—	100	53	45	—
No cash rent.....	5	18	44	69	—	—	12	9	4	—



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
All housing units.....	2 613	1 661	1 197	1 114	1 488	2 154	2 143	954	11
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units.....	2 406	1 452	1 070	952	1 223	2 074	2 063	810	11
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 846	1 165	858	733	975	18	16	564	2
Percent of occupied housing units.....	76.7	80.2	80.2	77.0	79.7	.9	.8	69.6	18.2
White.....	1 688	544	635	193	531	9	9	389	1
Black.....	143	614	221	540	441	10	6	171	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	5	—	1	—	3	—	—	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	3	—
Other race.....	6	5	—	—	—	2	2	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	11	9	1	6	1	3	3	3	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 683	541	634	193	530	9	8	386	1
Renter-occupied housing units.....	560	287	212	219	248	2 056	2 047	246	9
White.....	528	179	126	28	78	1 186	1 179	146	7
Black.....	29	99	85	190	170	668	666	100	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	2	1	—	—	7	7	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	3	—	1	—	53	53	—	—
Other race.....	1	4	—	—	—	142	142	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	5	7	—	—	1	261	260	1	1
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	527	176	126	28	78	1 079	1 073	145	6
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units.....	207	209	127	162	265	80	80	144	—
For sale only.....	32	12	13	16	10	—	—	18	—
For rent.....	81	91	16	20	23	14	14	48	—
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	48	11	24	28	95	22	22	13	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	6	2	3	23	42	1	1	15	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	40	93	68	75	95	43	43	50	—
Boarded up.....	1	2	2	9	5	1	1	4	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room.....	4	7	4	2	11	—	—	5	—
2 rooms.....	32	59	10	37	38	7	7	18	—
3 rooms.....	133	105	54	131	122	62	62	76	—
4 rooms.....	694	417	252	239	336	183	183	281	—
5 rooms.....	795	430	337	284	403	399	397	216	2
6 rooms.....	601	345	294	218	294	689	687	190	2
7 rooms.....	239	194	147	103	155	525	523	90	2
8 or more rooms.....	115	104	99	100	129	289	284	78	5
Median, all housing units.....	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.1	6.1	6.1	4.9	7.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	6.2	6.2	5.2	7.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.2	6.1	6.1	5.1	7.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	6.1	6.1	4.2	8.5+
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached.....	1 519	735	783	790	963	368	362	467	6
1, attached.....	16	7	4	13	7	873	872	9	1
2.....	37	3	1	6	1	264	264	15	—
3 or 4.....	2	3	1	18	8	297	296	6	1
5 to 9.....	—	—	—	12	1	314	313	—	1
10 to 19.....	1	—	—	1	—	5	5	—	—
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	1 032	900	394	243	480	3	1	447	2
Other.....	6	13	14	31	28	30	30	10	—
Occupied housing units.....	2 406	1 452	1 070	952	1 223	2 074	2 063	810	11
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person.....	457	269	179	286	279	60	60	156	—
2 persons.....	751	447	350	265	376	211	208	244	3
3 persons.....	544	288	208	139	212	390	386	170	4
4 persons.....	403	244	213	141	170	701	700	131	1
5 persons.....	169	120	76	65	86	481	478	69	3
6 or more persons.....	82	84	44	56	100	231	231	40	—
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.49	2.53	2.53	2.22	2.38	4.04	4.04	2.53	3.13
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.47	2.64	2.51	2.18	2.38	3.83	4.00	2.51	2.50
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.64	2.29	2.61	2.40	2.42	4.04	4.04	2.57	3.33
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less.....	2 311	1 365	1 035	885	1 115	1 910	1 899	769	11
1.01 to 1.50.....	75	64	25	46	71	140	140	29	—
1.51 or more.....	20	23	10	21	37	24	24	12	—
Median.....	.53	.55	.51	.50	.53	.65	.65	.53	.43
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 075	479	358	406	401	9	9	241	—
Less than \$20,000.....	64	65	39	170	90	—	—	33	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	245	131	76	118	116	1	1	78	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	374	146	92	80	103	1	1	70	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	301	89	75	24	55	4	4	43	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	47	24	34	10	19	1	1	14	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	30	18	30	2	12	2	2	3	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	9	6	7	1	2	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	3	—	3	—	4	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	52 100	44 500	52 700	23 900	39 000	66 300	66 300	41 900	—
Median (dollars).....	54 100	48 900	60 200	30 700	44 600	76 100	76 100	45 200	—
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	544	276	174	189	204	2 005	1 996	231	9
Median contract rent (dollars).....	213	232	146	80	113	432	432	180	675
Median contract rent (dollars).....	219	228	163	98	139	453	452	180	713
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	1	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	90	438	438	113	—
No meals included in rent.....	494	232	134	147	164	761	757	194	4
No cash rent.....	50	44	40	42	39	1 241	1 236	36	5

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
All housing units.....	1 375	245	355	1 150	449	1 286	834	478	1 180	1 278
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	1 237	224	292	1 108	392	1 255	748	441	1 082	1 202
Owner-occupied housing units.....	244	133	12	894	135	1 049	300	198	612	470
Percent of occupied housing units.....	19.7	59.4	4.1	80.7	34.4	83.6	40.1	44.9	56.6	39.1
White.....	188	133	8	877	24	1 034	295	187	565	463
Black.....	55	—	3	10	111	6	2	11	45	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	5	—	1	1	—	2	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	1	2	—	6	1	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	—	—	6	—	8	4	—	1	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	188	133	8	872	24	1 029	293	187	564	460
Renter-occupied housing units.....	993	91	280	214	257	206	448	243	470	732
White.....	381	89	234	190	49	199	436	204	376	612
Black.....	605	1	44	18	208	4	10	39	91	95
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	4	1	—	1	—	2	—	—	2	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	—	2	4	—	1	—	—	1	11
Other race.....	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	10
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	7	1	—	5	5	—	2	3	4	26
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	380	88	234	186	47	199	436	201	372	597
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	138	21	63	42	57	31	86	37	98	76
For sale only.....	3	—	17	10	—	12	7	8	9	14
For rent.....	92	4	34	13	42	11	44	14	60	42
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	19	9	8	10	6	3	9	1	6	10
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	2	3	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	22	6	4	9	9	4	26	12	20	7
Boarded up.....	3	—	—	—	4	—	2	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	32	—	233	2	—	—	9	3	7	5
2 rooms.....	121	4	54	7	7	5	21	18	33	18
3 rooms.....	345	10	35	37	94	15	163	75	142	121
4 rooms.....	469	110	9	95	153	81	285	140	223	330
5 rooms.....	211	56	7	245	91	448	170	125	311	388
6 rooms.....	134	54	3	330	78	438	129	70	298	266
7 rooms.....	34	2	4	233	14	211	34	32	106	105
8 or more rooms.....	29	9	10	201	12	88	23	15	60	45
Median, all housing units.....	3.9	4.5	1.5—	6.1	4.3	5.7	4.3	4.5	5.1	4.9
Mean, all housing units.....	4.0	4.8	1.8	6.2	4.5	5.8	4.5	4.7	5.1	5.0
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.9	4.6	1.5—	6.1	4.4	5.7	4.3	4.6	5.2	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	4.4	4.5	7.5	6.3	5.4	5.8	4.8	5.1	5.7	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.8	4.6	1.5—	4.8	4.0	5.3	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	625	213	19	1 032	335	1 214	623	386	835	633
1, attached.....	29	4	2	8	4	21	12	7	31	18
2.....	82	27	10	—	20	12	100	47	179	51
3 or 4.....	151	—	15	9	61	—	54	17	67	141
5 to 9.....	364	1	18	31	21	14	26	1	30	107
10 to 19.....	73	—	21	62	—	8	14	13	26	94
20 to 49.....	26	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	94
50 or more.....	—	—	239	—	—	—	—	—	—	128
Mobile home or trailer.....	4	—	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	1
Other.....	21	—	26	7	7	14	4	5	11	11
Occupied housing units.....	1 237	224	292	1 108	392	1 255	748	441	1 082	1 202
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	373	58	261	275	125	239	248	139	393	427
2 persons.....	287	72	25	438	109	487	232	144	381	436
3 persons.....	241	34	3	182	52	262	109	76	160	202
4 persons.....	182	28	1	150	49	190	95	47	87	101
5 persons.....	86	20	2	45	29	56	35	23	43	23
6 or more persons.....	68	12	—	18	28	21	29	12	18	13
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.36	2.25	1.50—	2.14	2.15	2.30	2.04	2.07	1.89	1.90
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	1.79	1.96	1.50—	2.10	2.27	2.22	1.82	1.93	1.89	1.80
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.55	3.28	1.50—	2.35	2.08	2.96	2.27	2.22	1.89	1.99
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	1 089	207	286	1 099	359	1 241	712	414	1 055	1 183
1.01 to 1.50.....	89	15	2	7	26	13	30	17	17	14
1.51 or more.....	59	2	4	2	7	1	6	10	10	5
Mean.....	.65	.55	.68	.38	.57	.44	.53	.50	.41	.42
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	206	122	9	830	125	956	265	179	547	437
Less than \$20,000.....	118	34	2	7	60	11	100	45	20	6
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	75	78	—	90	47	187	148	100	146	78
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	11	9	3	270	13	544	15	29	291	216
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	2	1	1	283	3	165	2	4	86	111
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	—	—	—	165	1	41	—	—	4	14
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	—	2	15	—	7	—	1	—	9
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	17 900	25 700	44 200	63 900	20 900	49 700	24 200	29 700	46 400	51 800
Mean (dollars).....	20 400	26 400	84 400	63 400	26 400	51 400	24 800	30 600	46 600	54 400
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	984	89	279	212	243	205	433	238	465	730
Median contract rent (dollars).....	114	195	268	349	138	332	182	201	245	386
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	130	203	282	353	139	322	191	198	242	365
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	222	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	302	—	—	—	—	—	263	138
No meals included in rent.....	969	86	53	199	232	190	416	230	445	710
No cash rent.....	15	3	4	13	11	15	17	8	18	18



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
All housing units.....	1 709	1 221	2 057	647	1 231	456	1 375	785	714	1 238
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	1 628	1 173	1 902	548	1 056	365	1 237	685	649	1 166
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 070	1 015	806	148	238	96	244	224	265	779
Percent of occupied housing units.....	65.7	86.5	42.4	27.0	22.5	26.3	19.7	32.7	40.8	66.8
White.....	1 048	1 009	794	46	227	49	188	192	260	13
Black.....	12	5	7	102	11	47	55	31	1	765
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	6	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Other race.....	2	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	5	4	—	1	—	1	1	3	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 043	1 005	792	46	226	49	188	192	259	13
Renter-occupied housing units.....	558	158	1 096	400	818	269	993	461	384	387
White.....	479	147	1 009	34	397	102	381	369	361	19
Black.....	58	8	75	366	415	166	605	89	21	363
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	1	—	2	—	4	—	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	8	1	4	—	1	1	3	2	1	2
Other race.....	12	2	7	—	3	—	—	1	—	3
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	17	4	21	—	11	8	7	3	4	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	475	145	994	34	393	102	380	368	358	18
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	81	48	155	99	175	91	138	100	65	72
For sale only.....	24	18	21	5	7	1	3	6	12	8
For rent.....	34	15	86	29	75	22	92	61	18	47
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	8	1	18	22	21	36	19	23	13	9
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	3	5	7	1	2	—	2	1	4	2
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	12	9	23	42	70	32	22	9	18	6
Boarded up.....	—	1	1	5	3	3	3	1	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	2	—	17	3	29	7	32	5	36	1
2 rooms.....	19	6	69	15	109	34	121	28	33	38
3 rooms.....	110	43	272	271	296	134	345	177	109	44
4 rooms.....	186	79	493	182	393	91	469	185	121	300
5 rooms.....	326	63	383	70	213	86	211	169	168	243
6 rooms.....	429	178	312	62	109	59	134	135	125	316
7 rooms.....	335	292	201	30	44	23	34	56	71	168
8 or more rooms.....	302	560	310	14	38	22	29	30	51	128
Median, all housing units.....	6.0	7.3	5.0	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.5	4.8	5.5
Mean, all housing units.....	6.0	7.4	5.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.8	5.5
Median, occupied housing units.....	6.0	7.4	5.0	3.8	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.6	4.9	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.6	7.6	6.8	5.5	5.6	5.6	4.4	5.8	6.2	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.7	4.1	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	1 178	1 069	824	436	395	249	625	483	356	906
1, attached.....	110	7	104	16	35	34	29	37	40	23
2.....	60	19	181	58	108	74	82	150	112	52
3 or 4.....	35	15	245	41	77	43	151	90	80	129
5 to 9.....	79	29	154	34	167	20	364	14	23	40
10 to 19.....	155	36	286	23	403	29	73	—	—	70
20 to 49.....	74	43	231	33	36	—	26	—	4	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	88	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	1	—	—	4	—	1	4	3	1	3
Other.....	17	3	32	2	10	6	21	8	10	15
Occupied housing units.....	1 628	1 173	1 902	548	1 056	365	1 237	685	649	1 166
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	383	281	928	244	417	144	373	253	340	251
2 persons.....	621	511	624	141	261	98	287	205	189	351
3 persons.....	298	172	199	75	196	51	241	102	67	223
4 persons.....	232	136	105	50	110	33	182	68	39	199
5 persons.....	62	64	39	26	46	19	86	34	10	82
6 or more persons.....	32	9	7	12	26	20	68	23	4	60
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.19	2.10	1.54	1.71	1.93	1.89	2.36	1.94	1.50—	2.45
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.19	2.15	1.85	1.86	1.95	1.91	1.79	1.83	1.73	2.45
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.20	1.50—	1.50—	1.65	1.91	1.88	2.55	2.00	1.50—	2.44
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	1 604	1 171	1 884	516	988	335	1 089	660	644	1 097
1.01 to 1.50.....	18	1	16	20	39	22	89	18	2	49
1.51 or more.....	6	1	2	12	29	8	59	7	3	20
Mean.....	.40	.31	.34	.51	.54	.54	.65	.49	.36	.50
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	948	951	655	134	210	80	206	196	235	698
Less than \$20,000.....	2	4	4	60	21	27	118	23	3	19
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	66	3	21	33	97	35	75	97	34	180
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	177	18	126	20	76	15	11	52	86	259
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	302	129	157	18	12	1	2	15	73	143
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	251	211	102	3	4	1	—	7	31	69
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	132	327	118	—	—	1	—	2	8	23
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	14	149	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	4	40	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	27	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	43	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	75 800	113 900	83 200	23 200	37 400	29 000	17 900	36 100	57 700	49 400
Mean (dollars).....	78 000	137 000	114 600	31 200	38 500	30 700	20 400	39 000	59 800	54 900
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	549	156	1 088	382	813	268	984	453	380	379
Median contract rent (dollars).....	323	313	317	122	110	160	114	205	251	194
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	351	344	328	128	140	162	130	211	245	235
With meals included in rent.....	2	—	2	2	3	1	—	—	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	238	—	537	70	131	237	—	—	263	—
No meals included in rent.....	519	143	1 069	372	796	261	969	445	369	374
No cash rent.....	28	13	17	8	14	6	15	8	10	5

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
All housing units.....	1 057	1 423	878	794	976	457	873	1 502	1 542	1 931
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	990	1 341	805	722	885	364	774	1 319	1 431	1 716
Owner-occupied housing units.....	668	814	288	102	62	79	212	396	549	837
Percent of occupied housing units.....	67.5	60.7	35.8	14.1	7.0	21.7	27.4	30.0	38.4	48.8
White.....	628	92	219	6	8	73	60	3	281	452
Black.....	34	721	69	96	54	4	151	392	256	368
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	2	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	8	7
Other race.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	10
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	3	—	—	—	—	1	2	14	25
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	623	92	219	6	8	73	59	3	272	440
Renter-occupied housing units.....	322	527	517	620	823	285	562	923	882	879
White.....	254	62	276	76	89	151	37	13	374	423
Black.....	62	462	231	543	732	121	523	907	470	406
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	5	7
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	2	9	—	1	5	2	—	19	15
Other race.....	4	1	—	1	1	5	—	3	14	28
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	4	5	1	4	10	2	9	36	62
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	253	61	272	76	89	146	37	13	360	397
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	67	82	73	72	91	93	99	183	111	215
For sale only.....	7	14	6	2	4	32	5	5	7	16
For rent.....	37	45	53	66	66	52	84	114	73	175
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	6	13	5	3	8	4	5	8	7	10
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	—	2	3	5
For migrant workers.....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	16	9	4	—	12	4	5	54	21	9
Boarded up.....	—	1	1	—	1	—	1	16	2	2
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	2	11	4	3	17	44	13	17	18	30
2 rooms.....	25	45	24	60	67	72	63	81	58	202
3 rooms.....	71	102	81	103	383	145	171	341	174	224
4 rooms.....	158	192	308	428	315	71	275	454	411	655
5 rooms.....	234	395	158	151	130	29	199	330	373	352
6 rooms.....	287	416	105	34	37	42	106	193	264	204
7 rooms.....	171	175	82	12	17	23	27	61	150	172
8 or more rooms.....	109	87	116	3	10	31	19	25	94	92
Median, all housing units.....	5.6	5.4	4.6	4.0	3.6	3.3	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.6	5.4	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.5
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.7	5.4	4.8	4.0	3.5	3.2	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.1	5.8	7.0	5.1	5.5	6.6	5.2	5.3	6.0	5.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.4	4.7	4.2	3.9	3.5	2.9	4.0	3.9	4.3	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	860	1 127	343	135	249	120	397	848	654	468
1, attached.....	23	44	35	7	26	14	20	45	16	9
2.....	18	148	113	102	33	49	55	78	16	11
3 or 4.....	14	50	90	63	45	52	121	124	30	105
5 to 9.....	40	17	18	166	291	24	154	218	212	61
10 to 19.....	49	5	17	224	194	92	107	100	157	51
20 to 49.....	42	—	76	87	3	35	—	58	180	57
50 or more.....	—	—	180	—	107	66	—	—	148	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	1	2	1	3	3	—	4	2	117	1 164
Other.....	10	30	5	7	25	5	15	29	12	5
Occupied housing units.....	990	1 341	805	722	885	364	774	1 319	1 431	1 716
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	253	359	300	221	384	194	230	491	339	438
2 persons.....	364	380	257	194	206	98	174	376	480	522
3 persons.....	188	248	127	140	152	48	157	211	281	352
4 persons.....	110	159	69	101	77	16	112	139	183	221
5 persons.....	46	105	30	38	44	5	55	52	99	121
6 or more persons.....	29	90	22	28	22	3	46	50	49	62
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.32	1.90	2.22	1.78	1.50—	2.40	1.95	2.28	2.30
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.17	2.29	2.04	2.09	1.56	2.03	1.94	1.79	2.44	2.30
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.37	1.80	2.25	1.80	1.50—	2.63	2.04	2.20	2.31
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	977	1 275	779	652	817	341	681	1 206	1 354	1 545
1.01 to 1.50.....	13	46	16	45	37	10	63	71	51	100
1.51 or more.....	—	20	10	25	31	13	30	42	26	71
Mean.....	.43	.50	.41	.62	.59	.46	.61	.52	.52	.56
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	625	734	262	83	51	69	188	357	453	373
Less than \$20,000.....	18	52	3	10	13	4	50	122	6	5
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	121	438	36	37	20	3	100	143	87	18
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	258	207	37	26	10	12	32	69	214	113
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	151	32	37	5	5	17	4	19	114	191
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	54	5	39	3	2	19	2	1	27	39
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	21	—	53	—	—	12	—	2	4	6
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	1	—	35	1	1	2	—	—	1	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	14	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	1	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	52 800	35 700	87 800	36 100	33 600	78 900	27 900	29 000	50 000	64 800
Mean (dollars).....	56 100	36 800	106 400	42 500	39 400	79 800	29 400	30 900	53 800	64 400
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	309	513	512	618	811	285	551	910	874	876
Median contract rent (dollars).....	320	214	329	173	107	242	126	144	354	274
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	328	225	293	162	114	242	135	148	333	278
With meals included in rent.....	—	3	—	4	2	—	2	1	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	217	—	163	152	—	188	113	313	237
No meals included in rent.....	291	486	510	608	807	282	541	882	865	866
No cash rent.....	18	24	2	6	2	3	8	27	8	9



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
All housing units .....	1 248	2 157	1 786	2 094	1 433	433	1 686	2 640	888
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	1 099	2 072	1 538	1 846	1 207	425	1 609	2 402	857
Owner-occupied housing units .....	398	1 332	206	883	212	388	1 253	652	757
Percent of occupied housing units .....	36.2	64.3	13.4	47.8	17.6	91.3	77.9	27.1	88.3
White .....	119	1 086	117	399	147	309	1 198	598	736
Black .....	279	156	84	455	56	77	39	33	13
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	—	6	—	4	1	1	4	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	—	59	4	13	6	1	10	18	4
Other race .....	—	25	1	12	2	—	2	3	4
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	2	75	2	30	9	—	21	20	12
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	117	1 039	116	389	140	309	1 181	582	728
Renter-occupied housing units .....	701	740	1 332	963	995	37	356	1 750	100
White .....	82	437	158	263	404	16	333	1 571	97
Black .....	615	259	1 162	678	515	20	17	135	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	2	6	—	1	9	—	1	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	2	17	4	7	25	—	2	23	—
Other race .....	—	21	8	14	42	1	3	20	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	8	39	17	39	81	1	6	56	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	78	425	156	244	377	16	330	1 536	97
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	149	85	248	248	226	8	77	238	31
For sale only .....	7	17	4	30	2	2	38	20	20
For rent .....	108	37	205	189	193	1	23	184	3
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	4	6	1	9	4	—	2	3	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	—	1	3	4	3	—	1	24	4
For migrant workers .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant .....	30	24	35	16	24	5	13	7	—
Boarded up .....	8	—	6	4	1	—	1	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	11	3	66	8	19	—	—	30	—
2 rooms .....	67	53	143	53	107	—	5	114	1
3 rooms .....	183	114	428	161	269	15	23	496	12
4 rooms .....	454	369	627	484	559	38	93	637	19
5 rooms .....	279	646	376	581	290	59	475	571	270
6 rooms .....	166	567	111	486	142	105	559	348	255
7 rooms .....	65	302	26	195	29	89	300	234	152
8 or more rooms .....	23	103	9	126	18	127	231	210	179
Median, all housing units .....	4.3	5.3	3.9	5.1	4.1	6.5	5.9	4.6	6.1
Mean, all housing units .....	4.4	5.4	3.9	5.2	4.1	6.7	6.1	4.8	6.4
Median, occupied housing units .....	4.4	5.4	3.9	5.2	4.1	6.5	6.0	4.6	6.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.7	5.0	5.9	5.2	6.6	6.2	6.8	6.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.0	4.6	3.8	4.4	4.0	4.6	5.2	4.1	5.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	630	1 603	430	1 370	452	428	1 534	661	884
1, attached .....	27	12	25	26	28	1	10	44	1
2 .....	139	1	216	70	49	—	3	43	—
3 or 4 .....	106	11	353	333	471	—	110	290	—
5 to 9 .....	76	22	377	113	134	—	1	521	1
10 to 19 .....	90	16	97	102	123	—	4	553	—
20 to 49 .....	24	—	123	62	91	—	—	158	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	347	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	144	476	145	—	57	2	14	1	—
Other .....	12	16	20	18	28	2	10	22	2
Occupied housing units .....	1 099	2 072	1 538	1 846	1 207	425	1 609	2 402	857
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	344	450	416	493	353	54	189	805	74
2 persons .....	278	711	413	497	371	142	480	837	242
3 persons .....	196	430	324	359	216	103	390	386	211
4 persons .....	142	265	216	261	170	75	383	288	213
5 persons .....	79	123	108	152	51	39	118	70	88
6 or more persons .....	60	93	61	84	46	12	49	16	29
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.24	2.32	2.35	2.37	2.18	2.66	2.85	1.97	3.03
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.31	2.18	2.15	2.42	2.04	2.71	2.81	2.88	3.02
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.20	2.77	2.40	2.30	2.21	2.18	2.98	1.72	3.13
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	990	1 960	1 355	1 739	1 100	415	1 582	2 370	844
1.01 to 1.50 .....	69	84	111	80	66	7	24	20	12
1.51 or more .....	40	28	72	27	41	3	3	12	1
Mean .....	.58	.49	.67	.51	.59	.43	.48	.45	.49
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	347	1 097	150	800	179	298	1 120	592	698
Less than \$20,000 .....	43	10	29	18	20	10	5	—	2
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	229	222	109	289	107	22	61	1	19
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	66	624	10	368	43	29	304	18	191
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	6	219	2	109	7	44	309	141	154
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	1	19	—	12	—	45	232	71	149
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	2	1	—	3	1	94	115	245	92
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	—	2	—	—	—	39	53	102	64
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	12	30	11	20
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	—	—	—	—	1	2	5	2	4
\$300,000 or more .....	—	—	—	1	—	1	6	1	3
Median (dollars) .....	30 800	49 000	27 300	43 900	33 600	99 400	72 000	115 600	75 300
Mean (dollars) .....	32 300	50 500	28 000	45 600	36 100	105 300	83 500	116 600	90 500
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	687	723	1 315	942	983	24	343	1 748	96
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	192	275	134	220	269	119	415	444	399
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	198	286	150	225	265	262	409	455	418
With meals included in rent .....	—	1	7	—	2	—	—	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	—	213	56	—	119	—	—	675	—
No meals included in rent .....	677	700	1 286	927	968	23	322	1 737	95
No cash rent .....	10	22	22	15	13	1	21	10	1

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>2 668</b>	<b>654</b>	<b>1 746</b>	<b>2 492</b>	<b>1 175</b>	<b>3 291</b>	<b>1 908</b>	<b>2 624</b>	<b>996</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	2 575	612	1 671	2 437	1 119	3 189	1 834	2 516	953
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 201	593	1 290	2 006	822	2 025	1 219	1 796	783
Percent of occupied housing units .....	85.5	96.9	77.2	82.3	73.5	63.5	66.5	71.4	82.2
White .....	2 109	561	1 248	1 949	810	1 915	930	947	49
Black .....	53	14	22	34	5	77	250	786	728
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	5	1	2	5	2	5	3	7	1
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	22	15	17	16	—	25	18	32	3
Other race .....	12	2	1	2	5	3	18	24	2
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	45	7	14	13	14	25	53	75	10
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	2 074	555	1 236	1 939	801	1 893	899	908	48
Renter-occupied housing units .....	374	19	381	431	297	1 164	615	720	170
White .....	351	17	351	414	270	938	308	338	9
Black .....	17	1	17	10	20	195	286	363	161
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	1	—	3	2	1	5	—	2	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	1	1	4	2	2	13	6	7	—
Other race .....	4	—	6	3	4	13	15	10	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	11	—	11	8	5	31	36	28	1
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	344	17	347	409	269	919	292	324	9
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	<b>93</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>43</b>
For sale only .....	59	30	15	24	14	32	24	44	15
For rent .....	18	3	35	11	25	45	22	37	7
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	3	1	3	7	2	9	21	11	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	2	4	13	2	3	2	—	1	—
For migrant workers .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant .....	11	4	9	11	12	14	7	15	17
Barred up .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	7	—	3	—	—	14	3	3	1
2 rooms .....	22	2	23	7	10	70	14	18	3
3 rooms .....	70	8	65	32	55	197	88	131	44
4 rooms .....	140	14	184	145	117	660	142	209	52
5 rooms .....	435	26	207	508	249	651	730	891	224
6 rooms .....	902	53	434	580	348	626	606	864	317
7 rooms .....	664	85	403	490	258	430	226	317	245
8 or more rooms .....	428	466	427	730	138	643	99	191	110
Median, all housing units .....	6.2	8.5+	6.4	6.5	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.6	6.0
Mean, all housing units .....	6.3	8.5	6.4	6.7	5.9	5.8	5.5	5.6	6.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.2	8.5+	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.6	6.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.4	8.5+	6.8	6.8	6.3	6.5	5.7	5.8	6.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	5.2	5.7	4.4	5.2	4.7	4.3	5.1	5.0	5.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	2 510	594	1 319	2 314	1 012	2 075	1 666	2 317	972
1, attached .....	32	12	28	17	10	38	24	31	4
2 .....	28	—	5	5	2	18	20	16	—
3 or 4 .....	22	6	58	41	27	123	103	67	2
5 to 9 .....	25	14	118	88	47	376	27	56	2
10 to 19 .....	36	17	62	17	70	244	36	25	—
20 to 49 .....	—	—	14	—	—	77	—	80	—
50 or more .....	—	—	131	—	—	106	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	2	—	1	—	—	207	3	2	1
Other .....	13	11	10	10	7	27	29	30	15
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>2 575</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>2 437</b>	<b>1 119</b>	<b>3 189</b>	<b>1 834</b>	<b>2 516</b>	<b>953</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	337	72	262	400	229	759	252	336	106
2 persons .....	743	254	571	911	443	1 130	538	665	198
3 persons .....	639	131	376	515	213	585	444	607	241
4 persons .....	599	108	355	398	166	463	332	514	222
5 persons .....	192	34	79	154	44	186	172	242	111
6 or more persons .....	65	13	28	59	24	66	96	152	75
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.82	2.42	2.51	2.40	2.25	2.24	2.79	2.92	3.22
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.84	2.42	2.71	2.41	2.20	2.37	2.58	2.88	3.14
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.73	2.40	2.01	2.33	2.42	1.98	3.19	3.03	3.62
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	2 547	612	1 654	2 420	1 108	3 142	1 747	2 387	893
1.01 to 1.50 .....	21	—	12	13	9	37	63	103	42
1.51 or more .....	7	—	5	4	2	10	24	26	18
Mean .....	.46	.32	.42	.40	.42	.43	.54	.55	.55
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>2 052</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>1 150</b>	<b>1 909</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>1 677</b>	<b>1 128</b>	<b>1 681</b>	<b>724</b>
Less than \$20,000 .....	16	2	1	12	8	13	6	26	16
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	68	3	11	144	59	146	188	274	178
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	233	2	36	495	304	414	726	998	212
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	909	3	295	441	292	319	190	332	262
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	469	10	388	415	89	167	17	38	50
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	314	41	251	381	12	382	—	11	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	30	105	115	19	—	138	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	8	91	40	1	—	66	—	2	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	1	74	10	—	—	21	1	—	—
\$300,000 or more .....	4	174	3	1	—	11	—	—	2
Median (dollars) .....	74 400	247 500	89 500	73 700	60 700	75 700	48 200	50 300	54 900
Mean (dollars) .....	81 100	279 300	105 500	77 000	61 500	95 200	49 800	51 700	56 000
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>350</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>1 154</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>161</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	358	675	518	390	331	337	364	313	318
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	362	716	518	397	330	319	355	290	327
With meals included in rent .....	—	—	—	1	1	10	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	—	—	—	487	363	841	—	—	—
No meals included in rent .....	342	14	364	398	270	1 106	598	683	155
No cash rent .....	8	3	12	25	14	38	8	20	6



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1	1 893	1 819	2 535	2 213	401	—	—	245
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units.....	1	1 803	1 745	2 373	2 119	356	—	—	224
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	1 160	1 386	1 224	12	183	—	—	133
Percent of occupied housing units.....	—	64.3	79.4	51.6	.6	51.4	—	—	59.4
White.....	—	615	324	185	2	139	—	—	133
Black.....	—	521	1 039	1 020	10	34	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	13	14	9	—	7	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	10	8	8	—	3	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	31	23	16	1	11	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	—	595	318	180	1	132	—	—	133
Renter-occupied housing units.....	1	643	359	1 149	2 107	173	—	—	91
White.....	1	285	57	307	972	120	—	—	89
Black.....	—	338	300	803	918	39	—	—	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	—	1	16	—	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	5	—	9	41	8	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	14	2	29	160	6	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	22	3	49	265	9	—	—	1
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1	280	56	298	890	117	—	—	88
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units.....	—	90	74	162	94	45	—	—	21
For sale only.....	—	27	24	26	—	3	—	—	—
For rent.....	—	22	24	103	64	39	—	—	4
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	13	6	13	18	1	—	—	9
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	—	1	5	1	1	—	—	2
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	28	19	15	11	1	—	—	6
Boarded up.....	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room.....	—	10	5	34	—	2	—	—	—
2 rooms.....	—	21	8	160	40	22	—	—	4
3 rooms.....	—	136	59	182	220	26	—	—	10
4 rooms.....	—	319	101	630	264	64	—	—	110
5 rooms.....	1	480	480	461	1 200	129	—	—	56
6 rooms.....	—	524	524	390	400	112	—	—	54
7 rooms.....	—	249	379	350	65	30	—	—	2
8 or more rooms.....	—	154	263	328	24	16	—	—	9
Median, all housing units.....	5.0	5.5	6.0	5.1	5.0	5.2	—	—	4.5
Mean, all housing units.....	5.0	5.5	6.1	5.3	4.9	5.1	—	—	4.8
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.0	5.5	6.0	5.1	5.0	5.3	—	—	4.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	5.9	6.2	6.5	4.7	5.8	—	—	4.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.0	4.4	5.2	4.1	5.0	4.8	—	—	4.6
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached.....	—	1 516	1 687	1 314	116	230	—	—	213
1, attached.....	—	12	28	20	604	3	—	—	4
2.....	—	5	25	79	356	4	—	—	27
3 or 4.....	—	37	42	170	476	3	—	—	—
5 to 9.....	—	83	10	276	624	4	—	—	1
10 to 19.....	—	104	1	115	10	14	—	—	—
20 to 49.....	—	17	—	68	—	52	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	4	—	469	—	89	—	—	—
Other.....	1	25	26	24	27	2	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	1	1 803	1 745	2 373	2 119	356	—	—	224
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person.....	1	312	248	475	93	74	—	—	58
2 persons.....	—	579	483	736	255	128	—	—	72
3 persons.....	—	388	393	546	465	78	—	—	34
4 persons.....	—	312	348	359	912	49	—	—	28
5 persons.....	—	131	150	156	326	18	—	—	20
6 or more persons.....	—	81	123	101	68	9	—	—	12
Median, occupied housing units.....	1.50	2.53	2.86	2.47	3.77	2.31	—	—	2.25
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	—	2.54	2.74	2.59	4.07	2.28	—	—	1.96
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.50	2.50	3.22	2.35	3.77	2.36	—	—	3.28
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less.....	1	1 724	1 661	2 215	1 899	338	—	—	207
1.01 to 1.50.....	—	55	61	119	151	14	—	—	15
1.51 or more.....	—	24	23	39	69	4	—	—	2
Mean.....	.20	.51	.50	.51	.74	.49	—	—	.55
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	—	1 074	1 289	1 038	6	143	—	—	122
Less than \$20,000.....	—	22	18	12	—	3	—	—	34
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	—	258	266	162	1	33	—	—	78
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	—	514	499	316	2	72	—	—	9
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	—	188	363	395	2	35	—	—	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	—	71	115	100	1	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	20	25	45	—	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	—	49 800	53 000	61 100	60 000	50 100	—	—	25 700
Mean (dollars).....	—	52 400	57 000	61 800	58 800	49 600	—	—	26 400
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	1	630	339	1 137	2 072	169	—	—	89
Median contract rent (dollars).....	—	357	355	308	359	331	—	—	195
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	349	340	313	346	313	—	—	203
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	287	438	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	—	613	322	1 123	1 517	164	—	—	86
No cash rent.....	1	17	17	12	553	5	—	—	3

Table 10. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Alabama (pt.)		Russell County, AL		Phenix City city (pt.)		Georgia (pt.)		Cherokee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL	
					Total						Total		Total		Tract 304	Tract 306
<b>Occupied housing units</b>	54 121	11 123	11 123	5 883	11 123	7 842	3 728	26 125	42 998	1 731	1 188	41 267	41 045	2 244	939	
<b>TENURE</b>																
Owner-occupied housing units	33 967	7 842	7 842	3 728	7 842	70.5	63.4	60.8	60.8	399	9	25 726	25 593	1 726	637	
Percent of occupied housing units	62.8	70.5	70.5	63.4	70.5	70.5	63.4	60.8	60.8	23.1	8	62.3	62.4	76.9	67.8	
Renter-occupied housing units	20 154	3 281	3 281	2 155	3 281	29.5	36.6	39.2	39.2	1 332	1 179	15 541	15 452	518	302	
Percent of occupied housing units	37.2	29.5	29.5	36.6	29.5	29.5	36.6	39.2	39.2	76.9	99.2	37.7	37.6	23.1	32.2	
<b>ROOMS</b>																
1 room	391	25	25	11	25	185	94	366	366	1	2	365	365	1	4	
2 rooms	1 054	773	773	541	773	541	541	869	869	9	25	860	860	26	11	
3 rooms	3 918	2 320	2 320	1 123	2 320	1 123	1 123	3 145	3 145	54	25	3 091	3 081	107	63	
4 rooms	8 586	3 080	3 080	1 597	3 080	3 080	1 597	6 266	6 266	235	86	6 031	6 031	274	247	
5 rooms	12 728	2 624	2 624	1 378	2 624	2 624	1 378	9 914	9 914	314	198	9 600	9 547	506	270	
6 rooms	7 512	1 248	1 248	657	1 248	1 248	657	10 104	10 104	472	349	9 632	9 581	609	212	
7 rooms	6 938	868	868	482	868	868	482	6 070	6 070	353	298	5 911	5 909	89	43	
8 or more rooms	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	6.0	6.0	293	230	5 777	5 769	311	5.0	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.2	5.4	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	6.2	6.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.1	
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>																
1, detached	36 972	7 364	7 364	4 358	7 364	106	81	29 608	29 608	515	253	29 093	28 898	1 747	614	
1, attached	1 544	106	106	132	106	182	132	1 519	1 519	138	132	1 381	1 388	36	2	
2	2 549	393	393	386	393	424	203	2 275	2 275	156	134	2 000	2 000	104	13	
3 or 4	2 699	424	424	203	424	204	67	1 782	1 782	1	1	1 781	1 781	91	30	
5 to 9	1 986	72	72	167	72	70	45	1 157	1 157	—	—	1 157	1 157	35	20	
10 to 19	991	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 826	1 826	268	18	1 558	1 558	—	—	
20 to 49	1 157	70	70	45	70	—	—	318	318	20	—	298	298	132	177	
50 or more	4 134	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	4	
Mobile home or trailer	388	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>																
1 person	13 285	2 641	2 641	1 643	2 641	3 839	2 046	10 644	10 644	130	24	10 514	10 456	466	235	
2 persons	18 452	3 839	3 839	2 046	3 839	3 839	2 046	14 275	14 275	338	158	14 275	14 204	827	304	
3 persons	10 164	2 101	2 101	1 073	2 101	1 643	804	8 063	8 063	228	228	7 720	7 686	405	196	
4 persons	8 071	672	672	785	672	605	276	2 360	2 360	528	437	5 871	5 844	389	132	
5 persons	2 965	265	265	113	265	265	113	919	919	273	237	2 087	2 067	113	50	
6 or more persons	1 184	265	265	113	265	265	113	104	104	119	104	800	788	44	22	
Median, occupied housing units	2.25	2.26	2.26	2.13	2.26	2.26	2.13	2.29	2.29	3.60	3.92	2.21	2.21	2.29	2.27	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.29	2.30	2.30	2.22	2.30	2.30	2.22	2.29	2.29	2.38	3.67	2.28	2.28	2.34	2.39	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.15	2.13	2.13	1.94	2.13	2.13	1.94	2.15	2.15	3.83	3.92	2.04	2.04	2.11	1.93	
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>																
1.00 or less	52 984	10 834	10 834	5 766	10 834	230	93	42 150	42 150	1 655	1 128	40 495	40 290	2 207	918	
1.01 to 1.50	866	230	230	93	230	59	24	636	636	68	55	568	553	30	17	
1.51 or more	271	59	59	24	59	24	24	212	212	8	5	204	202	7	4	
Mean	.44	.47	.47	.45	.47	.47	.45	.44	.44	.56	.59	.43	.43	.43	.49	
<b>VALUE</b>																
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>																
Less than \$20,000	28 250	5 319	5 319	3 325	5 319	382	260	22 931	22 931	154	6	22 777	22 655	1 505	491	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	954	382	382	260	382	1 265	840	3 064	3 064	15	—	3 022	2 944	25	23	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	4 329	1 265	1 265	840	1 265	1 699	1 073	6 819	6 819	42	—	6 767	6 758	120	149	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	8 518	1 699	1 699	1 073	1 699	1 184	665	5 251	5 251	52	1	5 217	5 217	431	219	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	3 462	436	436	296	436	272	170	3 006	3 006	33	4	2 997	2 997	502	70	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2 820	272	272	170	272	43	18	2 548	2 548	9	—	2 545	2 545	274	13	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	366	9	9	—	9	8	—	875	875	3	—	875	875	155	15	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	366	8	8	—	8	8	—	357	357	—	—	357	357	15	—	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	279	1	1	—	1	1	—	278	278	—	—	278	278	—	—	
\$300,000 or more	60 900	50 900	50 900	49 200	50 900	55 400	53 800	63 400	63 400	45 500	65 000	63 500	63 700	66 600	45 500	
Median (dollars)	73 600	55 400	55 400	53 800	55 400	55 400	53 800	77 800	77 800	48 800	75 000	78 000	78 200	69 500	48 600	
Mean (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>																
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>																
Median contract rent (dollars)	19 800	3 166	3 166	2 117	3 166	234	256	16 634	16 634	1 304	1 157	15 330	15 243	507	297	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	311	234	234	256	234	239	246	325	325	421	441	322	323	334	264	
With meals included in rent	230	239	239	7	239	7	7	223	223	3	2	220	220	332	232	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	328	309	309	309	309	309	309	328	328	321	425	328	328	456	50	
No meals included in rent	17 846	2 886	2 886	1 976	2 886	2 886	1 976	14 960	14 960	582	694	14 378	14 294	473	281	
No cash rent	1 724	273	273	134	273	273	134	1 451	1 451	719	—	732	729	32	14	



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Russell County, AL—Con.		Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL		Russell County, AL		Remainder of Russell County, AL				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	2 219	723	430	868	766	2 216	723	761	221	609	1 196	1 188
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 690	544	187	593	334	1 688	544	635	193	531	10	9
Percent of occupied housing units -----	76.2	75.2	43.5	68.3	43.6	75.2	75.2	83.4	87.3	87.2	.8	.8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	529	179	243	275	432	528	179	126	28	78	1 186	1 179
Percent of occupied housing units -----	23.8	24.8	56.5	31.7	56.4	23.8	24.8	16.6	12.7	12.8	99.2	99.2
ROOMS												
1 room -----	4	6	—	4	2	4	6	2	—	2	—	—
2 rooms -----	27	36	10	10	13	27	36	4	—	17	2	2
3 rooms -----	104	42	67	59	80	104	42	24	10	23	25	25
4 rooms -----	583	185	134	219	194	583	185	128	23	112	86	86
5 rooms -----	688	189	107	251	256	687	251	213	41	159	198	198
6 rooms -----	511	154	76	200	139	510	154	139	47	153	300	349
7 rooms -----	207	82	24	87	48	206	82	108	47	69	298	298
8 or more rooms -----	95	29	12	38	34	95	29	74	52	74	235	230
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.1	5.0	4.5	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.5	6.3	5.4	6.3	6.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.3	5.6	6.0	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.3	4.3	5.0	5.9	4.6	6.3	6.3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached -----	1 278	222	294	584	442	1 275	222	494	191	358	259	253
1, attached -----	15	2	11	2	5	15	2	1	—	3	495	495
2 -----	25	2	17	12	20	25	2	1	1	—	132	132
3 or 4 -----	2	2	16	45	32	2	2	—	—	—	155	154
5 to 9 -----	—	—	83	30	176	—	—	—	—	—	134	134
10 to 19 -----	1	—	6	31	68	1	—	—	—	—	1	1
20 to 49 -----	—	—	—	15	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	892	493	1	145	1	892	493	261	28	242	2	1
Other -----	6	2	2	4	6	6	2	4	1	6	18	18
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person -----	418	129	166	217	253	417	129	113	58	139	24	24
2 persons -----	695	275	120	276	275	694	275	267	95	223	160	158
3 persons -----	508	144	62	181	135	507	144	155	20	105	231	228
4 persons -----	370	122	52	125	70	370	122	157	33	89	438	437
5 persons -----	158	40	17	48	34	158	40	47	10	31	239	237
6 or more persons -----	70	13	13	21	13	70	13	22	5	22	104	104
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.49	2.35	1.91	2.29	2.00	2.50	2.35	2.50	2.05	2.24	3.92	3.92
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.46	2.35	1.85	2.40	2.05	2.47	2.35	2.48	2.03	2.24	3.50	3.67
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.65	2.32	1.97	1.96	1.95	2.65	2.32	2.68	2.50	2.23	3.92	3.92
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less -----	2 130	702	413	848	754	2 127	702	745	217	587	1 136	1 128
1.01 to 1.50 -----	71	16	14	16	10	71	16	14	4	16	55	55
1.51 or more -----	18	5	3	4	2	18	5	2	—	6	5	5
Mean -----	.53	.51	.48	.49	.45	.53	.51	.49	.37	.46	.59	.59
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	963	138	172	467	302	962	138	232	116	182	6	6
Less than \$20,000 -----	48	9	38	21	64	48	9	13	17	20	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	207	27	74	144	117	207	27	40	35	44	—	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	336	40	48	213	76	336	40	57	39	48	1	1
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	285	41	10	66	35	285	41	57	15	42	4	4
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	45	10	—	11	5	45	10	29	7	17	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	30	9	2	11	5	29	9	25	1	8	1	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	7	2	—	—	—	7	2	6	1	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	3	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	—	—	1	—	2	—	1	1	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	53 200	56 800	35 500	45 300	34 900	53 200	56 800	61 400	42 300	52 000	65 000	65 000
Mean (dollars) -----	55 300	58 600	35 500	47 700	37 900	55 200	58 600	68 800	46 700	55 800	75 000	75 000
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	514	173	237	270	428	513	173	100	24	60	1 164	1 157
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	212	264	134	268	302	212	264	183	159	188	441	441
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	219	267	152	232	277	219	267	200	142	218	472	472
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	—	50	519	—	—	—	—	—	425	425
No meals included in rent -----	466	151	223	256	401	465	151	79	13	44	465	461
No cash rent -----	48	22	14	12	25	48	22	21	11	16	697	694

Table 10. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990** — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Chatham County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33
Occupied housing units -----	535	569	624	151	569	495	655	875	201	1 523	275	662
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units -----	389	188	227	49	188	219	281	452	119	1 086	117	399
Percent of occupied housing units -----	72.7	33.0	36.4	32.5	33.0	44.2	42.9	51.7	59.2	71.3	42.5	60.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	146	381	397	102	381	276	374	423	82	437	158	263
Percent of occupied housing units -----	27.3	67.0	63.6	67.5	67.0	55.8	57.1	48.3	40.8	28.7	57.5	39.7
ROOMS												
1 room -----	1	10	12	4	10	—	5	13	1	2	4	—
2 rooms -----	7	38	34	17	38	10	22	62	8	21	18	5
3 rooms -----	29	159	131	27	159	34	159	90	12	59	35	42
4 rooms -----	149	181	166	20	181	162	173	339	49	226	80	122
5 rooms -----	116	99	118	35	99	173	171	195	76	188	87	188
6 rooms -----	122	42	92	24	42	41	119	42	34	426	32	195
7 rooms -----	53	23	38	11	23	66	45	53	21	239	9	72
8 or more rooms -----	58	17	33	13	17	109	27	33	—	76	3	45
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.2	3.9	4.3	4.7	3.9	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.9	5.5	4.4	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.6	4.4	5.6	5.9	4.4	7.4	5.7	4.8	5.3	5.7	4.9	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.7	4.0	4.4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached -----	256	377	323	86	377	222	258	155	140	1 196	134	514
2, attached -----	4	15	22	5	15	16	4	5	2	9	5	7
3 or 4 -----	6	47	71	27	47	36	18	31	5	1	23	13
5 to 9 -----	1	23	54	25	23	43	83	32	4	5	16	85
10 to 19 -----	—	74	63	2	74	12	58	28	5	3	6	7
20 to 49 -----	—	22	76	5	22	10	61	40	—	6	7	2
50 or more -----	—	—	10	—	—	30	40	—	—	—	—	30
Mobile home or trailer -----	—	—	—	—	—	124	72	—	—	—	—	—
Other -----	266	3	—	1	3	1	95	580	45	295	58	—
Median -----	2	8	5	1	8	—	3	2	—	8	5	4
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person -----	106	238	293	71	238	211	182	246	68	350	91	212
2 persons -----	178	138	168	40	138	176	282	303	73	604	98	228
3 persons -----	112	94	89	20	94	65	113	184	38	309	44	118
4 persons -----	90	53	44	11	53	30	49	78	13	149	20	69
5 persons -----	34	34	15	5	34	11	21	46	6	63	11	25
6 or more persons -----	15	12	15	4	12	2	8	18	3	48	11	10
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.41	1.84	1.61	1.61	1.84	1.71	2.02	2.13	1.95	2.18	1.97	2.02
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.35	1.81	1.91	1.80	1.81	1.98	2.03	2.08	1.86	2.08	1.90	2.12
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.64	1.86	1.50	1.50	1.86	1.50	2.01	2.19	2.17	2.59	2.05	1.84
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less -----	519	537	604	145	537	494	643	821	194	1 476	255	651
1.01 to 1.50 -----	13	18	11	5	18	1	9	29	6	39	15	9
1.51 or more -----	3	14	9	1	14	—	3	25	1	8	5	2
Median -----	.49	.54	.44	.43	.54	.33	.46	.52	.43	.44	.51	.41
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	148	159	200	40	159	197	211	128	106	907	83	368
Less than \$20,000 -----	15	91	21	4	91	2	4	—	16	8	23	7
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	42	57	90	24	57	4	53	8	73	185	53	146
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	51	9	73	10	9	12	119	62	15	519	6	174
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	29	2	12	1	2	32	28	46	2	180	1	37
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	9	—	4	—	—	37	6	10	—	14	—	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	2	—	—	—	—	53	1	1	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	44 500	18 100	37 700	35 000	18 100	108 700	45 900	58 300	30 200	48 600	25 900	42 500
Mean (dollars) -----	47 700	20 900	38 600	37 300	20 900	127 200	48 400	61 100	30 700	50 000	26 500	43 600
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	140	376	392	102	376	275	374	422	80	429	154	262
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	205	147	171	192	147	337	377	297	204	264	172	214
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	206	158	175	185	158	333	361	301	195	281	169	213
With meals included in rent -----	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	113	—	90	237	—	—	—	—	—	213	—	—
No meals included in rent -----	117	367	379	98	367	275	370	422	76	410	147	256
No cash rent -----	22	9	12	3	9	—	4	—	4	18	7	6



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.										
		Tract 34	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Occupied housing units -----		551	2 169	2 460	2 853	1 238	1 285	1	900	381	492	974
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units -----		147	598	2 109	1 915	930	947	—	615	324	185	2
Percent of occupied housing units -----		26.7	27.6	85.7	67.1	75.1	73.7	—	68.3	85.0	37.6	2
Renter-occupied housing units -----		404	1 571	351	938	308	338	1	285	57	307	972
Percent of occupied housing units -----		73.3	72.4	14.3	32.9	24.9	26.3	100.0	31.7	15.0	62.4	99.8
ROOMS												
1 room -----		5	18	3	10	1	1	—	2	—	9	—
2 rooms -----		38	83	19	49	4	4	—	7	—	52	14
3 rooms -----		100	408	58	165	39	44	—	47	7	53	56
4 rooms -----		181	500	116	510	68	91	—	149	14	149	112
5 rooms -----		129	456	402	566	491	473	1	236	127	73	538
6 rooms -----		72	312	828	578	416	450	—	281	138	58	208
7 rooms -----		13	204	629	393	154	142	—	113	63	52	30
8 or more rooms -----		13	188	405	582	65	80	—	65	32	46	16
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		4.2	4.7	6.3	5.7	5.5	5.6	5.0	5.5	5.8	4.4	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		5.2	6.8	6.4	6.4	5.7	5.7	—	5.8	5.9	6.4	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		3.9	4.1	5.2	4.4	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.5	5.3	3.8	5.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached -----		225	583	2 313	1 907	1 140	1 154	—	775	361	178	62
1, attached -----		13	39	31	28	10	13	—	1	7	2	286
2 -----		16	41	26	15	12	8	—	—	3	11	157
3 or 4 -----		137	231	20	108	31	31	—	8	5	19	201
5 to 9 -----		43	424	21	263	13	26	—	25	2	69	264
10 to 19 -----		30	430	34	170	22	14	—	43	—	26	2
20 to 49 -----		43	114	—	68	—	36	—	9	—	10	—
50 or more -----		—	291	2	83	—	—	—	29	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----		38	1	—	190	2	—	—	2	—	176	—
Other -----		6	15	13	21	8	3	1	8	3	1	2
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person -----		168	718	313	693	198	177	1	164	73	119	39
2 persons -----		200	762	718	1 029	425	404	—	371	158	189	122
3 persons -----		84	354	616	511	295	324	—	186	82	117	191
4 persons -----		71	257	577	409	192	230	—	121	37	42	448
5 persons -----		21	64	175	159	88	106	—	41	18	19	152
6 or more persons -----		7	14	61	52	40	44	—	17	13	6	22
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		2.04	1.98	2.82	2.21	2.49	2.69	1.50	2.27	2.24	2.17	3.80
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		1.99	2.85	2.83	2.34	2.49	2.85	—	2.23	2.18	2.35	4.50
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		2.06	1.73	2.76	1.91	3.03	2.85	1.50	2.37	2.79	2.06	3.80
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less -----		526	2 145	2 441	2 826	1 205	1 256	1	880	371	467	901
1.01 to 1.50 -----		17	16	15	21	26	23	—	15	8	20	51
1.51 or more -----		8	8	4	6	7	6	—	5	2	5	22
Mean -----		.53	.44	.46	.41	.48	.50	.20	.45	.43	.50	.72
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----		123	541	1 966	1 576	869	898	—	569	308	139	1
Less than \$20,000 -----		12	14	14	13	5	12	—	13	3	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----		79	—	62	143	146	145	—	143	67	5	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----		29	18	226	399	554	564	—	281	169	44	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----		3	133	873	304	151	156	—	89	56	70	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----		—	65	445	151	12	16	—	31	12	15	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----		—	222	304	348	—	4	—	11	1	4	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----		—	90	29	127	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----		—	10	8	63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----		—	2	1	18	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----		—	—	4	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----		33 400	114 200	74 400	73 800	48 200	49 400	—	48 100	48 600	63 900	62 500
Mean (dollars) -----		34 000	115 400	81 200	93 900	49 900	50 700	—	51 000	50 400	66 400	62 500
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----		401	1 569	333	999	303	330	1	279	53	303	966
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		268	445	361	340	351	311	—	352	357	325	360
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		263	456	368	331	—	286	—	344	340	330	350
With meals included in rent -----		—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		—	675	—	841	—	—	—	—	—	187	413
No meals included in rent -----		392	1 559	325	884	298	318	—	269	49	297	662
No cash rent -----		9	9	8	35	5	12	1	10	4	5	303

Table 11. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscooke County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				
	Alabama (pt.)	Phenix City (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP		Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02		
Occupied housing units -----	30 385	6 278	3 589	6 278	24 107	945	671	23 162	23 161	152	734	1 461	172	713
TENURE														
Owner-occupied housing units -----	12 824	3 490	1 421	3 490	9 334	177	5	9 157	9 157	42	462	646	143	614
Percent of occupied housing units -----	42.2	55.6	39.6	55.6	38.7	18.7	7	39.5	39.5	27.6	62.9	44.2	83.1	86.1
Renter-occupied housing units -----	17 561	2 788	2 168	2 788	14 773	768	666	14 005	14 004	110	272	815	29	99
Percent of occupied housing units -----	57.8	44.4	60.4	44.4	61.3	81.3	99.3	60.5	60.5	72.4	37.1	55.8	16.9	13.9
ROOMS														
1 room -----	316	33	29	33	283	1	-	282	282	-	1	14	-	1
2 rooms -----	1 259	157	99	157	1 102	12	4	1 090	1 090	6	7	48	1	11
3 rooms -----	3 944	825	565	825	3 119	36	14	3 083	3 083	24	62	243	11	45
4 rooms -----	7 363	1 684	1 056	1 684	5 679	133	57	5 546	5 545	55	209	358	33	141
5 rooms -----	7 258	1 684	958	1 684	5 574	226	161	5 348	5 348	41	170	409	46	168
6 rooms -----	5 473	1 090	543	1 090	4 383	301	248	4 082	4 082	8	168	265	43	171
7 rooms -----	2 882	487	204	487	2 395	184	151	2 211	2 211	11	82	22	22	104
8 or more rooms -----	1 890	318	135	318	1 572	52	36	1 520	1 520	7	47	42	16	66
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.8	4.8	5.7	5.9	4.8	4.8	4.3	5.0	4.7	5.4	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.8	5.4	6.0	5.4	6.0	5.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.5	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	5.8	5.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	5.0	4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached -----	16 590	3 644	1 858	3 644	12 946	226	80	12 720	12 720	51	515	839	133	446
1, attached -----	982	84	56	84	898	254	249	644	644	-	8	37	-	5
2 -----	1 697	335	328	335	1 362	97	92	1 265	1 265	2	37	243	1	1
3 or 4 -----	2 437	191	164	191	2 246	101	98	2 145	2 145	16	10	38	-	-
5 to 9 -----	3 591	852	837	852	2 739	139	138	2 600	2 599	37	53	184	-	-
10 to 19 -----	1 789	193	193	193	1 596	3	3	1 593	1 593	22	14	66	-	-
20 to 49 -----	743	61	54	61	682	-	-	682	682	8	17	30	-	-
50 or more -----	297	-	-	-	297	-	-	297	297	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer -----	1 788	805	51	805	983	108	-	875	875	16	71	1	38	250
Other -----	471	113	50	113	358	17	11	341	341	-	9	23	-	10
PERSONS IN UNIT														
1 person -----	7 079	1 620	968	1 620	5 459	78	29	5 381	5 381	44	142	405	35	137
2 persons -----	7 298	1 532	871	1 532	5 766	109	42	5 657	5 657	45	171	331	51	170
3 persons -----	6 146	1 136	660	1 136	5 010	187	129	4 823	4 823	29	142	270	34	140
4 persons -----	5 226	964	549	964	4 262	241	201	4 020	4 020	18	146	220	30	119
5 persons -----	2 681	531	286	531	2 150	210	175	1 940	1 940	11	68	126	10	78
6 or more persons -----	1 955	495	255	495	1 460	120	95	1 340	1 340	5	65	109	12	69
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.63	2.49	2.45	2.49	2.61	3.91	4.17	2.61	2.61	2.21	2.88	2.48	2.50	2.85
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.72	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.75	3.14	4.25	2.74	2.74	2.63	3.06	2.57	2.49	2.97
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.57	2.35	2.34	2.35	2.61	4.03	4.17	2.52	2.52	2.05	2.65	2.41	2.58	2.19
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less -----	27 695	5 692	3 249	5 692	22 003	868	619	21 135	21 134	147	668	1 307	166	650
1.01 to 1.50 -----	1 813	405	241	405	1 408	60	44	1 348	1 348	5	50	113	4	46
1.51 or more -----	877	181	99	181	696	17	8	679	679	-	16	41	2	17
Mean -----	.58	.58	.60	.58	.58	.66	.68	.58	.58	.53	.60	.60	.52	.57
VALUE														
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	10 615	2 417	1 277	2 417	8 198	93	1	8 105	8 105	32	381	590	102	338
Less than \$20,000 -----	1 215	621	280	621	2 594	18	-	2 576	2 576	10	44	119	16	56
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	3 075	749	406	749	2 326	35	-	2 291	2 291	11	99	191	37	102
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	3 417	690	406	690	2 727	19	-	2 708	2 708	4	143	211	32	105
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	2 017	247	138	247	1 770	14	-	1 756	1 756	-	64	55	13	48
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	571	55	29	55	516	6	1	510	510	-	16	7	2	14
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	241	39	18	39	202	1	-	201	201	1	10	9	1	9
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	53	13	5	13	40	-	-	40	40	-	5	-	-	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	8	1	-	1	7	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more -----	14	2	1	2	12	-	-	12	12	2	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) -----	45 100	35 300	38 000	35 300	47 600	37 500	95 000	47 700	47 700	30 000	46 200	38 400	39 000	41 500
Mean (dollars) -----	48 600	38 500	39 600	38 500	51 600	41 900	95 000	51 700	51 700	57 400	48 400	38 500	42 400	45 000
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	17 164	2 691	1 125	2 691	14 473	739	646	13 733	13 733	108	266	804	28	95
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	195	125	135	125	206	388	418	204	204	308	263	128	230	117
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	211	152	159	152	222	345	417	219	219	282	239	143	215	140
With meals included in rent -----	62	7	6	7	55	1	1	54	54	-	-	1	-	-
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	212	151	161	151	219	463	463	215	215	-	-	113	-	-
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	16 056	2 482	2 035	2 482	13 574	296	219	13 278	13 278	105	258	740	26	73
No meals included in rent -----	1 046	202	101	202	844	442	426	402	402	3	8	63	2	22
No cash rent -----														



Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area																	
Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL						Remainder of Russell County, AL				Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA		Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Muscogee County, GA	
Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)		Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16			
Occupied housing units -----																	
TENURE																	
Owner-occupied housing units -----																	
Percent of occupied housing units -----																	
Renter-occupied housing units -----																	
Percent of occupied housing units -----																	
ROOMS																	
1 room -----																	
2 rooms -----																	
3 rooms -----																	
4 rooms -----																	
5 rooms -----																	
6 rooms -----																	
7 rooms -----																	
8 or more rooms -----																	
Median, occupied housing units -----																	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----																	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----																	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE																	
1, detached -----																	
1, attached -----																	
2 -----																	
3 or 4 -----																	
5 to 9 -----																	
10 to 19 -----																	
20 to 49 -----																	
50 or more -----																	
Mobile home or trailer -----																	
Other -----																	
PERSONS IN UNIT																	
1 person -----																	
2 persons -----																	
3 persons -----																	
4 persons -----																	
5 persons -----																	
6 or more persons -----																	
Median, occupied housing units -----																	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----																	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----																	
PERSONS PER ROOM																	
1.00 or less -----																	
1.01 to 1.50 -----																	
1.51 or more -----																	
Mean -----																	
VALUE																	
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----																	
Less than \$20,000 -----																	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----																	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----																	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----																	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----																	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----																	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----																	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----																	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----																	
\$300,000 or more -----																	
Median (dollars) -----																	
Mean (dollars) -----																	
CONTRACT RENT																	
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----																	
Median contract rent (dollars) -----																	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----																	
With meals included in rent -----																	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----																	
No meals included in rent -----																	
Mean cash rent -----																	

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA													
		Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
Occupied housing units -----		319	468	426	213	660	1 128	1 183	300	639	786	674	1 299	726	774
TENURE															
Owner-occupied housing units -----		111	102	11	47	55	765	721	69	96	54	151	392	256	368
Percent of occupied housing units -----		34.8	21.8	2.6	22.1	8.3	67.8	60.9	23.0	15.0	6.9	22.4	30.2	35.3	47.5
Renter-occupied housing units -----		208	366	415	166	605	363	462	231	543	732	523	907	470	406
Percent of occupied housing units -----		65.2	78.2	97.4	77.9	91.7	32.2	39.1	77.0	85.0	93.1	77.6	69.8	64.7	52.5
ROOMS															
1 room -----		—	3	12	1	20	1	7	2	1	15	11	14	7	12
2 rooms -----		5	11	51	16	56	34	34	9	55	49	55	65	25	95
3 rooms -----		56	197	111	76	144	39	72	34	74	285	116	279	66	94
4 rooms -----		107	154	164	49	240	235	164	106	338	273	225	375	175	183
5 rooms -----		69	49	77	34	95	235	164	75	128	116	157	306	161	109
6 rooms -----		61	35	5	18	86	301	349	54	30	30	82	176	131	110
7 rooms -----		12	15	4	10	10	162	154	12	12	15	15	59	98	114
8 or more rooms -----		9	4	2	9	9	121	75	5	1	8	13	25	63	57
Median, occupied housing units -----		4.4	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.0	5.6	5.5	4.5	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.3	5.1	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		5.4	4.8	5.3	5.3	4.5	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.3	6.4	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		4.1	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.8	4.2	4.0	3.6	4.0	3.9	4.4	3.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1, detached -----		230	333	34	114	169	866	955	97	126	189	266	736	364	299
1, attached -----		3	12	11	13	10	22	37	15	7	22	18	41	9	3
2 -----		16	41	19	31	28	48	119	67	91	25	50	67	11	8
3 or 4 -----		47	24	14	10	123	91	24	37	51	37	107	7	7	49
5 to 9 -----		17	20	91	18	243	34	16	1	144	273	130	196	86	21
10 to 19 -----		—	5	229	22	48	49	5	6	139	78	89	76	15	3
20 to 49 -----		—	27	24	—	26	—	—	27	71	1	—	48	105	3
50 or more -----		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	47	—	38	—	—	58	—
Mobile home or trailer -----		1	4	—	1	—	3	2	—	3	2	3	2	1	373
Other -----		5	2	4	4	13	15	25	3	7	20	11	20	9	3
PERSONS IN UNIT															
1 person -----		96	213	122	73	132	240	294	83	178	307	192	485	152	176
2 persons -----		87	120	91	57	148	339	321	77	164	192	137	368	174	198
3 persons -----		44	62	106	31	145	213	227	62	134	148	146	207	160	155
4 persons -----		43	40	66	22	127	196	150	39	99	73	104	138	127	132
5 persons -----		25	22	31	14	52	80	102	19	36	44	52	51	73	72
6 or more persons -----		24	11	10	16	56	60	89	20	28	22	43	50	40	41
Median, occupied housing units -----		2.23	1.67	2.50	2.09	2.84	2.46	2.43	2.37	2.36	1.95	2.55	1.95	2.73	2.58
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		2.45	1.73	4.00	2.13	1.76	2.45	2.40	2.29	2.12	1.50	2.03	1.79	3.25	2.69
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		2.11	1.66	2.48	2.08	2.94	2.48	2.49	2.40	2.43	1.99	2.71	2.04	2.46	2.48
PERSONS PER ROOM															
1.00 or less -----		293	437	378	189	545	1 059	1 118	275	571	718	583	1 187	671	667
1.01 to 1.50 -----		23	20	28	17	70	49	45	15	43	37	61	70	39	62
1.51 or more -----		3	11	20	7	45	20	20	10	25	31	30	42	16	45
Mean -----		.58	.54	.71	.62	.75	.50	.52	.58	.64	.61	.65	.52	.56	.59
VALUE															
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----		103	90	10	40	46	685	647	65	80	44	136	354	231	238
Less than \$20,000 -----		50	55	7	23	26	19	48	1	10	13	43	121	2	5
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----		38	29	3	11	18	179	390	32	37	15	69	142	31	9
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----		11	5	3	5	2	254	182	25	26	5	18	68	90	47
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----		3	1	—	—	—	137	23	5	5	5	4	19	85	144
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----		—	—	—	1	—	68	4	2	2	1	2	2	19	28
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----		—	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----		—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----		1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----		20 800	15 000	33 300	18 300	17 000	49 100	35 600	39 800	35 000	32 100	26 400	28 900	57 300	67 400
Mean (dollars) -----		26 800	19 600	37 000	24 000	18 600	54 800	36 500	43 100	37 800	38 100	28 300	30 900	58 700	66 400
CONTRACT RENT															
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----		198	348	415	165	601	355	449	227	541	721	513	894	464	404
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		138	116	83	128	112	191	219	242	158	103	124	145	314	236
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		139	119	106	148	112	228	227	242	146	111	133	148	307	249
With meals included in rent -----		—	2	—	—	—	—	3	—	4	2	2	1	1	1
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		—	70	152	—	—	—	217	—	163	152	188	113	313	237
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		188	338	411	162	595	350	427	225	531	717	508	866	459	395
No meals included in rent -----		10	8	2	3	6	5	19	2	6	2	3	27	4	8
No cash rent -----		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Occupied housing units -----		894	415	1 246	1 133	571	272	536	1 149	889	-	859	1 339	1 823	928
TENURE															
Owner-occupied housing units -----		279	156	84	455	56	77	250	786	728	-	521	1 039	1 020	10
Percent of occupied housing units -----		31.2	37.6	6.7	40.2	9.8	28.3	46.6	68.4	81.9	-	60.7	77.6	56.0	1.1
Renter-occupied housing units -----		615	259	1 162	678	515	195	286	363	161	-	338	300	803	918
Percent of occupied housing units -----		68.8	62.4	93.3	59.8	90.2	71.7	53.4	31.6	18.1	-	39.3	22.4	44.0	98.9
ROOMS															
1 room -----		6	1	58	8	9	1	2	1	1	-	5	5	19	-
2 rooms -----		56	27	107	46	48	15	46	7	3	-	13	8	89	17
3 rooms -----		137	34	308	95	21	21	42	10	43	-	82	51	108	104
4 rooms -----		332	96	450	250	219	96	57	97	48	-	124	79	385	120
5 rooms -----		178	113	249	309	124	52	182	348	202	-	215	316	362	495
6 rooms -----		123	86	58	239	55	22	156	355	270	-	212	362	307	159
7 rooms -----		41	42	14	112	15	25	60	161	215	-	125	294	283	27
8 or more rooms -----		21	16	2	74	5	40	30	103	107	-	83	224	270	6
Median, occupied housing units -----		4.2	4.9	3.8	5.0	4.1	4.6	5.4	5.6	6.0	-	5.5	6.1	5.4	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		5.3	5.7	5.1	6.0	5.2	7.5	5.8	5.9	6.2	-	6.0	6.3	6.5	4.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		4.0	4.5	3.8	4.4	4.0	4.2	5.0	4.9	5.5	-	4.4	5.2	4.2	5.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1, detached -----		451	256	221	712	175	91	419	1 001	865	-	651	1 233	1 074	38
1, attached -----		19	2	12	16	11	7	11	12	4	-	6	18	18	244
2 -----		106	5	162	45	21	-	6	6	-	-	4	22	61	138
3 or 4 -----		81	13	308	183	193	9	7	30	2	-	25	37	134	210
5 to 9 -----		54	10	325	78	67	88	10	25	2	-	52	6	164	278
10 to 19 -----		78	10	75	69	61	50	10	8	-	-	51	1	83	8
20 to 49 -----		11	-	97	17	30	16	-	39	-	-	7	-	56	-
50 or more -----		-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer -----		82	125	32	-	10	3	1	2	1	-	2	-	210	12
Other -----		12	4	14	13	3	-	17	26	15	-	17	22	23	-
PERSONS IN UNIT															
1 person -----		275	79	323	271	164	53	51	143	98	-	140	172	342	49
2 persons -----		204	78	308	263	149	86	98	242	178	-	195	319	527	113
3 persons -----		157	92	276	226	111	65	136	263	227	-	195	309	417	224
4 persons -----		129	85	183	183	84	37	122	270	208	-	187	302	307	370
5 persons -----		72	47	97	119	28	18	76	126	104	-	85	129	139	139
6 or more persons -----		57	34	50	71	35	13	53	105	74	-	57	108	94	33
Median, occupied housing units -----		2.34	3.05	2.47	2.64	2.32	2.47	3.38	3.22	3.24	-	2.98	3.08	2.60	3.71
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----		2.73	3.10	2.75	2.81	2.23	3.29	3.42	3.24	3.18	-	3.14	3.00	2.66	4.00
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----		2.20	3.02	2.46	2.53	2.32	2.23	3.34	3.19	3.62	-	2.71	3.32	2.54	3.71
PERSONS PER ROOM															
1.00 or less -----		793	368	1 084	1 041	504	260	489	1 054	830	-	809	1 265	1 697	827
1.01 to 1.50 -----		62	32	96	68	40	10	35	76	42	-	36	53	95	64
1.51 or more -----		39	15	66	24	27	2	12	27	17	-	14	21	31	37
Mean -----		.61	.63	.71	.57	.64	.53	.65	.58	.55	-	.56	.52	.51	.73
VALUE															
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----		241	115	64	407	50	72	226	722	672	-	483	959	885	5
Less than \$20,000 -----		27	2	6	10	8	-	1	14	16	-	8	15	12	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----		156	23	55	138	24	2	38	121	175	-	108	199	157	1
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----		51	61	3	180	12	10	151	396	201	-	222	321	266	2
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----		4	25	-	67	4	11	32	163	224	-	98	296	319	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----		1	2	-	10	1	14	4	22	50	-	38	101	83	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----		2	1	-	1	1	25	-	5	4	-	9	24	41	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----		-	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	6	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----		-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----		-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more -----		-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) -----		31 200	50 500	28 400	45 200	35 000	98 600	47 900	51 300	53 200	-	52 000	55 700	60 400	57 500
Mean (dollars) -----		33 000	52 400	28 900	47 200	41 100	111 500	49 200	52 700	55 500	-	54 200	59 000	61 100	58 000
CONTRACT RENT															
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----		603	250	1 149	658	506	194	283	354	152	-	331	284	795	893
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		190	297	129	220	266	307	365	312	314	-	312	354	355	340
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----		198	292	147	228	262	254	359	290	320	-	352	340	305	-
With meals included in rent -----		-	-	7	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median contract rent (dollars) -----		-	-	56	-	119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No meals included in rent -----		597	247	1 127	649	500	191	280	346	146	-	324	271	789	694
No cash rent -----		6	3	15	9	4	3	3	8	6	-	7	13	6	199

Table 12. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Georgia (pt.)		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Georgia (pt.)		Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>200</b>		<b>170</b>		<b>162</b>	<b>161</b>
<b>TENURE</b>						
Owner-occupied housing units -----	91		75		74	74
Percent of occupied housing units -----	45.5		44.1		45.7	46.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	109		95		88	87
Percent of occupied housing units -----	54.5		55.9		54.3	54.0
<b>ROOMS</b>						
1 room -----	3		3		3	3
2 rooms -----	9		6		6	6
3 rooms -----	24		19		18	18
4 rooms -----	34		29		28	28
5 rooms -----	48		44		42	42
6 rooms -----	42		37		36	36
7 rooms -----	23		18		16	16
8 or more rooms -----	17		14		13	12
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.1		5.1		5.1	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.9		5.9		5.9	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.3		4.4		4.3	4.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>						
1, detached -----	109		94		93	92
1, attached -----	11		11		8	8
2 -----	9		7		6	6
3 or 4 -----	15		13		11	11
5 to 9 -----	13		12		12	12
10 to 19 -----	13		12		11	11
20 to 49 -----	7		6		6	6
50 or more -----	2		2		2	2
Mobile home or trailer -----	18		12		12	12
Other -----	3		1		1	1
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>						
1 person -----	46		36		35	35
2 persons -----	44		40		39	38
3 persons -----	49		42		40	40
4 persons -----	41		35		33	33
5 persons -----	13		11		10	10
6 or more persons -----	7		6		5	5
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.70		2.71		2.67	2.69
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.77		2.68		2.66	2.66
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.64		2.74		2.69	2.71
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>						
1.00 or less -----	186		157		150	149
1.01 to 1.50 -----	10		9		8	8
1.51 or more -----	4		4		4	4
Mean -----	.55		.55		.53	.54
<b>VALUE</b>						
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>77</b>		<b>66</b>		<b>66</b>	<b>66</b>
Less than \$20,000 -----	4		4		4	4
\$20,000 to \$29,999 -----	7		6		6	6
\$30,000 to \$39,999 -----	42		37		37	37
\$40,000 to \$49,999 -----	16		13		13	13
\$50,000 to \$59,999 -----	3		3		3	3
\$60,000 to \$69,999 -----	3		3		2	2
\$70,000 to \$79,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$80,000 to \$89,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$90,000 to \$99,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2		1		1	1
\$300,000 or more -----	2		1		1	1
Median (dollars) -----	50 300		50 000		50 000	50 000
Mean (dollars) -----	55 700		55 300		55 300	55 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>						
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>107</b>		<b>94</b>		<b>87</b>	<b>86</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	300		311		307	309
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	296		306		303	303
With meals included in rent -----	104		91		86	85
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	104		91		86	85
No meals included in rent -----	3		3		1	1
No cash rent -----	3		3		1	1



Table 13. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/INA's in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	
	714	677		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Total	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	
Occupied housing units	714	677		56	53	621	621	621	53	53	
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units	369	349		3	-	346	346	346	-	-	
Percent of occupied housing units	51.7	51.6		5.4	-	55.7	55.7	55.7	-	-	
Renter-occupied housing units	345	328		53	53	275	275	275	53	53	
Percent of occupied housing units	48.3	48.4		94.6	100.0	44.3	44.3	44.3	100.0	100.0	
ROOMS											
1 room	15	15		-	-	15	15	15	-	-	
2 rooms	44	39		6	6	39	39	39	6	6	
3 rooms	98	93		8	8	87	87	87	8	8	
4 rooms	129	122		8	7	114	114	114	7	7	
5 rooms	141	134		14	13	126	126	126	13	13	
6 rooms	125	119		14	13	105	105	105	13	13	
7 rooms	87	83		14	6	69	69	69	6	6	
8 or more rooms	75	72		5.9	5.9	66	66	66	5.9	5.9	
Median, occupied housing units	5.0	5.0		6.0	-	4.9	4.9	4.9	-	-	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.9	5.9		5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.2	4.2		5.9	5.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.9	5.9	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached	399	381		8	6	373	373	373	6	6	
1, attached	45	45		22	22	23	23	23	22	22	
2	30	26		12	12	14	14	14	12	12	
3 or 4	40	38		2	2	36	36	36	2	2	
5 to 9	62	59		10	10	49	49	49	10	10	
10 to 19	42	38		-	-	38	38	38	-	-	
20 to 49	28	28		-	-	28	28	28	-	-	
50 or more	23	23		-	-	23	23	23	-	-	
Mobile home or trailer	34	29		1	-	28	28	28	-	-	
Other	11	10		1	1	9	9	9	1	1	
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	139	128		4	3	124	124	124	3	3	
2 persons	166	158		2	2	156	156	156	2	2	
3 persons	122	117		6	5	111	111	111	5	5	
4 persons	163	158		17	17	141	141	141	17	17	
5 persons	68	64		16	15	48	48	48	15	15	
6 or more persons	56	52		11	11	41	41	41	11	11	
Median, occupied housing units	2.93	2.95		4.44	4.47	2.77	2.77	2.77	4.47	4.47	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.04	3.04		3.00	-	3.04	3.04	3.04	-	-	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.78	2.84		4.47	4.47	2.46	2.46	2.46	4.47	4.47	
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	622	589		42	39	547	547	547	39	39	
1.01 to 1.50	66	65		12	12	53	53	53	12	12	
1.51 or more	26	23		2	2	21	21	21	2	2	
Mean	.80	.81		1.14	1.16	.78	.78	.78	1.16	1.16	
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units	314	301		1	-	300	300	300	-	-	
Less than \$20,000	3	3		-	-	3	3	3	-	-	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	24	24		1	-	23	23	23	-	-	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	111	103		-	-	103	103	103	-	-	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	76	75		-	-	75	75	75	-	-	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	38	37		-	-	37	37	37	-	-	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	30	28		-	-	28	28	28	-	-	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	17	16		-	-	16	16	16	-	-	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	8	8		-	-	8	8	8	-	-	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	5	5		-	-	5	5	5	-	-	
\$300,000 or more	2	2		-	-	2	2	2	-	-	
Median (dollars)	64 500	64 500		27 500	-	64 600	64 600	64 600	-	-	
Mean (dollars)	81 500	81 800		27 500	-	82 000	82 000	82 000	-	-	
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units	338	322		49	49	273	273	273	49	49	
Median contract rent (dollars)	343	347		425	425	341	341	341	425	425	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	342	348		437	437	344	344	344	437	437	
With meals included in rent	3	3		-	-	3	3	3	-	-	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	321	321		-	-	321	321	321	-	-	
No meals included in rent	286	270		12	12	258	258	258	12	12	
No cash rent	49	49		37	37	12	12	12	37	37	

Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
		Total	Fort Benning South COP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA		
Occupied housing units -----	1 968	268	263	1 599	1 598	264	263	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA
<b>TENURE</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	665	6	3	607	607	3	3		
Percent of occupied housing units -----	33.8	2.2	1.1	38.0	38.0	1.1	1.1		
Renter-occupied housing units -----	1 303	262	260	992	991	261	260		
Percent of occupied housing units -----	66.2	97.8	98.9	62.0	62.0	98.9	98.9		
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room -----	30	1	1	29	29	1	1		
2 rooms -----	102	27	26	95	95	26	26		
3 rooms -----	262	52	51	227	227	51	51		
4 rooms -----	381	35	34	303	303	34	34		
5 rooms -----	462	69	69	427	427	69	69		
6 rooms -----	391	70	70	297	296	70	70		
7 rooms -----	214	14	12	138	138	13	12		
8 or more rooms -----	102	58	58	83	83	58	58		
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.9	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.5		
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8		
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5		
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached -----	861	38	35	762	761	36	35		
1, attached -----	254	136	136	117	117	136	136		
2 -----	98	29	29	67	67	29	29		
3 or 4 -----	226	34	34	192	192	34	34		
5 to 9 -----	232	29	29	193	193	29	29		
10 to 19 -----	80	79	79	79	79	79	79		
20 to 49 -----	52	49	49	49	49	49	49		
50 or more -----	24	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Mobile home or trailer -----	115	2	2	91	91	2	2		
Other -----	24	23	23	23	23	23	23		
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person -----	267	4	3	242	242	3	3		
2 persons -----	441	14	11	400	400	12	11		
3 persons -----	401	37	36	342	342	36	36		
4 persons -----	494	98	98	372	372	98	98		
5 persons -----	241	83	83	158	158	83	83		
6 or more persons -----	117	32	32	84	84	32	32		
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.19	4.31	4.33	2.96	2.96	4.33	4.33		
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.89	3.00	4.25	2.93	2.93	4.25	4.25		
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.37	4.32	4.33	2.98	2.98	4.33	4.33		
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less -----	1 707	207	202	1 403	1 402	203	202		
1.01 to 1.50 -----	171	49	49	122	122	49	49		
1.51 or more -----	87	12	12	74	74	12	12		
Mean -----	.67	.80	.80	.63	.63	.80	.80		
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	563	5	3	519	519	3	3		
Less than \$20,000 -----	8	2	1	66	66	1	1		
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	219	1	1	204	204	1	1		
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	155	1	1	148	148	1	1		
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	45	44	44	44	44	44	44		
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	42	40	40	40	40	40	40		
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	8	6	6	6	6	6	6		
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
\$250,000 or more -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Median (dollars) -----	56 500	42 500	67 500	57 800	57 800	67 500	67 500		
Mean (dollars) -----	64 400	57 500	69 200	65 300	65 300	69 200	69 200		
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	1 281	253	251	979	978	252	251		
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	355	435	435	346	346	435	435		
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	342	457	457	331	331	457	457		
With meals included in rent -----	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	288	119	117	288	288	117	117		
No meals included in rent -----	1 063	134	134	896	895	134	134		
No cash rent -----	216	215	215	81	81	215	215		



Table 15. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Georgia (pt.)		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscooke County, GA		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscooke County, GA	
					Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscooke County, GA	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA
<b>TENURE</b>														
Owner-occupied housing units	53 214	42 139	1 619	1 081	40 520	40 299	25 358	25 225	1 088	1 081	891	891	891	891
Percent of occupied housing units	33 568	25 753	395	8	62.6	62.6	62.6	62.6	9	8	1	1	1	1
Renter-occupied housing units	19 646	16 386	24.4	7	15 162	15 074	15 162	15 074	1 073	1 073	890	890	890	890
Percent of occupied housing units	36.9	38.9	75.6	99.3	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	99.2	99.3	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
<b>ROOMS</b>														
1 room	381	356	1	2	355	355	355	355	2	2	12	12	12	12
2 rooms	1 024	840	9	17	831	828	831	828	17	17	41	41	41	41
3 rooms	3 806	3 035	45	68	2 990	2 980	2 990	2 980	68	68	98	98	98	98
4 rooms	8 421	6 120	216	183	5 904	5 809	5 904	5 809	183	183	503	503	503	503
5 rooms	12 779	9 713	298	318	9 415	9 362	9 415	9 362	318	318	195	195	195	195
6 rooms	12 524	9 713	324	269	9 477	9 427	9 477	9 427	271	269	26	26	26	26
7 rooms	7 392	6 146	324	224	5 822	5 820	5 822	5 820	224	224	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
8 or more rooms	6 877	6 011	285	6.4	5 726	5 718	5 726	5 718	6.4	6.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.5	5.6	6.0	6.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.4	6.4	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.4	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.4	4.5	6.2	6.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	6.4	6.4	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>														
1, detached	36 497	29 161	494	235	28 667	28 473	28 667	28 473	240	235	53	53	53	53
1, attached	1 437	1 332	443	439	889	885	889	885	439	439	251	251	251	251
2	1 667	1 485	122	116	1 363	1 340	1 363	1 340	116	116	152	152	152	152
3 or 4	2 464	2 072	144	142	1 928	1 928	1 928	1 928	142	142	186	186	186	186
5 to 9	2 617	2 201	129	129	2 072	2 072	2 072	2 072	129	129	245	245	245	245
10 to 19	1 949	1 745	1	1	1 744	1 744	1 744	1 744	1	1	2	2	2	2
20 to 49	971	900	1	1	900	900	900	900	1	1	1	1	1	1
50 or more	1 141	1 141	1	1	1 141	1 141	1 141	1 141	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mobile home or trailer	4 091	1 792	266	18	1 526	1 526	1 526	1 526	18	18	2	2	2	2
Other	381	310	20	18	290	290	290	290	18	18	2	2	2	2
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>														
1 person	13 134	10 504	129	24	10 375	10 317	10 375	10 317	24	24	38	38	38	38
2 persons	18 235	14 406	330	153	14 076	14 005	14 076	14 005	154	153	114	114	114	114
3 persons	9 978	7 890	329	215	7 561	7 528	7 561	7 528	215	215	175	175	175	175
4 persons	7 858	6 198	478	387	5 720	5 683	5 720	5 683	388	387	409	409	409	409
5 persons	2 827	2 270	245	209	2 025	2 005	2 025	2 005	211	209	138	138	138	138
6 or more persons	1 136	871	108	93	763	751	763	751	93	93	17	17	17	17
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.24	2.23	3.54	3.88	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	3.88	3.88	3.79	3.79	3.79	3.79
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.29	2.28	2.39	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	3.40	3.40	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.13	2.13	3.79	3.89	2.03	2.03	2.03	2.03	3.89	3.89	3.79	3.79	3.79	3.79
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>														
1.00 or less	52 165	41 379	1 563	1 041	39 816	39 612	39 816	39 612	1 048	1 041	838	838	838	838
1.01 to 1.50	805	575	50	37	525	510	525	510	37	37	37	37	37	37
1.51 or more	241	185	6	3	179	177	179	177	3	3	16	16	16	16
Mean	.41	.43	.55	.58	.43	.43	.43	.43	.57	.58	.71	.71	.71	.71
<b>VALUE</b>														
Specified owner-occupied housing units	27 908	22 611	151	5	22 460	22 338	22 460	22 338	5	5	1	1	1	1
Less than \$20,000	951	569	15	15	554	520	554	520	15	15	1	1	1	1
\$20,000 to \$39,999	4 287	3 030	41	1	2 989	2 911	2 989	2 911	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$40,000 to \$59,999	8 397	6 707	51	1	6 656	6 647	6 656	6 647	3	3	1	1	1	1
\$60,000 to \$79,999	6 340	5 159	32	3	5 127	5 126	5 127	5 126	3	3	1	1	1	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999	3 425	2 970	9	1	2 961	2 961	2 961	2 961	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2 786	2 514	3	1	2 511	2 511	2 511	2 511	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999	912	870	3	1	870	870	870	870	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999	365	356	1	1	356	356	356	356	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999	167	159	1	1	159	159	159	159	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$300,000 or more	278	277	1	1	277	277	277	277	1	1	1	1	1	1
Median (dollars)	60 900	63 400	45 800	63 800	63 600	63 600	63 600	63 600	63 800	63 800	62 500	62 500	62 500	62 500
Mean (dollars)	73 600	77 900	48 700	76 500	78 100	78 400	78 100	78 400	76 500	76 500	62 500	62 500	62 500	62 500
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>														
Specified renter-occupied housing units	19 298	16 153	1 198	1 053	14 955	14 869	14 955	14 869	1 059	1 053	885	885	885	885
Median contract rent (dollars)	310	324	417	440	321	322	321	322	441	440	360	360	360	360
Mean contract rent (dollars)	311	325	413	470	322	322	322	322	472	470	353	353	353	353
With meals included in rent	230	223	3	2	220	220	220	220	2	2	1	1	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars)	328	328	321	425	328	328	328	328	425	425	413	413	413	413
No meals included in rent	17 430	14 564	530	411	14 034	13 951	14 034	13 951	411	411	607	607	607	607
No cash rent	1 638	1 366	665	640	701	698	701	698	643	640	277	277	277	277

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Alabama (pt.)	Phenix City city (pt.)		Georgia (pt.)	Fort Benning South CDP		Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308
			Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	South CDP						
ANCESTRY	243 072	46 860	46 860	24 642	196 212	16 934	14 617	179 278	178 701	6 321	1 701	4 540	4 305
	206 131	38 665	38 665	19 955	167 466	15 215	13 123	152 251	151 897	4 950	1 437	3 419	3 873
	169 077	33 475	33 475	17 152	135 602	11 908	10 249	123 694	123 422	3 874	1 175	2 868	3 840
	37 054	5 190	5 190	2 803	31 864	3 307	2 874	28 557	28 475	1 076	262	551	33
	36 941	8 195	8 195	4 687	28 746	1 719	1 494	27 027	26 804	1 371	264	1 121	432
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS													
486 144	93 720	93 720	49 284	392 424	33 868	29 234	358 556	357 402	12 642	3 402	9 080	8 610	
247	42	42	34	205	9	9	196	196	34	—	—	—	—
273	—	—	—	273	72	65	201	201	—	—	—	—	—
179	30	30	—	149	10	8	139	139	—	—	—	—	—
251	48	48	26	203	24	22	179	179	26	—	—	—	—
195	—	—	—	195	7	7	188	188	—	—	—	—	—
340	23	23	6	317	71	71	246	246	6	—	—	—	—
3 164	512	512	258	2 652	148	117	2 504	2 504	129	—	46	—	—
23 278	3 635	3 635	1 520	19 643	1 275	1 091	18 368	18 368	872	135	168	—	—
164	—	—	—	164	8	8	156	156	—	—	—	—	—
5 187	848	848	416	4 339	396	379	3 943	3 943	228	44	15	—	—
936	144	144	37	792	145	138	647	647	39	6	—	—	12
26 938	3 177	3 177	1 636	23 761	3 256	2 932	20 505	20 477	628	214	344	—	11
235	29	29	29	206	—	—	206	206	—	—	29	—	—
410	25	25	8	385	43	31	342	342	—	—	—	—	—
30 109	5 928	5 928	3 344	24 181	2 044	1 686	22 137	22 137	1 429	421	677	—	23
4 078	480	480	267	3 598	632	615	2 966	2 966	43	36	43	—	13
234	17	17	—	217	15	15	202	202	—	—	—	—	—
39	39	39	20	615	147	135	468	468	7	—	—	—	—
2 092	138	138	89	1 954	248	242	1 706	1 706	31	—	21	—	—
236	30	30	—	206	49	49	157	157	—	—	—	—	—
37	—	—	—	37	—	—	37	37	—	—	—	—	—
497	50	50	40	447	83	80	364	364	8	—	—	27	—
5 938	937	937	626	5 001	296	229	4 705	4 705	274	75	133	—	12
4 106	402	402	231	3 704	340	323	3 364	3 364	77	—	27	—	11
277	40	40	40	237	42	42	195	195	35	—	—	—	—
813	61	61	50	752	42	38	710	710	—	—	—	—	15
1 010	59	59	36	951	134	127	817	817	9	—	—	16	—
270	25	25	—	245	25	25	220	220	—	—	—	—	—
132	—	—	—	132	46	46	86	86	—	—	—	—	—
28 408	9 034	9 034	3 674	19 374	808	396	18 566	18 416	1 059	277	525	—	137
847	46	46	5	801	73	59	728	728	—	5	5	—	—
388	37	37	31	351	141	141	210	210	—	—	—	—	31
107	34	34	—	73	19	17	54	54	—	34	—	—	—
341 107	67 384	67 384	36 578	273 723	22 798	19 679	250 925	250 925	7 590	2 052	6 991	—	8 345
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS													
63	—	—	—	63	—	—	53	53	—	—	—	—	—
931	33	33	—	898	10	10	788	788	—	—	—	—	—
7	—	—	—	7	—	—	7	7	—	—	—	—	—
90	—	—	—	90	13	13	77	77	—	—	—	—	—
110	—	—	—	110	—	—	110	110	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	10	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
617	33	33	—	584	61	61	523	523	—	—	—	—	—
97	—	—	—	97	26	26	71	71	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
378	50	50	26	328	147	147	181	181	26	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45	—	—	—	45	—	—	45	45	—	—	—	—	—
39	—	—	—	39	28	28	11	11	—	—	—	—	—
102	50	50	26	52	12	12	40	40	26	—	—	—	—
21	—	—	—	21	—	—	21	21	—	—	—	—	—
27	—	—	—	27	—	—	27	27	—	—	—	—	—
144	—	—	—	144	107	107	37	37	—	—	—	—	—



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8VA's in Russell County, AL—Con.					Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL							Remainder of Russell County, AL	
	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)
<b>ANCESTRY</b>														
All persons	6 708	4 314	1 229	1 952	3 263	5 304	830	4 235	3 524	4 305	—	—	1 017	871
Ancestry specified	5 648	3 755	928	1 519	2 733	4 070	697	3 163	2 972	3 873	—	—	880	740
Single ancestry	4 710	3 297	869	1 370	2 013	3 122	557	2 612	2 769	3 840	—	—	752	618
Multiple ancestry	938	458	59	149	720	948	140	551	203	33	—	—	128	122
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	1 060	559	301	433	530	1 234	133	1 072	552	432	—	—	137	131
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>														
Total ancestries reported	13 416	8 628	2 458	3 904	6 526	10 608	1 660	8 470	7 048	8 610	—	—	2 034	1 742
Arab	—	—	—	—	—	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian	30	11	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Donish	17	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dutch	130	15	—	—	78	101	—	46	25	—	—	—	—	—
English	596	388	—	69	361	759	37	152	142	—	—	—	28	98
Finnish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	113	—
French (except Basque)	149	111	19	25	89	221	4	15	43	—	—	—	7	40
French Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
German	10	30	—	—	8	5	6	—	6	12	—	—	34	—
Greek	574	351	47	83	339	499	169	331	157	11	—	—	129	45
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
Irish	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Italian	1 175	412	102	102	659	1 220	216	670	352	23	—	—	209	205
Lithuanian	123	8	10	—	85	43	16	43	57	13	—	—	—	20
Latvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	9	—	—	—	13	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Polish	19	8	—	6	34	22	—	21	6	—	—	—	—	—
Portuguese	10	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	10	—	—	—	5	8	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scottish-Irish	95	25	—	37	140	258	27	133	19	12	—	—	16	48
Scottish	55	38	10	10	53	77	—	27	43	11	—	—	—	—
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	13	10	9	—	16	12	15	—	—	—	—
Swedish	17	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Swiss	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	2 632	827	122	473	998	835	53	497	559	137	—	—	224	224
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	5
Yugoslavian	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	7 664	6 338	2 148	3 037	3 641	6 325	1 049	6 452	5 581	8 345	—	—	1 265	1 003
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	24	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	24	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area															
Remainder of Russell County, AL—Can.															
Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chatahoochee County, GA			Fort Benning South CDP, Chatahoochee County, GA		Remainder of Chatahoochee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	
305	—	6 708	4 314	2 979	2 550	3 474	14 651	14 617	2 283	34	3 470	577			
256	—	5 648	3 755	2 500	2 130	2 801	13 143	13 123	2 072	20	2 735	354			
256	—	4 710	3 297	2 172	2 058	2 460	10 262	10 249	1 646	13	2 537	272			
—	—	938	458	328	72	341	2 881	2 874	426	7	198	82			
49	—	1 060	559	479	420	673	1 508	1 494	211	14	735	223			
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported															
610	—	13 416	8 628	5 958	5 100	6 948	29 302	29 234	4 566	68	6 940	1 154			
—	—	—	—	—	—	8	9	65	7	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	65	65	7	—	—	—			
—	—	30	—	—	—	—	8	8	2	—	—	—			
—	—	11	11	—	—	—	22	22	2	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	7	—	—	—	—			
—	—	17	—	—	—	—	71	71	—	—	—	—			
—	—	130	15	45	7	29	117	117	31	—	—	15			
16	—	596	388	346	142	416	1 091	1 091	184	66	66	41			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	—	—	—	—			
—	—	149	111	87	8	30	379	379	17	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	10	30	33	45	172	138	138	7	—	—	13			
13	—	574	351	212	45	—	2 952	2 932	304	20	134	28			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	9	8	—	—	—	31	31	12	—	—	—			
7	—	1 175	412	313	66	197	1 686	1 686	358	—	—	106			
—	—	123	8	18	5	39	615	615	17	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	10	—	7	15	15	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	4	6	—	135	135	12	—	—	—			
—	—	9	8	7	2	4	242	242	6	—	—	—			
—	—	10	11	9	—	—	49	49	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	10	—	—	—	—	80	80	3	—	—	—			
—	—	95	25	13	32	82	229	229	67	—	—	13			
—	—	55	38	17	12	49	323	323	17	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42	42	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	11	—	38	38	4	—	—	—			
—	—	—	6	—	—	—	127	127	7	—	—	—			
—	—	17	—	—	—	—	25	25	—	—	—	—			
—	—	11	—	14	—	—	46	46	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	396	396	412	—	—	150			
28	—	2 632	827	864	203	358	59	59	14	—	—	—			
—	—	—	18	7	1	—	141	141	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	5	—	—	—	17	17	2	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19 727	19 679	3 071	48	5 925	787			
539	—	7 664	6 338	3 934	4 560	5 503	—	—	—	—	—	—			
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	33	110	110	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	13	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61	61	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	33	26	26	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	147	147	—	—	—	—			
—	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	28	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	12	—	—	—	—			
—	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	107	107	—	—	—	—			



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15
ANCESTRY	All persons	342	2 594	1 073	3 180	1 753	1 072	2 323	2 852	3 970	2 740	3 435	1 165	2 451	1 159
	Ancestry specified	292	2 240	872	2 591	1 228	864	1 641	2 531	3 349	2 629	3 035	1 006	1 940	724
	Single ancestry	250	1 517	849	1 857	893	629	1 284	1 904	2 303	1 900	1 998	977	1 775	652
	Multiple ancestry	42	723	23	734	335	235	357	627	1 046	729	1 037	29	165	72
	Ancestry unclassified or not reported	50	354	201	589	525	208	682	321	621	111	400	159	511	435
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported		684	5 188	2 146	6 360	3 506	2 144	4 646	5 704	7 940	5 480	6 870	2 330	4 902	2 318
Arab		—	6	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austrian		—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Belgian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian		—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Czech		—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Danish		—	—	—	37	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	13	—
Dutch		6	68	19	126	95	30	26	48	68	34	83	—	20	12
English		78	513	20	359	81	234	289	555	881	990	808	5	122	43
Finnish		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	5	—
French (except Basque)		6	81	—	119	63	13	6	62	119	105	177	16	11	4
French Canadian		—	—	8	—	—	—	—	7	38	38	—	6	6	—
German		27	375	5	499	95	126	161	438	712	518	621	59	131	60
Greek		—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	6	—	—	7	—
Hungarian		—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Irish		75	734	36	770	361	199	420	664	688	405	682	34	242	55
Italian		15	38	25	27	26	39	51	92	122	11	34	30	40	—
Lithuanian		—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Norwegian		—	—	—	7	—	—	6	6	7	21	38	—	—	—
Polish		—	36	—	—	—	—	6	7	29	—	—	—	—	—
Portuguese		—	—	—	—	—	10	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
Russian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	46	18	6	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish		7	146	—	154	30	6	107	169	208	325	246	28	71	25
Scottish		6	113	—	127	16	7	50	131	110	218	202	—	20	—
Slovak		—	—	—	20	—	—	8	6	—	5	13	—	—	—
Subsaharan African		—	14	23	—	—	18	—	7	—	—	—	7	—	—
Swedish		—	11	—	—	13	—	—	30	18	5	—	—	—	—
Swiss		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	9	24	—	—	—
Ukrainian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	7	—	—	—
United States or American		74	490	166	621	461	216	335	289	595	373	342	36	438	78
Welsh		—	13	—	56	—	8	9	12	80	—	43	7	—	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	16
Yugoslavian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries		390	2 494	1 844	3 345	2 252	1 232	3 105	3 110	4 003	2 359	3 376	2 102	3 751	2 020
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	4	—	—	—
Argentinean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
ANCESTRY	All persons	3 470	1 533	1 182	3 284	2 368	3 651	1 774	1 806	2 768	687	2 010	3 070	3 691	4 424
	Ancestry specified	2 735	1 194	1 012	2 811	2 046	3 042	1 452	1 504	2 079	601	1 617	2 643	3 116	4 015
	Single ancestry	2 537	1 015	678	2 747	1 426	2 897	1 188	1 465	2 040	505	1 530	2 643	2 758	3 513
	Multiple ancestry	198	179	334	64	620	145	264	39	39	96	87	—	358	502
	Ancestry unclassified or not reported	735	339	170	473	322	609	322	302	689	86	393	427	575	409
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	Total ancestries reported	6 940	3 066	2 364	6 568	4 736	7 302	3 548	3 612	5 536	1 374	4 020	6 140	7 382	8 848
	Arab	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Belgian	—	—	—	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	8	—	—	27	—
	Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Dutch	66	39	16	—	45	—	14	13	8	15	17	—	33	30
	English	47	123	286	16	357	57	276	27	22	72	18	—	223	116
	Finnish	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7
	French (except Basque)	11	33	40	—	92	26	69	—	—	—	9	—	71	142
	French Canadian	13	5	9	—	7	7	—	—	8	—	—	—	11	—
	German	134	143	152	40	327	37	166	40	24	93	62	—	295	471
	Greek	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
	Hungarian	—	—	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Irish	207	138	294	18	579	78	142	52	33	77	54	9	276	483
	Italian	14	18	27	—	12	10	20	—	31	—	7	—	47	43
	Lithuanian	—	—	12	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Norwegian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Polish	—	—	6	5	106	—	35	—	—	10	—	—	9	37
	Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	57
	Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Russian	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Scotch-Irish	—	22	89	—	85	—	53	—	31	16	18	—	54	30
	Scottish	8	24	38	—	57	—	49	20	—	13	—	—	40	25
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
	Subsaharan African	—	—	—	6	—	8	—	—	53	—	—	5	9	8
	Swedish	7	—	13	6	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	29
	Swiss	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	United States or American	461	299	176	71	413	192	167	62	122	—	207	115	359	551
	Welsh	—	—	—	—	21	—	28	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
	West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	20	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Other ancestries	5 925	2 217	1 151	6 406	2 508	6 872	2 494	3 386	5 204	1 001	3 619	6 011	5 823	6 761
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	8	—	—	—	23	—
	Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
	Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	8	—	—	4	23	—
	Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02
ANCESTRY	All persons	2 856	5 459	4 016	4 944	2 987	1 222	4 768	5 240	2 679	7 685	1 666	4 532	6 508	2 814
	Ancestry specified	2 321	4 883	3 491	4 446	2 638	1 104	3 928	4 807	2 398	6 804	1 490	4 103	4 923	1 974
	Single ancestry	2 267	3 501	3 381	4 002	2 246	810	2 781	3 507	1 682	4 794	1 011	2 921	3 315	1 205
	Multiple ancestry	54	1 382	110	444	392	294	1 147	1 300	716	2 010	479	1 182	1 608	769
	Ancestry unclassified or not reported	535	576	525	498	349	118	840	433	281	881	176	429	1 585	840
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	Total ancestries reported	5 712	10 918	8 032	9 888	5 974	2 444	9 536	10 480	5 358	15 370	3 332	9 064	13 016	5 628
	Arab	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	43	7	—	24	—	24	—
	Austrian	—	9	10	—	—	6	20	39	5	—	—	4	11	4
	Belgian	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	15	—	12	—	—
	Canadian	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	32	15	—	13	16	—
	Czech	—	—	—	7	5	8	14	23	9	18	7	—	17	—
	Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Dutch	—	116	—	40	—	—	66	85	133	173	58	81	134	65
	English	24	456	79	194	78	294	792	958	677	1 451	572	1 043	1 065	451
	Finnish	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	—	—	10	—
	French (except Basque)	8	147	9	53	6	31	214	142	82	288	91	177	234	198
	French Canadian	—	14	—	27	—	—	11	40	26	31	—	32	—	—
	German	81	1 351	121	454	353	112	522	1 135	26	1 342	264	831	865	416
	Greek	—	—	—	5	—	—	7	19	9	9	14	5	—	—
	Hungarian	—	57	—	14	—	—	6	19	—	41	7	26	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Irish	56	887	120	437	181	135	1 062	772	642	1 647	247	926	1 287	665
	Italian	9	68	6	79	78	28	126	162	91	214	17	167	211	83
	Lithuanian	—	12	—	20	6	—	5	30	—	—	—	24	—	—
	Lithuanian	14	14	—	—	—	—	13	37	16	33	14	—	49	4
	Norwegian	8	108	—	25	29	13	53	52	64	234	22	117	104	66
	Polish	—	13	—	6	—	7	—	19	—	16	—	5	—	—
	Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Russian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Scotch-Irish	18	135	7	27	28	65	223	271	77	257	154	281	345	90
	Scottish	8	53	—	44	29	54	205	158	85	219	80	152	166	56
	Slovak	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	13	6	—	—	—	39	—
	Subsaharan African	136	—	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
	Swedish	—	46	5	8	19	—	27	23	6	76	8	62	71	4
	Swiss	7	—	—	—	—	44	17	—	—	7	21	19	26	14
	Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	29	—	—
	United States or American	284	470	164	287	212	120	875	858	328	1 125	101	504	927	255
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	61	9	—	4	—	56	76	8	—	16	9	34	11	
Welsh	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other ancestries	5 053	6 806	7 490	8 099	4 847	1 520	5 060	5 373	2 575	8 039	1 581	4 405	7 202	3 191	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS	Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Central American	—	7	—	—	71	—	—	—	—	29	—	—	9	—
	Costa Rican	—	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
	Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
	Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Panamanian	—	87	—	—	71	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—
	Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	South American	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	41	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Peruvian	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Other South American	—	—	—	—	31	—	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area														Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.										Remainder of Muscogee County, GA					
														Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)			
ANCESTRY																													
All persons														8 008	5 482	7 772	3 205	1 209	5 065	5 384	6 473	12 012	888	—	—	577			
Ancestry specified														6 919	4 538	6 297	3 008	897	4 189	4 770	5 835	10 519	806	—	—	354			
Single ancestry														4 972	3 779	5 294	2 937	828	3 588	4 555	5 299	8 405	612	—	—	272			
Multiple ancestry														1 947	759	1 003	71	69	601	215	536	2 114	194	—	—	82			
Ancestry unclassified or not reported														1 089	944	1 475	197	312	876	614	638	1 493	82	—	—	223			
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS																													
Total ancestries reported														16 016	10 964	15 544	6 410	2 418	10 130	10 768	12 946	24 024	1 776	—	—	1 154			
Arab														15	6	—	—	—	—	8	—	14	—	—	—	—			
Austrian														7	—	35	—	—	6	7	—	44	—	—	—	—			
Belgian														7	—	38	—	—	—	—	12	6	—	—	—	—			
Canadian														51	—	24	—	—	13	—	19	7	—	—	—	—			
Czech														25	7	—	—	—	—	—	5	6	—	—	—	—			
Danish														8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Dutch														90	97	8	—	—	—	25	—	18	—	—	—	—			
English														1 271	431	343	34	8	75	25	26	141	24	—	—	15			
Finnish														8	—	—	16	78	237	117	248	729	105	—	—	41			
French (except Basque)														233	95	218	—	14	79	28	8	18	6	—	—	—			
French Canadian														24	40	30	—	—	—	—	—	291	11	—	—	—			
German														1 342	803	740	70	32	71	17	23	88	5	—	—	5			
Greek														—	—	34	—	—	551	227	315	2 103	189	—	—	28			
Hungarian														33	—	31	—	—	5	8	—	26	—	—	—	—			
Irish														1 414	603	719	12	99	489	126	19	46	6	—	—	—			
Italian														192	61	68	27	7	25	11	267	1 319	114	—	—	106			
Lithuanian														53	6	—	—	—	—	—	37	408	12	—	—	—			
Norwegian														49	11	28	5	—	12	—	—	20	—	—	—	—			
Polish														57	66	31	25	—	24	4	23	185	7	—	—	—			
Portuguese														13	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—			
Romanian														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	7	—	—	—	—			
Russian														83	5	19	—	6	11	—	7	38	—	—	—	—			
Scotch-Irish														412	69	149	—	15	42	14	7	50	26	—	—	13			
Scottish														354	69	110	14	—	57	57	18	102	—	—	—	—			
Slovak														13	6	24	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	—			
Subsaharan African														47	—	69	188	8	—	34	—	18	—	—	—	—			
Swedish														81	8	52	—	8	40	5	11	79	25	—	—	—			
Swiss														8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—			
Ukrainian														7	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—			
United States or American														1 200	510	541	69	116	398	373	244	639	107	—	—	150			
Welsh														43	13	—	—	—	21	8	22	40	—	—	—	—			
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)														—	—	—	—	—	6	16	13	108	—	—	—	—			
Yugoslavian														—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Other ancestries														8 665	7 992	12 157	5 944	2 027	7 925	9 658	11 569	17 060	1 139	—	—	787			
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS																													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	—	—			
Central American														—	96	74	—	—	10	—	114	231	—	—	—	—			
Costa Rican														—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Guatemalan														—	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	—			
Honduran														—	—	57	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—			
Nicaraguan														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Panamanian														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Salvadoran														—	11	17	—	—	13	—	114	146	—	—	—	—			
Central American, origin not specified														—	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	—	—			
South American														—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	82	—	—	—	—			
Argentinean														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Chilean														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Colombian														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	—			
Ecuadorian														—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	5	—	—	—	—			
Peruvian														—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	34	—	—	—	—			
Venezuelan														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—			
Other South American														—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgio (pt.)	Chotthoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alabomo (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)	Total		Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	243 072	46 860	46 860	24 642	196 212	16 934	14 617	179 278	178 701
Native	235 290	46 320	46 320	24 399	188 970	15 793	13 543	173 177	172 602
Foreign born	7 782	540	540	243	7 242	1 141	1 074	6 101	6 099
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	644	51	51	25	593	58	57	535	535
Persons 5 years and over	223 451	43 348	43 348	22 769	180 103	15 582	13 442	164 521	163 997
In linguistically isolated households	1 423	88	88	34	1 335	203	200	1 132	1 132
Speak a language other than English	15 100	1 474	1 474	772	13 626	2 268	2 181	11 358	11 340
Do not speak English "very well"	4 972	488	488	236	4 484	716	695	3 768	3 762
Speak Spanish	6 872	781	781	382	6 091	1 366	1 347	4 725	4 723
Do not speak English "very well"	2 314	297	297	134	2 017	446	437	1 571	1 571
Linguistically isolated	443	24	24	15	419	115	114	304	304
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	2 341	103	103	20	2 238	345	338	1 893	1 892
Do not speak English "very well"	1 152	32	32	14	1 120	144	139	976	975
Linguistically isolated	445	-	-	-	445	23	23	422	422
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	60 261	10 951	10 951	5 861	49 310	4 671	4 126	44 639	44 537
Preprimary school	4 139	566	566	379	3 573	417	396	3 156	3 144
Public school	2 830	388	388	260	2 442	296	276	2 146	2 134
Elementary or high school	42 072	8 515	8 515	4 467	33 557	2 870	2 415	30 687	30 624
Public school	38 913	7 860	7 860	4 111	31 053	2 686	2 253	28 367	28 304
College	14 050	1 870	1 870	1 015	12 180	1 384	1 315	10 796	10 769
Public college	12 166	1 633	1 633	881	10 533	1 236	1 172	9 297	9 276
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	145 499	29 672	29 672	15 753	115 827	6 873	5 503	108 954	108 594
Less than 9th grade	18 259	5 708	5 708	3 011	12 551	279	49	12 272	12 125
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	26 311	7 042	7 042	3 594	19 269	514	160	18 755	18 663
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	43 895	9 153	9 153	4 572	34 742	2 214	1 801	32 528	32 440
Some college, no degree	27 039	4 173	4 173	2 359	22 866	1 861	1 616	21 005	20 977
Associate degree	8 075	1 159	1 159	623	6 916	616	564	6 300	6 296
Bachelor's degree	14 117	1 721	1 721	1 069	12 396	991	945	11 405	11 404
Graduate or professional degree	7 803	716	716	525	7 087	398	368	6 689	6 689
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.4	57.0	57.0	58.1	72.5	88.5	96.2	71.5	71.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.1	8.2	8.2	10.1	16.8	20.2	23.9	16.6	16.7
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	486	424	424	383	500	394	383	508	507
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 528	1 660	1 660	1 707	1 499	2 023	2 049	1 453	1 453
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 040	2 083	2 083	1 943	2 029	2 578	2 497	1 995	1 994
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	223 451	43 348	43 348	22 769	180 103	15 582	13 442	164 521	163 997
Same house	102 244	25 057	25 057	13 107	77 187	2 073	880	75 114	74 871
Different house in United States	111 238	17 962	17 962	9 466	93 276	10 716	9 839	82 560	82 288
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	49 359	2 528	2 528	1 117	46 831	485	294	46 346	46 144
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	14 163	10 395	10 395	6 005	3 768	536	242	3 232	3 210
Different MSA/PMSA	33 286	2 830	2 830	1 368	30 456	7 280	7 050	23 176	23 148
Not in on MSA/PMSA	14 430	2 209	2 209	976	12 221	2 415	2 253	9 806	9 786
Abroad	9 969	329	329	196	9 640	2 793	2 723	6 847	6 838
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	218 426	30 296	30 296	24 642	188 130	14 617	14 617	173 513	172 936
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	130 452	18 806	18 806	14 853	111 646	4 331	4 331	107 315	106 838
Rural population	24 646	16 564	16 564	-	8 082	2 317	-	5 765	5 765
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	8 891	6 850	6 850	-	2 041	1 150	-	891	891
On farms	637	575	575	-	62	17	-	45	45
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	110 773	19 759	19 759	10 143	91 014	9 873	8 958	81 141	80 930
Car, truck, or van	98 101	19 011	19 011	9 735	79 090	6 079	5 230	73 011	72 818
Drove alone	82 700	16 091	16 091	8 386	66 609	4 187	3 552	62 422	62 285
Carpooled	15 401	2 920	2 920	1 349	12 481	1 892	1 678	10 589	10 533
Public transportation (including taxicab)	1 524	114	114	91	1 410	117	112	1 293	1 293
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	1 358	98	98	85	1 260	101	98	1 159	1 159
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	32	-	-	-	32	14	14	18	18
Walked	7 670	290	290	137	7 380	2 914	2 887	4 466	4 452
Other means	1 608	178	178	113	1 430	420	413	1 010	1 006
Worked at home	1 870	166	166	67	1 704	343	316	1 361	1 361
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.09	1.22	1.23	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.4	21.1	21.1	17.7	16.5	11.3	10.0	17.2	17.2
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	12 054	1 066	1 066	426	10 988	3 063	2 977	7 925	7 907
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	18 455	3 956	3 956	2 047	14 499	2 290	2 073	12 209	12 169
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	32 521	6 207	6 207	3 138	26 314	1 543	1 278	24 771	24 720
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	17 754	3 162	3 162	1 735	14 592	1 088	973	13 504	13 455
All other times	28 119	5 202	5 202	2 730	22 917	1 546	1 341	21 371	21 318
Worked in MSA of residence	105 528	18 290	18 290	9 596	87 238	9 275	8 454	77 963	77 770
Columbus city (remainder), GA	81 156	9 790	9 790	5 264	71 366	2 585	2 119	68 781	68 614
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	549	224	224	63	325	-	-	325	306
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	9 992	257	257	90	9 735	5 930	5 857	3 805	3 803
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	3 780	280	280	142	3 500	742	469	2 758	2 758
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	6 987	5 404	5 404	3 480	1 583	9	9	1 574	1 571
Remainder of Russell County, AL	3 064	2 335	2 335	557	729	9	-	720	718
Worked outside MSA of residence	5 245	1 469	1 469	547	3 776	598	504	3 178	3 160
Opelika city, AL	671	499	499	167	172	6	6	166	166
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	80	44	44	21	36	-	-	36	34
Remainder of Lee County, AL	464	307	307	125	157	-	-	157	157
Worked elsewhere	4 030	619	619	234	3 411	592	498	2 819	2 803

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	6 321	1 701	4 540	4 305	6 708	4 314	1 229	1 952	3 263	5 304
Native	6 153	1 701	4 520	4 305	6 572	4 229	1 229	1 952	3 231	5 136
Foreign born	168	—	20	—	136	85	—	—	32	168
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	7	6	6	—	14	8	—	6	—	7
Persons 5 years and over	5 931	1 612	4 183	3 941	6 148	4 031	1 115	1 715	3 052	5 002
In linguistically isolated households	7	6	15	—	35	8	—	6	—	7
Speak a language other than English	249	43	154	77	226	80	55	59	66	212
Do not speak English "very well"	43	6	101	23	67	28	—	11	14	43
Speak Spanish	61	24	77	55	112	52	14	19	46	61
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	77	19	31	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	6	30	9	—	—	14	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	14	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 451	307	1 159	1 177	1 379	1 027	307	549	677	1 164
Preprimary school	145	7	84	42	54	28	11	38	39	124
Public school	107	—	73	38	31	21	11	38	9	86
Elementary or high school	918	265	905	1 004	1 137	785	284	456	470	722
Public school	754	234	823	986	1 076	707	277	456	439	565
College	388	35	170	131	188	214	12	55	168	318
Public college	327	24	164	121	145	214	12	39	149	267
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	4 288	1 223	2 701	2 528	4 154	2 717	688	1 091	2 300	3 679
Less than 9th grade	368	213	457	820	572	404	188	222	427	218
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	625	351	664	646	1 156	577	246	381	565	439
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 292	308	822	685	1 563	887	147	321	750	1 146
Some college, no degree	878	181	422	215	539	549	66	90	261	826
Associate degree	265	50	118	26	156	138	28	30	85	235
Bachelor's degree	589	87	126	102	137	121	—	42	134	553
Graduate or professional degree	271	33	92	34	31	41	13	5	78	262
Percent high school graduate or higher	76.8	53.9	58.5	42.0	58.4	63.9	36.9	44.7	56.9	82.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	20.1	9.8	8.1	5.4	4.0	6.0	1.9	4.3	9.2	22.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	204	154	374	421	418	531	567	515	457	58
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 252	1 569	1 762	1 612	1 713	1 273	1 755	3 114	1 660	1 227
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 666	2 112	1 854	2 568	2 012	2 124	2 500	2 200	1 760	1 530
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	5 931	1 612	4 183	3 941	6 148	4 031	1 115	1 715	3 052	5 002
Same house	3 321	869	2 328	2 575	2 740	2 337	536	1 004	1 946	2 857
Different house in United States	2 567	691	1 844	1 349	3 372	1 663	579	711	1 049	2 109
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	319	113	235	117	571	299	32	70	110	218
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 259	373	1 245	1 063	1 982	614	478	440	612	1 081
Different MSA/PMSA	689	97	217	66	393	464	49	83	180	572
Not in an MSA/PMSA	300	108	147	103	426	286	20	118	147	238
Abroad	43	52	11	17	36	31	—	—	57	36
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	6 166	1 701	4 257	4 305	3 899	—	1 229	1 952	3 263	5 304
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	4 484	1 254	2 784	2 246	2 600	—	219	735	2 737	3 859
Rural population	155	—	283	—	2 809	4 314	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	83	—	224	—	1 494	2 181	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	89	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	3 298	729	2 130	1 523	3 213	1 806	240	458	1 364	2 836
Car, truck, or van	3 235	717	2 106	1 391	3 127	1 696	193	429	1 333	2 780
Drove alone	2 892	623	1 848	1 033	2 765	1 459	155	324	1 176	2 522
Carpooled	343	94	258	358	362	237	38	105	157	258
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	9	50	—	—	6	16	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	9	50	—	—	—	16	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	14	—	2	44	30	57	24	13	13	7
Other means	11	12	—	33	28	8	17	—	14	11
Worked at home	38	—	13	5	28	45	—	—	4	38
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.07	1.07	1.16	1.07	1.08	1.12	1.15	1.07	1.05
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.6	18.0	19.0	18.2	21.6	23.5	23.4	17.5	16.9	17.6
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	144	37	111	58	163	171	6	7	34	112
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	511	102	428	409	506	369	54	87	323	434
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 181	264	581	399	1 002	624	68	136	417	1 065
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	761	115	316	192	650	193	43	75	220	685
All other times	663	211	681	460	864	404	69	153	366	502
Worked in MSA of residence	3 033	707	2 038	1 445	2 993	1 666	230	434	1 322	2 632
Calumet city (remainder), GA	1 648	463	1 190	690	1 739	769	96	190	848	1 461
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	10	—	—	37	40	7	—	—	5	10
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	17	—	19	11	9	136	17	—	4	17
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	17	21	40	30	40	40	—	—	27	8
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	1 102	158	639	634	782	393	91	231	365	954
Remainder of Russell County, AL	239	65	150	43	383	321	26	13	73	182
Worked outside MSA of residence	265	22	92	78	220	140	10	24	42	204
Opelika city, AL	66	15	51	29	92	42	—	—	6	37
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	14	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	14
Remainder of Lee County, AL	60	—	26	8	62	8	10	7	17	43
Worked elsewhere	125	7	15	41	66	67	—	10	19	110



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	830	4 235	3 524	4 305	—	—	1 017	871	305	—
Native	830	4 215	3 501	4 305	—	—	1 017	871	305	—
Foreign born	—	20	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	792	3 900	3 252	3 941	—	—	929	820	283	—
In linguistically isolated households	6	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	30	145	128	77	—	—	37	13	9	—
Do not speak English "very well"	6	92	47	23	—	—	—	—	9	—
Speak Spanish	24	68	95	55	—	—	—	—	9	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	68	47	19	—	—	—	—	9	—
Linguistically isolated	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	137	1 092	758	1 177	—	—	287	170	67	—
Preprimary school	—	84	41	42	—	—	21	7	—	—
Public school	—	73	5	38	—	—	21	—	—	—
Elementary or high school	121	862	548	1 004	—	—	196	144	43	—
Public school	97	780	511	986	—	—	189	137	43	—
College	16	146	169	131	—	—	70	19	24	—
Public college	16	140	137	121	—	—	60	8	24	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	610	2 513	2 344	2 528	—	—	609	613	188	—
Less than 9th grade	135	428	573	820	—	—	150	78	29	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	186	605	526	646	—	—	186	165	59	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	111	780	632	685	—	—	146	197	42	—
Some college, no degree	107	409	385	215	—	—	52	74	13	—
Associate degree	15	102	102	26	—	—	30	35	16	—
Bachelor's degree	49	97	92	102	—	—	36	38	29	—
Graduate or professional degree	7	92	34	34	—	—	9	26	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	47.4	58.9	53.1	42.0	—	—	44.8	60.4	53.2	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.2	7.5	5.4	5.4	—	—	7.4	10.4	15.4	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	186	377	632	421	—	—	929	125	308	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 427	1 866	1 489	1 612	—	—	1 429	1 800	929	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 959	1 893	1 793	2 568	—	—	2 250	2 295	1 486	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	792	3 900	3 252	3 941	—	—	929	820	283	—
Some house	333	2 195	1 661	2 575	—	—	464	536	133	—
Different house in United States	415	1 694	1 560	1 349	—	—	458	276	150	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	69	209	292	117	—	—	101	44	26	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	240	1 175	916	1 063	—	—	178	133	70	—
Different MSA/PMSA	69	163	186	66	—	—	117	28	54	—
Not in an MSA/PMSA	37	147	166	103	—	—	62	71	—	—
Abroad	44	11	31	17	—	—	7	8	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	830	4 235	3 524	4 305	—	—	862	871	22	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	526	2 784	1 747	2 246	—	—	625	728	—	—
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	155	—	283	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	83	—	224	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	321	1 956	1 445	1 523	—	—	462	408	174	—
Car, truck, or van	309	1 932	1 368	1 391	—	—	455	408	174	—
Drove alone	265	1 724	1 187	1 033	—	—	370	358	124	—
Carpooled	44	208	181	358	—	—	85	50	50	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	9	10	50	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	9	10	50	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	2	34	44	—	—	7	—	—	—
Other means	12	—	26	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked at home	—	13	7	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.06	1.08	1.16	—	—	1.10	1.07	1.18	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.0	18.6	16.6	18.2	—	—	24.4	19.6	24.5	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	111	98	58	—	—	32	37	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	49	411	280	409	—	—	77	53	17	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	109	516	428	399	—	—	116	155	65	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	44	277	199	192	—	—	76	71	39	—
All other times	119	628	433	460	—	—	161	92	53	—
Worked in MSA of residence	306	1 875	1 352	1 445	—	—	401	401	163	—
Columbus city (remainder), GA	193	1 111	675	690	—	—	187	270	79	—
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	—	—	11	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	—	19	22	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Chotahoochee County, GA	21	40	16	30	—	—	9	—	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	86	585	534	634	—	—	148	72	54	—
Remainder of Russell County, AL	6	120	94	43	—	—	57	59	30	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	15	81	93	78	—	—	61	7	11	—
Opelika city, AL	15	51	29	29	—	—	29	—	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL	—	21	19	8	—	—	17	—	5	—
Worked elsewhere	—	9	45	41	—	—	15	7	6	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	6 708	4 314	2 979	2 550	3 474	14 651	14 617	2 283	34
Native	6 572	4 229	2 966	2 550	3 411	13 564	13 543	2 229	21
Foreign born	136	85	13	—	63	1 087	1 074	54	13
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	14	8	—	—	4	57	57	1	—
Persons 5 years and over	6 148	4 031	2 793	2 344	3 231	13 469	13 442	2 113	27
In linguistically isolated households	35	8	—	—	11	200	200	3	—
Speak a language other than English	226	80	66	87	184	2 194	2 181	74	13
Do not speak English "very well"	67	28	44	17	87	695	695	21	—
Speak Spanish	112	52	43	27	156	1 347	1 347	19	—
Do not speak English "very well"	31	—	27	17	79	437	437	9	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	9	114	114	1	—
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	30	9	9	21	14	338	338	7	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	9	9	—	—	139	139	5	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	23	23	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 379	1 027	679	664	817	4 139	4 126	532	13
Preprimary school	54	28	41	26	10	396	396	21	—
Public school	31	21	29	26	—	276	276	20	—
Elementary or high school	1 137	785	506	537	700	2 428	2 415	442	13
Public school	1 076	707	444	479	674	2 260	2 253	426	7
College	188	214	132	101	107	1 315	1 315	69	—
Public college	145	214	123	98	80	1 172	1 172	64	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	4 154	2 717	1 954	1 515	2 169	5 517	5 503	1 356	14
Less than 9th grade	572	404	403	499	562	49	49	230	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	1 156	577	475	302	528	160	160	354	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 563	887	583	472	691	1 801	1 801	413	—
Some college, no degree	539	549	302	134	151	1 623	1 616	238	7
Associate degree	156	138	62	17	82	564	564	52	—
Bachelor's degree	137	121	111	73	107	945	945	46	—
Graduate or professional degree	31	41	18	18	48	375	368	23	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	58.4	63.9	55.1	47.1	49.7	96.2	96.2	56.9	100.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.0	6.0	6.6	6.0	7.1	23.9	23.9	5.1	50.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	418	531	435	587	402	383	383	435	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 713	1 273	1 689	1 550	1 968	2 049	2 049	1 868	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 012	2 124	1 979	3 533	2 419	2 492	2 497	2 960	2 000
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	6 148	4 031	2 793	2 344	3 231	13 469	13 442	2 113	27
Some house	2 740	2 337	1 701	1 733	2 306	880	880	1 193	—
Different house in United States	3 372	1 663	1 079	611	887	9 839	9 839	877	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	571	299	222	28	120	294	294	191	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 982	614	520	432	461	242	242	294	—
Different MSA/PMSA	393	464	156	64	186	7 050	7 050	230	—
Not in on MSA/PMSA	426	286	181	87	120	2 253	2 253	162	—
Abroad	36	31	13	—	38	2 750	2 723	43	27
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	3 899	—	—	—	—	14 617	14 617	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 600	—	—	—	—	4 331	4 331	—	—
Rural population	2 809	4 314	2 979	2 550	3 474	34	—	2 283	34
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 494	2 181	916	1 085	867	34	—	1 116	34
On farms	—	89	23	153	310	—	—	17	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	3 213	1 806	1 372	861	1 320	8 965	8 958	908	7
Car, truck, or van	3 127	1 696	1 352	810	1 254	5 237	5 230	842	7
Drove alone	2 765	1 459	1 158	501	970	3 552	3 552	635	—
Carpooled	362	237	194	309	284	1 685	1 678	207	7
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	6	—	17	112	112	5	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	6	—	7	98	98	3	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	14	14	—	—
Walked	30	57	9	41	9	2 887	2 887	27	—
Other means	28	8	—	10	19	413	413	7	—
Worked at home	28	45	5	—	21	316	316	27	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.31	1.14	1.23	1.23	1.15	2.00
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.6	23.5	27.0	31.5	27.8	10.0	10.0	23.8	5.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	163	171	38	104	95	2 977	2 977	86	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	506	369	342	247	298	2 073	2 073	217	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 002	624	433	198	476	1 278	1 278	265	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	650	193	249	53	96	980	973	108	7
All other times	864	404	305	259	334	1 341	1 341	205	—
Worked in MSA of residence	2 993	1 666	1 195	661	1 214	8 461	8 454	814	7
Columbus city (remainder), GA	1 739	769	659	223	600	2 119	2 119	466	—
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	40	7	35	41	38	—	—	—	—
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	9	136	16	6	—	5 864	5 857	66	7
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	40	40	7	6	36	469	469	273	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	782	393	281	76	118	9	9	—	—
Remainder of Russell County, AL	383	321	197	309	422	—	—	9	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	220	140	177	200	106	504	504	94	—
Opelika city, AL	92	42	76	70	23	6	6	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL	62	8	51	39	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	66	67	50	91	83	498	498	94	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons .....	3 470	577	342	2 594	1 073	3 180	1 753	1 072	2 323	2 852
Native .....	3 470	575	328	2 517	1 073	3 136	1 734	1 072	2 297	2 722
Foreign born .....	—	2	14	77	—	44	19	—	26	130
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households .....	11	—	—	7	—	7	—	5	6	25
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 018	524	342	2 455	991	2 975	1 643	992	2 208	2 689
In linguistically isolated households .....	11	—	—	29	—	7	—	11	13	58
Speak a language other than English .....	96	18	21	124	10	91	79	12	55	189
Do not speak English "very well" .....	11	6	—	67	—	7	29	5	20	58
Speak Spanish .....	23	2	7	14	—	13	75	—	14	32
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	29	—	14	13
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language .....	—	1	—	36	—	20	—	—	—	28
Do not speak English "very well" .....	—	1	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	10
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	17
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	918	102	6	610	251	540	275	190	453	532
Preprimary school .....	44	12	—	51	4	62	26	10	25	37
Public school .....	44	12	—	34	4	40	26	10	16	37
Elementary or high school .....	795	63	—	289	234	343	249	154	351	327
Public school .....	768	63	—	262	234	295	232	151	322	320
College .....	79	27	6	270	13	135	—	26	77	168
Public college .....	79	21	6	249	—	119	—	26	77	122
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over .....	1 798	360	334	1 879	690	2 264	1 191	670	1 663	2 050
Less than 9th grade .....	494	147	73	166	248	328	379	217	250	376
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	625	92	97	329	260	429	468	177	361	301
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	463	88	84	584	122	861	272	212	584	512
Some college, no degree .....	161	28	37	371	45	354	52	55	245	374
Associate degree .....	21	4	8	146	5	81	5	—	63	96
Bachelor's degree .....	16	1	28	189	10	129	8	—	115	222
Graduate or professional degree .....	18	—	7	94	—	82	7	9	45	169
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	37.8	33.6	49.1	73.7	26.4	66.6	28.9	41.2	63.3	67.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	1.9	.3	10.5	15.1	1.4	9.3	1.3	1.3	9.6	19.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years .....	1 289	705	—	257	769	410	990	463	200	275
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years .....	2 080	1 508	—	1 182	2 049	1 518	1 206	1 790	1 105	667
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years .....	2 217	2 185	2 000	2 105	1 395	1 819	2 587	2 145	1 387	1 967
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 018	524	342	2 455	991	2 975	1 643	992	2 208	2 689
Same house .....	1 249	243	161	1 546	471	1 885	561	460	1 277	1 294
Different house in United States .....	1 769	272	181	800	512	1 090	1 078	521	924	1 281
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	1 255	202	55	560	405	736	822	389	689	759
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	133	22	24	—	23	42	89	—	21	43
Different MSA/PMSA .....	281	28	50	157	32	214	92	76	109	279
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	100	20	52	83	52	98	75	56	105	200
Abroad .....	—	9	—	109	8	—	4	11	7	114
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population .....	3 470	577	342	2 594	1 073	3 180	1 753	1 072	2 323	2 852
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	1 247	477	23	2 291	645	2 929	1 382	862	1 799	1 300
Rural population .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over .....	736	211	38	1 401	393	1 512	679	463	976	1 263
Car, truck, or van .....	560	193	15	1 361	347	1 441	638	416	921	1 251
Drive alone .....	339	137	15	1 213	312	1 345	480	286	792	1 048
Carpooled .....	221	56	—	148	35	96	158	130	129	203
Public transportation (including taxicab) .....	67	—	—	—	8	3	—	—	15	6
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car .....	56	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	15	6
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked .....	94	14	6	5	33	23	33	15	34	—
Other means .....	5	4	9	6	—	18	8	9	6	6
Worked at home .....	10	—	8	29	5	27	—	23	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van .....	1.30	1.19	1.00	1.06	1.05	1.04	1.15	1.22	1.09	1.10
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	20.5	15.7	16.6	14.5	12.9	17.4	15.9	18.4	15.4	14.6
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m. ....	30	18	—	26	35	76	37	12	5	52
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. ....	125	40	—	177	58	256	137	96	125	158
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m. ....	198	51	4	466	107	541	190	144	305	373
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. ....	97	49	—	327	60	202	135	53	286	273
All other times .....	276	53	26	376	128	410	180	135	255	407
Worked in MSA of residence .....	722	193	38	1 333	393	1 438	638	455	970	1 213
Columbus city (remainder), GA .....	668	167	38	1 272	366	1 274	532	401	911	1 156
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA .....	12	19	—	4	5	24	42	3	8	—
Fort Benning South CDP, GA .....	—	2	—	10	—	—	—	7	7	7
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA .....	12	—	—	22	—	10	—	17	17	13
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	30	3	—	18	10	77	19	17	22	19
Remainder of Russell County, AL .....	—	2	—	7	12	53	45	10	5	18
Worked outside MSA of residence .....	14	18	—	68	—	74	41	8	6	50
Opelika city, AL .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL .....	—	—	—	6	—	6	21	—	6	—
Worked elsewhere .....	14	16	—	62	—	64	20	8	—	50

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	3 970	2 740	3 435	1 165	2 451	1 159	3 470	1 533	1 182	3 284
Native	3 848	2 721	3 369	1 165	2 425	1 157	3 470	1 521	1 132	3 260
Foreign born	122	19	66	—	26	2	—	12	50	24
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	14	8	5	—	11	—	11	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	3 695	2 618	3 259	1 083	2 107	1 107	3 018	1 416	1 121	3 076
In linguistically isolated households	24	13	5	—	11	—	11	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	217	87	166	42	108	18	96	49	41	116
Do not speak English "very well"	89	34	40	24	20	4	11	7	—	27
Speak Spanish	105	29	101	24	53	—	23	22	—	38
Do not speak English "very well"	12	12	21	17	11	—	—	7	—	10
Linguistically isolated	7	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	31	13	15	—	11	3	—	—	8	23
Do not speak English "very well"	27	13	8	—	5	—	—	—	—	12
Linguistically isolated	17	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 017	580	656	245	541	212	918	265	234	927
Preprimary school	44	71	49	7	11	9	44	16	8	40
Public school	22	23	24	7	11	9	44	16	8	31
Elementary or high school	570	389	311	189	468	129	795	189	106	657
Public school	544	286	220	183	457	116	768	189	86	626
College	403	120	296	49	62	74	79	60	120	230
Public college	356	114	249	49	52	58	79	47	113	185
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	2 599	2 072	2 541	807	1 384	850	1 798	1 008	902	2 111
Less than 9th grade	163	12	36	277	370	392	494	243	75	302
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	273	59	233	204	292	173	625	257	151	412
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	731	311	644	138	413	148	463	238	207	620
Some college, no degree	543	451	556	134	177	93	161	147	246	347
Associate degree	108	85	131	13	34	26	21	32	40	120
Bachelor's degree	405	704	558	41	65	8	16	81	106	194
Graduate or professional degree	376	450	383	—	33	10	18	10	77	116
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.2	96.6	89.4	40.4	52.2	33.5	37.8	50.4	74.9	66.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	30.1	55.7	37.0	5.1	7.1	2.1	1.9	9.0	20.3	14.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	274	505	292	600	1 077	522	1 289	380	200	495
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 204	803	575	1 342	1 577	1 833	2 080	1 333	520	1 518
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 822	2 204	1 157	2 495	2 195	1 745	2 217	2 170	1 488	1 769
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	3 695	2 618	3 259	1 083	2 107	1 107	3 018	1 416	1 121	3 076
Same house	1 752	1 812	1 411	602	855	502	1 249	615	478	1 854
Different house in United States	1 845	806	1 790	481	1 247	605	1 769	789	624	1 175
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 066	558	1 009	407	936	378	1 255	517	339	866
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	42	20	56	14	80	41	133	40	—	51
Different MSA/PMSA	525	149	484	56	119	71	281	121	219	195
Not in an MSA/PMSA	212	79	241	4	112	115	100	111	66	63
Abroad	98	—	58	—	5	—	—	12	19	47
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	3 970	2 740	3 435	1 165	2 451	1 159	3 470	1 533	1 182	3 284
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 772	2 331	1 614	777	765	410	1 247	1 084	642	2 041
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	1 994	1 323	1 755	392	620	329	736	600	584	1 476
Car, truck, or van	1 932	1 293	1 693	348	552	264	560	570	559	1 285
Drove alone	1 795	1 278	1 513	247	463	158	339	428	525	1 033
Carpooled	137	15	180	101	89	106	221	142	34	252
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	16	12	12	40	67	5	—	107
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	9	12	5	40	56	5	—	96
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	48	—	7	26	36	21	94	25	19	60
Other means	14	5	18	6	7	4	5	—	—	18
Worked at home	—	25	21	—	13	—	10	—	6	6
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.04	1.01	1.06	1.19	1.10	1.28	1.30	1.16	1.04	1.13
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.5	12.5	13.3	18.5	13.6	20.2	20.5	16.0	14.2	20.1
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	96	18	99	7	15	28	30	46	39	65
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	179	81	156	68	101	74	125	105	57	238
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	650	452	563	129	281	87	198	192	155	525
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	472	452	532	45	81	11	97	105	136	156
All other times	597	295	384	143	129	129	276	152	191	486
Worked in MSA of residence	1 944	1 300	1 721	387	615	325	722	535	549	1 442
Columbus city (remainder), GA	1 856	1 261	1 654	369	580	305	668	498	517	1 297
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	—	—	4	7	—	—	12	—	—	—
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	28	11	13	5	—	—	—	6	6	51
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	33	—	8	—	—	5	12	—	8	49
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	15	17	30	—	22	15	30	24	18	26
Remainder of Russell County, AL	12	11	12	6	13	—	—	7	—	19
Worked outside MSA of residence	50	23	34	5	5	4	14	65	35	34
Opelika city, AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	5	13
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	50	17	34	5	5	4	14	49	30	21



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	2 368	3 651	1 774	1 806	2 768	687	2 010	3 070	3 691	4 424
Native	2 296	3 633	1 718	1 806	2 753	674	1 995	3 054	3 556	4 233
Foreign born	72	18	56	—	15	13	15	16	135	191
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	7	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	25
Persons 5 years and over	2 208	3 426	1 585	1 580	2 571	630	1 719	2 836	3 371	3 973
In linguistically isolated households	—	7	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	56
Speak a language other than English	124	119	130	20	217	58	78	55	374	358
Do not speak English "very well"	47	18	28	7	77	30	30	32	77	163
Speak Spanish	16	91	28	6	144	26	7	44	133	166
Do not speak English "very well"	16	7	14	—	54	22	7	32	27	77
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	18
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	18	—	33	—	—	—	6	6	37	77
Do not speak English "very well"	7	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	18	62
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	509	831	247	423	650	73	577	700	1 019	1 013
Preprimary school	25	24	7	24	21	7	19	31	29	131
Public school	16	18	—	24	21	—	19	31	21	122
Elementary or high school	318	592	152	348	507	51	508	570	696	663
Public school	264	573	152	334	500	45	486	559	670	650
College	166	215	88	51	122	15	50	99	294	219
Public college	148	196	88	45	107	9	50	53	238	183
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	1 646	2 463	1 110	1 050	1 729	483	1 020	1 899	2 033	2 401
Less than 9th grade	127	629	39	217	556	62	269	587	136	103
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	244	668	145	296	594	63	356	500	360	557
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	597	699	244	315	337	108	231	481	641	860
Some college, no degree	349	256	291	162	166	79	92	198	417	557
Associate degree	59	67	48	14	47	53	53	41	146	139
Bachelor's degree	179	123	225	21	8	88	13	71	301	148
Graduate or professional degree	91	21	118	25	21	30	6	21	32	37
Percent high school graduate or higher	77.5	47.3	83.4	51.1	33.5	74.1	38.7	42.8	75.6	72.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	16.4	5.8	30.9	4.4	1.7	24.4	1.9	4.8	16.4	7.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	385	241	448	776	1 005	571	1 021	708	615	813
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 050	1 549	1 107	1 632	1 961	281	2 047	1 598	1 327	1 963
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 530	2 381	2 140	2 142	2 763	1 019	2 103	1 760	1 709	2 459
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	2 208	3 426	1 585	1 580	2 571	630	1 719	2 836	3 371	3 973
Some house	1 244	2 200	713	796	1 231	152	971	1 545	1 329	1 557
Different house in United States	858	1 175	839	759	1 324	455	739	1 282	1 813	2 237
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	507	931	464	594	868	191	499	1 060	1 031	1 257
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	21	35	27	64	123	23	84	21	93	108
Different MSA/PMSA	244	209	204	70	216	164	80	149	504	553
Not in an MSA/PMSA	86	—	144	31	117	77	76	52	185	319
Abroad	106	51	33	25	16	23	9	9	229	179
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	2 368	3 651	1 774	1 806	2 768	687	2 010	3 070	3 691	4 424
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 535	2 579	654	159	335	223	618	1 488	1 659	2 951
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	1 108	1 551	719	630	493	380	471	993	1 883	2 022
Car, truck, or van	1 018	1 386	673	507	337	313	353	790	1 776	1 864
Drove alone	891	914	659	402	182	240	271	583	1 488	1 439
Carpooled	127	472	14	105	155	73	82	207	288	425
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	62	7	45	34	5	64	87	9	35
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	54	7	38	34	5	64	69	9	35
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	33	77	32	58	95	37	38	34	36	37
Other means	—	19	—	13	14	25	16	66	31	24
Worked at home	57	7	7	7	13	—	—	16	31	62
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.24	1.01	1.12	1.30	1.13	1.14	1.16	1.09	1.13
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.2	18.0	12.4	16.7	16.1	18.0	20.9	20.2	16.5	18.7
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	56	66	47	38	7	36	29	33	229	256
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	136	276	88	97	100	45	116	272	349	262
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	455	448	223	152	152	91	96	241	517	435
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	190	196	204	100	99	70	71	125	283	267
All other times	214	558	150	236	122	138	159	306	474	740
Worked in MSA of residence	1 096	1 515	712	618	471	370	452	960	1 829	1 970
Columbus city (remainder), GA	991	1 375	632	587	369	334	373	923	1 518	1 720
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	5	6	—
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	39	28	35	—	—	13	6	—	161	115
Remainder of Chotthochochee County, GA	33	51	12	12	30	6	38	14	117	73
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	26	21	27	—	63	17	35	11	18	37
Remainder of Russell County, AL	7	20	6	19	9	—	—	7	9	25
Worked outside MSA of residence	12	36	7	12	22	10	19	33	54	52
Opelika city, AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	11
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	12	36	7	12	22	10	11	33	54	41

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	2 856	5 459	4 016	4 944	2 987	1 222	4 768	5 240	2 679
Native	2 822	4 856	3 920	4 774	2 814	1 208	4 642	4 860	2 653
Foreign born	34	603	96	170	173	14	126	380	26
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	15	25	15	20	17	—	14	31	—
Persons 5 years and over	2 557	5 021	3 373	4 535	2 641	1 144	4 409	4 870	2 430
In linguistically isolated households	15	25	30	64	40	—	24	54	—
Speak a language other than English	83	808	184	490	228	34	122	460	96
Do not speak English "very well"	35	330	47	166	117	26	33	119	—
Speak Spanish	11	219	68	157	139	—	47	99	34
Do not speak English "very well"	11	82	13	62	73	—	19	25	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	10	40	—	10	8	—
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	7	296	17	61	55	5	5	135	6
Do not speak English "very well"	—	159	6	37	27	5	—	62	—
Linguistically isolated	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	38	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	676	1 353	1 189	1 427	709	329	1 357	1 222	823
Preprimary school	30	88	147	60	26	45	60	89	78
Public school	15	66	140	41	20	15	31	69	35
Elementary or high school	574	1 001	921	1 084	542	263	916	638	561
Public school	570	872	891	1 051	542	212	826	575	490
College	72	264	121	283	141	21	381	495	184
Public college	65	215	82	248	113	14	325	457	155
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 684	3 467	1 847	2 823	1 503	803	2 990	3 430	1 651
Less than 9th grade	397	259	299	390	131	58	169	39	65
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	488	689	524	567	394	155	359	184	187
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	542	1 417	590	1 065	575	241	937	651	469
Same college, no degree	151	685	331	487	222	114	720	874	425
Associate degree	54	166	65	181	101	56	177	281	89
Bachelor's degree	44	192	12	81	74	133	428	975	259
Graduate or professional degree	8	59	26	52	6	46	200	426	157
Percent high school graduate or higher	47.4	72.7	55.4	66.1	65.1	73.5	82.3	93.5	84.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	3.1	7.2	2.1	4.7	5.3	22.3	21.0	40.8	25.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	766	506	1 192	675	612	—	229	262	181
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 920	1 583	1 799	1 514	1 721	1 706	1 421	764	1 310
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 864	2 155	2 485	2 392	2 200	2 176	1 806	1 295	1 986
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	2 557	5 021	3 373	4 535	2 641	1 144	4 409	4 870	2 430
Same house	1 149	2 617	1 373	1 991	617	662	2 091	867	1 155
Different house in United States	1 388	2 094	1 989	2 393	1 797	482	2 264	3 647	1 189
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 018	1 133	1 517	1 746	951	345	1 189	1 395	835
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	106	130	113	108	13	—	117	79	16
Different MSA/PMSA	155	492	272	459	651	131	674	1 637	183
Not in an MSA/PMSA	109	339	87	80	182	6	284	536	155
Abroad	20	310	11	151	227	—	54	356	86
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	2 856	5 459	4 016	4 944	2 987	590	4 332	5 240	2 487
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 890	4 616	1 067	3 014	1 142	76	3 409	1 905	1 587
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	632	436	—	192
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	21	53	—	28
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	45	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	976	2 259	1 016	1 910	1 216	624	2 566	3 278	1 356
Car, truck, or van	838	2 143	815	1 776	967	594	2 520	3 203	1 337
Drove alone	660	1 768	500	1 489	766	522	2 355	2 858	1 156
Carpooled	178	375	315	287	201	72	165	345	181
Public transportation (including taxicab)	80	16	102	82	100	—	—	7	1
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	74	16	97	75	95	—	—	—	1
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	10	38	79	40	81	—	14	28	—
Other means	48	49	14	—	48	21	12	26	8
Worked at home	—	13	6	12	20	9	20	14	10
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.13	1.10	1.27	1.09	1.12	1.07	1.04	1.06	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.1	18.5	20.5	18.1	17.4	25.3	19.2	19.4	18.9
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	105	208	42	147	269	34	94	403	55
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	250	481	164	382	185	115	293	494	153
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	180	598	253	484	258	214	1 048	1 180	492
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	130	264	139	212	160	165	599	584	355
All other times	311	695	412	673	324	87	512	603	291
Worked in MSA of residence	929	2 133	953	1 842	1 130	599	2 449	3 040	1 266
Columbus city (remainder), GA	833	1 699	849	1 529	988	574	2 269	2 601	1 167
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	10	—	10	—	—	—	26	7	17
Fort Benning South CDP, GA	22	196	12	71	87	—	19	180	23
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	21	123	25	150	42	6	89	172	40
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	35	99	43	69	13	12	23	30	19
Remainder of Russell County, AL	8	16	14	23	—	7	23	50	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	47	126	63	68	86	25	117	238	90
Opelika city, AL	—	—	17	11	—	18	6	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL	—	—	—	7	11	—	18	8	8
Worked elsewhere	47	126	46	50	75	7	93	230	82



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons .....	7 685	1 666	4 532	6 508	2 814	8 008	5 482	7 772	3 205
Native .....	7 417	1 545	4 307	6 406	2 717	7 707	5 130	7 344	3 165
Foreign born .....	268	121	225	102	97	301	352	428	40
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households .....	11	—	27	7	10	25	5	43	—
Persons 5 years and over .....	7 112	1 605	4 224	6 179	2 633	7 366	5 079	7 180	2 984
In linguistically isolated households .....	57	—	33	7	10	68	39	112	—
Speak a language other than English .....	409	148	246	232	161	405	498	672	103
Do not speak English "very well" .....	141	—	84	106	58	174	202	211	26
Speak Spanish .....	222	27	46	100	73	164	221	230	62
Do not speak English "very well" .....	39	—	—	53	33	54	116	55	—
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	39	16	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language .....	64	—	49	42	11	121	6	132	9
Do not speak English "very well" .....	64	—	25	15	5	74	—	72	9
Linguistically isolated .....	57	—	13	7	—	51	—	45	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	2 087	449	1 176	1 620	509	1 980	1 668	2 326	1 059
Preprimary school .....	222	18	116	143	53	264	162	168	55
Public school .....	125	—	54	61	22	184	94	122	55
Elementary or high school .....	1 422	374	743	1 110	367	1 133	1 186	1 671	798
Public school .....	1 246	122	540	1 032	346	963	1 144	1 635	776
College .....	443	57	317	367	89	583	320	487	206
Public college .....	367	52	275	317	89	540	265	398	206
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over .....	4 954	1 163	3 116	4 441	1 950	5 029	3 357	4 539	1 886
Less than 9th grade .....	448	—	114	299	163	316	207	462	243
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	580	43	247	445	319	616	646	759	281
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	1 201	112	616	1 332	703	1 414	1 305	1 746	595
Same college, no degree .....	981	230	707	881	431	982	606	922	374
Associate degree .....	436	82	246	302	101	323	251	307	157
Bachelor's degree .....	885	388	686	622	170	718	238	210	160
Graduate or professional degree .....	423	308	500	560	63	660	104	133	76
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	79.2	96.3	88.4	83.2	75.3	81.5	74.6	73.1	72.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	26.4	59.8	38.1	26.6	11.9	27.4	10.2	7.6	12.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years .....	224	125	121	58	126	334	189	272	348
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years .....	1 369	948	1 322	1 431	1 342	1 291	1 556	1 519	1 733
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years .....	1 751	2 062	1 692	1 850	1 943	2 107	1 949	2 497	2 498
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over .....	7 112	1 605	4 224	6 179	2 633	7 366	5 079	7 180	2 984
Some house .....	3 232	783	1 632	3 432	1 530	3 305	2 742	3 716	1 995
Different house in United States .....	3 517	809	2 499	2 681	1 057	3 922	2 007	2 999	894
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	2 037	516	1 261	1 715	786	2 459	1 240	1 789	678
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	79	26	26	138	—	113	85	178	51
Different MSA/PMSA .....	887	233	764	657	191	1 067	496	583	111
Not in on MSA/PMSA .....	514	34	448	171	80	283	186	449	54
Abroad .....	363	13	93	66	46	139	330	465	95
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population .....	7 319	1 412	4 532	6 508	2 814	8 008	5 482	7 772	3 205
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	6 399	591	3 481	5 807	2 235	5 675	4 422	6 315	2 653
Rural population .....	366	254	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	74	97	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over .....	4 014	832	2 367	3 531	1 379	3 961	2 556	3 490	1 432
Car, truck, or van .....	3 901	810	2 367	3 481	1 338	3 860	2 488	3 301	1 407
Drove alone .....	3 505	750	2 167	3 160	1 164	3 382	2 067	2 900	1 130
Carpooled .....	396	60	200	321	174	478	421	401	277
Public transportation (including taxicab) .....	—	—	—	26	—	—	6	58	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car .....	—	—	—	16	—	—	6	58	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat .....	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Walked .....	24	—	—	—	—	19	19	40	10
Other means .....	16	—	—	—	—	8	25	73	—
Worked at home .....	73	22	—	24	41	74	18	18	15
Persons per car, truck, or van .....	1.06	1.04	1.05	1.05	1.08	1.07	1.10	1.07	1.12
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	18.1	15.4	18.1	16.5	16.4	16.6	17.7	19.5	21.6
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m. ....	264	—	89	139	51	181	239	361	105
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. ....	618	36	296	499	189	486	543	485	285
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m. ....	1 527	316	1 081	1 475	560	1 497	718	1 095	343
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. ....	885	258	495	814	219	861	286	496	171
All other times .....	647	200	406	580	319	862	752	1 035	513
Worked in MSA of residence .....	3 758	799	2 249	3 389	1 366	3 814	2 424	3 414	1 366
Columbus city (remainder), GA .....	3 434	776	2 023	3 145	1 285	3 418	2 163	3 030	1 168
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA .....	—	—	6	—	—	8	14	—	40
Fort Benning South CDP, GA .....	121	—	62	47	11	156	93	111	47
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA .....	121	12	76	109	28	106	79	191	88
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	68	11	27	47	42	82	68	71	17
Remainder of Russell County, AL .....	14	—	55	41	—	44	7	11	6
Worked outside MSA of residence .....	256	33	118	142	13	147	132	76	66
Opelika city, AL .....	17	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	—	—	4	—	—	—	12	—	—
Remainder of Lee County, AL .....	16	—	18	12	—	8	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere .....	223	28	96	130	13	139	120	76	57

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	1 209	5 065	5 384	6 473	12 012	888	—	—	577
Native .....	1 200	4 861	5 208	6 323	11 309	749	—	—	575
Foreign born .....	9	204	176	150	703	139	—	—	2
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households .....	—	14	17	42	42	8	—	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	1 209	4 718	5 028	5 907	10 283	816	—	—	524
In linguistically isolated households .....	—	22	90	54	104	23	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English .....	65	444	322	292	1 606	178	—	—	18
Do not speak English "very well" .....	31	119	112	118	512	44	—	—	6
Speak Spanish .....	50	161	135	147	1 047	53	—	—	2
Do not speak English "very well" .....	24	38	33	76	357	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	15	43	66	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language .....	15	67	81	33	234	76	—	—	1
Do not speak English "very well" .....	7	17	60	—	83	44	—	—	1
Linguistically isolated .....	—	—	41	—	25	23	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b> .....	343	1 303	1 723	1 848	2 696	171	—	—	102
Preprimary school .....	—	38	97	111	231	11	—	—	12
Public school .....	—	38	29	91	187	6	—	—	12
Elementary or high school .....	208	1 011	1 184	1 208	1 464	90	—	—	63
Public school .....	156	986	1 155	1 165	1 395	90	—	—	63
College .....	135	254	442	529	1 001	70	—	—	27
Public college .....	95	216	404	435	866	59	—	—	21
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b> .....	1 008	3 055	3 266	3 669	3 739	577	—	—	360
Less than 9th grade .....	238	199	306	157	18	22	—	—	147
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	369	530	576	493	246	82	—	—	92
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	225	1 041	986	1 045	1 753	222	—	—	88
Some college, no degree .....	137	648	671	1 067	1 231	145	—	—	28
Associate degree .....	31	309	268	373	224	35	—	—	4
Bachelor's degree .....	—	206	256	332	215	64	—	—	1
Graduate or professional degree .....	8	122	203	202	52	7	—	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	39.8	76.1	73.0	82.3	92.9	82.0	—	—	33.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	.8	10.7	14.1	14.6	7.1	12.3	—	—	.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years .....	—	251	351	451	1 339	245	—	—	705
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years .....	—	1 264	1 578	1 517	1 849	1 506	—	—	1 508
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years .....	—	2 054	2 105	2 011	2 088	1 432	—	—	2 185
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	1 209	4 718	5 028	5 907	10 283	816	—	—	524
Same house .....	271	2 430	2 845	2 881	544	488	—	—	243
Different house in United States .....	930	2 145	1 910	2 515	7 862	299	—	—	272
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	141	1 283	1 336	1 150	368	108	—	—	202
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	8	99	133	181	77	16	—	—	22
Different MSA/PMSA .....	547	604	279	887	5 425	141	—	—	28
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	234	159	162	297	1 992	34	—	—	20
Abroad .....	8	143	273	511	1 877	29	—	—	9
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population .....	1 209	5 065	5 384	6 473	8 127	888	—	—	577
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	3 373	4 071	3 686	1 720	589	—	—	477
Rural population .....	—	—	—	—	3 885	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre .....	—	—	—	—	618	—	—	—	—
On farms .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> .....	—	2 558	2 556	3 094	6 699	476	—	—	211
Car, truck, or van .....	—	2 466	2 440	2 957	2 906	440	—	—	193
Drive alone .....	—	2 186	2 023	2 587	2 452	399	—	—	137
Carpooled .....	—	280	417	370	454	41	—	—	56
Public transportation (including taxicab) .....	—	33	46	42	42	13	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car .....	—	26	37	36	42	13	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked .....	—	14	63	16	2 995	—	—	—	14
Other means .....	—	45	—	50	203	13	—	—	4
Worked at home .....	—	—	7	29	553	10	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van .....	—	1.06	1.10	1.08	1.11	1.05	—	—	1.19
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	—	18.2	19.7	18.2	11.2	20.2	—	—	15.7
Departure time for work:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m. ....	—	297	136	407	2 711	87	—	—	18
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. ....	—	435	466	594	697	91	—	—	40
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m. ....	—	734	953	877	543	122	—	—	51
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. ....	—	294	253	390	363	34	—	—	49
All other times .....	—	798	741	797	1 832	132	—	—	53
Worked in MSA of residence .....	—	2 430	2 424	2 950	6 589	446	—	—	193
Columbus city (remainder), GA .....	—	1 956	2 076	2 407	5 111	336	—	—	167
Remainder of Muscogee County, GA .....	—	15	8	7	—	—	—	—	19
Fort Benning South CDP, GA .....	—	263	129	229	1 325	49	—	—	2
Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA .....	—	116	150	251	148	35	—	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	—	57	57	16	5	26	—	—	3
Remainder of Russell County, AL .....	—	23	4	40	—	—	—	—	2
Worked outside MSA of residence .....	—	128	132	144	110	30	—	—	18
Opelika city, AL .....	—	—	—	19	—	7	—	—	—
Phenix City city (pt.), AL .....	—	—	8	10	—	—	—	—	2
Remainder of Lee County, AL .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere .....	—	122	124	115	110	23	—	—	16



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		
	Alabama (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fair Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	184 518	35 951	35 951	18 981	148 567	12 561	10 842	136 006	135 556
In labor force	121 788	22 023	22 023	11 413	99 765	10 418	9 357	89 347	89 102
Percent of persons 16 years and over	66.0	61.3	61.3	60.1	67.2	82.9	86.3	65.7	65.7
Civilian labor force	102 249	21 613	21 613	11 220	80 636	2 321	1 353	78 315	78 072
Employed	93 667	19 698	19 698	10 177	73 969	2 047	1 204	71 922	71 710
Unemployed	8 582	1 915	1 915	1 043	6 667	274	149	6 393	6 362
Percent of civilian labor force	8.4	8.9	8.9	9.3	8.3	11.8	11.0	8.2	8.1
Not in labor force	62 730	13 928	13 928	7 568	48 802	2 143	1 485	46 659	46 454
Institutionalized persons	3 315	390	390	390	2 925	72	72	2 853	2 853
Enrolled in school	8 744	1 778	1 778	914	6 966	403	325	6 563	6 543
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	21 365	5 034	5 034	2 901	16 331	230	21	16 101	15 986
Females 16 years and over	93 650	19 197	19 197	10 508	74 453	3 582	2 650	70 871	70 614
In labor force	51 401	10 155	10 155	5 465	41 246	1 771	1 319	39 475	39 369
Percent of females 16 years and over	54.9	52.9	52.9	52.0	55.4	49.4	49.8	55.7	55.8
Civilian labor force	50 399	10 128	10 128	5 451	40 271	1 326	881	38 945	38 839
Employed	45 696	9 138	9 138	4 884	36 558	1 134	741	35 424	35 329
Unemployed	4 703	990	990	567	3 713	192	140	3 521	3 510
Percent of civilian labor force	9.3	9.8	9.8	10.4	9.2	14.5	15.9	9.0	9.0
With own children under 6 years	16 230	2 869	2 869	1 461	13 361	1 212	1 059	12 149	12 117
In labor force	9 419	1 815	1 815	877	7 604	403	328	7 201	7 188
With own children 6 to 17 years only	16 826	3 312	3 312	1 825	13 514	964	762	12 550	12 510
In labor force	12 403	2 431	2 431	1 335	9 972	529	396	9 443	9 424
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	22 867	3 945	3 945	2 063	18 922	1 656	1 440	17 266	17 209
All parents present in household in labor force	12 583	2 423	2 423	1 225	10 160	578	469	9 582	9 558
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	39 474	7 938	7 938	4 116	31 536	2 881	2 462	28 655	28 577
All parents present in household in labor force	26 258	5 298	5 298	2 712	20 960	1 243	1 002	19 717	19 680
Persons 16 to 19 years	16 775	3 018	3 018	1 551	13 757	1 749	1 614	12 008	11 972
Not enrolled in school	6 744	757	757	356	5 987	1 348	1 299	4 639	4 619
Unemployed or not in labor force	2 039	493	493	269	1 546	89	53	1 457	1 452
Not high school graduate	2 318	451	451	237	1 867	129	86	1 738	1 723
Employed	682	97	97	37	585	8	—	577	564
Unemployed	455	156	156	76	299	11	—	288	286
Not in labor force	928	198	198	124	730	56	32	674	674
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	93 667	19 698	19 698	10 177	73 969	2 047	1 204	71 922	71 710
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	9 759	1 427	1 427	790	8 332	163	110	8 169	8 157
Professional specialty occupations	11 712	1 549	1 549	1 035	10 163	370	310	9 793	9 786
Technicians and related support occupations	3 065	516	516	298	2 549	58	43	2 491	2 486
Sales occupations	11 459	2 287	2 287	1 263	9 172	241	159	8 931	8 921
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	14 502	2 798	2 798	1 456	11 704	376	262	11 328	11 291
Private household occupations	656	182	182	98	474	16	—	458	457
Protective service occupations	1 871	268	268	139	1 603	44	37	1 559	1 559
Service occupations, except protective and household	11 601	2 142	2 142	1 235	9 459	277	168	9 182	9 152
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	932	271	271	66	661	22	—	639	632
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	11 300	3 262	3 262	1 489	8 038	193	42	7 799	7 799
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8 453	2 830	2 830	1 422	5 623	112	21	5 511	5 479
Transportation and material moving occupations	4 171	968	968	449	3 203	111	34	3 092	3 077
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4 186	1 198	1 198	437	2 988	64	18	2 924	2 914
Construction	5 777	1 556	1 556	638	4 221	108	20	4 113	4 084
Manufacturing	18 469	5 863	5 863	2 782	12 606	166	26	12 440	12 377
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	4 509	1 025	1 025	481	3 484	68	9	3 416	3 410
Wholesale and retail trade	19 898	3 753	3 753	1 935	16 145	522	329	15 623	15 577
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7 466	1 169	1 169	659	6 297	164	119	6 133	6 115
Business and repair services	3 832	622	622	361	3 210	90	65	3 120	3 113
Professional and related services	21 347	3 563	3 563	2 201	17 784	471	358	17 313	17 289
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	93 667	19 698	19 698	10 177	73 969	2 047	1 204	71 922	71 710
Private wage and salary workers	69 329	15 772	15 772	8 137	53 557	1 199	616	52 358	52 168
Government workers	19 565	2 886	2 886	1 565	16 679	733	551	15 946	15 929
Local government workers	6 628	1 140	1 140	654	5 488	114	46	5 374	5 370
Self-employed workers	4 479	970	970	430	3 509	111	37	3 398	3 393
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	127 366	23 107	23 107	11 750	104 259	10 540	9 378	93 719	93 448
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	103 284	18 880	18 880	9 428	84 404	8 818	7 881	75 586	75 369
50 to 52 weeks	72 318	13 384	13 384	6 650	58 934	5 960	5 351	52 974	52 846
40 to 49 weeks	12 433	2 131	2 131	1 164	10 302	1 241	1 133	9 061	9 024
27 to 39 weeks	6 656	1 205	1 205	618	5 451	493	416	4 958	4 948
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	11 438	1 986	1 986	1 086	9 452	826	709	8 626	8 607
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	137 200	29 427	29 427	15 103	107 773	4 144	2 737	103 629	103 300
With a mobility or self-care limitation	9 510	2 441	2 441	1 265	7 069	142	16	6 927	6 914
With a mobility limitation	4 129	1 090	1 090	527	3 039	71	—	2 968	2 964
In labor force	615	104	104	63	511	—	—	511	511
With a self-care limitation	7 347	1 872	1 872	973	5 475	82	16	5 393	5 381
With a work disability	14 491	3 498	3 498	1 659	10 993	269	60	10 724	10 675
In labor force	5 056	911	911	413	4 145	66	8	4 079	4 060
Prevented from working	8 028	2 255	2 255	1 069	5 773	152	26	5 621	5 596
No work disability	122 709	25 929	25 929	13 444	96 780	3 875	2 677	92 905	92 625
In labor force	94 279	20 068	20 068	10 459	74 211	2 237	1 337	71 974	71 754
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	24 464	5 724	5 724	3 295	18 740	248	29	18 492	18 373
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6 281	1 494	1 494	839	4 787	81	—	4 706	4 674
With a mobility limitation	4 993	1 223	1 223	647	3 770	66	—	3 704	3 672
With a self-care limitation	3 657	872	872	525	2 785	49	—	2 736	2 721
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	8 814	2 163	2 163	1 276	6 651	130	38	6 521	6 496
Mean family income (dollars)	15 364	10 635	10 635	11 088	16 903	9 911	4 323	17 042	17 056
1 worker	19 470	3 792	3 792	2 045	15 678	1 098	924	14 580	14 530
Mean family income (dollars)	27 781	21 833	21 833	20 818	29 220	24 363	25 513	29 585	29 594
2 or more workers	34 956	6 872	6 872	3 326	28 084	1 509	1 130	26 575	26 505
Mean family income (dollars)	42 875	39 439	39 439	39 388	43 715	33 698	33 928	44 284	44 315



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	5 124	1 410	3 392	3 128	5 052	3 352	884	1 312	2 654	4 374
In labor force	3 525	832	2 320	1 785	3 458	2 044	360	583	1 513	2 998
Percent of persons 16 years and over	68.8	59.0	68.4	57.1	68.4	61.0	40.7	44.4	57.0	68.5
Civilian labor force	3 447	785	2 283	1 773	3 435	1 884	360	583	1 498	2 927
Employed	3 272	696	2 160	1 563	3 212	1 679	264	458	1 356	2 805
Unemployed	175	89	123	210	223	205	96	125	142	122
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	11.3	5.4	11.8	6.5	10.9	26.7	21.4	9.5	4.2
Not in labor force	1 599	578	1 072	1 343	1 594	1 308	524	729	1 141	1 376
Institutionalized persons	142	10	—	—	—	—	—	71	—	142
Enrolled in school	238	50	178	184	153	217	69	85	105	203
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	551	258	352	514	521	366	206	230	553	468
Females 16 years and over	2 694	740	1 808	1 772	2 589	1 665	597	786	1 465	2 299
In labor force	1 621	364	1 089	930	1 502	897	225	261	719	1 386
Percent of females 16 years and over	60.2	49.2	60.2	52.5	58.0	53.9	37.7	33.2	49.1	60.3
Civilian labor force	1 614	364	1 089	923	1 502	884	225	261	719	1 379
Employed	1 518	301	1 022	775	1 368	815	174	199	656	1 306
Unemployed	96	63	67	148	134	69	51	62	63	73
Percent of civilian labor force	5.9	17.3	6.2	16.0	8.9	7.8	22.7	23.8	8.8	5.3
With own children under 6 years	371	72	228	302	513	243	103	146	171	296
In labor force	286	33	155	183	359	153	50	43	80	232
With own children 6 to 17 years only	399	111	406	304	461	283	136	148	221	320
In labor force	279	105	346	206	327	195	70	92	187	223
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	475	84	346	429	644	331	133	263	238	364
All parents present in household in labor force	375	41	231	232	412	217	71	81	116	290
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	935	245	863	813	1 128	731	243	437	435	739
All parents present in household in labor force	615	227	738	442	785	486	117	202	319	516
Persons 16 to 19 years	417	112	321	290	347	310	110	137	150	340
Not enrolled in school	64	39	115	68	142	58	38	46	24	36
Unemployed or not in labor force	64	32	67	42	57	40	28	34	24	36
Not high school graduate	46	32	72	37	68	49	32	27	18	26
Employed	—	—	27	7	35	9	10	6	—	—
Unemployed	20	32	7	6	22	17	11	15	12	—
Not in labor force	26	—	38	24	11	23	11	6	6	26
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 272	696	2 160	1 563	3 212	1 679	264	458	1 356	2 805
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	392	45	115	69	267	69	—	11	152	363
Professional specialty occupations	470	58	206	83	141	89	—	40	110	452
Technicians and related support occupations	117	46	60	34	70	25	—	—	34	108
Sales occupations	477	88	239	122	445	138	62	19	166	437
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	599	117	251	158	560	262	17	10	225	539
Private household occupations	7	—	22	22	10	8	—	30	11	7
Protective service occupations	70	8	9	9	36	57	—	17	5	61
Service occupations, except protective and household	278	50	229	294	246	199	91	90	106	198
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6	14	10	31	61	21	—	—	12	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	471	101	323	201	747	257	35	100	223	377
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	169	118	432	333	252	342	32	91	248	116
Transportation and material moving occupations	113	13	131	64	152	93	23	39	44	97
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	103	38	133	143	225	119	4	11	20	44
Construction	286	50	80	90	359	97	19	38	81	218
Manufacturing	568	181	827	495	891	577	83	136	457	447
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	142	36	121	45	158	82	10	23	50	119
Wholesale and retail trade	681	145	372	247	730	273	64	60	264	565
Finance, insurance, and real estate	275	31	134	73	257	88	6	—	105	261
Business and repair services	134	37	98	29	108	25	6	33	21	125
Professional and related services	886	156	350	307	383	262	47	88	283	805
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 272	696	2 160	1 563	3 212	1 679	264	458	1 356	2 805
Private wage and salary workers	2 385	579	1 797	1 242	2 739	1 198	237	409	1 135	2 017
Government workers	616	64	334	272	248	419	15	39	178	548
Local government workers	267	27	87	147	66	131	—	19	82	225
Self-employed workers	243	53	29	41	207	62	12	—	37	219
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 733	898	2 422	1 803	3 557	2 338	290	549	1 588	3 183
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	3 007	684	2 034	1 308	3 064	1 872	227	433	1 322	2 596
50 to 52 weeks	2 300	508	1 404	847	2 215	1 358	95	276	889	2 094
40 to 49 weeks	371	51	326	192	300	161	37	51	161	234
27 to 39 weeks	173	49	107	101	234	60	20	38	87	113
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	358	90	197	229	210	220	24	27	161	312
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 177	1 064	2 939	2 552	4 432	2 802	678	978	2 041	3 546
With a mobility or self-care limitation	237	116	254	283	328	155	136	111	152	172
With a mobility limitation	145	32	80	110	164	81	19	74	88	95
In labor force	23	—	7	33	17	5	—	6	6	11
With a self-care limitation	134	95	221	250	239	108	125	67	107	96
With a work disability	367	130	269	343	511	336	89	142	305	256
In labor force	122	30	74	60	185	80	34	28	78	80
Prevented from working	213	87	153	237	299	210	55	91	206	151
No work disability	3 810	934	2 670	2 209	3 921	2 466	589	836	1 736	3 290
In labor force	3 170	724	2 157	1 663	3 174	1 787	326	530	1 380	2 721
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	727	289	416	564	597	390	206	263	598	615
With a mobility or self-care limitation	126	59	121	179	155	97	96	66	137	89
With a mobility limitation	84	37	103	121	155	87	91	48	108	74
With a self-care limitation	78	22	63	153	82	52	64	31	95	41
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	198	63	104	207	250	144	154	204	212	158
Mean family income (dollars)	20 705	11 944	13 707	8 162	11 380	8 467	4 934	4 270	16 188	23 014
1 worker	451	192	357	366	646	240	150	158	281	380
Mean family income (dollars)	28 131	33 606	23 423	14 136	23 878	20 869	10 083	19 187	23 480	29 585
2 or more workers	1 174	253	727	463	1 098	767	38	108	482	1 021
Mean family income (dollars)	49 582	39 206	35 042	29 971	38 641	42 390	25 937	19 400	38 080	52 285



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	702	3 148	2 779	3 128	—	—	750	708	244	—
In labor force	393	2 126	1 655	1 785	—	—	527	439	194	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	56.0	67.5	59.6	57.1	—	—	70.3	62.0	79.5	—
Civilian labor force	346	2 089	1 644	1 773	—	—	520	439	194	—
Employed	288	1 986	1 457	1 563	—	—	467	408	174	—
Unemployed	58	103	187	210	—	—	53	31	20	—
Percent of civilian labor force	16.8	4.9	11.4	11.8	—	—	10.2	7.1	10.3	—
Not in labor force	309	1 022	1 124	1 343	—	—	223	269	50	—
Institutionalized persons	10	—	167	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	17	168	83	184	—	—	35	33	10	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	159	328	443	514	—	—	83	99	24	—
Females 16 years and over	388	1 681	1 520	1 772	—	—	395	352	127	—
In labor force	192	990	762	930	—	—	235	172	99	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	49.5	58.9	50.1	52.5	—	—	59.5	48.9	78.0	—
Civilian labor force	192	990	762	923	—	—	235	172	99	—
Employed	153	934	687	775	—	—	212	148	88	—
Unemployed	39	56	75	148	—	—	23	24	11	—
Percent of civilian labor force	20.3	5.7	9.8	16.0	—	—	9.8	14.0	11.1	—
With own children under 6 years	46	208	189	302	—	—	75	26	20	—
In labor force	21	135	133	183	—	—	54	12	20	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	55	394	247	304	—	—	79	56	12	—
In labor force	55	334	168	206	—	—	56	50	12	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	45	318	273	429	—	—	111	39	28	—
All parents present in household in labor force	23	203	209	232	—	—	85	18	28	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	121	825	503	813	—	—	196	124	38	—
All parents present in household in labor force	121	700	295	442	—	—	99	106	38	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	63	275	186	290	—	—	77	49	46	—
Not enrolled in school	25	88	31	68	—	—	28	14	27	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	25	62	18	42	—	—	28	7	5	—
Not high school graduate	25	54	18	37	—	—	20	7	18	—
Employed	—	14	—	7	—	—	—	—	13	—
Unemployed	25	7	—	6	—	—	20	7	—	—
Not in labor force	—	33	18	24	—	—	—	—	5	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	288	1 986	1 457	1 563	—	—	467	408	174	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	8	108	79	69	—	—	29	37	7	—
Professional specialty occupations	20	187	143	83	—	—	18	38	19	—
Technicians and related support occupations	15	44	63	34	—	—	9	31	16	—
Sales occupations	20	206	231	122	—	—	40	68	33	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	58	238	211	158	—	—	60	59	13	—
Private household occupations	—	17	11	22	—	—	—	—	5	—
Protective service occupations	8	3	36	9	—	—	9	—	6	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	50	207	199	294	—	—	80	—	22	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	10	7	31	—	—	—	14	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	17	317	219	201	—	—	94	84	6	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	62	392	148	333	—	—	53	56	40	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	131	44	64	—	—	16	6	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	23	126	66	143	—	—	59	15	7	—
Construction	15	74	103	90	—	—	68	35	6	—
Manufacturing	77	771	316	495	—	—	121	104	56	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	14	114	106	45	—	—	23	22	7	—
Wholesale and retail trade	38	330	367	247	—	—	116	107	42	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	14	134	66	73	—	—	14	17	—	—
Business and repair services	16	87	44	29	—	—	9	21	11	—
Professional and related services	68	309	294	307	—	—	81	88	41	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	288	1 986	1 457	1 563	—	—	467	408	174	—
Private wage and salary workers	239	1 660	1 198	1 242	—	—	368	340	137	—
Government workers	27	297	189	272	—	—	68	37	37	—
Local government workers	20	75	86	147	—	—	42	7	12	—
Self-employed workers	22	29	70	41	—	—	24	31	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	424	2 235	1 678	1 803	—	—	550	474	187	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	299	1 856	1 387	1 308	—	—	411	385	178	—
50 to 52 weeks	206	1 292	951	847	—	—	206	302	112	—
40 to 49 weeks	11	307	171	192	—	—	137	40	19	—
27 to 39 weeks	29	82	148	101	—	—	60	20	25	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	32	192	109	229	—	—	46	58	5	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	472	2 719	2 117	2 552	—	—	631	592	220	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	109	219	83	283	—	—	65	7	35	—
With a mobility limitation	25	80	36	110	—	—	50	7	—	—
In labor force	—	7	—	33	—	—	12	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	95	186	47	250	—	—	38	—	35	—
With a work disability	63	269	192	343	—	—	111	67	—	—
In labor force	15	74	44	60	—	—	42	15	—	—
Prevented from working	42	153	134	237	—	—	62	45	—	—
No work disability	409	2 450	1 925	2 209	—	—	520	525	220	—
In labor force	317	1 963	1 559	1 663	—	—	449	407	194	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	173	392	484	564	—	—	112	116	24	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	35	104	133	179	—	—	37	24	17	—
With a mobility limitation	21	86	98	121	—	—	10	16	17	—
With a self-care limitation	14	53	74	153	—	—	37	8	10	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	46	104	191	207	—	—	40	17	—	—
Mean family income (dollars)	14 670	13 707	8 687	8 162	—	—	11 586	4 566	—	—
1 worker	68	330	312	366	—	—	71	124	27	—
Mean family income (dollars)	19 816	24 459	17 936	14 136	—	—	20 350	41 169	10 755	—
2 or more workers	120	679	415	463	—	—	153	133	48	—
Mean family income (dollars)	29 645	35 244	35 716	29 971	—	—	31 547	47 832	32 190	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chottahaatchee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chottahaatchee County, GA	Remainder of Chottahaatchee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	5 052	3 352	2 358	1 845	2 661	10 856	10 842	1 705	14
In labor force	3 458	2 044	1 488	996	1 464	9 364	9 357	1 054	7
Percent of persons 16 years and over	68.4	61.0	63.1	54.0	55.0	86.3	86.3	61.8	50.0
Civilian labor force	3 435	1 884	1 472	991	1 458	1 360	1 353	961	7
Employed	3 212	1 679	1 382	880	1 319	1 211	1 204	836	7
Unemployed	223	205	90	111	139	149	149	125	—
Percent of civilian labor force	6.5	10.9	6.1	11.2	9.5	11.0	11.0	13.0	—
Nat in labor force	1 594	1 308	870	849	1 197	1 492	1 485	651	7
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	153	217	114	122	180	325	325	78	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	521	366	268	372	400	21	21	209	—
Females 16 years and over	2 589	1 665	1 162	1 017	1 382	2 657	2 650	925	7
In labor force	1 502	897	677	471	637	1 319	1 319	452	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	58.0	53.9	58.3	46.3	46.1	49.6	49.8	48.9	—
Civilian labor force	1 502	884	677	471	637	881	881	445	—
Employed	1 368	815	630	419	574	741	741	393	—
Unemployed	134	69	47	52	63	140	140	52	—
Percent of civilian labor force	8.9	7.8	6.9	11.0	9.9	15.9	15.9	11.7	—
With own children under 6 years	513	243	151	173	207	1 066	1 059	146	7
In labor force	359	153	95	128	117	328	328	75	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	461	283	245	133	218	762	762	202	—
In labor force	327	195	200	90	166	396	396	133	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	644	331	222	226	281	1 447	1 440	209	7
All parents present in household in labor force	412	217	131	156	151	469	469	109	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 128	731	519	477	609	2 475	2 462	406	13
All parents present in household in labor force	785	486	313	332	427	1 002	1 002	241	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	347	310	232	149	257	1 614	1 614	135	—
Not enrolled in school	142	58	35	30	67	1 299	1 299	49	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	57	40	26	19	42	53	53	36	—
Not high school graduate	68	49	18	10	24	86	86	43	—
Employed	35	9	—	—	3	—	—	8	—
Unemployed	22	17	9	5	—	—	—	11	—
Not in labor force	11	23	9	5	21	32	32	24	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 212	1 679	1 382	880	1 319	1 211	1 204	836	7
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	267	69	137	34	57	110	110	53	—
Professional specialty occupations	141	89	84	31	94	317	310	53	7
Technicians and related support occupations	70	25	30	14	23	43	43	15	—
Sales occupations	445	138	160	28	112	159	159	82	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	560	262	148	69	171	262	262	114	—
Private household occupations	10	8	10	9	42	—	—	16	—
Protective service occupations	36	57	7	5	9	37	37	7	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	246	199	97	119	144	168	168	109	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	61	21	40	49	20	—	—	22	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	747	257	273	107	205	42	42	151	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	252	342	207	234	224	21	21	91	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	152	93	58	76	118	34	34	77	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	225	119	131	105	100	18	18	46	—
Construction	359	97	166	30	157	20	20	88	—
Manufacturing	891	577	464	408	460	26	26	140	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	158	82	122	53	77	9	9	59	—
Wholesale and retail trade	730	273	229	125	196	329	329	193	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	257	88	58	22	54	119	119	45	—
Business and repair services	108	25	49	27	11	65	65	25	—
Professional and related services	383	262	192	122	193	358	358	113	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 212	1 679	1 382	880	1 319	1 211	1 204	836	7
Private wage and salary workers	2 739	1 198	1 136	726	991	616	616	583	—
Government workers	248	419	145	113	254	558	551	175	7
Local government workers	66	131	82	56	90	46	46	68	—
Self-employed workers	207	62	101	41	74	37	37	74	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 557	2 338	1 623	1 080	1 548	9 392	9 378	1 148	14
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	3 064	1 872	1 358	822	1 362	7 888	7 881	930	7
50 to 52 weeks	2 215	1 358	1 097	482	962	5 358	5 351	602	7
40 to 49 weeks	300	161	70	114	126	1 133	1 133	108	—
27 to 39 weeks	234	60	60	38	90	416	416	77	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	210	220	144	122	95	709	709	117	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 432	2 802	2 031	1 415	2 201	2 751	2 737	1 393	14
With a mobility or self-care limitation	328	155	181	178	227	16	16	126	—
With a mobility limitation	164	81	114	49	98	—	—	71	—
In labor force	17	5	5	2	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	239	108	142	145	192	16	16	66	—
With a work disability	511	336	289	180	345	60	60	209	—
In labor force	185	80	57	23	96	8	8	58	—
Prevented from working	299	210	222	135	213	26	26	126	—
No work disability	3 921	2 466	1 742	1 235	1 856	2 691	2 677	1 184	14
In labor force	3 174	1 787	1 372	918	1 308	1 344	1 337	893	7
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	597	390	311	425	454	29	29	219	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	155	97	59	147	119	—	—	81	—
With a mobility limitation	155	87	52	136	103	—	—	66	—
With a self-care limitation	82	52	20	82	56	—	—	49	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers	250	144	119	137	180	38	38	92	—
Mean family income (dollars)	11 380	8 467	9 144	13 840	7 028	4 323	4 323	12 219	—
1 worker	646	240	163	218	258	924	924	174	—
Mean family income (dollars)	23 878	20 869	22 412	17 288	21 409	25 513	25 513	18 255	—
2 or more workers	1 098	767	565	303	479	1 137	1 130	372	7
Mean family income (dollars)	38 641	42 390	39 358	34 116	41 279	34 022	33 928	32 705	49 300



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	2 231	450	342	2 211	824	2 628	1 422	831	1 873	2 411
In labor force	993	245	38	1 458	477	1 615	769	512	1 102	1 378
Percent of persons 16 years and over	44.5	54.4	11.1	65.9	57.9	61.5	54.1	61.6	58.8	57.2
Civilian labor force	993	243	38	1 442	477	1 589	762	505	1 102	1 328
Employed	746	212	38	1 412	393	1 515	698	456	982	1 244
Unemployed	247	31	—	30	84	74	64	49	120	84
Percent of civilian labor force	24.9	12.8	—	2.1	17.6	4.7	8.4	9.7	10.9	6.3
Not in labor force	1 238	205	304	753	347	1 013	653	319	771	1 033
Institutionalized persons	55	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	328
Enrolled in school	110	20	6	93	51	72	47	17	53	60
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	329	115	221	412	138	471	338	138	475	431
Females 16 years and over	1 339	257	214	1 167	447	1 398	756	462	1 056	1 511
In labor force	494	106	18	648	230	767	303	241	523	716
Percent of females 16 years and over	36.9	41.2	8.4	55.5	51.5	54.9	40.1	52.2	49.5	47.4
Civilian labor force	494	106	18	642	230	767	303	241	523	710
Employed	347	95	18	636	200	741	266	216	488	651
Unemployed	147	11	—	6	30	26	37	25	35	59
Percent of civilian labor force	29.8	10.4	—	9	13.0	3.4	12.2	10.4	6.7	8.3
With own children under 6 years	274	32	—	128	82	196	131	72	91	129
In labor force	108	13	—	97	44	128	79	51	66	93
With own children 6 to 17 years only	300	40	—	152	47	166	83	47	139	143
In labor force	140	19	—	125	39	126	63	34	112	124
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	482	57	—	165	88	235	152	83	130	205
All parents present in household in labor force	165	24	—	136	37	140	74	68	81	136
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	704	78	—	264	168	395	200	161	338	301
All parents present in household in labor force	240	37	—	225	133	275	134	113	268	270
Persons 16 to 19 years	224	36	—	147	82	179	95	64	58	135
Not enrolled in school	95	20	—	31	36	82	56	41	20	44
Unemployed or not in labor force	75	5	—	18	36	26	18	17	—	29
Not high school graduate	73	15	—	19	22	19	41	27	5	22
Employed	20	13	—	6	—	8	28	10	5	—
Unemployed	21	2	—	—	14	11	—	—	—	13
Not in labor force	32	—	—	13	8	—	13	17	—	9
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	746	212	38	1 412	393	1 515	698	456	982	1 244
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	17	12	—	151	20	161	29	26	86	187
Professional specialty occupations	40	7	19	169	8	185	23	16	116	249
Technicians and related support occupations	—	5	—	35	—	56	17	14	34	42
Sales occupations	101	10	—	206	13	203	76	24	139	162
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	70	37	4	306	14	277	68	54	179	234
Private household occupations	23	1	—	—	10	—	—	11	—	—
Protective service occupations	7	—	—	51	8	57	10	23	20	12
Service occupations, except protective and household	141	30	9	102	164	108	68	65	107	111
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6	7	6	5	19	—	4	6	14	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	104	46	—	226	31	237	184	66	138	104
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	123	32	—	45	48	120	124	99	69	48
Transportation and material moving occupations	29	15	—	67	16	81	56	31	30	77
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	85	10	—	49	42	30	39	21	50	12
Construction	109	29	—	99	41	45	77	49	73	77
Manufacturing	187	63	8	219	94	361	249	110	161	130
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	27	6	4	92	—	109	17	21	41	96
Wholesale and retail trade	194	46	6	299	84	316	224	115	188	264
Finance, insurance, and real estate	21	18	—	209	10	134	16	32	144	186
Business and repair services	43	7	—	37	14	44	38	—	47	44
Professional and related services	96	24	20	309	84	356	54	64	262	344
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	746	212	38	1 412	393	1 515	698	456	982	1 244
Private wage and salary workers	679	190	21	1 103	329	1 156	617	357	783	979
Government workers	60	17	17	214	53	288	31	90	176	180
Local government workers	19	4	4	106	43	97	14	44	86	95
Self-employed workers	7	5	—	89	11	71	50	9	23	85
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 013	271	56	1 539	486	1 766	844	538	1 170	1 461
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	697	217	31	1 305	345	1 481	661	387	986	1 203
50 to 52 weeks	370	128	11	923	167	1 102	412	255	639	902
40 to 49 weeks	42	37	20	240	79	161	85	51	194	119
27 to 39 weeks	91	10	—	31	64	76	88	35	63	74
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	105	19	14	146	55	143	99	90	103	145
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 847	329	87	1 702	676	2 107	1 039	652	1 349	1 519
With a mobility or self-care limitation	252	13	—	35	250	145	109	10	108	53
With a mobility limitation	167	4	—	23	38	70	65	10	59	12
In labor force	—	—	—	6	8	10	8	—	7	12
With a self-care limitation	184	12	—	18	242	106	70	10	83	46
With a work disability	445	49	26	127	111	220	205	71	189	122
In labor force	115	19	—	71	31	63	56	34	64	74
Prevented from working	309	25	26	50	80	131	145	30	118	37
No work disability	1 402	280	61	1 575	565	1 887	834	581	1 160	1 397
In labor force	878	220	30	1 296	436	1 502	676	440	989	1 171
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	329	119	235	493	148	495	376	172	524	514
With a mobility or self-care limitation	141	32	96	83	55	116	123	55	138	145
With a mobility limitation	107	32	74	56	55	110	84	23	99	126
With a self-care limitation	102	15	43	55	44	63	84	34	78	55
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	311	25	15	120	31	149	111	39	137	108
Mean family income (dollars)	5 708	13 282	10 486	21 788	17 445	15 269	11 212	19 202	20 541	25 248
1 worker	310	50	—	251	136	281	114	107	186	205
Mean family income (dollars)	9 965	27 186	—	35 971	18 071	26 435	17 626	15 017	19 656	34 061
2 or more workers	176	70	7	446	117	556	214	178	331	372
Mean family income (dollars)	21 151	32 413	147 000	49 424	24 323	43 843	31 887	24 927	38 812	41 321

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	3 179	2 298	2 998	908	1 693	992	2 231	1 217	1 027	2 509
In labor force	2 150	1 362	1 872	440	779	367	993	714	607	1 642
Percent of persons 16 years and over	67.6	59.3	62.4	48.5	46.0	37.0	44.5	58.7	59.1	65.4
Civilian labor force	2 085	1 350	1 825	428	774	363	993	708	594	1 595
Employed	1 983	1 328	1 749	393	642	338	746	601	571	1 442
Unemployed	102	22	76	35	132	25	247	107	23	153
Percent of civilian labor force	4.9	1.6	4.2	8.2	17.1	6.9	24.9	15.1	3.9	9.6
Not in labor force	1 029	936	1 126	468	914	625	1 238	503	420	867
Institutionalized persons	7	—	6	—	—	260	55	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	212	95	151	33	80	33	110	30	27	104
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	469	576	671	244	397	105	329	240	298	332
Females 16 years and over	1 705	1 242	1 751	514	1 067	556	1 339	615	609	1 440
In labor force	1 048	609	877	236	410	148	494	301	275	789
Percent of females 16 years and over	61.5	49.0	50.1	45.9	38.4	26.6	36.9	48.9	45.2	54.8
Civilian labor force	1 036	609	877	236	410	148	494	301	275	789
Employed	1 003	587	850	213	322	138	347	256	263	715
Unemployed	33	22	27	23	88	10	147	45	12	74
Percent of civilian labor force	3.2	3.6	3.1	9.7	21.5	6.8	29.8	15.0	4.4	9.4
With own children under 6 years	206	121	169	57	193	32	274	71	50	151
In labor force	102	66	108	43	86	13	108	54	35	105
With own children 6 to 17 years only	231	178	143	83	157	56	300	71	47	249
In labor force	204	151	98	63	88	42	140	56	42	185
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	311	136	211	79	371	45	482	120	61	218
All parents present in household in labor force	145	78	129	58	133	20	165	90	41	155
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	572	382	282	141	404	112	704	173	100	650
All parents present in household in labor force	437	293	177	87	214	72	240	121	72	496
Persons 16 to 19 years	212	125	126	58	142	46	224	75	32	206
Not enrolled in school	29	—	19	7	57	26	95	48	6	39
Unemployed or not in labor force	16	—	6	7	38	22	75	20	—	31
Not high school graduate	12	—	11	7	52	18	73	23	6	33
Employed	4	—	5	—	19	—	20	19	6	8
Unemployed	—	—	—	7	8	—	21	4	—	7
Not in labor force	8	—	6	—	25	18	32	—	—	18
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 983	1 328	1 749	393	642	338	746	601	571	1 442
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	302	295	313	31	32	6	17	34	85	71
Professional specialty occupations	487	444	434	30	37	8	40	33	129	228
Technicians and related support occupations	61	27	55	—	16	—	—	21	32	49
Sales occupations	270	287	230	23	80	34	101	97	104	155
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	382	119	242	48	90	53	70	97	55	122
Private household occupations	—	6	—	9	12	9	23	—	—	37
Protective service occupations	22	—	54	—	7	7	7	—	—	27
Service occupations, except protective and household	101	56	92	102	113	47	141	86	62	291
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	15	21	15	—	5	27	6	6	5	12
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	151	37	165	37	114	51	104	113	42	97
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	106	21	114	54	61	43	123	33	30	135
Transportation and material moving occupations	38	6	16	18	5	15	29	43	5	86
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	48	9	19	41	70	38	85	38	22	132
Construction	98	72	92	29	60	36	109	81	40	90
Manufacturing	255	104	297	105	140	72	187	125	95	214
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	95	20	63	8	23	17	27	38	20	62
Wholesale and retail trade	432	257	236	43	168	77	194	154	101	296
Finance, insurance, and real estate	250	254	247	28	49	10	21	45	57	57
Business and repair services	66	32	108	11	25	9	43	4	19	62
Professional and related services	583	474	529	122	101	30	96	95	182	384
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 983	1 328	1 749	393	642	338	746	601	571	1 442
Private wage and salary workers	1 500	980	1 337	301	523	282	679	525	457	884
Government workers	369	183	276	77	81	51	60	46	71	473
Local government workers	129	91	99	14	33	34	19	16	58	179
Self-employed workers	100	165	136	15	38	5	7	30	43	85
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 306	1 518	1 986	472	750	444	1 013	770	631	1 726
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 792	1 163	1 656	362	564	318	697	688	560	1 288
50 to 52 weeks	1 376	849	1 293	234	381	163	370	399	404	796
40 to 49 weeks	108	96	150	54	61	25	42	108	81	200
27 to 39 weeks	145	113	85	16	37	24	91	66	51	133
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	205	222	188	55	57	40	105	39	40	226
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 493	1 565	2 154	641	1 278	617	1 847	956	698	2 096
With a mobility or self-care limitation	60	41	117	183	176	44	252	137	29	320
With a mobility limitation	20	16	47	43	59	28	167	49	17	75
In labor force	—	4	15	6	—	5	—	15	—	19
With a self-care limitation	54	37	98	160	138	33	184	124	21	282
With a work disability	185	82	157	137	232	98	445	165	46	211
In labor force	80	51	66	38	49	23	115	39	—	90
Prevented from working	81	26	62	85	176	66	309	120	36	99
No work disability	2 308	1 483	1 997	504	1 046	519	1 402	791	652	1 885
In labor force	1 870	1 162	1 647	379	712	334	878	654	576	1 471
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	614	721	791	255	410	111	329	255	316	366
With a mobility or self-care limitation	95	51	164	83	164	21	141	97	83	64
With a mobility limitation	87	34	137	70	133	21	107	85	72	43
With a self-care limitation	41	36	95	41	100	11	102	44	47	42
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	162	158	112	57	257	65	311	43	41	112
Mean family income (dollars)	32 112	51 659	36 202	8 125	7 732	4 311	5 708	24 116	13 909	12 385
1 worker	289	213	289	88	197	53	310	141	95	247
Mean family income (dollars)	29 694	95 277	48 050	15 839	12 442	16 444	9 965	22 046	22 416	18 010
2 or more workers	690	510	492	114	165	79	176	169	151	500
Mean family income (dollars)	52 140	86 646	62 933	26 232	30 042	22 659	21 151	32 013	42 457	35 386



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	1 931	2 935	1 386	1 273	2 178	587	1 325	2 314	2 758	3 300
In labor force	1 157	1 760	789	762	613	408	582	1 249	2 096	2 227
Percent of persons 16 years and over	59.9	60.0	56.9	59.9	28.1	69.5	43.9	54.0	76.0	67.5
Civilian labor force	1 115	1 735	735	762	605	368	558	1 249	1 694	1 947
Employed	1 076	1 546	679	648	492	346	457	1 009	1 500	1 777
Unemployed	39	189	56	114	113	22	101	240	194	170
Percent of civilian labor force	3.5	10.9	7.6	15.0	18.7	6.0	18.1	19.2	11.5	8.7
Not in labor force	774	1 175	597	511	1 565	179	743	1 065	662	1 073
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	828	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	86	135	48	78	57	8	125	106	101	183
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	381	513	316	196	330	48	192	535	193	198
Females 16 years and over	1 059	1 655	859	788	926	257	851	1 438	1 430	1 640
In labor force	517	890	384	427	334	146	346	697	975	930
Percent of females 16 years and over	48.8	53.8	44.7	54.2	36.1	56.8	40.7	48.5	68.2	56.7
Civilian labor force	512	890	370	427	334	146	346	697	955	910
Employed	484	775	342	363	249	130	260	569	832	832
Unemployed	28	115	28	64	85	16	86	128	123	78
Percent of civilian labor force	5.5	12.9	7.6	15.0	25.4	11.0	24.9	18.4	12.9	8.6
With own children under 6 years	137	127	153	147	143	32	166	181	258	359
In labor force	75	90	76	50	85	20	52	103	188	164
With own children 6 to 17 years only	125	253	80	154	176	15	164	189	320	250
In labor force	107	175	41	122	123	9	107	140	230	180
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	188	228	209	244	206	57	306	266	361	558
All parents present in household in labor force	109	140	103	85	114	36	91	142	235	233
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	287	497	206	327	350	29	471	446	595	607
All parents present in household in labor force	206	316	86	199	194	13	256	282	433	321
Persons 16 to 19 years	135	229	83	128	206	23	173	201	212	308
Not enrolled in school	38	72	56	38	120	15	55	76	76	129
Unemployed or not in labor force	19	26	21	19	91	7	49	53	38	98
Not high school graduate	12	51	49	18	106	—	49	29	15	112
Employed	6	24	35	12	23	—	—	16	11	24
Unemployed	—	23	—	—	14	—	30	7	—	10
Not in labor force	6	—	14	6	69	—	19	6	4	71
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 076	1 546	679	648	492	346	457	1 009	1 500	1 777
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	138	34	89	32	7	41	40	41	74	171
Professional specialty occupations	202	75	150	38	42	62	28	58	173	80
Technicians and related support occupations	19	25	28	6	—	7	—	—	84	18
Sales occupations	112	134	90	83	14	63	62	88	173	188
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	210	158	134	53	29	20	33	132	259	239
Private household occupations	7	63	—	19	28	7	25	28	31	—
Protective service occupations	26	25	7	20	7	6	—	—	26	93
Service occupations, except protective and household	69	431	48	187	200	45	123	312	220	296
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	19	15	—	7	9	—	—	—	—	28
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	171	106	33	45	43	44	46	132	137	367
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	29	184	55	75	42	15	69	86	179	142
Transportation and material moving occupations	36	133	19	39	8	—	24	85	87	57
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	38	163	26	44	63	36	7	47	57	98
Construction	61	81	21	37	50	36	18	72	38	153
Manufacturing	130	348	101	135	42	54	107	158	277	286
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	65	110	41	12	22	27	16	49	53	42
Wholesale and retail trade	202	297	115	192	128	106	91	256	363	510
Finance, insurance, and real estate	77	72	60	34	6	31	35	55	94	96
Business and repair services	82	59	61	47	14	8	11	38	75	64
Professional and related services	272	325	212	122	95	45	88	239	321	244
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 076	1 546	679	648	492	346	457	1 009	1 500	1 777
Private wage and salary workers	789	1 142	508	509	362	291	335	804	1 107	1 250
Government workers	233	354	137	100	123	37	68	168	388	447
Local government workers	89	155	61	32	74	21	9	95	126	142
Self-employed workers	47	50	28	39	7	18	30	37	5	80
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 219	1 806	893	730	1 166	428	562	1 254	2 164	2 404
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	993	1 277	735	545	862	374	430	889	1 840	1 995
50 to 52 weeks	765	832	469	344	307	218	276	550	1 363	1 392
40 to 49 weeks	87	154	109	52	169	80	50	125	268	202
27 to 39 weeks	60	91	81	58	86	20	38	37	88	91
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	135	296	68	102	126	33	85	154	170	142
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 448	2 271	941	1 077	983	490	1 089	1 738	2 105	2 822
With a mobility or self-care limitation	82	166	48	76	146	21	181	195	170	166
With a mobility limitation	52	112	14	20	89	21	80	68	71	88
In labor force	16	6	—	—	13	7	15	9	4	10
With a self-care limitation	55	92	41	63	103	15	181	162	134	114
With a work disability	125	403	68	125	211	97	155	231	278	414
In labor force	37	130	13	32	56	42	26	52	121	127
Prevented from working	82	237	42	81	148	55	109	166	149	248
No work disability	1 323	1 868	873	952	772	393	934	1 507	1 827	2 408
In labor force	1 018	1 479	647	730	520	317	517	1 161	1 515	1 820
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	441	639	391	196	359	57	212	576	251	198
With a mobility or self-care limitation	67	169	101	74	149	12	107	172	53	57
With a mobility limitation	60	134	81	68	126	12	48	139	31	57
With a self-care limitation	48	123	53	43	76	12	84	113	38	38
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	133	203	86	132	159	17	188	193	75	150
Mean family income (dollars)	24 859	10 780	27 557	5 284	5 022	8 871	5 325	9 079	12 986	11 090
1 worker	198	270	177	174	170	40	226	310	340	450
Mean family income (dollars)	25 760	18 173	31 435	15 366	7 969	30 164	11 575	14 606	19 076	15 780
2 or more workers	371	471	212	207	94	80	103	259	582	587
Mean family income (dollars)	36 114	32 312	48 249	30 941	25 183	30 249	26 332	21 623	48 100	33 720

Table 18. **Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	2 041	4 116	2 398	3 582	2 109	901	3 580	4 219	1 898
In labor force .....	1 176	2 561	1 380	2 245	1 439	658	2 692	3 431	1 406
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	57.6	62.2	57.5	62.7	68.2	73.0	75.2	81.3	74.1
Civilian labor force .....	1 139	2 255	1 368	2 126	1 219	658	2 614	2 896	1 356
Employed .....	958	1 993	1 033	1 861	996	631	2 510	2 790	1 317
Unemployed .....	181	262	335	265	223	27	104	106	39
Percent of civilian labor force .....	15.9	11.6	24.5	12.5	18.3	4.1	4.0	3.7	2.9
Not in labor force .....	865	1 555	1 018	1 337	670	243	888	788	492
Institutionalized persons .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	78	179	202	229	53	30	237	183	134
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	297	575	220	502	180	71	260	126	100
Females 16 years and over .....	1 122	2 111	1 490	2 089	1 088	420	1 845	1 994	961
In labor force .....	529	1 059	727	1 130	599	253	1 269	1 427	605
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	47.1	50.2	48.8	54.1	55.1	60.2	68.8	71.6	63.0
Civilian labor force .....	518	1 050	727	1 123	587	253	1 262	1 421	601
Employed .....	431	894	507	976	408	247	1 212	1 338	587
Unemployed .....	87	156	220	147	179	6	50	83	14
Percent of civilian labor force .....	16.8	14.9	30.3	13.1	30.5	2.4	4.0	5.8	2.3
With own children under 6 years .....	212	391	455	283	274	68	317	316	238
In labor force .....	116	255	229	148	139	52	206	189	169
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	181	338	343	444	211	120	461	319	233
In labor force .....	126	260	193	330	154	89	405	238	176
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	321	470	752	445	377	105	421	448	298
All parents present in household in labor force .....	183	295	408	185	201	88	235	252	218
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	465	952	868	976	514	278	901	667	554
All parents present in household in labor force .....	243	742	479	596	355	215	773	475	366
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	146	269	252	366	171	75	308	189	165
Not enrolled in school .....	25	78	97	90	124	12	54	30	33
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	8	25	85	45	58	—	16	7	8
Not high school graduate .....	8	65	78	34	69	6	31	14	13
Employed .....	—	40	—	6	26	6	20	7	10
Unemployed .....	—	—	17	16	8	—	5	—	—
Not in labor force .....	8	17	61	12	35	—	6	7	3
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	958	1 993	1 033	1 861	996	631	2 510	2 790	1 317
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	20	125	50	77	77	106	352	425	182
Professional specialty occupations .....	37	129	24	186	78	66	339	594	232
Technicians and related support occupations .....	25	60	26	104	15	7	104	135	60
Sales occupations .....	64	171	114	187	87	97	271	499	189
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	52	253	55	228	98	101	541	465	279
Private household occupations .....	8	—	14	22	—	—	—	—	6
Protective service occupations .....	16	59	9	31	29	15	48	60	11
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	319	290	298	334	233	58	208	179	89
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	11	34	10	18	7	13	41	22	19
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	146	279	124	198	135	67	350	252	151
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	131	307	177	235	84	32	116	83	46
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	66	155	30	146	64	25	80	46	29
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	63	131	102	95	89	44	60	30	24
Construction .....	84	73	52	42	74	58	154	137	117
Manufacturing .....	189	462	269	429	156	145	397	484	161
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	49	130	53	38	40	37	142	108	74
Wholesale and retail trade .....	218	530	300	452	248	121	458	719	299
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	18	53	27	79	20	50	312	277	143
Business and repair services .....	65	71	43	114	63	37	193	95	58
Professional and related services .....	169	324	151	433	209	126	541	692	287
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	958	1 993	1 033	1 861	996	631	2 510	2 790	1 317
Private wage and salary workers .....	756	1 393	834	1 351	724	500	1 927	2 118	1 014
Government workers .....	182	497	164	473	245	81	470	578	227
Local government workers .....	109	153	61	70	74	31	137	139	59
Self-employed workers .....	20	103	30	37	27	40	100	86	67
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	1 195	2 766	1 351	2 286	1 613	684	2 830	3 621	1 483
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	937	2 298	1 026	1 788	1 317	573	2 437	3 195	1 199
50 to 52 weeks .....	597	1 559	558	1 206	887	454	1 903	2 458	956
40 to 49 weeks .....	104	363	134	294	156	20	185	357	131
27 to 39 weeks .....	83	111	104	94	47	51	136	156	39
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	153	256	139	238	88	74	188	256	148
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	1 685	3 172	2 143	2 907	1 703	790	3 169	3 547	1 721
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	150	207	200	279	133	18	110	72	54
With a mobility limitation .....	47	61	137	101	51	18	47	55	10
In labor force .....	6	8	30	27	13	—	—	16	—
With a self-care limitation .....	126	188	122	207	127	5	86	56	46
With a work disability .....	279	382	305	446	197	49	214	106	45
In labor force .....	70	193	121	229	67	32	76	25	12
Prevented from working .....	180	148	150	191	115	17	101	59	22
No work disability .....	1 406	2 790	1 838	2 461	1 506	741	2 955	3 441	1 676
In labor force .....	1 047	2 002	1 224	1 853	1 146	586	2 465	2 860	1 317
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	319	635	243	556	186	111	333	137	127
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	59	146	75	212	55	7	63	30	34
With a mobility limitation .....	55	99	64	160	37	—	52	30	23
With a self-care limitation .....	44	90	34	86	39	7	11	21	11
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers .....	166	232	359	192	31	36	74	46	63
Mean family income (dollars) .....	6 945	19 607	4 950	8 577	12 519	19 442	43 293	15 958	17 315
1 worker .....	290	607	501	374	310	86	360	395	156
Mean family income (dollars) .....	13 182	44 849	11 353	19 813	15 296	105 108	37 432	41 296	60 187
2 or more workers .....	278	737	206	717	416	235	953	992	550
Mean family income (dollars) .....	31 537	38 887	21 044	31 830	24 040	57 105	50 601	48 539	53 960



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	5 693	1 376	3 526	5 261	2 241	6 073	3 985	5 628	2 329
In labor force .....	4 165	864	2 465	3 726	1 468	4 206	2 790	3 857	1 639
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	73.2	62.8	69.9	70.8	65.5	69.3	70.0	68.5	70.4
Civilian labor force .....	3 970	857	2 391	3 640	1 437	4 027	2 621	3 545	1 546
Employed .....	3 842	840	2 321	3 445	1 373	3 799	2 458	3 295	1 420
Unemployed .....	128	17	70	195	64	228	163	250	126
Percent of civilian labor force .....	3.2	2.0	2.9	5.4	4.5	5.7	6.2	7.1	8.2
Not in labor force .....	1 528	512	1 061	1 535	773	1 867	1 195	1 771	690
Institutionalized persons .....	132	—	10	—	5	18	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	280	145	176	221	46	203	192	364	195
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	406	133	364	634	418	809	288	282	194
Females 16 years and over .....	2 972	701	1 843	2 768	1 243	3 313	2 090	3 025	1 325
In labor force .....	1 882	370	1 088	1 699	669	1 956	1 285	1 784	911
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	63.3	52.8	59.0	61.4	53.8	59.0	61.5	59.0	68.8
Civilian labor force .....	1 858	363	1 088	1 681	669	1 940	1 280	1 729	899
Employed .....	1 792	346	1 054	1 581	638	1 871	1 163	1 629	840
Unemployed .....	66	17	34	100	31	69	117	100	59
Percent of civilian labor force .....	3.6	4.7	3.1	5.9	4.6	3.6	9.1	5.8	6.6
With own children under 6 years .....	624	51	243	286	170	708	348	521	201
In labor force .....	428	16	113	186	100	467	218	326	161
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	673	187	405	559	141	480	437	625	338
In labor force .....	560	101	293	442	130	339	339	439	299
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	761	80	408	399	245	873	464	741	254
All parents present in household in labor force .....	476	25	164	274	151	562	279	452	186
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	1 409	297	664	1 082	359	1 232	1 099	1 620	698
All parents present in household in labor force .....	1 179	136	456	739	288	791	815	1 152	549
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	472	166	206	454	114	411	316	559	252
Not enrolled in school .....	105	—	15	122	52	116	75	135	30
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	34	—	4	74	13	36	49	62	—
Not high school graduate .....	36	—	11	47	6	37	37	106	14
Employed .....	16	—	11	19	—	18	9	44	14
Unemployed .....	9	—	—	—	—	10	9	24	—
Not in labor force .....	11	—	—	28	6	9	19	38	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	3 842	840	2 321	3 445	1 373	3 799	2 458	3 295	1 420
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	596	267	620	631	259	558	121	254	65
Professional specialty occupations .....	619	206	607	585	159	667	215	236	133
Technicians and related support occupations .....	250	13	53	125	60	78	122	99	55
Sales occupations .....	458	158	319	550	180	643	257	361	153
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	799	93	286	688	223	793	443	574	221
Private household occupations .....	—	15	—	—	5	—	13	16	19
Protective service occupations .....	111	5	42	61	35	85	88	32	52
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	182	27	107	216	119	232	362	585	289
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	43	7	6	7	2	28	16	51	8
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	457	23	134	325	143	399	331	414	94
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	150	7	52	108	76	169	251	362	181
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	127	8	77	54	67	91	121	210	79
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	50	11	18	95	45	56	118	101	71
Construction .....	268	60	120	231	126	120	114	178	40
Manufacturing .....	553	106	252	435	232	559	440	690	275
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	254	32	168	159	81	188	99	119	66
Wholesale and retail trade .....	641	133	415	684	287	800	735	798	327
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	485	140	252	388	124	502	126	217	51
Business and repair services .....	125	35	59	193	36	114	137	168	49
Professional and related services .....	1 069	278	733	1 018	313	1 121	420	705	364
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	3 842	840	2 321	3 445	1 373	3 799	2 458	3 295	1 420
Private wage and salary workers .....	2 672	745	1 614	2 438	1 009	2 838	1 775	2 342	927
Government workers .....	941	62	573	775	273	756	531	755	457
Local government workers .....	319	29	175	278	129	318	148	204	170
Self-employed workers .....	220	33	134	193	91	187	131	198	29
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	4 383	952	2 711	3 833	1 552	4 437	2 964	4 025	1 707
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	3 678	754	2 219	3 173	1 334	3 527	2 380	3 218	1 322
50 to 52 weeks .....	2 864	564	1 782	2 604	997	2 745	1 733	2 338	901
40 to 49 weeks .....	360	84	144	215	107	301	262	401	190
27 to 39 weeks .....	204	23	119	117	97	190	184	194	116
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	286	106	268	279	109	483	245	403	187
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	4 906	1 171	3 046	4 416	1 728	4 974	3 440	4 982	2 021
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	135	35	71	90	24	231	220	300	250
With a mobility limitation .....	121	16	37	70	24	101	115	182	63
In labor force .....	31	—	15	17	—	13	41	24	22
With a self-care limitation .....	45	35	54	36	—	154	148	194	230
With a work disability .....	319	43	201	323	108	339	446	650	210
In labor force .....	175	13	104	147	45	132	215	248	65
Prevented from working .....	144	16	61	151	50	147	179	290	127
No work disability .....	4 587	1 128	2 845	4 093	1 620	4 635	2 994	4 332	1 811
In labor force .....	3 741	785	2 262	3 368	1 333	3 811	2 338	3 245	1 460
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	460	198	396	759	477	902	376	334	215
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	117	25	57	164	108	172	90	113	102
With a mobility limitation .....	117	18	52	157	85	141	59	79	64
With a self-care limitation .....	57	25	29	52	70	94	50	65	75
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers .....	125	44	134	215	101	308	156	185	67
Mean family income (dollars) .....	22 911	114 030	31 408	28 501	31 750	27 315	15 027	10 711	13 844
1 worker .....	471	162	382	473	225	671	413	577	196
Mean family income (dollars) .....	35 815	148 441	69 545	34 434	25 506	41 227	27 351	25 476	25 199
2 or more workers .....	1 537	333	919	1 310	533	1 419	955	1 400	545
Mean family income (dollars) .....	52 223	147 673	63 079	51 763	49 263	51 030	36 743	39 664	39 603

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 181	3 838	3 924	4 822	8 515	739	—	—	450
In labor force	—	2 821	2 793	3 456	7 436	510	—	—	245
Percent of persons 16 years and over	—	73.5	71.2	71.7	87.3	69.0	—	—	54.4
Civilian labor force	—	2 467	2 627	2 835	1 339	413	—	—	243
Employed	—	2 261	2 421	2 548	1 158	379	—	—	212
Unemployed	—	206	206	287	181	34	—	—	31
Percent of civilian labor force	—	8.4	7.8	10.1	13.5	8.2	—	—	12.8
Not in labor force	1 181	1 017	1 131	1 366	1 079	229	—	—	205
Institutionalized persons	1 181	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	—	198	290	408	267	32	—	—	20
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	306	292	306	5	31	—	—	115
Females 16 years and over	168	2 065	2 163	2 548	2 105	413	—	—	257
In labor force	—	1 375	1 478	1 674	1 072	249	—	—	106
Percent of females 16 years and over	—	66.6	68.3	65.7	50.9	60.3	—	—	41.2
Civilian labor force	—	1 337	1 459	1 629	925	244	—	—	106
Employed	—	1 246	1 355	1 474	763	231	—	—	95
Unemployed	—	91	104	155	162	13	—	—	11
Percent of civilian labor force	—	6.8	7.1	9.5	17.5	5.3	—	—	10.4
With own children under 6 years	—	301	324	522	1 357	51	—	—	32
In labor force	—	242	221	352	640	34	—	—	13
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	435	564	539	427	32	—	—	40
In labor force	—	390	494	405	270	26	—	—	19
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	401	421	653	2 065	92	—	—	57
All parents present in household in labor force	—	322	257	426	879	66	—	—	24
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	935	1 159	1 163	1 446	77	—	—	78
All parents present in household in labor force	—	782	946	852	767	51	—	—	37
Persons 16 to 19 years	38	342	387	486	2 072	52	—	—	36
Not enrolled in school	7	75	84	68	1 873	8	—	—	20
Unemployed or not in labor force	7	35	33	34	31	8	—	—	5
Not high school graduate	7	19	40	25	189	—	—	—	15
Employed	—	8	21	—	—	—	—	—	13
Unemployed	—	—	10	9	—	—	—	—	2
Not in labor force	7	11	9	16	9	—	—	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	2 261	2 421	2 548	1 158	379	—	—	212
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	245	182	283	113	36	—	—	12
Professional specialty occupations	—	232	301	407	139	32	—	—	7
Technicians and related support occupations	—	81	72	225	33	38	—	—	5
Sales occupations	—	209	242	310	151	40	—	—	10
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	341	457	310	242	68	—	—	37
Private household occupations	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	1
Protective service occupations	—	54	87	97	7	10	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	355	338	294	251	31	—	—	30
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	9	16	8	6	—	—	—	7
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	—	261	183	201	57	54	—	—	46
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	240	204	212	69	38	—	—	32
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	138	192	93	53	19	—	—	15
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	96	133	108	37	13	—	—	10
Construction	—	62	99	93	23	24	—	—	29
Manufacturing	—	505	429	465	79	101	—	—	63
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	117	134	88	28	16	—	—	6
Wholesale and retail trade	—	471	333	441	380	73	—	—	46
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	141	184	147	63	7	—	—	18
Business and repair services	—	102	142	94	48	10	—	—	7
Professional and related services	—	455	708	776	260	85	—	—	24
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	2 261	2 421	2 548	1 158	379	—	—	212
Private wage and salary workers	—	1 556	1 417	1 430	634	244	—	—	190
Government workers	—	605	848	1 028	487	130	—	—	17
Local government workers	—	137	329	260	42	34	—	—	4
Self-employed workers	—	100	140	82	37	5	—	—	5
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	189	2 920	2 729	3 555	7 028	532	—	—	271
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	132	2 422	2 115	2 829	5 594	475	—	—	217
50 to 52 weeks	39	1 769	1 618	1 932	2 859	331	—	—	128
40 to 49 weeks	24	303	237	446	988	48	—	—	37
27 to 39 weeks	23	160	94	167	572	25	—	—	10
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	201	265	347	589	16	—	—	19
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	—	3 117	3 371	3 841	2 413	597	—	—	329
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	167	351	400	72	25	—	—	13
With a mobility limitation	—	48	113	98	21	15	—	—	4
In labor force	—	6	25	14	—	8	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	154	293	335	56	18	—	—	12
With a work disability	—	285	383	266	76	67	—	—	49
In labor force	—	115	219	119	30	28	—	—	19
Prevented from working	—	147	138	111	34	24	—	—	25
No work disability	—	2 832	2 988	3 575	2 337	530	—	—	280
In labor force	—	2 301	2 313	2 670	1 309	371	—	—	220
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	367	387	360	5	45	—	—	119
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	59	148	93	5	5	—	—	32
With a mobility limitation	—	45	109	54	—	—	—	—	32
With a self-care limitation	—	44	98	66	5	5	—	—	15
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers	—	113	153	175	141	16	—	—	25
Mean family income (dollars)	—	16 365	11 640	13 524	8 750	18 215	—	—	13 282
1 worker	—	380	398	678	777	91	—	—	50
Mean family income (dollars)	—	23 618	24 298	22 627	17 527	24 408	—	—	27 186
2 or more workers	—	942	936	1 038	1 156	165	—	—	70
Mean family income (dollars)	—	38 072	39 135	38 002	23 718	30 639	—	—	32 413



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
		Alaboma (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	86 350	17 480	17 480	9 453	68 870	2 928	2 101	65 942	65 715
Less than \$5,000	8 675	2 446	2 446	1 552	6 229	127	58	6 102	6 073
\$5,000 to \$9,999	9 280	2 032	2 032	1 157	7 248	140	9	7 108	7 073
\$10,000 to \$14,999	9 615	1 930	1 930	1 069	7 685	186	98	7 499	7 451
\$15,000 to \$24,999	18 145	3 860	3 860	1 999	14 285	991	791	13 294	13 240
\$25,000 to \$34,999	13 941	2 682	2 682	1 401	11 259	660	516	10 599	10 566
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13 666	2 568	2 568	1 284	11 098	550	431	10 548	10 539
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8 927	1 480	1 480	744	7 447	245	177	7 202	7 188
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2 163	290	290	164	1 873	27	21	1 846	1 843
\$100,000 or more	1 938	192	192	83	1 746	2	—	1 744	1 742
Median (dollars)	23 343	20 995	20 995	20 043	24 161	25 305	26 860	24 056	24 102
Mean (dollars)	30 339	25 575	25 575	24 279	31 548	28 194	29 614	31 697	31 733
Families	63 240	12 827	12 827	6 647	50 413	2 737	2 092	47 676	47 531
Median income (dollars)	27 433	24 642	24 642	23 819	28 343	25 961	26 949	28 565	28 607
Males 15 years and over, with income	83 984	15 137	15 137	7 526	68 847	8 658	7 922	60 189	60 000
Median income (dollars)	16 212	16 541	16 541	16 153	16 138	11 995	11 869	16 855	16 877
Percent year-round full-time workers	54.5	53.8	53.8	52.4	54.7	60.8	61.5	53.8	53.9
Median income (dollars)	21 675	21 676	21 676	21 982	21 674	15 074	14 529	23 003	23 025
Females 15 years and over, with income	78 142	16 048	16 048	8 996	62 094	2 493	1 716	59 601	59 381
Median income (dollars)	8 652	7 335	7 335	7 055	9 038	6 836	6 903	9 174	9 193
Percent year-round full-time workers	33.9	32.6	32.6	30.0	34.2	27.8	27.9	34.4	34.5
Median income (dollars)	16 222	15 254	15 254	15 844	16 490	12 547	12 500	16 613	16 618
Per capito income (dollars)	11 282	9 675	9 675	9 515	11 666	8 673	8 653	11 949	11 961
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	86 350	17 480	17 480	9 453	68 870	2 928	2 101	65 942	65 715
With earnings	68 212	13 162	13 162	6 787	55 050	2 721	2 054	52 329	52 180
Mean earnings (dollars)	30 718	27 863	27 863	27 247	31 400	28 036	29 291	31 575	31 597
With Social Security income	21 547	5 124	5 124	2 958	16 423	251	35	16 172	16 080
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 558	6 174	6 174	6 229	6 678	5 190	5 760	6 701	6 693
With public assistance income	8 506	1 838	1 838	1 018	6 668	156	33	6 512	6 491
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 135	2 733	2 733	2 425	3 246	2 898	1 211	3 254	3 254
With retirement income	15 829	2 864	2 864	1 557	12 965	217	50	12 748	12 704
Mean retirement income (dollars)	9 584	7 231	7 231	7 481	10 104	8 640	5 454	10 129	10 146
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	34 393	29 377	29 377	28 242	35 670	28 823	29 673	36 063	36 090
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 633	28 647	28 647	28 197	32 324	28 040	28 825	32 716	32 748
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 225	30 023	30 023	28 281	39 234	31 886	36 314	39 405	39 430
Married-couple families (dollars)	40 545	34 505	34 505	34 540	42 070	30 612	30 798	42 889	42 923
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 824	36 199	36 199	38 481	40 672	29 635	29 905	42 033	42 090
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	41 222	33 087	33 087	31 414	43 422	34 747	37 628	43 645	43 660
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 653	14 431	14 431	13 741	17 236	12 469	10 197	17 342	17 356
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 649	9 983	9 983	9 310	12 031	11 103	10 861	12 055	12 057
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 701	19 349	19 349	18 858	25 058	15 845	3 040	25 204	25 257
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	63 240	12 827	12 827	6 647	50 413	2 737	2 092	47 676	47 531
Householder worked in 1989	49 172	9 229	9 229	4 642	39 943	2 491	2 020	37 452	37 353
With related children under 18 years	35 034	6 760	6 760	3 485	28 274	2 230	1 872	26 044	25 968
With related children under 5 years	15 139	2 848	2 848	1 421	12 291	1 086	950	11 205	11 177
Married-couple families	45 988	9 269	9 269	4 463	36 719	2 450	1 971	34 269	34 162
Householder worked in 1989	38 104	7 174	7 174	3 385	30 930	2 314	1 924	28 616	28 537
With related children under 18 years	23 566	4 543	4 543	2 107	19 023	2 024	1 760	16 999	16 945
With related children under 5 years	10 569	1 934	1 934	902	8 635	1 026	910	7 609	7 588
Female householder, no husband present	14 568	3 028	3 028	1 907	11 540	250	106	11 290	11 256
Householder worked in 1989	8 977	1 660	1 660	1 070	7 317	150	81	7 167	7 151
With related children under 18 years	10 011	1 977	1 977	1 258	8 034	186	97	7 848	7 828
With related children under 5 years	4 051	818	818	474	3 233	52	32	3 181	3 176
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	29 521	5 621	5 621	3 274	23 900	252	33	23 648	23 542
Nonfamily householder	23 110	4 653	4 653	2 806	18 457	191	9	18 266	18 184
65 years and over	8 616	1 900	1 900	1 247	6 716	57	—	6 659	6 611
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	228 323	46 354	46 354	24 219	181 969	10 490	8 186	171 479	170 905
Persons under 18 years	64 804	12 453	12 453	6 508	52 351	4 582	3 936	47 769	47 627
Related children under 18 years	64 458	12 405	12 405	6 477	52 053	4 574	3 930	47 479	47 337
Related children 5 to 17 years	45 083	8 919	8 919	4 625	36 164	3 234	2 767	32 930	32 839
Persons 65 years and over	24 464	5 724	5 724	3 295	18 740	248	29	18 492	18 373
Persons 75 years and over	8 980	2 173	2 173	1 247	6 807	75	—	6 732	6 677
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	9 507	2 158	2 158	1 258	7 349	253	140	7 096	7 071
Percent below poverty level	15.0	16.8	16.8	18.9	14.6	9.2	6.7	14.9	14.9
Householder worked in 1989	4 666	905	905	525	3 761	141	102	3 620	3 603
With related children under 18 years	7 620	1 511	1 511	921	6 109	216	131	5 893	5 874
With related children under 5 years	3 898	690	690	400	3 208	81	59	3 127	3 117
Married-couple families	2 796	699	699	317	2 097	113	81	1 984	1 974
Householder worked in 1989	1 599	291	291	143	1 308	82	68	1 226	1 219
With related children under 18 years	1 763	324	324	155	1 439	105	81	1 334	1 327
With related children under 5 years	1 035	145	145	72	890	44	34	846	840
Female householder, no husband present	6 341	1 372	1 372	899	4 969	132	59	4 837	4 822
Householder worked in 1989	2 889	576	576	368	2 313	59	34	2 254	2 244
With related children under 18 years	5 657	1 133	1 133	736	4 524	111	50	4 413	4 401
With related children under 5 years	2 792	541	541	328	2 251	37	25	2 214	2 210
Unrelated individuals	9 229	2 178	2 178	1 313	7 051	81	24	6 970	6 927
Nonfamily householder	6 303	1 644	1 644	1 076	4 659	51	—	4 608	4 580
65 years and over	3 442	901	901	627	2 541	34	—	2 507	2 486
Persons	42 467	9 440	9 440	5 533	33 027	1 086	648	31 941	31 811
Percent below poverty level	18.6	20.4	20.4	22.8	18.1	10.4	7.9	18.6	18.6
Persons under 18 years	17 563	3 509	3 509	2 094	14 054	592	398	13 462	13 419
Related children under 18 years	17 314	3 479	3 479	2 081	13 835	584	392	13 251	13 208
Related children 5 to 17 years	11 577	2 555	2 555	1 524	9 022	491	331	8 531	8 509
Persons 65 years and over	5 012	1 504	1 504	892	3 508	63	—	3 445	3 417
Persons 75 years and over	2 476	705	705	351	1 771	42	—	1 729	1 713
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	20 448	4 829	4 829	2 813	15 619	495	273	15 124	15 080
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	56 446	12 462	12 462	7 101	43 984	1 960	1 385	42 024	41 774
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	96 032	20 825	20 825	10 930	75 207	5 384	4 149	69 823	69 463



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	2 426	698	1 646	1 504	2 477	1 456	545	733	1 385	2 040
Less than \$5,000	67	55	122	354	206	156	294	293	147	41
\$5,000 to \$9,999	147	89	166	225	216	119	123	92	204	102
\$10,000 to \$14,999	188	43	143	284	270	172	27	158	165	107
\$15,000 to \$24,999	524	220	463	313	620	290	61	104	314	415
\$25,000 to \$34,999	415	89	355	148	426	279	26	44	247	368
\$35,000 to \$49,999	491	119	288	144	389	318	—	33	157	440
\$50,000 to \$74,999	458	34	66	29	272	82	14	6	120	431
\$75,000 to \$99,999	75	40	33	—	38	14	—	3	26	75
\$100,000 or more	61	9	10	7	40	26	—	—	5	61
Median (dollars)	31 710	21 898	22 809	12 974	23 233	24 022	5 000—	8 581	20 993	34 515
Mean (dollars)	37 157	28 342	25 875	16 437	27 963	29 831	8 236	11 654	24 567	40 038
Families	1 823	508	1 188	1 036	1 994	1 151	342	470	975	1 559
Median income (dollars)	36 094	25 865	26 366	17 318	26 421	28 663	5 324	10 317	25 817	40 477
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 306	617	1 436	1 128	2 299	1 513	195	397	1 118	1 961
Median income (dollars)	21 719	19 069	16 384	11 058	18 010	17 045	10 396	11 888	18 343	23 806
Percent year-round full-time workers	61.0	54.5	58.6	40.6	59.8	55.3	31.8	42.1	46.8	64.6
Median income (dollars)	29 850	21 513	19 495	17 240	22 608	20 602	12 344	18 598	22 578	31 130
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 310	671	1 533	1 510	2 149	1 332	481	619	1 289	1 958
Median income (dollars)	12 338	7 007	8 979	5 565	8 630	7 729	3 776	4 113	7 164	13 571
Percent year-round full-time workers	38.7	25.6	36.7	25.4	39.1	39.1	6.9	16.0	28.4	42.3
Median income (dollars)	19 277	15 708	15 471	12 601	14 327	15 106	17 574	11 181	16 914	19 531
Per capita income (dollars)	14 474	11 705	9 428	5 999	10 366	10 187	3 687	4 545	10 518	15 646
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	2 426	698	1 646	1 504	2 477	1 456	545	733	1 385	2 040
With earnings	2 063	522	1 372	1 077	2 063	1 184	219	369	931	1 739
Mean earnings (dollars)	36 339	28 726	26 965	18 106	28 955	32 132	12 493	15 205	27 303	39 113
With Social Security income	629	275	384	510	565	347	162	273	541	521
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 572	7 505	6 024	4 996	6 932	5 666	4 296	5 537	7 473	7 645
With public assistance income	44	38	124	222	234	69	230	171	63	29
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 361	3 544	2 254	2 602	2 245	1 413	2 360	2 055	2 688	2 270
With retirement income	416	134	244	206	376	317	36	139	293	359
Mean retirement income (dollars)	11 510	6 809	7 644	5 540	4 222	7 710	6 168	5 590	5 744	12 159
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	41 139	33 709	29 683	20 019	30 440	33 659	9 526	12 761	29 112	43 785
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	44 888	36 143	29 690	21 295	28 442	29 555	7 422	9 266	31 032	48 300
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 354	32 140	29 676	18 603	32 508	37 376	13 678	17 126	28 003	40 641
Married-couple families (dollars)	44 021	36 965	32 717	26 519	33 621	37 901	23 995	22 019	32 080	46 023
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	49 599	39 505	34 290	31 641	32 874	35 478	24 640	19 421	35 983	52 853
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 957	35 367	31 086	20 496	34 317	39 965	23 170	24 323	29 884	41 489
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	21 101	14 734	22 755	12 288	12 454	19 398	6 007	5 626	17 369	23 873
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 908	17 853	16 460	8 666	11 563	10 979	4 597	3 621	15 108	17 464
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 174	13 209	26 598	16 288	14 168	29 125	9 879	9 060	18 938	31 239
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	1 823	508	1 188	1 036	1 994	1 151	342	470	975	1 559
Householder worked in 1989	1 487	387	911	662	1 538	863	155	232	652	1 289
With related children under 18 years	827	211	662	645	1 094	595	244	292	409	651
With related children under 5 years	325	77	258	296	472	255	85	140	159	259
Married-couple families	1 580	430	831	544	1 620	889	57	200	761	1 386
Householder worked in 1989	1 316	347	662	376	1 307	707	42	138	517	1 153
With related children under 18 years	687	178	441	333	834	449	32	107	296	553
With related children under 5 years	304	62	189	153	366	174	—	58	130	246
Female householder, no husband present	204	67	306	444	266	222	266	255	166	144
Householder worked in 1989	132	29	214	259	142	123	106	85	112	107
With related children under 18 years	130	22	193	290	196	127	212	179	91	88
With related children under 5 years	21	15	54	139	87	66	85	82	24	13
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	703	216	553	553	670	484	227	274	461	565
Nonfamily householder	603	190	458	468	483	305	203	263	410	481
65 years and over	221	81	151	211	139	91	121	162	220	195
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 179	1 691	4 540	4 293	6 708	4 244	1 229	1 881	3 263	5 162
Persons under 18 years	1 426	347	1 308	1 336	1 828	1 080	410	717	711	1 112
Related children under 18 years	1 426	347	1 301	1 330	1 811	1 080	410	705	705	1 112
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 036	258	944	966	1 251	797	296	468	494	810
Persons 65 years and over	727	289	416	564	597	390	206	263	598	615
Persons 75 years and over	232	131	108	239	205	170	90	123	215	185
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	75	20	114	320	218	133	213	232	121	52
Percent below poverty level	4.1	3.9	9.6	30.9	10.9	11.6	62.3	49.4	12.4	3.3
Householder worked in 1989	50	—	72	157	96	61	76	77	45	34
With related children under 18 years	57	—	96	228	147	98	174	202	64	34
With related children under 5 years	18	—	33	115	70	41	85	100	20	10
Married-couple families	28	15	43	65	123	48	—	39	60	28
Householder worked in 1989	10	—	20	25	64	17	—	33	19	10
With related children under 18 years	10	—	32	34	61	30	—	29	19	10
With related children under 5 years	10	—	13	13	31	—	—	24	6	10
Female householder, no husband present	47	5	64	236	95	74	213	187	44	24
Householder worked in 1989	40	—	45	118	32	40	76	44	26	24
With related children under 18 years	47	—	64	187	86	64	174	167	28	24
With related children under 5 years	8	—	20	102	39	41	85	76	14	—
Unrelated individuals	110	83	166	279	239	234	165	156	171	60
Nonfamily householder	74	66	122	231	119	112	151	150	140	40
65 years and over	36	13	85	136	65	46	90	110	73	25
Persons	316	123	687	1 379	955	655	787	1 031	530	192
Percent below poverty level	5.1	7.3	15.1	32.1	14.2	15.4	64.0	54.8	16.2	3.7
Persons under 18 years	105	—	281	530	363	197	318	523	149	54
Related children under 18 years	105	—	274	530	346	197	318	517	149	54
Related children 5 to 17 years	78	—	236	385	253	146	204	359	109	44
Persons 65 years and over	45	24	94	205	85	93	128	110	93	34
Persons 75 years and over	—	5	30	61	66	67	61	56	56	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	132	62	221	714	583	360	526	751	145	57
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	488	227	937	1 860	1 511	887	872	1 139	722	338
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 160	517	1 770	2 829	2 842	1 654	1 113	1 484	1 275	585



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	364	1 506	1 376	1 504	—	—	386	334	140	—
Less than \$5,000	38	110	275	354	—	—	26	17	12	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	67	148	196	225	—	—	45	22	18	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	22	124	182	284	—	—	81	21	19	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	141	420	231	313	—	—	109	79	43	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	61	330	177	148	—	—	47	28	25	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	28	265	217	144	—	—	51	91	23	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7	66	71	29	—	—	27	27	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	33	27	—	—	—	—	40	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	10	—	7	—	—	—	9	—	—
Median (dollars)	19 185	23 250	16 346	12 974	—	—	18 355	35 000	20 385	—
Mean (dollars)	19 644	26 324	21 265	16 437	—	—	21 935	37 822	21 039	—
Families	234	1 113	918	1 036	—	—	264	274	75	—
Median income (dollars)	21 474	26 508	20 500	17 318	—	—	23 030	36 691	23 750	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	268	1 341	1 118	1 128	—	—	345	349	95	—
Median income (dollars)	15 400	16 429	14 167	11 058	—	—	14 479	22 275	15 750	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	47.4	57.3	50.8	40.6	—	—	40.9	59.9	75.8	—
Median income (dollars)	18 815	19 447	20 613	17 240	—	—	18 359	24 063	20 179	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	388	1 417	1 334	1 510	—	—	352	283	116	—
Median income (dollars)	6 203	8 918	6 360	5 565	—	—	6 726	9 181	9 524	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	20.4	36.9	28.7	25.4	—	—	18.5	32.9	34.5	—
Median income (dollars)	11 953	15 453	13 852	12 601	—	—	14 861	16 542	15 526	—
Per capita income (dollars)	8 620	9 435	8 745	5 999	—	—	8 360	14 645	9 330	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	364	1 506	1 376	1 504	—	—	386	334	140	—
With earnings	242	1 244	966	1 077	—	—	324	280	128	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	22 429	27 467	24 888	18 106	—	—	21 447	34 169	22 085	—
With Social Security income	137	360	454	510	—	—	108	130	24	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 290	6 114	5 387	4 996	—	—	7 219	7 718	4 673	—
With public assistance income	38	114	151	222	—	—	15	—	10	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 544	2 450	2 303	2 602	—	—	2 536	—	17	—
With retirement income	65	237	222	206	—	—	57	69	7	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	5 715	7 844	5 534	5 540	—	—	7 419	7 840	900	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	23 845	30 034	24 050	20 019	—	—	25 511	42 132	24 474	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 411	29 785	25 243	21 295	—	—	28 949	48 099	27 778	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 400	30 268	23 065	18 603	—	—	21 803	39 494	22 615	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	26 496	33 074	27 222	26 519	—	—	29 718	44 288	25 271	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 701	34 496	35 299	31 641	—	—	33 674	48 099	29 063	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 867	31 575	20 959	20 496	—	—	24 199	42 394	22 513	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	14 085	22 156	14 941	12 288	—	—	14 447	16 156	28 264	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 853	15 470	10 105	8 666	—	—	6 705	—	25 909	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 632	26 261	20 166	16 288	—	—	19 608	16 156	29 628	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	234	1 113	918	1 036	—	—	264	274	75	—
Householder worked in 1989	168	853	631	662	—	—	198	219	58	—
With related children under 18 years	115	626	503	645	—	—	176	96	38	—
With related children under 5 years	44	233	205	296	—	—	66	33	25	—
Married-couple families	177	793	545	544	—	—	194	253	38	—
Householder worked in 1989	135	631	393	376	—	—	163	212	31	—
With related children under 18 years	82	425	279	333	—	—	134	96	16	—
With related children under 5 years	29	173	113	153	—	—	58	33	16	—
Female householder, no husband present	46	276	310	444	—	—	60	21	30	—
Householder worked in 1989	22	194	185	259	—	—	25	7	20	—
With related children under 18 years	22	173	203	290	—	—	42	—	20	—
With related children under 5 years	15	45	71	139	—	—	8	—	9	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	147	488	559	553	—	—	138	69	65	—
Nonfamily householder	130	393	458	468	—	—	122	60	65	—
65 years and over	52	144	142	211	—	—	26	29	7	—
Persans for whom poverty status is determined	820	4 235	3 336	4 293	—	—	1 017	871	305	—
Persans under 18 years	166	1 242	814	1 336	—	—	314	181	66	—
Related children under 18 years	166	1 235	814	1 330	—	—	314	181	66	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	128	900	563	966	—	—	226	130	44	—
Persans 65 years and over	173	392	484	564	—	—	112	116	24	—
Persans 75 years and over	91	108	196	239	—	—	47	40	—	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	5	102	213	320	—	—	23	15	12	—
Percent below poverty level	2.1	9.2	23.2	30.9	—	—	8.7	5.5	16.0	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	60	76	157	—	—	16	—	12	—
With related children under 18 years	—	91	128	228	—	—	23	—	5	—
With related children under 5 years	—	28	42	115	—	—	8	—	5	—
Married-couple families	—	43	82	65	—	—	—	15	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	20	36	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	32	31	34	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	13	6	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	5	59	131	236	—	—	23	—	5	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	40	40	118	—	—	16	—	5	—
With related children under 18 years	—	59	97	187	—	—	23	—	5	—
With related children under 5 years	—	15	36	102	—	—	8	—	5	—
Unrelated individuals	75	161	246	279	—	—	50	8	5	—
Nonfamily householder	58	117	189	231	—	—	34	8	5	—
65 years and over	13	85	95	136	—	—	11	—	—	—
Persans	86	636	892	1 379	—	—	124	37	51	—
Percent below poverty level	10.5	15.0	26.7	32.1	—	—	12.2	4.2	16.7	—
Persans under 18 years	—	254	266	530	—	—	51	—	27	—
Related children under 18 years	—	247	266	530	—	—	51	—	27	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	214	209	385	—	—	34	—	22	—
Persans 65 years and over	18	94	210	205	—	—	11	6	—	—
Persans 75 years and over	5	30	82	61	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persans below 50 percent of poverty level	38	202	380	714	—	—	75	24	19	—
Persans below 125 percent of poverty level	160	863	1 147	1 860	—	—	150	67	74	—
Persans below 200 percent of poverty level	356	1 619	1 669	2 829	—	—	575	161	151	—

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Can.					Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 477	1 456	1 086	938	1 210	2 108	2 101	820	7
Less than \$5,000 -----	206	156	56	219	202	58	58	69	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	216	119	157	114	184	9	9	131	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	270	172	114	82	102	98	98	88	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	620	290	225	238	257	791	791	200	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	426	279	184	134	158	516	516	144	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	389	318	187	87	138	438	431	112	7
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	272	82	144	58	126	177	177	68	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	38	14	7	4	23	21	21	6	—
\$100,000 or more -----	40	26	12	2	20	—	—	2	—
Median (dollars) -----	23 233	24 022	24 768	16 667	19 955	26 929	26 860	20 687	48 750
Mean (dollars) -----	27 963	29 831	28 558	20 212	25 480	29 679	29 614	24 376	49 300
Families -----	1 994	1 151	847	658	917	2 099	2 092	638	7
Median income (dollars) -----	26 421	28 663	28 531	21 065	22 016	27 018	26 949	22 653	48 750
Males 15 years and over, with income -----	2 299	1 513	1 099	750	1 161	7 929	7 922	729	7
Median income (dollars) -----	18 010	17 045	16 359	14 511	15 570	11 874	11 869	16 082	45 478
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	59.8	55.3	58.6	43.9	51.2	61.5	61.5	52.7	100.0
Median income (dollars) -----	22 608	20 602	23 118	19 517	20 800	14 550	14 529	21 402	45 478
Females 15 years and over, with income -----	2 149	1 332	929	858	1 033	1 723	1 716	770	7
Median income (dollars) -----	8 630	7 729	9 250	6 154	6 332	6 847	6 903	6 823	2 500—
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	39.1	39.1	48.8	17.8	35.6	27.7	27.9	28.1	—
Median income (dollars) -----	14 327	15 106	14 128	12 578	15 714	12 500	12 500	12 639	—
Per capita income (dollars) -----	10 366	10 187	10 532	7 535	8 846	8 656	8 653	8 783	10 150
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 477	1 456	1 086	938	1 210	2 108	2 101	820	7
With earnings -----	2 063	1 184	887	652	857	2 061	2 054	660	7
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	28 955	32 132	30 227	20 518	28 586	29 359	29 291	23 906	49 250
With Social Security income -----	565	347	247	338	399	35	35	216	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	6 932	5 666	6 554	5 279	4 924	5 760	5 760	5 098	—
With public assistance income -----	234	69	89	216	187	33	33	123	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	2 245	1 413	4 011	3 986	3 615	1 211	1 211	3 351	—
With retirement income -----	376	317	137	107	237	50	50	167	—
Mean retirement income (dollars) -----	4 222	7 710	7 309	9 524	8 611	5 454	5 454	9 595	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) -----	30 440	33 659	31 852	24 319	28 965	29 739	29 673	25 810	49 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	28 442	29 555	32 869	22 919	27 401	28 902	28 825	22 996	49 300
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	32 508	37 376	30 942	25 507	30 213	36 314	36 314	28 607	—
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	33 621	37 901	34 070	30 551	32 951	30 864	30 798	29 556	49 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	32 874	35 478	35 349	30 374	33 418	29 982	29 905	27 017	49 300
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	34 317	39 965	32 843	30 701	32 576	37 628	37 628	32 011	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	12 454	19 398	13 328	13 824	17 124	10 197	10 197	14 142	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	11 563	10 979	11 152	11 970	9 184	10 861	10 861	11 394	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	14 168	29 125	15 011	15 510	23 534	3 040	3 040	17 674	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families -----	1 994	1 151	847	658	917	2 099	2 092	638	7
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 538	863	619	444	648	2 027	2 020	464	7
With related children under 18 years -----	1 094	595	446	372	460	1 879	1 872	351	7
With related children under 5 years -----	472	255	168	198	210	957	950	129	7
Married-couple families -----	1 620	889	733	393	686	1 978	1 971	472	7
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 307	707	554	285	530	1 931	1 924	383	7
With related children under 18 years -----	834	449	376	205	326	1 767	1 760	257	7
With related children under 5 years -----	366	174	141	111	133	917	910	109	7
Female householder, no husband present -----	266	222	94	231	197	106	106	144	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	142	123	50	126	97	81	81	69	—
With related children under 18 years -----	196	127	66	156	112	97	97	89	—
With related children under 5 years -----	87	66	27	83	64	32	32	20	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	670	484	299	302	320	33	33	219	—
Nonfamily householder -----	483	305	239	280	293	9	9	182	—
65 years and over -----	139	91	117	128	116	—	—	57	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	6 708	4 244	2 966	2 550	3 474	8 220	8 186	2 270	34
Persons under 18 years -----	1 828	1 080	750	786	940	3 956	3 936	626	20
Related children under 18 years -----	1 811	1 080	750	786	940	3 950	3 930	624	20
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	1 251	797	569	580	697	2 767	2 767	454	13
Persons 65 years and over -----	597	390	311	425	454	29	29	219	—
Persons 75 years and over -----	205	170	90	201	173	—	—	75	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families -----	218	133	95	161	243	140	140	113	—
Percent below poverty level -----	10.9	11.6	11.2	24.5	26.5	6.7	6.7	17.7	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	96	61	26	73	96	102	102	39	—
With related children under 18 years -----	147	98	61	124	132	131	131	85	—
With related children under 5 years -----	70	41	24	62	80	59	59	22	—
Married-couple families -----	123	48	50	37	109	81	81	32	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	64	17	4	14	49	68	68	14	—
With related children under 18 years -----	61	30	23	12	43	81	81	24	—
With related children under 5 years -----	31	—	11	6	25	34	34	10	—
Female householder, no husband present -----	95	74	45	116	115	59	59	73	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	32	40	22	52	41	34	34	25	—
With related children under 18 years -----	86	64	38	105	76	50	50	61	—
With related children under 5 years -----	39	41	13	56	51	25	25	12	—
Unrelated individuals -----	239	234	73	131	125	24	24	57	—
Nonfamily householder -----	119	112	46	129	115	—	—	51	—
65 years and over -----	65	46	26	68	58	—	—	34	—
Persons -----	955	655	359	752	974	648	648	438	—
Percent below poverty level -----	14.2	15.4	12.1	29.5	28.0	7.9	7.9	19.3	—
Persons under 18 years -----	363	197	101	335	341	398	398	194	—
Related children under 18 years -----	346	197	101	335	341	392	392	192	—
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	253	146	62	264	250	331	331	160	—
Persons 65 years and over -----	85	93	72	149	196	—	—	63	—
Persons 75 years and over -----	66	67	33	100	88	—	—	42	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	583	360	190	433	332	273	273	222	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	1 511	887	556	977	1 139	1 385	1 385	575	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level -----	2 842	1 654	1 217	1 485	1 810	4 149	4 149	1 235	—



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 239	227	297	1 078	423	1 242	759	439	1 047	1 209
Less than \$5,000	440	29	105	19	85	30	87	58	66	71
\$5,000 to \$9,999	410	35	125	60	102	103	219	56	123	125
\$10,000 to \$14,999	117	48	33	141	31	179	153	65	207	103
\$15,000 to \$24,999	172	54	13	231	96	244	119	156	193	254
\$25,000 to \$34,999	70	33	8	202	67	201	102	38	175	282
\$35,000 to \$49,999	24	9	—	153	35	324	42	66	161	252
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6	14	6	180	7	130	18	—	106	66
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	3	—	59	—	12	19	—	16	38
\$100,000 or more	—	2	7	33	—	19	—	—	—	18
Median (dollars)	6 388	15 110	5 921	29 186	14 097	28 487	12 792	16 315	20 219	26 327
Mean (dollars)	10 046	21 395	11 465	36 193	16 538	30 960	18 201	18 735	25 210	29 673
Families	797	145	22	817	284	986	439	324	654	685
Median income (dollars)	6 719	17 446	16 071	33 594	16 900	33 526	19 485	17 264	26 500	32 386
Males 15 years and over, with income	749	189	113	1 001	316	1 182	641	356	796	884
Median income (dollars)	7 435	12 716	7 201	20 405	12 500	17 540	12 193	10 625	15 688	21 250
Percent year-round full-time workers	36.8	43.9	—	53.4	29.4	53.4	46.6	44.9	47.1	54.1
Median income (dollars)	13 864	15 938	—	26 523	17 356	24 858	16 497	16 481	24 432	24 050
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 117	220	207	1 070	388	1 180	660	397	938	1 326
Median income (dollars)	4 265	6 221	5 128	12 045	5 714	10 796	6 139	6 131	10 263	9 635
Percent year-round full-time workers	8.4	20.5	5.3	35.7	19.1	39.9	17.1	23.9	28.1	32.0
Median income (dollars)	15 556	15 341	50 126	19 123	12 100	16 313	13 973	16 161	16 615	16 508
Per capita income (dollars)	3 864	8 334	10 055	15 124	6 523	12 164	8 046	7 512	11 280	12 902
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 239	227	297	1 078	423	1 242	759	439	1 047	1 209
With earnings	631	149	40	834	316	971	481	329	719	911
Mean earnings (dollars)	12 202	24 175	33 232	33 746	16 191	31 571	21 366	18 378	26 765	29 819
With Social Security income	333	92	241	425	141	442	365	158	394	415
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 595	8 037	4 988	8 227	5 375	7 294	6 145	6 616	7 359	8 371
With public assistance income	487	21	38	66	104	34	88	55	59	64
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 408	3 373	2 708	4 543	4 221	4 444	2 047	1 368	2 857	3 064
With retirement income	148	44	69	277	45	359	165	71	276	268
Mean retirement income (dollars)	3 968	5 274	5 408	9 576	6 533	6 584	2 894	5 472	7 331	8 272
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	10 774	27 312	53 922	41 232	20 578	34 564	22 956	20 965	29 537	36 614
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 205	20 408	—	40 504	20 905	36 924	23 256	18 322	25 690	38 177
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 620	32 469	53 922	41 589	20 448	33 243	22 706	22 233	31 595	35 658
Married-couple families (dollars)	18 168	31 894	53 922	44 146	23 787	36 052	27 152	24 075	33 263	41 061
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	18 420	22 828	—	44 562	26 450	40 491	26 555	26 964	31 913	47 961
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 753	38 996	53 922	43 936	22 700	33 651	27 923	23 164	33 930	37 115
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	6 506	12 770	—	29 078	15 873	30 150	13 467	14 699	19 800	19 246
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	4 945	11 106	—	21 485	12 414	23 489	8 068	5 897	13 815	13 963
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 213	13 800	—	31 925	17 432	33 970	15 343	19 668	23 336	23 763
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	797	145	22	817	284	986	439	324	654	685
Householder worked in 1989	420	99	7	597	187	756	276	241	473	522
With related children under 18 years	621	76	—	293	125	378	232	156	246	277
With related children under 5 years	291	28	—	111	82	193	120	78	83	111
Married-couple families	270	107	22	655	169	832	291	196	469	492
Householder worked in 1989	213	79	7	495	132	652	220	139	356	391
With related children under 18 years	181	54	—	244	65	306	187	85	155	179
With related children under 5 years	62	21	—	98	42	175	102	62	48	67
Female householder, no husband present	475	34	—	132	103	107	128	97	140	141
Householder worked in 1989	174	16	—	78	55	81	47	74	89	91
With related children under 18 years	415	20	—	36	60	49	42	45	63	76
With related children under 5 years	223	5	—	—	40	7	15	9	35	33
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	702	106	279	304	163	298	413	151	434	603
Nonfamily householder	442	82	275	261	139	256	320	115	393	524
65 years and over	192	48	206	140	48	141	171	67	201	210
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 342	574	322	2 594	1 073	3 180	1 753	1 065	2 312	2 515
Persons under 18 years	1 266	142	—	441	289	639	370	265	468	506
Related children under 18 years	1 259	142	—	434	289	630	370	252	468	506
Related children 5 to 17 years	850	91	—	295	207	425	260	179	353	343
Persons 65 years and over	329	119	235	493	148	495	376	172	524	514
Persons 75 years and over	188	55	161	145	79	170	155	70	189	234
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	521	25	8	12	85	32	60	69	56	49
Percent below poverty level	65.4	17.2	36.4	1.5	29.9	3.2	13.7	21.3	8.6	7.2
Householder worked in 1989	211	17	—	7	50	19	24	38	39	18
With related children under 18 years	451	19	—	7	43	19	43	66	42	42
With related children under 5 years	247	10	—	—	30	7	11	27	8	31
Married-couple families	105	10	8	5	23	6	16	22	20	—
Householder worked in 1989	79	7	—	—	15	6	16	9	13	—
With related children under 18 years	71	7	—	—	8	—	16	22	13	—
With related children under 5 years	33	6	—	—	8	—	—	22	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	402	15	—	7	55	13	33	44	29	37
Householder worked in 1989	124	10	—	7	35	13	8	29	19	13
With related children under 18 years	380	12	—	7	35	13	27	41	22	37
With related children under 5 years	214	4	—	—	22	7	11	5	8	26
Unrelated individuals	430	43	149	45	71	57	171	65	101	96
Nonfamily householder	251	28	145	26	71	33	105	44	81	82
65 years and over	108	21	117	21	35	21	63	33	48	61
Persons	2 348	130	165	74	377	137	317	339	288	275
Percent below poverty level	70.3	22.6	51.2	2.9	35.1	4.3	18.1	31.8	12.5	10.9
Persons under 18 years	1 075	43	—	6	121	31	52	135	92	103
Related children under 18 years	1 068	43	—	6	121	31	52	132	92	103
Related children 5 to 17 years	698	22	—	6	88	28	46	105	85	56
Persons 65 years and over	149	28	133	21	46	26	73	52	65	68
Persons 75 years and over	91	16	104	21	26	11	35	21	35	31
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	1 507	44	19	25	108	38	107	95	121	153
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	2 563	250	215	233	514	206	560	492	460	392
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 973	360	259	471	707	949	1 094	707	961	536

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 618	1 188	1 896	543	1 096	333	1 239	650	681	1 162
Less than \$5,000	60	23	113	130	416	65	440	50	50	101
\$5,000 to \$9,999	114	55	165	134	258	90	410	129	146	138
\$10,000 to \$14,999	157	75	228	114	106	66	117	105	99	245
\$15,000 to \$24,999	271	114	476	59	141	63	172	148	150	222
\$25,000 to \$34,999	285	67	281	49	84	24	70	117	111	182
\$35,000 to \$49,999	275	239	287	35	28	25	24	72	74	158
\$50,000 to \$74,999	308	236	164	22	36	—	6	17	21	89
\$75,000 to \$99,999	113	126	46	—	20	—	—	6	30	27
\$100,000 or more	35	253	136	—	7	—	—	6	—	—
Median (dollars)	31 782	51 765	24 248	10 426	6 841	10 669	6 388	16 798	17 917	18 929
Mean (dollars)	37 628	71 648	38 234	14 539	17 192	13 695	10 046	21 578	22 623	24 412
Families	1 141	881	893	259	619	197	797	353	287	859
Median income (dollars)	40 194	62 259	35 699	13 406	7 542	10 391	6 719	22 270	26 050	21 891
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 412	1 038	1 214	314	568	393	749	597	412	1 030
Median income (dollars)	23 091	39 423	20 595	10 357	9 733	5 411	7 435	11 182	17 647	13 389
Percent year-round full-time workers	55.9	52.4	57.5	36.3	37.3	20.4	36.8	38.9	57.3	47.1
Median income (dollars)	30 542	50 287	23 397	19 688	18 311	14 022	13 864	17 386	26 204	17 917
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 519	1 135	1 581	500	936	492	1 117	511	550	1 167
Median income (dollars)	11 629	16 578	14 680	5 395	4 782	3 969	4 265	8 763	9 335	7 188
Percent year-round full-time workers	38.6	26.9	37.6	24.0	18.1	16.9	8.4	32.7	30.5	26.6
Median income (dollars)	20 422	25 380	18 075	13 030	10 850	11 141	15 556	13 606	16 389	14 726
Per capita income (dollars)	15 545	31 010	21 130	6 732	7 563	5 061	3 864	9 153	12 920	8 586
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 618	1 188	1 896	543	1 096	333	1 239	650	681	1 162
With earnings	1 313	853	1 334	335	527	243	631	467	422	953
Mean earnings (dollars)	34 997	62 093	35 718	17 193	16 708	14 141	12 202	23 709	28 021	23 285
With Social Security income	412	516	659	214	443	149	333	250	284	294
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	9 334	10 072	8 350	5 241	5 236	4 862	5 595	6 230	5 995	5 757
With public assistance income	66	20	63	110	392	67	487	74	57	176
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 585	6 762	4 620	3 108	2 701	2 334	3 408	4 205	3 178	3 097
With retirement income	325	270	297	116	115	31	148	72	142	281
Mean retirement income (dollars)	10 560	17 195	12 500	3 786	7 397	3 734	3 968	8 266	4 950	9 820
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	43 611	82 458	54 764	18 716	15 178	14 933	10 774	27 070	31 745	27 391
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 913	75 176	57 771	19 593	10 044	17 479	9 205	28 101	36 053	24 697
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 501	85 541	53 188	17 831	22 656	13 434	14 620	26 326	29 442	29 199
Married-couple families (dollars)	47 211	86 585	63 404	21 961	29 196	17 783	18 168	30 932	34 776	33 391
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 307	81 895	73 302	26 148	27 836	19 860	18 420	35 453	44 547	33 963
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	48 544	88 452	58 387	16 491	30 060	16 881	17 753	25 934	30 523	33 029
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	21 988	39 369	29 099	14 715	7 889	9 401	6 506	23 396	14 361	18 991
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 708	28 544	14 929	8 759	4 567	13 840	4 945	12 909	10 947	11 532
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 255	47 488	37 017	19 070	16 087	4 828	12 213	30 113	21 870	25 184
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	1 141	881	893	259	619	197	797	353	287	859
Householder worked in 1989	919	662	715	151	287	103	420	266	229	630
With related children under 18 years	498	282	325	146	393	104	621	172	100	467
With related children under 5 years	205	109	132	56	201	39	291	77	55	172
Married-couple families	959	804	669	143	211	109	270	216	244	474
Householder worked in 1989	757	624	568	92	138	53	213	159	186	367
With related children under 18 years	403	249	234	86	82	43	181	104	74	224
With related children under 5 years	189	97	84	30	33	18	62	44	45	108
Female householder, no husband present	134	77	212	116	371	67	475	105	32	302
Householder worked in 1989	114	38	135	59	118	35	174	84	32	193
With related children under 18 years	78	33	85	60	290	55	415	54	22	201
With related children under 5 years	10	12	48	26	147	21	223	33	6	39
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	646	349	1 094	355	557	284	702	414	458	393
Nonfamily householder	477	307	1 003	284	477	136	442	297	394	303
65 years and over	149	219	455	158	243	42	192	146	216	113
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 963	2 740	3 429	1 160	2 451	890	3 342	1 526	1 182	3 278
Persons under 18 years	898	518	519	275	824	178	1 266	325	161	902
Related children under 18 years	889	518	510	275	813	178	1 259	325	161	895
Related children 5 to 17 years	614	396	334	193	469	126	850	215	100	693
Persons 65 years and over	614	721	791	255	410	111	329	255	316	366
Persons 75 years and over	186	304	436	106	209	61	188	148	142	127
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	49	21	60	80	324	87	521	42	15	135
Percent below poverty level	4.3	2.4	6.7	30.9	52.3	44.2	65.4	11.9	5.2	15.7
Householder worked in 1989	28	13	31	42	92	29	211	27	6	63
With related children under 18 years	24	21	46	62	286	52	451	20	6	120
With related children under 5 years	13	21	31	35	155	31	247	11	6	23
Married-couple families	30	9	30	22	36	41	105	20	9	26
Householder worked in 1989	17	9	12	16	16	12	79	11	—	2
With related children under 18 years	13	9	16	22	22	15	71	4	—	15
With related children under 5 years	13	9	11	16	13	10	33	—	—	5
Female householder, no husband present	19	12	30	58	277	46	402	22	6	102
Householder worked in 1989	11	4	19	26	71	17	124	16	6	61
With related children under 18 years	11	12	30	40	264	37	380	16	6	98
With related children under 5 years	—	12	20	19	142	21	214	11	6	11
Unrelated individuals	205	42	125	210	307	143	430	114	104	134
Nonfamily householder	94	27	96	154	274	47	251	67	84	89
65 years and over	32	18	50	113	152	24	108	54	63	41
Persons	341	119	291	524	1 395	435	2 348	258	131	722
Percent below poverty level	8.6	4.3	8.5	45.2	56.9	48.9	70.3	16.9	11.1	22.0
Persons under 18 years	53	47	73	159	634	102	1 075	59	6	316
Related children under 18 years	53	47	68	159	623	102	1 068	59	6	309
Related children 5 to 17 years	36	22	32	104	341	59	698	30	—	280
Persons 65 years and over	48	18	64	136	174	56	149	54	78	81
Persons 75 years and over	22	6	27	44	89	37	91	32	46	34
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	139	55	115	202	926	289	1 507	94	14	314
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	427	159	425	623	1 566	521	2 563	402	200	1 024
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	859	261	832	785	1 927	655	2 973	729	503	1 684



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	978	1 320	863	729	860	399	741	1 307	1 422	1 729
Less than \$5,000	74	179	73	208	405	22	243	302	47	148
\$5,000 to \$9,999	49	194	109	151	180	86	195	376	130	266
\$10,000 to \$14,999	102	207	105	122	119	88	135	236	205	209
\$15,000 to \$24,999	255	310	198	98	115	80	68	225	328	505
\$25,000 to \$34,999	199	193	149	69	20	49	68	113	320	262
\$35,000 to \$49,999	205	186	87	27	7	37	32	42	274	197
\$50,000 to \$74,999	94	51	60	33	7	18	—	13	58	91
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	34	7	7	13	—	—	28	51
\$100,000 or more	—	—	48	14	—	6	—	—	32	—
Median (dollars)	25 288	17 789	22 612	10 246	5 404	15 313	7 554	9 450	25 020	19 744
Mean (dollars)	27 695	20 683	36 599	17 245	9 233	21 523	11 225	12 639	32 446	23 378
Families	702	944	475	513	423	137	517	762	997	1 187
Median income (dollars)	28 488	22 054	26 656	12 562	6 985	17 981	9 161	12 476	25 195	19 244
Males 15 years and over, with income	834	1 156	514	434	985	313	380	764	1 222	1 552
Median income (dollars)	18 716	10 465	21 750	10 528	5 944	13 508	8 750	8 505	18 073	13 341
Percent year-round full-time workers	55.0	38.9	48.6	41.5	23.4	46.0	40.3	34.8	69.0	53.4
Median income (dollars)	21 827	17 923	25 244	18 553	13 039	16 522	14 531	13 077	22 099	18 310
Females 15 years and over, with income	882	1 459	742	679	825	244	697	1 258	1 265	1 327
Median income (dollars)	9 515	5 993	12 123	5 836	4 127	7 407	4 426	5 588	9 949	8 308
Percent year-round full-time workers	34.7	26.2	29.5	24.2	9.3	30.3	15.4	22.6	41.1	42.4
Median income (dollars)	17 990	14 010	20 457	13 984	10 699	12 188	10 568	11 810	14 167	14 239
Per capita income (dollars)	11 418	7 385	17 831	6 790	4 362	12 434	4 173	5 486	12 360	8 967
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	978	1 320	863	729	860	399	741	1 307	1 422	1 729
With earnings	716	947	602	476	391	323	419	858	1 292	1 529
Mean earnings (dollars)	26 793	21 256	36 687	21 383	11 361	20 884	13 553	13 330	29 664	21 859
With Social Security income	362	467	310	172	359	75	191	441	235	245
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 451	5 761	7 940	4 689	4 780	7 025	5 431	5 335	5 945	5 776
With public assistance income	41	199	82	212	371	17	267	311	72	138
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 002	4 307	3 633	2 868	2 848	3 394	3 188	2 606	5 076	3 526
With retirement income	301	350	155	101	92	62	91	192	224	292
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 923	6 753	12 823	3 240	3 554	7 392	4 586	5 961	9 367	8 495
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	31 062	23 638	38 237	19 056	10 686	27 572	12 242	15 591	35 561	24 059
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 813	21 684	26 261	12 185	9 266	35 898	9 505	12 304	24 351	18 557
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 450	24 483	49 015	26 285	13 143	22 318	15 907	18 458	47 490	29 895
Married-couple families (dollars)	32 157	27 371	45 199	35 361	23 567	30 005	20 077	20 182	36 732	29 195
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 773	28 574	40 700	32 085	28 540	45 323	18 936	19 725	31 182	25 133
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 380	26 763	47 983	36 006	20 172	20 431	20 667	20 348	41 374	32 527
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	24 778	19 197	14 717	10 505	7 548	19 902	7 190	12 419	34 646	15 309
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 552	12 826	8 213	9 389	7 017	6 897	6 695	9 857	12 607	10 179
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 618	21 928	33 847	13 070	8 918	28 356	8 226	16 421	98 316	23 779
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	702	944	475	513	423	137	517	762	997	1 187
Householder worked in 1989	506	592	355	297	206	99	263	452	849	949
With related children under 18 years	300	381	239	297	337	53	344	445	571	702
With related children under 5 years	127	128	152	162	136	38	171	191	226	325
Married-couple families	577	474	327	158	69	104	138	301	707	741
Householder worked in 1989	426	331	260	121	48	84	99	166	634	640
With related children under 18 years	237	185	132	40	34	40	47	109	329	378
With related children under 5 years	100	63	90	27	7	34	42	38	132	173
Female householder, no husband present	101	390	134	323	333	33	340	415	245	342
Householder worked in 1989	61	213	81	156	144	15	130	254	184	229
With related children under 18 years	50	172	107	245	289	13	268	314	218	249
With related children under 5 years	20	57	62	123	129	4	113	142	88	124
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	338	462	443	268	581	321	272	697	602	918
Nonfamily householder	276	376	388	216	437	262	224	545	425	542
65 years and over	132	141	168	83	280	45	93	253	33	65
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 364	3 621	1 774	1 806	1 931	677	2 010	3 065	3 651	4 348
Persons under 18 years	498	785	422	597	632	98	791	832	995	1 223
Related children under 18 years	498	778	415	590	632	90	791	823	995	1 223
Related children 5 to 17 years	338	553	226	364	435	33	500	589	702	788
Persons 65 years and over	441	639	391	196	359	57	212	576	251	198
Persons 75 years and over	106	203	199	42	113	39	70	266	40	45
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	30	230	95	244	255	27	263	323	127	275
Percent below poverty level	4.3	24.4	20.0	47.6	60.3	19.7	50.9	42.4	12.7	23.2
Householder worked in 1989	18	82	49	106	103	9	94	164	76	162
With related children under 18 years	25	133	88	193	248	13	216	255	113	235
With related children under 5 years	12	57	42	116	114	4	111	126	75	143
Married-couple families	10	73	7	32	14	14	18	66	43	120
Householder worked in 1989	5	26	7	14	7	—	18	32	32	90
With related children under 18 years	5	28	7	14	14	—	9	32	29	97
With related children under 5 years	5	22	—	7	—	—	9	17	14	51
Female householder, no husband present	20	152	81	212	241	13	245	237	78	143
Householder worked in 1989	13	56	35	92	96	9	76	120	38	67
With related children under 18 years	20	100	81	179	234	13	207	211	78	126
With related children under 5 years	7	35	42	109	114	4	102	103	55	85
Unrelated individuals	92	167	82	142	388	85	170	385	80	294
Nonfamily householder	75	126	61	123	308	66	132	333	16	87
65 years and over	47	63	21	77	211	21	57	187	—	—
Persons	195	990	446	1 008	1 254	150	1 136	1 474	581	1 220
Percent below poverty level	8.2	27.3	25.1	55.8	64.9	22.2	56.5	48.1	15.9	28.1
Persons under 18 years	53	295	241	461	517	32	539	498	304	515
Related children under 18 years	53	288	241	461	517	24	539	489	304	515
Related children 5 to 17 years	39	178	173	294	340	21	334	324	172	277
Persons 65 years and over	47	181	21	107	211	21	101	282	3	25
Persons 75 years and over	21	62	14	30	76	12	61	182	—	9
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	84	425	336	424	691	42	712	445	319	671
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	276	1 251	540	1 089	1 430	216	1 331	1 828	905	1 588
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	634	1 961	681	1 389	1 725	347	1 763	2 507	1 581	2 540

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households	1 128	2 051	1 548	1 826	1 181	411	1 633	2 411	850
Less than \$5,000	227	88	544	231	124	14	34	47	36
\$5,000 to \$9,999	194	114	381	261	150	21	47	43	12
\$10,000 to \$14,999	228	239	235	327	263	13	72	137	39
\$15,000 to \$24,999	267	596	224	406	419	20	222	458	92
\$25,000 to \$34,999	117	445	110	297	86	75	285	588	206
\$35,000 to \$49,999	69	340	37	187	83	102	430	474	164
\$50,000 to \$74,999	11	181	17	99	46	84	410	473	223
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	26	—	9	—	55	78	132	25
\$100,000 or more	15	22	—	9	10	27	55	59	53
Median (dollars)	12 557	24 617	7 296	16 567	16 173	45 036	39 172	32 864	39 412
Mean (dollars)	19 567	34 531	10 984	20 904	19 087	59 721	43 722	39 674	51 194
Families	734	1 576	1 066	1 283	757	357	1 387	1 433	769
Median income (dollars)	14 127	26 060	7 551	21 382	15 982	46 563	40 996	42 652	40 733
Males 15 years and over, with income	811	1 910	801	1 357	975	460	1 635	2 150	900
Median income (dollars)	11 422	18 723	10 038	13 093	14 068	31 081	27 160	27 898	25 755
Percent year-round full-time workers	44.8	55.7	39.5	48.3	62.8	65.7	69.6	75.2	71.2
Median income (dollars)	15 547	21 065	17 386	16 645	17 216	36 071	30 682	30 347	30 536
Females 15 years and over, with income	939	1 733	1 237	1 722	907	355	1 545	1 704	779
Median income (dollars)	5 734	9 227	4 889	7 492	6 589	15 323	13 507	15 103	13 378
Percent year-round full-time workers	24.9	28.6	19.6	32.0	30.3	42.8	49.5	48.9	40.4
Median income (dollars)	11 719	16 550	12 250	15 008	11 860	19 375	19 288	20 532	20 762
Per capita income (dollars)	7 380	13 254	4 305	7 685	7 595	20 359	15 131	18 063	16 260
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households	1 128	2 051	1 548	1 826	1 181	411	1 633	2 411	850
With earnings	800	1 663	996	1 375	1 041	359	1 488	2 311	759
Mean earnings (dollars)	22 719	32 948	12 412	20 260	16 594	56 884	41 413	38 107	50 876
With Social Security income	299	580	281	503	194	99	297	135	123
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 939	6 527	5 353	5 778	4 631	5 672	6 989	8 282	6 456
With public assistance income	271	117	531	253	119	25	49	36	26
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 074	4 125	2 947	3 783	3 077	4 346	3 263	2 381	3 866
With retirement income	153	700	136	430	240	72	264	211	136
Mean retirement income (dollars)	5 899	10 203	4 422	10 125	10 054	14 110	11 274	15 188	11 458
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars)	18 723	38 345	11 069	24 847	19 987	64 871	46 793	45 497	52 221
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 032	27 188	10 138	22 143	18 780	82 829	46 460	44 538	58 146
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 727	47 948	13 885	27 739	21 796	44 893	47 163	46 400	44 128
Married-couple families (dollars)	21 944	45 134	20 963	29 502	22 519	67 350	50 001	47 488	55 977
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 421	34 099	24 007	29 480	21 446	90 220	49 869	47 595	60 696
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 429	52 600	17 507	29 519	23 658	44 621	50 146	47 397	48 642
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 243	15 769	6 142	18 815	14 748	42 546	27 050	24 775	21 530
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 119	12 225	6 018	14 149	14 686	37 227	24 359	20 679	21 654
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 053	20 720	6 875	26 943	14 947	52 296	29 774	37 194	21 445
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families	734	1 576	1 066	1 283	757	357	1 387	1 433	769
Householder worked in 1989	511	1 210	619	955	682	288	1 251	1 352	698
With related children under 18 years	464	759	845	736	491	194	762	695	457
With related children under 5 years	188	401	412	318	238	57	251	285	184
Married-couple families	395	1 182	284	713	472	325	1 177	1 263	682
Householder worked in 1989	325	922	242	574	429	262	1 070	1 198	631
With related children under 18 years	199	488	157	337	258	162	628	585	428
With related children under 5 years	84	227	43	139	146	49	239	251	176
Female householder, no husband present	308	290	711	510	236	17	163	125	71
Householder worked in 1989	169	199	327	340	215	11	145	116	51
With related children under 18 years	243	174	646	366	192	17	103	94	29
With related children under 5 years	90	124	350	169	67	—	12	26	8
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	483	631	653	711	538	69	353	1 195	130
Nonfamily householder	394	475	482	543	424	54	246	978	81
65 years and over	124	124	128	288	93	17	84	46	12
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 812	5 448	4 009	4 908	2 962	1 222	4 760	5 240	2 678
Persons under 18 years	853	1 489	1 739	1 491	927	383	1 332	1 126	872
Related children under 18 years	853	1 464	1 721	1 491	903	383	1 332	1 119	866
Related children 5 to 17 years	566	1 034	1 085	1 098	572	305	981	749	617
Persons 65 years and over	319	635	243	556	186	111	333	137	127
Persons 75 years and over	120	155	58	235	52	21	87	45	23
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families	268	135	626	277	192	17	34	27	53
Percent below poverty level	36.5	8.6	58.7	21.6	25.4	4.8	2.5	1.9	6.9
Householder worked in 1989	126	105	262	120	175	6	21	14	38
With related children under 18 years	233	105	579	198	177	12	34	27	38
With related children under 5 years	95	76	329	117	67	6	22	11	27
Married-couple families	59	46	34	63	46	17	17	11	44
Householder worked in 1989	34	39	28	31	46	6	11	7	38
With related children under 18 years	48	16	25	21	35	12	17	11	33
With related children under 5 years	17	16	9	11	23	6	17	4	27
Female householder, no husband present	187	74	585	194	135	—	17	16	9
Householder worked in 1989	75	51	234	80	129	—	10	7	—
With related children under 18 years	163	74	554	177	135	—	17	16	5
With related children under 5 years	64	60	320	106	37	—	5	7	—
Unrelated individuals	202	110	371	281	122	9	89	62	20
Nonfamily householder	164	43	261	159	79	9	58	56	—
65 years and over	64	—	85	128	35	9	35	—	—
Persons	1 139	478	2 437	1 290	819	66	201	150	235
Percent below poverty level	40.5	8.8	60.8	26.3	27.7	5.4	4.2	2.9	8.8
Persons under 18 years	489	202	1 293	545	407	21	56	56	113
Related children under 18 years	489	186	1 275	545	400	21	56	49	108
Related children 5 to 17 years	326	122	745	371	318	13	29	25	71
Persons 65 years and over	83	20	89	172	45	9	42	—	11
Persons 75 years and over	27	11	37	117	15	9	21	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	531	209	1 491	673	375	10	60	65	134
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 382	891	2 788	1 780	1 133	88	237	182	268
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 078	2 267	3 459	2 838	1 917	102	774	606	442



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 540	601	1 730	2 437	1 102	3 230	1 825	2 572	949
Less than \$5,000 -----	50	—	40	52	30	200	41	206	17
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	113	—	31	122	87	204	86	176	94
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	82	8	46	92	103	306	166	208	127
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	237	54	131	307	204	664	451	499	149
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	441	15	272	487	174	450	416	549	191
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	735	29	429	595	255	661	426	530	231
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	692	120	505	555	206	431	222	328	94
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	115	95	140	160	17	167	—	34	22
\$100,000 or more -----	75	280	136	67	26	147	17	42	24
Median (dollars) -----	41 012	93 278	46 865	38 805	32 500	29 622	28 393	27 379	30 237
Mean (dollars) -----	44 156	134 503	57 034	42 038	36 839	39 349	31 346	31 501	32 700
Families -----	2 133	539	1 435	1 998	859	2 398	1 524	2 162	808
Median income (dollars) -----	43 458	100 641	50 664	40 993	36 054	35 984	29 280	30 754	31 541
Males 15 years and over, with income -----	2 614	615	1 665	2 405	956	2 701	1 811	2 419	933
Median income (dollars) -----	26 734	75 395	32 387	25 165	19 221	23 508	18 073	17 900	16 617
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	69.2	64.9	68.3	64.9	59.1	59.5	59.9	54.7	52.0
Median income (dollars) -----	30 875	80 384	38 727	29 517	22 378	29 760	21 299	22 231	22 995
Females 15 years and over, with income -----	2 445	574	1 509	2 291	1 061	2 834	1 636	2 406	1 193
Median income (dollars) -----	14 127	14 777	13 512	12 284	11 471	12 412	10 567	9 905	8 942
Percent year-round full-time workers -----	43.1	28.7	42.7	45.1	40.7	40.1	39.6	42.2	34.9
Median income (dollars) -----	20 315	23 750	21 827	18 021	19 815	19 439	16 698	14 918	15 333
Per capita income (dollars) -----	14 840	49 579	21 712	15 703	14 032	15 922	10 373	10 186	9 891
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households -----	2 540	601	1 730	2 437	1 102	3 230	1 825	2 572	949
With earnings -----	2 318	542	1 513	2 059	874	2 616	1 618	2 220	832
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	42 155	116 432	54 227	39 947	34 609	38 706	29 257	30 517	30 838
With Social Security income -----	393	132	277	577	354	786	309	390	241
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	7 020	15 448	9 016	8 303	7 540	6 365	6 943	5 613	5 020
With public assistance income -----	88	—	13	65	34	133	116	210	153
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	5 175	—	8 325	2 779	4 634	3 227	3 377	3 636	3 132
With retirement income -----	451	100	385	594	318	532	465	590	258
Mean retirement income (dollars) -----	12 853	27 281	15 288	13 240	10 502	13 439	9 928	10 783	9 008
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) -----	46 882	145 157	61 843	45 157	40 981	45 241	31 975	33 400	33 973
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	45 020	163 228	65 765	42 411	37 381	42 430	30 027	31 508	35 023
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	49 448	130 869	58 331	47 178	43 086	48 267	33 848	35 342	32 749
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	48 831	149 307	66 522	46 714	43 953	52 325	33 861	38 325	40 805
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	47 495	168 569	71 385	44 899	42 420	53 103	34 028	38 988	41 463
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	50 731	134 295	61 986	48 100	44 802	51 643	33 722	37 690	39 868
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	29 012	52 063	34 279	32 191	26 589	16 141	24 180	18 869	20 250
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	17 540	62 626	25 192	22 191	16 506	12 665	17 972	13 903	18 362
No own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	42 635	40 540	39 000	38 463	34 291	25 421	35 254	25 466	21 917
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families -----	2 133	539	1 435	1 998	859	2 398	1 524	2 162	808
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 925	468	1 265	1 662	678	2 024	1 256	1 763	655
With related children under 18 years -----	1 263	243	708	897	336	1 310	838	1 195	525
With related children under 5 years -----	526	46	208	284	138	528	286	459	168
Married-couple families -----	1 882	516	1 233	1 748	721	1 902	1 205	1 555	533
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 705	452	1 092	1 454	574	1 654	989	1 308	457
With related children under 18 years -----	1 120	226	609	795	276	926	597	836	364
With related children under 5 years -----	495	46	189	272	127	420	238	360	107
Female householder, no husband present -----	175	23	155	192	127	433	245	496	226
Householder worked in 1989 -----	148	16	126	157	93	323	193	369	171
With related children under 18 years -----	103	17	64	86	55	345	200	293	145
With related children under 5 years -----	17	—	11	12	11	108	48	91	55
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	584	76	367	537	337	1 003	477	582	234
Nonfamily householder -----	407	62	295	439	243	832	301	410	141
65 years and over -----	110	16	61	167	136	314	72	111	34
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	7 550	1 666	4 515	6 486	2 809	7 990	5 467	7 747	3 193
Persons under 18 years -----	2 245	386	1 082	1 517	604	2 130	1 629	2 424	1 032
Related children under 18 years -----	2 202	386	1 082	1 507	604	2 130	1 620	2 395	1 032
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	1 629	325	774	1 190	423	1 488	1 232	1 803	811
Persons 65 years and over -----	460	198	396	759	477	902	376	334	215
Persons 75 years and over -----	191	47	103	232	153	336	69	86	89
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families -----	52	—	34	50	50	219	130	277	77
Percent below poverty level -----	2.4	—	2.4	2.5	5.8	9.1	8.5	12.8	9.5
Householder worked in 1989 -----	37	—	23	30	27	133	82	131	51
With related children under 18 years -----	30	—	19	50	38	190	105	239	60
With related children under 5 years -----	23	—	—	12	5	84	47	144	19
Married-couple families -----	35	—	21	23	23	54	46	120	16
Householder worked in 1989 -----	20	—	10	12	11	46	21	57	12
With related children under 18 years -----	13	—	10	23	11	46	21	99	10
With related children under 5 years -----	13	—	—	12	—	18	21	79	6
Female householder, no husband present -----	17	—	13	27	22	157	84	148	57
Householder worked in 1989 -----	17	—	13	18	11	87	61	65	35
With related children under 18 years -----	17	—	9	27	22	144	84	131	50
With related children under 5 years -----	10	—	—	—	5	66	26	65	13
Unrelated individuals -----	126	6	50	59	65	131	98	167	63
Nonfamily householder -----	34	—	35	44	13	124	25	116	27
65 years and over -----	27	—	21	31	34	97	17	45	19
Persons -----	264	6	145	198	241	876	607	1 224	373
Percent below poverty level -----	3.5	.4	3.2	3.1	8.6	11.0	11.1	15.8	11.7
Persons under 18 years -----	86	—	35	67	98	315	315	645	152
Related children under 18 years -----	43	—	35	57	98	372	306	616	152
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	18	—	35	44	91	215	227	418	97
Persons 65 years and over -----	27	—	43	39	34	145	41	55	37
Persons 75 years and over -----	18	—	18	32	25	88	—	8	25
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	133	6	45	107	112	354	199	458	98
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	427	6	156	441	303	1 106	985	1 483	573
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level -----	846	41	295	777	658	2 018	1 976	2 764	1 242

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households	—	1 803	1 768	2 388	2 111	372	—	—	227
Less than \$5,000	—	73	114	107	105	23	—	—	29
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	117	164	253	76	39	—	—	35
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	191	139	267	378	33	—	—	48
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	392	326	701	1 008	109	—	—	54
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	358	352	377	420	68	—	—	33
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	427	397	422	96	76	—	—	9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	226	231	167	11	19	—	—	14
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	19	38	42	12	5	—	—	3
\$100,000 or more	—	—	7	52	5	—	—	—	2
Median (dollars)	—	27 873	29 070	22 957	18 842	22 500	—	—	15 110
Mean (dollars)	—	30 334	30 898	28 417	20 529	25 113	—	—	21 395
Families	—	1 435	1 487	1 891	2 074	272	—	—	145
Median income (dollars)	—	31 082	31 199	24 240	18 778	25 000	—	—	17 446
Males 15 years and over, with income	254	1 645	1 536	2 062	5 914	301	—	—	189
Median income (dollars)	2 500	17 971	18 724	17 447	11 043	15 275	—	—	12 716
Percent year-round full-time workers	15.4	62.3	57.1	51.2	40.9	60.8	—	—	43.9
Median income (dollars)	14 107	22 545	23 594	21 908	15 285	16 830	—	—	15 938
Females 15 years and over, with income	96	1 824	1 843	2 031	1 352	313	—	—	220
Median income (dollars)	4 853	10 749	10 917	10 562	6 367	10 464	—	—	6 221
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	40.8	40.2	43.1	32.5	47.3	—	—	20.5
Median income (dollars)	—	16 746	16 451	15 368	13 606	14 167	—	—	15 341
Per capita income (dollars)	1 580	10 755	10 231	10 610	7 014	10 621	—	—	8 334
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households	—	1 803	1 768	2 388	2 111	372	—	—	227
With earnings	—	1 615	1 505	2 159	1 970	315	—	—	149
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	28 911	29 248	26 042	20 661	24 003	—	—	24 175
With Social Security income	—	307	361	372	37	41	—	—	92
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	6 186	5 116	5 709	4 330	4 938	—	—	8 037
With public assistance income	—	101	124	124	51	9	—	—	21
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	2 852	3 214	2 991	1 868	5 000	—	—	3 373
With retirement income	—	377	481	485	42	97	—	—	44
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	9 643	11 023	11 234	13 252	8 230	—	—	5 274
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars)	—	32 535	32 335	30 224	20 381	27 824	—	—	27 312
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	30 200	29 757	27 289	19 760	22 622	—	—	20 408
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	34 557	35 201	33 676	25 888	30 148	—	—	32 469
Married-couple families (dollars)	—	36 582	38 345	35 203	21 119	30 245	—	—	31 894
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	36 876	38 354	33 840	20 535	26 653	—	—	22 828
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	36 369	38 336	36 601	25 888	31 761	—	—	38 996
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	19 386	19 123	18 645	10 326	17 923	—	—	12 770
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	14 611	15 504	14 292	10 326	5 063	—	—	11 106
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	28 415	26 001	25 990	—	22 840	—	—	13 800
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families	—	1 435	1 487	1 891	2 074	272	—	—	145
Householder worked in 1989	—	1 203	1 193	1 591	1 858	237	—	—	99
With related children under 18 years	—	777	886	1 143	1 864	96	—	—	76
With related children under 5 years	—	285	281	502	1 308	53	—	—	28
Married-couple families	—	1 044	1 035	1 329	1 926	219	—	—	107
Householder worked in 1989	—	911	863	1 126	1 750	191	—	—	79
With related children under 18 years	—	468	537	731	1 716	70	—	—	54
With related children under 5 years	—	168	190	348	1 224	40	—	—	21
Female householder, no husband present	—	292	409	473	137	47	—	—	34
Householder worked in 1989	—	205	300	376	97	40	—	—	16
With related children under 18 years	—	242	319	349	137	20	—	—	20
With related children under 5 years	—	104	84	132	84	7	—	—	5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	559	389	616	91	128	—	—	106
Nonfamily householder	—	368	281	497	37	100	—	—	82
65 years and over	—	70	128	52	—	14	—	—	48
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	—	5 061	5 353	6 452	7 667	888	—	—	574
Persons under 18 years	—	1 382	1 648	1 921	3 539	169	—	—	142
Related children under 18 years	—	1 382	1 648	1 902	3 539	169	—	—	142
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	1 039	1 292	1 339	1 810	97	—	—	91
Persons 65 years and over	—	367	387	360	5	45	—	—	119
Persons 75 years and over	—	113	124	100	—	5	—	—	55
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families	—	116	204	291	345	23	—	—	25
Percent below poverty level	—	8.1	13.7	15.4	16.6	8.5	—	—	17.2
Householder worked in 1989	—	61	92	217	239	13	—	—	17
With related children under 18 years	—	95	182	243	333	18	—	—	19
With related children under 5 years	—	64	95	142	245	—	—	—	10
Married-couple families	—	21	51	102	290	10	—	—	10
Householder worked in 1989	—	10	22	74	220	—	—	—	7
With related children under 18 years	—	—	35	77	278	5	—	—	7
With related children under 5 years	—	—	15	68	213	—	—	—	6
Female householder, no husband present	—	87	136	175	55	13	—	—	15
Householder worked in 1989	—	43	66	129	19	13	—	—	10
With related children under 18 years	—	87	130	166	55	13	—	—	12
With related children under 5 years	—	56	73	74	32	—	—	—	4
Unrelated individuals	—	133	109	136	24	40	—	—	43
Nonfamily householder	—	89	61	68	—	18	—	—	28
65 years and over	—	39	45	17	—	—	—	—	21
Persons	—	537	925	1 078	1 424	108	—	—	130
Percent below poverty level	—	10.6	17.3	16.7	18.6	12.2	—	—	22.6
Persons under 18 years	—	206	451	506	756	29	—	—	43
Related children under 18 years	—	206	451	496	756	29	—	—	43
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	132	342	316	357	29	—	—	22
Persons 65 years and over	—	50	63	66	—	5	—	—	28
Persons 75 years and over	—	24	31	28	—	—	—	—	16
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	214	511	327	443	55	—	—	44
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	782	1 154	1 488	2 486	199	—	—	250
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	1 658	2 010	2 723	5 572	380	—	—	360



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscatagee County, GA	
	Alabama (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Calumbug city (remainder)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	144 330	28 472	28 472	14 386	115 858	10 091	8 657	105 767	105 197
Native	140 000	28 025	28 025	14 180	111 975	9 586	8 205	102 389	101 821
Foreign born	4 330	447	447	206	3 883	505	452	3 378	3 376
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	295	45	45	19	250	32	32	218	218
Persons 5 years and over	134 185	26 444	26 444	13 448	107 741	9 314	7 986	98 427	97 907
Speak a language other than English	7 142	806	806	360	6 336	973	899	5 363	5 345
Do not speak English "very well"	2 000	269	269	99	1 731	237	220	1 494	1 488
In linguistically isolated households	496	73	73	19	423	86	86	337	337
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	30 883	5 899	5 899	3 003	24 984	2 483	2 197	22 501	22 399
Preprimary school	2 590	344	344	223	2 246	261	256	1 985	1 973
Public school	1 546	186	186	124	1 360	150	146	1 210	1 198
Elementary or high school	20 145	4 368	4 368	2 076	15 777	1 449	1 210	14 328	14 265
Public school	17 672	3 756	3 756	1 749	13 916	1 313	1 088	12 603	12 540
College	8 148	1 187	1 187	704	6 961	773	731	6 188	6 161
Public college	7 164	1 002	1 002	595	6 162	699	659	5 463	5 442
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	91 840	18 953	18 953	9 872	72 887	3 986	3 110	68 901	68 545
Less than 9th grade	8 423	2 396	2 396	1 396	6 027	94	12	5 933	5 786
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	14 735	4 293	4 293	2 060	10 442	257	77	10 185	10 093
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	28 161	6 435	6 435	3 080	21 726	1 183	853	20 543	20 459
Some college, no degree	18 006	2 979	2 979	1 612	15 027	990	814	14 037	14 009
Associate degree	5 048	849	849	439	4 199	346	303	3 853	3 849
Bachelor's degree	11 320	1 444	1 444	889	9 876	756	718	9 120	9 119
Graduate or professional degree	6 147	557	557	396	5 590	360	333	5 230	5 230
Percent high school graduate or higher	74.8	64.7	64.7	65.0	77.4	91.2	97.1	76.6	76.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	19.0	10.6	10.6	13.0	21.2	28.0	33.8	20.8	20.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 245	1 284	1 284	1 192	1 236	1 630	1 689	1 206	1 205
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	134 185	26 444	26 444	13 448	107 741	9 314	7 986	98 427	97 907
Same house	61 102	14 083	14 083	7 484	47 019	1 009	407	46 010	45 767
Different house in United States	68 139	12 096	12 096	5 799	56 043	6 835	6 170	49 208	48 936
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	27 253	1 978	1 978	739	25 275	333	149	24 942	24 740
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	8 140	6 151	6 151	3 215	1 989	281	97	1 708	1 686
Different MSA/PMSA	22 432	2 192	2 192	1 166	20 240	4 608	4 426	15 632	15 604
Not in an MSA/PMSA	10 314	1 775	1 775	679	8 539	1 613	1 498	6 926	6 906
Abroad	4 944	265	265	165	4 679	1 470	1 409	3 209	3 204
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	71 912	13 243	13 243	6 545	58 669	6 172	5 523	52 497	52 288
Car, truck, or van	64 377	12 869	12 869	6 399	51 508	3 650	3 054	47 858	47 667
Drove alone	56 489	11 382	11 382	5 784	45 107	2 591	2 103	42 516	42 381
Carpooled	7 888	1 487	1 487	615	6 401	1 059	951	5 342	5 286
Public transportation	247	21	21	5	226	70	68	156	156
Other means	5 719	207	207	79	5 512	2 148	2 124	3 364	3 346
Worked at home	1 569	146	146	62	1 423	304	277	1 119	1 119
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.8	20.6	20.6	17.4	15.9	11.1	9.7	16.5	16.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	68 483	12 229	12 229	6 180	56 254	5 830	5 254	50 424	50 233
Central city	53 530	6 845	6 845	3 553	46 685	1 640	1 327	45 045	44 880
Outside central city	14 953	5 384	5 384	2 627	9 569	4 190	3 927	5 379	5 353
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	3 429	1 014	1 014	365	2 415	342	269	2 073	2 055
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	114 723	22 555	22 555	11 647	92 168	7 682	6 585	84 486	84 040
In labor force	76 914	14 276	14 276	7 081	62 638	6 465	5 749	56 173	55 932
Employed	60 699	13 090	13 090	6 460	47 609	1 194	621	46 415	46 205
Unemployed	3 558	871	871	451	2 687	136	78	2 551	2 522
Percent of civilian labor force	5.5	6.2	6.2	6.5	5.3	10.2	11.2	5.2	5.2
Females 16 years and over	56 610	11 709	11 709	6 299	44 901	1 994	1 422	42 907	42 652
Employed	28 186	5 812	5 812	2 977	22 374	660	409	21 714	21 619
Unemployed	1 810	484	484	282	1 326	101	78	1 225	1 216
With own children under 6 years	8 846	1 675	1 675	742	7 171	686	594	6 485	6 455
In labor force	5 041	1 044	1 044	447	3 997	201	155	3 796	3 785
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 917	1 868	1 868	934	7 049	523	408	6 526	6 486
In labor force	6 585	1 375	1 375	688	5 210	290	208	4 920	4 901
Persons 16 to 19 years	9 332	1 557	1 557	741	7 775	1 123	1 038	6 652	6 616
Not enrolled in school	4 398	407	407	136	3 991	898	859	3 093	3 073
Unemployed or not in labor force	991	245	245	113	746	50	21	696	691
Not high school graduate	1 356	256	256	105	1 100	76	39	1 024	1 009
Employed	488	62	62	11	426	8	—	418	405
Unemployed	252	110	110	44	142	11	—	131	129
Not in labor force	428	84	84	50	344	18	—	326	326
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	81 833	15 251	15 251	7 492	66 582	6 557	5 769	60 025	59 758
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	67 661	12 734	12 734	6 125	54 927	5 633	4 970	49 294	49 081
50 to 52 weeks	48 818	9 407	9 407	4 627	39 411	3 808	3 373	35 603	35 477
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	83 271	18 329	18 329	8 991	64 942	2 362	1 479	62 580	62 255
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 783	1 113	1 113	574	2 670	40	—	2 630	2 617
With a mobility limitation	2 116	592	592	313	1 524	30	—	1 494	1 490
In labor force	301	51	51	24	250	—	—	250	250
With a self-care limitation	2 498	721	721	381	1 777	21	—	1 756	1 744
With a work disability	8 173	2 095	2 095	1 065	6 078	129	35	5 949	5 900
In labor force	3 076	628	628	292	2 448	41	8	2 407	2 388
Prevented from working	4 256	1 280	1 280	652	2 976	66	17	2 910	2 885
No work disability	75 098	16 234	16 234	7 926	58 864	2 233	1 444	56 631	56 355
In labor force	58 976	12 860	12 860	6 354	46 116	1 279	691	44 837	44 621
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	17 327	3 651	3 651	2 226	13 676	139	10	13 537	13 418
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 940	811	811	494	3 129	40	—	3 089	3 057
With a mobility limitation	3 120	650	650	379	2 470	31	—	2 439	2 407
With a self-care limitation	2 176	439	439	267	1 737	26	—	1 711	1 696

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			Remainder of Russell County, AL		
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	5 891	2 368	6 082	1 988	1 004	2 291	1 845	6 082	1 988	2 104
Native	5 734	2 348	5 946	1 913	1 004	2 271	1 828	5 946	1 913	2 091
Foreign born	157	20	136	75	—	20	17	136	75	13
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	7	—	14	8	6	—	—	14	8	—
Persons 5 years and over	5 506	2 198	5 564	1 829	896	2 128	1 709	5 564	1 829	1 964
Speak a language other than English	238	43	196	62	6	43	40	196	62	66
Do not speak English "very well"	43	37	67	28	6	37	7	67	28	44
In linguistically isolated households	7	—	35	8	6	—	—	35	8	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 396	514	1 209	384	192	508	340	1 209	384	467
Preprimary school	140	24	42	14	16	24	20	42	14	29
Public school	102	13	19	7	16	13	—	19	7	17
Elementary or high school	889	376	988	308	140	376	252	988	308	355
Public school	725	299	927	237	140	299	221	927	237	293
College	367	114	179	62	36	108	68	179	62	83
Public college	306	114	136	62	20	108	45	136	62	74
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	3 944	1 545	3 760	1 317	673	1 482	1 225	3 760	1 317	1 373
Less than 9th grade	257	256	439	75	88	256	300	439	75	187
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	604	351	1 047	245	222	330	274	1 047	245	308
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 189	498	1 452	504	218	491	362	1 452	504	497
Some college, no degree	813	227	532	298	78	214	175	532	298	219
Associate degree	240	80	122	92	25	64	34	122	92	42
Bachelor's degree	570	83	137	92	42	77	71	137	92	102
Graduate or professional degree	271	50	31	11	—	50	9	31	11	18
Percent high school graduate or higher	78.2	60.7	60.5	75.7	53.9	60.5	53.1	60.5	75.7	63.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.3	8.6	4.5	7.8	6.2	8.6	6.5	4.5	7.8	8.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 100	1 197	1 357	1 145	1 885	1 232	1 178	1 357	1 145	1 470
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	5 506	2 198	5 564	1 829	896	2 128	1 709	5 564	1 829	1 964
Some house	3 109	1 249	2 447	751	522	1 227	610	2 447	751	1 102
Different house in United States	2 354	938	3 081	1 047	374	890	1 068	3 081	1 047	849
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	286	140	560	252	6	119	282	560	252	184
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 123	547	1 800	241	234	547	506	1 800	241	386
Different MSA/PMSA	666	156	306	305	43	129	146	306	305	133
Not in on MSA/PMSA	279	95	415	249	91	95	134	415	249	146
Abroad	43	11	36	31	—	11	31	36	31	13
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	3 065	1 107	2 940	927	318	1 046	775	2 940	927	998
Car, truck, or van	3 002	1 094	2 864	825	309	1 033	739	2 864	825	987
Drove alone	2 677	1 013	2 547	681	274	952	687	2 547	681	815
Carpooled	325	81	317	144	35	81	52	317	144	172
Public transportation	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	6
Other means	25	—	58	57	9	—	24	58	57	—
Worked at home	38	13	18	45	—	13	7	18	45	5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.8	18.2	21.9	23.9	16.4	18.3	16.5	21.9	23.9	27.7
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	2 800	1 066	2 745	806	301	1 011	723	2 745	806	876
Central city	1 535	627	1 571	350	145	599	390	1 571	350	559
Outside central city	1 265	439	1 174	456	156	412	333	1 174	456	317
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	265	41	195	121	17	35	52	195	121	122
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	4 718	1 875	4 593	1 593	768	1 805	1 468	4 593	1 593	1 633
In labor force	3 244	1 198	3 169	1 000	354	1 128	839	3 169	1 000	1 071
Employed	3 039	1 112	2 951	823	318	1 051	764	2 951	823	1 008
Unemployed	127	60	207	66	36	51	64	207	66	47
Percent of civilian labor force	4.0	5.1	6.6	7.4	10.2	4.6	7.7	6.6	7.4	4.5
Females 16 years and over	2 498	989	2 350	738	427	969	786	2 350	738	761
Employed	1 430	492	1 258	352	107	472	309	1 258	352	469
Unemployed	80	36	118	20	24	36	42	118	20	16
With own children under 6 years	364	109	483	98	73	102	80	483	98	108
In labor force	279	65	329	42	25	58	53	329	42	73
With own children 6 to 17 years only	371	175	402	120	45	175	111	402	120	164
In labor force	251	133	268	95	31	133	71	268	95	130
Persons 16 to 19 years	371	123	323	125	54	116	53	323	125	133
Not enrolled in school	41	38	142	34	25	31	18	142	34	27
Unemployed or not in labor force	41	14	57	16	19	14	18	57	16	18
Not high school graduate	33	26	68	25	12	19	18	68	25	18
Employed	—	12	35	9	6	5	—	35	9	—
Unemployed	20	7	22	8	—	7	—	22	8	9
Not in labor force	13	7	11	8	6	7	18	11	8	9
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 450	1 277	3 282	1 184	393	1 214	876	3 282	1 184	1 188
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 779	1 068	2 858	987	337	1 005	734	2 858	987	987
50 to 52 weeks	2 149	868	2 078	643	237	825	489	2 078	643	794
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 842	1 565	4 079	1 314	532	1 495	1 073	4 079	1 314	1 410
With a mobility or self-care limitation	210	79	253	80	15	79	38	253	80	87
With a mobility limitation	133	58	133	21	9	58	27	133	21	51
In labor force	11	7	17	5	—	7	—	17	5	5
With a self-care limitation	107	68	164	59	6	68	11	164	59	54
With a work disability	352	217	421	118	77	217	125	421	118	175
In labor force	115	56	138	38	28	56	27	138	38	47
Prevented from working	205	119	256	67	26	119	94	256	67	123
No work disability	3 490	1 348	3 658	1 196	455	1 278	948	3 658	1 196	1 235
In labor force	2 896	1 071	2 944	840	316	1 001	783	2 944	840	987
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	710	284	503	168	205	284	243	503	168	207
With a mobility or self-care limitation	120	64	121	40	53	64	83	121	40	26
With a mobility limitation	84	46	121	40	40	46	64	121	40	19
With a self-care limitation	72	33	72	8	26	33	39	72	8	7



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chottahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chottahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chottahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA		
	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 9	Tract 14	Tract 16 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	529	1 567	8 691	8 657	1 400	1 367	2 446	1 333	1 367
Native	529	1 550	8 226	8 205	1 360	1 367	2 359	1 307	1 367
Foreign born	—	17	465	452	40	—	87	26	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	4	32	32	—	—	13	11	—
Persons 5 years and over	493	1 471	8 013	7 986	1 301	1 265	2 336	1 230	1 265
Speak a language other than English	7	65	912	899	61	19	124	60	19
Do not speak English "very well"	—	31	220	220	17	—	41	11	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	11	86	86	—	—	34	11	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	91	302	2 210	2 197	273	189	356	218	189
Preprimary school	3	10	256	256	5	4	6	11	4
Public school	3	—	146	146	4	4	6	11	4
Elementary or high school	63	253	1 223	1 210	226	185	210	161	185
Public school	8	231	1 095	1 088	218	182	203	161	182
College	25	39	731	731	42	—	140	46	—
Public college	22	39	659	659	40	—	108	40	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	384	1 091	3 124	3 110	862	924	1 865	938	924
Less than 9th grade	29	108	12	12	82	257	328	251	257
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	45	232	77	77	180	326	278	175	326
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	138	454	853	853	330	250	504	269	250
Some college, no degree	86	100	821	814	169	62	354	145	62
Associate degree	15	58	303	303	43	13	83	8	13
Bachelor's degree	53	91	718	718	38	16	180	57	16
Graduate or professional degree	18	48	340	333	20	—	138	33	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	80.7	68.8	97.2	97.1	69.6	36.9	67.5	54.6	36.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.5	12.7	33.9	33.8	6.7	1.7	17.1	9.6	1.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 484	1 450	1 691	1 689	1 372	1 890	873	1 091	1 890
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	493	1 471	8 013	7 986	1 301	1 265	2 336	1 230	1 265
Some house	356	994	407	407	602	607	1 182	608	607
Different house in United States	137	472	6 170	6 170	665	658	1 083	622	658
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	4	73	149	149	184	459	638	436	459
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	65	204	97	97	184	83	43	43	83
Different MSA/PMSA	17	93	4 426	4 426	182	76	250	82	76
Not in on MSA/PMSA	51	102	1 498	1 498	115	40	152	61	40
Abroad	—	5	1 436	1 409	34	—	71	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	259	729	5 530	5 523	642	437	1 134	491	437
Car, truck, or van	253	703	3 061	3 054	589	354	1 122	446	354
Drove alone	219	627	2 103	2 103	488	235	945	395	235
Carpooled	34	76	958	951	101	119	177	51	119
Public transportation	—	10	68	68	2	—	6	—	—
Other means	6	—	2 124	2 124	24	78	6	32	78
Worked at home	—	16	277	277	2	5	—	13	5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.9	26.8	9.7	9.7	23.5	17.8	14.2	12.9	17.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	175	676	5 261	5 254	569	429	1 101	486	429
Central city	24	345	1 327	1 327	313	402	1 051	480	402
Outside central city	151	331	3 934	3 927	256	27	50	6	27
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	84	53	269	269	73	8	33	5	8
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	444	1 246	6 599	6 585	1 083	1 069	2 166	1 078	1 069
In labor force	268	755	5 756	5 749	709	504	1 209	536	504
Employed	264	734	628	621	566	437	1 133	502	437
Unemployed	4	21	78	78	58	67	51	34	67
Percent of civilian labor force	1.5	2.8	11.0	11.2	9.3	13.3	4.3	6.3	13.3
Females 16 years and over	227	627	1 429	1 422	565	559	1 329	619	559
Employed	113	298	409	409	251	175	577	217	175
Unemployed	4	5	78	78	23	31	26	24	31
With own children under 6 years	27	116	601	594	85	41	96	44	41
In labor force	15	72	155	155	46	27	60	22	27
With own children 6 to 17 years only	22	98	408	408	115	147	113	66	147
In labor force	20	75	208	208	82	94	94	41	94
Persons 16 to 19 years	24	78	1 038	1 038	85	63	119	51	63
Not enrolled in school	—	19	859	859	39	56	44	26	56
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	6	21	21	29	36	29	14	36
Not high school graduate	—	6	39	39	37	56	22	26	56
Employed	—	—	—	—	8	20	—	12	20
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	11	14	13	8	14
Not in labor force	—	6	—	—	18	22	9	6	22
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	294	828	5 783	5 769	774	551	1 324	577	551
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	222	773	4 977	4 970	656	383	1 085	469	383
50 to 52 weeks	171	577	3 380	3 373	428	219	814	340	219
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	316	1 044	1 493	1 479	869	793	1 355	738	793
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	68	—	—	40	128	33	68	128
With a mobility limitation	6	23	—	—	30	92	12	35	92
In labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	52	—	—	21	104	26	50	104
With a work disability	17	136	35	35	94	185	122	130	185
In labor force	8	55	8	8	33	41	74	35	41
Prevented from working	9	74	17	17	49	138	37	88	138
No work disability	299	908	1 458	1 444	775	608	1 233	608	608
In labor force	240	666	698	691	581	463	1 027	493	463
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	128	202	10	10	129	232	506	340	232
With a mobility or self-care limitation	20	49	—	—	40	90	145	122	90
With a mobility limitation	16	49	—	—	31	56	126	95	56
With a self-care limitation	18	22	—	—	26	62	55	82	62

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.04
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	985	1 464	2 031	423	3 683	608	1 485	1 259	4 721
Native	950	1 384	1 929	406	3 333	558	1 377	1 233	4 474
Foreign born	35	80	102	17	350	50	108	26	247
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	8	6	11	15	7	8	16
Persons 5 years and over	884	1 374	1 842	364	3 434	576	1 391	1 132	4 384
Speak a language other than English	42	178	132	11	400	47	169	39	308
Do not speak English "very well"	7	38	43	6	117	33	44	30	57
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	17	6	11	30	17	8	16
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	96	231	310	7	739	110	279	182	1 102
Preprimary school	7	19	80	—	66	5	9	6	67
Public school	—	11	80	—	44	5	—	—	47
Elementary or high school	20	114	175	—	542	105	195	153	572
Public school	20	114	162	—	454	105	177	153	509
College	69	98	55	7	131	—	75	23	463
Public college	69	91	34	7	91	—	66	23	438
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	711	897	1 150	284	2 572	413	1 009	710	3 070
Less than 9th grade	7	45	41	63	160	109	128	96	26
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	51	190	307	62	523	138	167	226	164
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	110	299	374	127	1 021	131	373	207	600
Some college, no degree	239	156	318	7	557	35	202	81	765
Associate degree	35	19	25	10	128	—	70	56	251
Bachelor's degree	172	174	66	7	134	—	51	38	882
Graduate or professional degree	97	14	19	8	49	—	18	6	382
Percent high school graduate or higher	91.8	73.8	69.7	56.0	73.4	40.2	70.8	54.6	93.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	37.8	21.0	7.4	5.3	7.1	—	6.8	6.2	41.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	610	624	1 545	1 103	1 358	1 922	1 316	1 239	753
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	884	1 374	1 842	364	3 434	576	1 391	1 132	4 384
Some house	425	529	647	252	2 067	277	848	307	836
Different house in United States	452	727	1 150	106	1 220	299	501	787	3 279
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	207	272	532	36	585	197	342	322	1 181
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	35	38	7	116	14	—	13	66
Different MSA/PMSA	149	279	342	38	344	68	145	344	1 518
Not in on MSA/PMSA	96	141	238	25	175	20	14	108	514
Abroad	7	118	45	6	147	—	42	38	269
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	488	827	953	154	1 573	197	551	464	2 962
Car, truck, or van	462	758	857	148	1 515	181	546	369	2 893
Drove alone	455	653	700	117	1 283	164	472	282	2 555
Carpooled	7	105	157	31	232	17	74	87	338
Public transportation	—	—	8	—	8	—	—	14	7
Other means	19	38	26	6	43	16	5	61	48
Worked at home	7	31	62	—	7	—	—	20	14
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.2	15.6	17.8	15.8	18.8	20.1	16.6	17.7	19.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	481	795	923	154	1 480	175	544	417	2 755
Central city	426	655	792	146	1 159	161	464	334	2 366
Outside central city	55	140	131	8	321	14	80	83	389
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	7	32	30	—	93	22	7	47	207
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	871	1 231	1 592	364	2 909	461	1 217	978	3 805
In labor force	509	898	1 070	184	1 696	237	697	555	3 085
Employed	461	556	764	148	1 439	199	523	383	2 498
Unemployed	7	67	94	22	88	34	104	91	91
Percent of civilian labor force	1.5	10.8	11.0	12.9	5.8	14.6	16.6	19.2	3.5
Females 16 years and over	516	568	725	189	1 486	262	689	481	1 793
Employed	229	297	335	61	605	92	249	114	1 191
Unemployed	—	28	25	8	34	—	61	78	76
With own children under 6 years	84	75	214	40	205	36	73	104	289
In labor force	42	42	108	28	116	25	48	24	170
With own children 6 to 17 years only	21	75	90	—	222	42	71	72	282
In labor force	14	46	48	—	156	7	52	38	217
Persons 16 to 19 years	49	61	104	8	109	17	67	62	174
Not enrolled in school	42	52	69	8	49	17	46	53	30
Unemployed or not in labor force	7	20	53	—	9	11	18	33	7
Not high school graduate	42	11	60	—	49	11	24	34	14
Employed	35	11	9	—	40	—	6	9	7
Unemployed	—	—	10	—	—	—	6	8	—
Not in labor force	7	—	34	—	9	11	12	17	7
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	572	993	1 191	183	1 925	262	746	687	3 267
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	502	861	1 018	169	1 596	210	547	559	2 870
50 to 52 weeks	370	626	669	119	1 017	133	368	345	2 185
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	510	780	1 246	239	2 177	338	826	780	3 172
With a mobility or self-care limitation	14	52	42	30	113	10	58	61	47
With a mobility limitation	7	46	23	15	36	10	9	27	30
In labor force	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	14	24	19	15	94	—	49	55	31
With a work disability	14	122	215	41	302	49	120	135	106
In labor force	—	50	81	6	165	12	69	23	25
Prevented from working	14	72	95	35	104	14	47	97	59
No work disability	496	658	1 031	198	1 875	289	706	645	3 066
In labor force	412	544	777	159	1 317	210	534	445	2 553
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	320	176	134	111	563	119	321	117	137
With a mobility or self-care limitation	82	34	34	17	126	22	97	36	30
With a mobility limitation	68	12	34	17	85	11	81	28	30
With a self-care limitation	47	29	21	17	70	22	40	29	21



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons -----	7 228	7 038	3 372	3 656	442	2 251	973	1 183	6 838
Native -----	7 057	6 867	3 100	3 402	442	2 130	884	1 136	6 618
Foreign born -----	171	171	272	254	—	121	89	47	220
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households -----	—	—	5	—	—	14	6	11	12
Persons 5 years and over -----	6 674	6 543	3 150	3 385	442	2 126	926	1 103	6 013
Speak a language other than English -----	288	224	350	304	7	173	115	51	593
Do not speak English "very well" -----	66	58	127	81	7	51	14	23	179
In linguistically isolated households -----	—	—	5	8	—	22	6	11	31
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school -----	1 914	1 692	759	855	164	413	189	250	1 243
Preprimary school -----	212	231	61	89	—	20	24	24	140
Public school -----	122	158	36	70	—	20	7	15	106
Elementary or high school -----	1 336	932	536	586	101	309	91	122	598
Public school -----	1 167	807	517	569	73	304	91	112	561
College -----	366	529	162	180	63	84	74	104	505
Public college -----	325	493	130	153	47	64	74	94	439
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over -----	4 659	4 569	2 270	2 290	365	1 500	731	733	1 846
Less than 9th grade -----	341	266	158	228	114	108	39	18	11
9th to 12th grade, no diploma -----	576	564	439	342	47	344	109	76	111
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	1 169	1 332	949	887	99	535	277	194	897
Some college, no degree -----	935	910	369	515	81	263	192	259	610
Associate degree -----	389	283	145	172	16	116	41	81	91
Bachelor's degree -----	850	671	156	94	—	98	31	82	88
Graduate or professional degree -----	399	543	54	52	8	36	42	23	38
Percent high school graduate or higher -----	80.3	81.8	73.7	75.1	55.9	69.9	79.8	87.2	93.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher -----	26.8	26.6	9.3	6.4	2.2	8.9	10.0	14.3	6.8
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years -----	1 285	1 259	1 289	1 400	—	1 018	1 140	1 153	1 757
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over -----	6 674	6 543	3 150	3 385	442	2 126	926	1 103	6 013
Some house -----	3 093	2 998	1 924	1 921	106	1 202	624	443	246
Different house in United States -----	3 307	3 467	1 008	1 272	336	871	269	544	4 930
Central city of this MSA/PMSA -----	1 881	2 093	577	610	85	410	167	101	139
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA -----	79	105	66	140	—	24	—	71	60
Different MSA/PMSA -----	840	1 006	218	310	153	341	58	314	3 379
Not in MSA/PMSA -----	507	263	147	212	98	96	44	58	1 352
Abroad -----	274	78	218	192	—	53	33	116	837
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over -----	3 826	3 529	1 609	1 702	—	1 153	475	696	4 234
Car, truck, or van -----	3 724	3 436	1 546	1 618	—	1 107	446	675	4 420
Drove alone -----	3 360	3 095	1 343	1 448	—	1 011	392	614	1 160
Carpooled -----	364	341	203	170	—	96	54	61	260
Public transportation -----	—	—	6	37	—	7	—	—	6
Other means -----	29	27	39	29	—	39	22	11	2 389
Worked at home -----	73	66	18	18	—	—	7	10	419
Mean travel time to work (minutes) -----	18.1	16.5	17.4	18.5	—	18.4	18.5	16.3	10.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence -----	3 579	3 394	1 554	1 687	—	1 096	449	688	4 169
Central city -----	3 298	3 033	1 408	1 441	—	840	385	588	3 276
Outside central city -----	281	361	146	246	—	256	64	100	893
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence -----	247	135	55	15	—	57	26	8	65
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over -----	5 334	5 467	2 643	2 759	422	1 861	820	946	5 240
In labor force -----	3 962	3 719	1 716	1 794	—	1 252	483	733	4 712
Employed -----	3 659	3 398	1 573	1 587	—	1 008	443	485	508
Unemployed -----	118	173	62	48	—	67	8	28	55
Percent of civilian labor force -----	3.1	4.8	3.8	2.9	—	6.2	1.8	5.5	9.8
Females 16 years and over -----	2 744	2 945	1 364	1 446	113	987	429	443	969
Employed -----	1 692	1 620	701	748	—	511	193	245	346
Unemployed -----	64	46	30	34	—	32	8	28	44
With own children under 6 years -----	586	566	187	238	—	94	59	88	643
In labor force -----	409	359	102	136	—	61	33	49	270
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	629	387	253	262	—	115	33	67	167
In labor force -----	523	264	178	173	—	102	20	56	104
Persons 16 to 19 years -----	439	368	178	197	20	127	39	66	1 612
Not enrolled in school -----	94	110	53	89	7	28	21	26	1 480
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	27	36	27	31	7	6	—	18	24
Not high school graduate -----	36	37	28	66	7	8	10	9	151
Employed -----	16	18	9	35	—	8	—	—	—
Unemployed -----	9	10	9	9	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force -----	11	9	10	22	7	—	—	—	9
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 -----	4 176	3 926	1 879	1 919	56	1 356	541	796	4 514
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	3 537	3 137	1 531	1 548	47	1 077	448	596	3 557
50 to 52 weeks -----	2 782	2 468	1 115	1 145	25	760	391	423	1 602
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years -----	4 647	4 405	2 231	2 365	—	1 404	636	670	1 086
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	123	173	129	101	—	82	55	18	26
With a mobility limitation -----	113	101	70	84	—	35	34	7	21
In labor force -----	27	13	31	14	—	6	8	—	—
With a self-care limitation -----	37	96	74	37	—	69	36	11	10
With a work disability -----	301	327	321	374	—	190	119	38	56
In labor force -----	167	120	159	144	—	76	69	23	23
Prevented from working -----	134	147	124	175	—	98	43	15	27
No work disability -----	4 346	4 078	1 910	1 991	—	1 214	517	632	1 030
In labor force -----	3 561	3 367	1 408	1 465	—	956	327	490	540
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over -----	442	896	331	235	—	280	152	56	5
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	111	172	79	88	—	33	40	33	5
With a mobility limitation -----	111	141	48	69	—	19	33	6	—
With a self-care limitation -----	51	94	44	50	—	18	25	27	5

**Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alabama (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fart Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	60 699	13 090	13 090	6 460	47 609	1 194	621	46 415	46 205
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	8 000	1 198	1 198	658	6 802	129	76	6 673	6 661
Professional specialty occupations -----	8 566	1 215	1 215	813	7 351	229	174	7 122	7 115
Technicians and related support occupations -----	2 046	330	330	158	1 716	26	24	1 690	1 685
Sales occupations -----	8 672	1 843	1 843	933	6 829	167	91	6 662	6 652
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	10 523	2 177	2 177	1 048	8 346	216	112	8 130	8 093
Private household occupations -----	70	17	17	7	53	—	—	53	52
Protective service occupations -----	1 169	193	193	107	976	25	20	951	951
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	4 761	1 021	1 021	554	3 740	134	86	3 606	3 576
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	570	181	181	32	389	17	—	372	365
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	8 094	2 437	2 437	1 050	5 657	96	7	5 561	5 517
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	3 962	1 350	1 350	700	2 612	59	21	2 553	2 521
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	2 333	545	545	236	1 788	58	—	1 730	1 715
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	1 933	583	583	164	1 350	38	10	1 312	1 302
INCOME IN 1989									
Households -----	54 512	11 171	11 171	5 901	43 341	1 829	1 295	41 512	41 287
Less than \$5,000 -----	3 047	846	846	545	2 201	58	33	2 143	2 114
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	4 533	1 066	1 066	596	3 467	81	9	3 386	3 351
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	5 296	1 162	1 162	592	4 134	94	49	4 040	3 992
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	11 382	2 597	2 597	1 353	8 785	537	417	8 248	8 196
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	9 476	1 925	1 925	1 042	7 551	434	314	7 117	7 084
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	9 953	1 867	1 867	918	8 086	395	310	7 691	7 682
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	7 277	1 279	1 279	626	5 998	204	142	5 794	5 780
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	1 848	279	279	153	1 569	24	21	1 545	1 542
\$100,000 or more -----	1 700	150	150	76	1 550	2	—	1 548	1 546
Median (dollars) -----	27 836	24 636	24 636	23 967	28 869	28 612	29 386	28 892	29 003
Mean (dollars) -----	35 461	29 871	29 871	28 902	36 902	31 621	31 621	37 181	37 266
Families -----	39 532	8 219	8 219	4 090	31 313	1 697	1 295	29 616	29 473
Median income (dollars) -----	32 601	28 992	28 992	28 821	33 913	29 208	29 386	34 365	34 459
Per capita income (dollars) -----	13 940	11 845	11 845	12 029	14 455	9 369	9 186	14 940	14 975
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households -----	54 512	11 171	11 171	5 901	43 341	1 829	1 295	41 512	41 287
With earnings -----	43 637	8 761	8 761	4 369	34 876	1 716	1 273	33 160	33 013
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	34 809	31 125	31 125	31 170	35 734	29 870	30 993	36 038	36 090
With Social Security income -----	14 810	3 322	3 322	1 998	11 488	149	18	11 339	11 247
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	7 228	6 862	6 862	6 866	7 334	5 152	7 524	7 362	7 357
With public assistance income -----	2 622	588	588	289	2 034	41	15	1 993	1 972
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	3 207	3 017	3 017	2 632	3 263	2 022	338	3 288	3 287
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars) -----	40 621	34 068	34 068	33 819	42 342	31 228	31 605	42 978	43 054
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	38 810	33 894	33 894	36 668	40 049	30 207	30 794	41 037	41 132
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	43 991	36 735	36 735	36 686	45 911	32 559	32 617	46 770	46 832
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	43 402	37 854	37 854	41 395	44 818	31 481	31 697	46 368	46 467
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	21 797	17 888	17 888	19 289	22 786	11 763	6 939	23 073	23 163
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	14 841	12 182	12 182	13 169	15 492	7 934	7 862	15 758	15 791
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families -----	39 532	8 219	8 219	4 090	31 313	1 697	1 295	29 616	29 473
Householder worked in 1989 -----	31 933	6 284	6 284	3 037	25 649	1 576	1 248	24 073	23 976
With related children under 18 years -----	18 980	3 911	3 911	1 815	15 069	1 330	1 120	13 739	13 665
With related children under 5 years -----	8 158	1 673	1 673	734	6 485	678	589	5 807	5 781
Married-couple families -----	33 049	6 913	6 913	3 338	26 136	1 580	1 241	24 556	24 451
Householder worked in 1989 -----	27 393	5 411	5 411	2 531	21 982	1 489	1 203	20 493	20 416
With related children under 18 years -----	15 453	3 176	3 176	1 431	12 277	1 248	1 075	11 029	10 977
With related children under 5 years -----	7 029	1 408	1 408	618	5 621	656	573	4 965	4 946
Female householder, no husband present -----	5 084	1 027	1 027	612	4 057	103	47	3 954	3 920
Householder worked in 1989 -----	3 401	641	641	406	2 760	74	38	2 686	2 670
With related children under 18 years -----	2 775	606	606	338	2 169	73	38	2 096	2 076
With related children under 5 years -----	880	195	195	80	685	22	16	663	658
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	18 498	3 599	3 599	2 088	14 899	173	16	14 726	14 620
Nonfamily householder -----	14 980	2 952	2 952	1 811	12 028	132	—	11 896	11 814
65 years and over -----	6 003	1 198	1 198	815	4 805	45	—	4 760	4 712
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	135 384	28 155	28 155	14 105	107 229	6 069	4 635	101 160	100 593
Persons under 18 years -----	32 767	6 756	6 756	3 155	26 011	2 504	2 132	23 507	23 368
Related children under 18 years -----	32 524	6 714	6 714	3 130	25 810	2 496	2 126	23 314	23 175
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	22 503	4 707	4 707	2 213	17 796	1 731	1 467	16 065	15 974
Persons 65 years and over -----	17 327	3 651	3 651	2 226	13 676	139	10	13 537	13 418
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families -----	2 778	723	723	345	2 055	124	83	1 931	1 906
Percent below poverty level -----	7.0	8.8	8.8	8.4	6.6	7.3	6.4	6.5	6.5
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 604	348	348	178	1 256	88	61	1 168	1 151
With related children under 18 years -----	2 033	462	462	215	1 571	108	74	1 463	1 444
With related children under 5 years -----	953	172	172	51	781	39	30	742	732
Married-couple families -----	1 439	406	406	165	1 033	69	49	964	954
Householder worked in 1989 -----	876	160	160	67	716	47	36	669	662
With related children under 18 years -----	870	186	186	69	684	63	49	621	614
With related children under 5 years -----	530	88	88	29	442	28	21	414	408
Female householder, no husband present -----	1 250	300	300	170	950	54	34	896	881
Householder worked in 1989 -----	704	181	181	111	523	41	25	482	472
With related children under 18 years -----	1 114	266	266	136	848	45	25	803	791
With related children under 5 years -----	411	84	84	22	327	11	9	316	312
Unrelated individuals -----	4 335	1 075	1 075	658	3 260	50	16	3 210	3 167
Nonfamily householder -----	2 998	728	728	525	2 270	31	—	2 239	2 211
65 years and over -----	1 774	428	428	345	1 346	22	—	1 324	1 303
Persons -----	13 144	3 331	3 331	1 757	9 813	520	360	9 293	9 163
Percent below poverty level -----	9.7	11.8	11.8	12.5	9.2	8.6	7.8	9.2	9.1
Persons under 18 years -----	4 241	1 006	1 006	475	3 235	276	210	2 959	2 916
Related children under 18 years -----	4 076	976	976	462	3 100	268	204	2 832	2 789
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	2 777	754	754	395	2 023	239	183	1 784	1 762
Persons 65 years and over -----	2 284	608	608	434	1 676	28	—	1 648	1 620
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	5 102	1 457	1 457	576	3 645	219	170	3 426	3 382
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	19 608	4 769	4 769	2 411	14 839	850	616	13 989	13 746



Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			Remainder of Russell County, AL		
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	3 039	1 112	2 951	823	318	1 051	764	2 951	823	1 008
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	353	94	235	47	11	87	62	235	47	121
Professional specialty occupations -----	470	120	131	68	40	114	77	131	68	53
Technicians and related support occupations -----	112	21	70	11	—	14	7	70	11	30
Sales occupations -----	470	167	423	115	14	153	116	423	115	141
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	552	126	544	132	10	119	125	544	132	143
Private household occupations -----	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations -----	61	3	36	28	17	3	22	36	28	7
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	245	112	237	77	44	112	63	237	77	46
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	6	7	48	21	—	7	7	48	21	21
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	443	222	700	143	77	216	169	700	143	200
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	144	117	218	102	71	110	80	218	102	108
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	94	53	109	54	34	53	11	109	54	43
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	82	70	200	25	—	63	25	200	25	95
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households -----	2 282	967	2 234	727	408	918	777	2 234	727	762
Less than \$5,000 -----	56	49	153	60	98	42	142	153	60	17
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	121	83	204	46	37	83	106	204	46	86
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	160	85	229	115	110	85	72	229	115	90
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	524	288	554	126	77	269	132	554	126	140
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	383	224	399	159	44	208	129	399	159	121
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	451	171	357	160	33	164	141	357	160	153
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	451	28	272	39	6	28	35	272	39	136
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	75	29	38	14	3	29	20	38	14	7
\$100,000 or more -----	61	10	28	8	—	10	—	28	8	12
Median (dollars) -----	31 994	24 005	24 212	25 982	13 398	24 074	20 219	24 212	25 982	29 070
Mean (dollars) -----	37 859	27 290	28 591	33 515	16 460	27 477	22 946	28 591	33 515	32 547
Families -----	1 740	681	1 798	532	227	658	487	1 798	532	621
Median income (dollars) -----	37 589	27 117	27 132	28 750	17 109	26 888	23 750	27 132	28 750	31 696
Per capita income (dollars) -----	14 836	11 106	10 586	12 518	7 062	10 985	9 967	10 586	12 518	11 767
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households -----	2 282	967	2 234	727	408	918	777	2 234	727	762
With earnings -----	1 930	785	1 885	631	250	736	559	1 885	631	619
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	36 980	28 228	29 366	34 899	18 094	28 523	26 188	29 366	34 899	34 119
With Social Security income -----	612	264	508	107	190	254	255	508	107	202
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	7 658	6 468	6 842	5 803	5 648	6 468	5 691	6 842	5 803	6 942
With public assistance income -----	44	57	203	—	42	57	48	203	—	32
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	2 361	2 061	2 447	—	3 213	2 061	2 366	2 447	—	5 841
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars) -----	41 584	31 120	31 042	38 613	21 044	31 294	25 443	31 042	38 613	35 806
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	45 586	34 652	28 607	28 376	19 059	34 710	24 443	28 607	28 376	36 464
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	44 153	33 625	33 948	40 512	23 509	33 553	27 455	33 948	40 512	36 246
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	49 599	38 224	33 260	31 493	21 317	38 437	31 968	33 260	31 493	36 464
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	21 231	23 838	13 370	25 884	10 066	23 838	16 745	13 370	25 884	15 099
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	13 769	12 856	11 876	5 016	7 907	12 856	8 385	11 876	5 016	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families -----	1 740	681	1 798	532	227	658	487	1 798	532	621
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 417	470	1 404	451	154	447	371	1 404	451	467
With related children under 18 years -----	792	330	989	247	108	321	241	989	247	306
With related children under 5 years -----	317	129	460	138	56	120	117	460	138	114
Married-couple families -----	1 537	518	1 471	470	181	502	326	1 471	470	598
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 273	377	1 180	406	119	361	243	1 180	406	451
With related children under 18 years -----	679	247	743	210	92	238	145	743	210	302
With related children under 5 years -----	296	93	354	108	48	84	87	354	108	114
Female householder, no husband present -----	174	131	231	47	37	131	127	231	47	14
Householder worked in 1989 -----	115	71	135	30	26	71	94	135	30	7
With related children under 18 years -----	113	68	182	22	16	68	80	182	22	—
With related children under 5 years -----	21	21	87	15	8	21	14	87	15	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	608	342	623	325	187	316	357	623	325	168
Nonfamily householder -----	542	286	436	195	181	260	290	436	195	141
65 years and over -----	210	94	128	39	120	94	77	128	39	75
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	5 803	2 368	6 082	1 952	973	2 291	1 683	6 082	1 952	2 104
Persons under 18 years -----	1 379	563	1 647	443	262	556	386	1 647	443	554
Related children under 18 years -----	1 379	556	1 630	443	250	549	386	1 630	443	554
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	994	386	1 112	284	142	386	271	1 112	284	414
Persons 65 years and over -----	710	284	503	168	205	284	243	503	168	207
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families -----	75	54	189	47	41	47	93	189	47	41
Percent below poverty level -----	4.3	7.9	10.5	8.8	18.1	7.1	19.1	10.5	8.8	6.6
Householder worked in 1989 -----	50	22	83	34	35	15	49	83	34	4
With related children under 18 years -----	57	36	140	29	35	36	54	140	29	23
With related children under 5 years -----	18	—	70	15	27	—	—	70	15	11
Married-couple families -----	28	23	110	25	25	23	42	110	25	41
Householder worked in 1989 -----	10	—	51	12	19	—	25	51	12	4
With related children under 18 years -----	10	12	61	7	19	12	15	61	7	23
With related children under 5 years -----	10	—	31	—	19	—	—	31	—	11
Female householder, no husband present -----	47	24	79	22	16	24	51	79	22	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	40	15	32	22	16	15	24	32	22	—
With related children under 18 years -----	47	24	79	22	16	24	39	79	22	—
With related children under 5 years -----	8	—	39	15	8	—	—	39	15	—
Unrelated individuals -----	63	78	215	133	90	78	139	215	133	32
Nonfamily householder -----	43	55	95	51	84	55	106	95	51	20
65 years and over -----	25	42	54	16	78	42	61	54	16	6
Persons -----	269	303	833	262	252	289	396	833	262	128
Percent below poverty level -----	4.6	12.8	13.7	13.4	25.9	12.6	23.5	13.7	13.4	6.1
Persons under 18 years -----	105	101	326	39	90	101	101	326	39	32
Related children under 18 years -----	105	94	309	39	84	94	101	309	39	32
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	78	94	226	25	48	94	101	226	25	7
Persons 65 years and over -----	34	51	74	29	78	51	109	74	29	36
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	108	81	472	167	106	67	183	472	167	44
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	386	376	1 299	362	326	362	494	1 299	362	264

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA		
	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 9	Tract 14	Tract 16 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	264	734	628	621	566	437	1 133	502	437
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	19	57	76	76	53	4	171	27	4
Professional specialty occupations .....	16	72	181	174	48	40	223	25	40
Technicians and related support occupations .....	6	8	24	24	2	—	42	16	—
Sales occupations .....	19	97	91	91	76	54	149	70	54
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	53	145	112	112	104	55	215	80	55
Private household occupations .....	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	2	4	20	20	5	7	12	7	7
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	11	16	86	86	48	49	83	61	49
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	31	14	—	—	17	—	6	5	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	33	127	7	7	89	83	104	104	83
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	45	75	21	21	38	88	39	43	88
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	12	78	—	—	58	22	77	5	22
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	15	33	10	10	28	35	12	59	35
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	232	614	1 302	1 295	527	553	1 087	704	553
Less than \$5,000 .....	7	25	33	33	25	106	53	154	106
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	24	62	9	9	72	208	118	176	208
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	4	42	49	49	45	63	75	92	63
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	54	172	417	417	120	113	233	133	113
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	32	89	314	314	120	51	275	74	51
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	55	84	317	310	78	6	218	18	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	50	102	142	142	62	6	66	36	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	4	23	21	21	3	—	38	14	—
\$100,000 or more .....	2	15	—	—	2	—	11	7	—
Median (dollars) .....	31 875	25 882	29 464	29 386	25 129	8 510	26 792	12 037	8 510
Mean (dollars) .....	36 535	33 319	31 716	31 621	27 781	12 901	29 699	22 899	12 901
Families .....	159	484	1 302	1 295	395	615	309	302	302
Median income (dollars) .....	43 281	29 891	29 464	29 386	27 697	12 411	32 964	15 066	12 411
Per capita income (dollars) .....	16 039	12 985	9 190	9 186	10 485	5 528	13 512	12 175	5 528
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	232	614	1 302	1 295	527	553	1 087	704	553
With earnings .....	169	492	1 280	1 273	436	331	816	383	331
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	31 517	32 626	31 092	30 993	26 282	14 055	29 194	20 063	14 055
With Social Security income .....	100	172	18	18	131	193	407	335	193
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 219	6 168	7 524	7 524	4 826	6 240	8 398	5 629	6 240
With public assistance income .....	6	43	15	15	26	124	39	157	124
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	8 544	5 582	338	338	2 993	3 717	3 092	2 014	3 717
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	46 067	36 469	31 700	31 605	29 670	15 852	36 802	22 586	15 852
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	40 324	33 522	30 910	30 794	25 917	15 548	38 487	15 951	15 548
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	47 011	37 969	32 711	32 617	31 989	18 335	38 965	28 238	18 335
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	39 787	35 454	31 812	31 697	29 180	19 249	42 817	23 317	19 249
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	35 894	13 760	6 939	6 939	15 812	11 121	23 816	14 969	11 121
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	53 764	13 140	7 862	7 862	8 037	8 338	19 748	6 764	8 338
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families .....	159	484	1 302	1 295	395	302	615	309	302
Householder worked in 1989 .....	122	389	1 255	1 248	321	231	471	194	231
With related children under 18 years .....	52	238	1 127	1 120	203	212	213	134	212
With related children under 5 years .....	30	97	596	589	82	55	85	64	55
Married-couple families .....	145	454	1 248	1 241	332	207	466	187	207
Householder worked in 1989 .....	113	365	1 210	1 203	279	168	365	125	168
With related children under 18 years .....	50	218	1 082	1 075	166	137	159	71	137
With related children under 5 years .....	30	92	580	573	76	40	67	33	40
Female householder, no husband present .....	12	30	47	47	56	70	97	96	70
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	24	38	38	36	51	66	43	51
With related children under 18 years .....	2	20	38	38	35	56	32	42	56
With related children under 5 years .....	—	5	16	16	6	9	7	10	9
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	73	147	16	16	157	416	531	463	416
Nonfamily householder .....	73	130	—	—	132	251	472	395	251
65 years and over .....	47	50	—	—	45	134	202	208	134
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	529	1 567	4 669	4 635	1 400	1 296	2 166	1 333	1 296
Persons under 18 years .....	99	376	2 152	2 132	352	313	338	274	313
Related children under 18 years .....	99	376	2 146	2 126	350	306	338	263	306
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	63	280	1 480	1 467	251	228	228	160	228
Persons 65 years and over .....	128	202	10	10	129	232	506	340	232
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	1	55	83	83	41	135	24	61	135
Percent below poverty level .....	.6	11.4	6.4	6.4	10.4	44.7	3.9	19.7	44.7
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	26	61	61	27	108	12	21	108
With related children under 18 years .....	—	32	74	74	34	106	17	47	106
With related children under 5 years .....	—	17	30	30	9	38	12	18	38
Married-couple families .....	1	49	49	49	20	87	—	36	87
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	26	36	36	11	79	—	16	79
With related children under 18 years .....	—	26	49	49	14	64	—	22	64
With related children under 5 years .....	—	17	21	21	7	33	—	13	33
Female householder, no husband present .....	—	6	34	34	20	42	12	25	42
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	25	25	16	29	7	5	29
With related children under 18 years .....	—	6	25	25	20	42	12	25	42
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	9	9	2	5	7	5	5
Unrelated individuals .....	7	11	16	16	34	234	82	213	234
Nonfamily householder .....	7	11	—	—	31	123	82	192	123
65 years and over .....	7	—	—	—	22	66	61	117	66
Persons .....	10	205	360	360	160	694	147	424	694
Percent below poverty level .....	1.9	13.1	7.7	7.8	11.4	53.5	6.8	31.8	53.5
Persons under 18 years .....	—	83	210	210	66	207	27	113	207
Related children under 18 years .....	—	83	204	204	64	200	27	102	200
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	—	67	183	183	56	140	21	61	140
Persons 65 years and over .....	10	19	—	—	28	80	68	131	80
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	—	101	170	170	49	305	60	201	305
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	14	234	616	616	234	798	250	578	798



Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.04
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	461	556	764	148	1 439	199	523	383	2 498
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	82	38	91	10	116	22	22	40	401
Professional specialty occupations .....	111	68	7	8	94	—	37	6	498
Technicians and related support occupations .....	28	22	—	—	16	4	44	4	135
Sales occupations .....	62	87	92	32	125	24	100	32	483
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	95	105	55	—	173	6	98	56	415
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	7	8	—	16	59	—	16	8	60
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	21	80	107	5	165	54	73	57	138
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	—	16	6	28	5	9	7	14
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	14	47	257	39	190	46	44	99	230
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	21	27	63	8	233	33	29	21	62
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	13	39	45	15	141	—	14	34	46
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	7	35	31	9	99	5	37	19	16
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	553	641	939	196	1 487	261	662	525	2 187
Less than \$5,000 .....	14	7	85	26	71	39	59	57	39
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	21	32	158	26	65	39	115	66	43
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	75	60	134	56	215	54	112	90	119
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	158	172	291	51	415	80	124	224	420
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	96	168	107	20	281	34	137	30	542
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	54	127	103	10	242	15	70	37	417
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	53	45	29	7	155	—	36	11	439
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	34	13	32	—	21	—	9	—	116
\$100,000 or more .....	48	17	—	—	22	—	—	10	52
Median (dollars) .....	26 012	26 331	17 949	13 529	24 135	14 712	18 077	16 303	32 518
Mean (dollars) .....	47 855	35 531	21 975	17 392	37 638	15 972	21 879	18 692	39 796
Families .....	268	438	622	123	1 124	132	419	340	1 296
Median income (dollars) .....	43 036	26 361	18 984	15 750	27 192	18 750	27 250	16 639	42 763
Per capita income (dollars) .....	26 906	15 333	9 783	8 356	15 645	7 112	9 678	7 644	18 177
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	553	641	939	196	1 487	261	662	525	2 187
With earnings .....	391	580	799	118	1 158	174	441	432	2 095
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	46 009	28 843	20 540	18 506	36 624	16 258	20 779	15 323	37 991
With Social Security income .....	239	168	141	78	477	103	254	118	135
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	8 716	6 627	6 158	6 161	6 544	6 467	6 877	4 843	8 282
With public assistance income .....	20	18	81	34	47	38	60	43	36
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 978	4 644	2 830	3 684	3 780	1 671	3 259	2 128	2 381
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	52 932	39 747	24 227	20 421	43 595	20 051	27 647	21 578	45 346
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	42 998	27 661	17 715	10 927	28 998	16 526	23 233	21 330	44 530
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	50 367	41 754	28 593	21 558	50 557	22 965	30 330	20 714	47 284
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	45 407	30 130	22 559	13 098	37 033	23 281	30 330	16 670	47 392
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	27 100	30 406	11 030	13 332	15 295	6 900	19 525	25 715	25 358
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	7 200	7 467	9 318	5 137	10 419	4 918	4 926	38 146	20 332
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families .....	268	438	622	123	1 124	132	419	340	1 296
Householder worked in 1989 .....	214	376	506	84	828	93	306	287	1 215
With related children under 18 years .....	111	154	385	44	438	65	165	145	626
With related children under 5 years .....	90	71	201	44	203	20	106	69	258
Married-couple families .....	247	368	464	106	878	94	319	257	1 155
Householder worked in 1989 .....	193	325	415	73	660	77	247	214	1 090
With related children under 18 years .....	104	115	247	32	285	39	109	105	545
With related children under 5 years .....	83	56	140	32	100	13	69	69	232
Female householder, no husband present .....	14	39	114	17	196	25	83	66	104
Householder worked in 1989 .....	14	26	71	11	126	9	42	60	95
With related children under 18 years .....	7	21	99	12	103	19	46	31	73
With related children under 5 years .....	7	15	47	12	72	—	27	—	26
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	319	298	427	88	440	171	293	228	1 086
Nonfamily householder .....	285	203	317	73	363	129	243	185	891
65 years and over .....	156	14	54	32	118	37	174	49	46
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	985	1 449	2 031	423	3 683	608	1 457	1 249	4 721
Persons under 18 years .....	128	227	482	59	823	147	248	296	1 006
Related children under 18 years .....	121	227	482	59	814	147	248	278	999
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	20	152	293	—	565	115	170	151	662
Persons 65 years and over .....	320	176	134	111	563	119	321	117	137
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	7	10	116	23	78	23	36	55	27
Percent below poverty level .....	2.6	2.3	18.6	18.7	6.9	17.4	8.6	16.2	2.1
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	—	82	17	65	13	—	51	14
With related children under 18 years .....	7	10	109	23	48	23	23	40	27
With related children under 5 years .....	7	7	62	23	34	4	11	7	11
Married-couple families .....	—	3	62	17	30	4	13	30	11
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	62	17	23	4	—	30	7
With related children under 18 years .....	—	3	55	17	—	4	—	19	11
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	36	17	—	4	—	7	4
Female householder, no husband present .....	7	7	47	6	48	19	23	21	16
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	—	20	—	42	9	—	21	7
With related children under 18 years .....	7	7	47	6	48	19	23	21	16
With related children under 5 years .....	7	7	19	6	34	—	11	—	7
Unrelated individuals .....	21	30	97	25	76	77	102	91	54
Nonfamily householder .....	21	7	71	25	43	42	71	67	48
65 years and over .....	21	—	—	5	—	18	57	23	—
Persons .....	35	67	414	85	273	156	183	267	130
Percent below poverty level .....	3.6	4.6	20.4	20.1	7.4	25.7	12.6	21.4	2.8
Persons under 18 years .....	7	20	135	29	96	44	40	96	44
Related children under 18 years .....	7	20	135	29	96	44	40	89	37
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	—	12	69	—	65	33	32	69	13
Persons 65 years and over .....	21	3	—	5	20	18	67	23	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	—	15	249	21	133	66	99	83	45
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	84	83	642	128	473	257	329	384	162

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	3 659	3 398	1 573	1 587	—	1 008	443	485	508
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	576	510	72	182	—	113	52	71	42
Professional specialty occupations .....	578	546	112	80	—	101	32	75	72
Technicians and related support occupations .....	250	78	75	49	—	14	—	78	21
Sales occupations .....	446	596	192	207	—	113	55	77	75
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	766	713	318	332	—	164	70	58	105
Private household occupations .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	99	85	35	6	—	31	14	6	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	138	182	192	199	—	135	64	26	97
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	43	16	5	25	—	9	8	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	453	385	236	271	—	116	43	9	22
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	144	140	155	117	—	88	18	42	50
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	123	91	90	59	—	84	44	26	6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	43	56	84	60	—	40	43	17	18
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	2 437	2 905	1 208	1 398	—	895	394	474	1 020
Less than \$5,000 .....	50	132	18	117	—	46	7	13	37
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	106	191	52	99	—	71	24	18	23
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	82	269	127	102	—	94	37	23	169
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	214	588	274	254	—	213	81	159	555
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	426	413	274	288	—	204	61	104	179
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	714	644	319	305	—	176	119	115	35
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	669	385	136	195	—	79	65	15	5
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	111	136	—	9	—	12	—	14	12
\$100,000 or more .....	65	147	8	29	—	—	—	13	5
Median (dollars) .....	41 019	30 697	29 151	28 585	—	26 049	33 088	26 818	18 936
Mean (dollars) .....	44 058	40 510	31 538	32 523	—	27 799	32 666	31 881	21 510
Families .....	2 035	2 143	1 022	1 124	—	700	291	399	1 006
Median income (dollars) .....	43 718	37 035	30 321	32 500	—	28 714	34 698	27 148	18 733
Per capita income (dollars) .....	15 057	16 732	11 345	12 017	2 810	11 422	13 610	13 036	7 887
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	2 437	2 905	1 208	1 396	—	895	394	474	1 020
With earnings .....	2 221	2 322	1 035	1 179	—	747	315	459	955
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	42 434	39 881	29 043	30 506	—	25 294	27 355	26 714	21 785
With Social Security income .....	370	762	273	265	—	220	130	74	17
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 118	6 476	7 177	5 600	—	6 983	5 065	5 514	5 596
With public assistance income .....	77	82	57	107	—	13	32	16	25
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	5 386	3 768	3 439	3 653	—	3 411	3 438	5 604	681
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	46 859	46 862	32 179	35 588	—	30 430	33 985	32 788	21 247
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	44 507	45 194	30 909	35 241	—	28 366	23 101	27 879	20 478
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	48 408	52 639	34 081	39 676	—	32 098	36 212	33 948	21 614
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	46 580	53 600	33 725	45 192	—	32 049	28 036	30 805	20 863
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	30 207	18 564	21 272	19 736	—	14 976	29 257	23 664	10 864
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	16 451	14 636	19 612	13 554	—	12 024	7 004	3 107	10 864
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families .....	2 035	2 143	1 022	1 124	—	700	291	399	1 006
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 845	1 785	804	862	—	569	205	362	928
With related children under 18 years .....	1 200	1 076	448	517	—	250	95	149	880
With related children under 5 years .....	506	439	156	195	—	94	39	53	642
Married-couple families .....	1 819	1 756	867	845	—	576	240	354	966
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 656	1 508	690	689	—	480	178	330	894
With related children under 18 years .....	1 081	801	346	353	—	169	80	127	840
With related children under 5 years .....	486	370	128	144	—	65	34	46	625
Female householder, no husband present .....	144	324	117	229	—	77	38	45	29
Householder worked in 1989 .....	117	230	76	148	—	47	20	32	23
With related children under 18 years .....	83	236	83	139	—	54	9	22	29
With related children under 5 years .....	10	69	28	51	—	29	5	7	17
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	579	906	287	364	—	280	133	82	25
Nonfamily householder .....	402	762	186	274	—	195	103	75	14
65 years and over .....	110	308	62	80	—	52	54	15	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	7 168	7 020	3 365	3 631	—	2 251	973	1 183	3 578
Persons under 18 years .....	2 133	1 742	811	967	—	438	163	251	1 605
Related children under 18 years .....	2 090	1 742	811	938	—	438	163	242	1 605
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 536	1 247	596	667	—	313	116	162	780
Persons 65 years and over .....	442	896	331	235	—	280	152	56	5
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	45	149	58	119	—	35	23	31	135
Percent below poverty level .....	2.2	7.0	5.7	10.6	—	5.0	7.9	7.8	13.4
Householder worked in 1989 .....	30	79	33	56	—	17	12	25	102
With related children under 18 years .....	23	120	45	87	—	14	23	31	128
With related children under 5 years .....	23	37	27	66	—	7	5	7	117
Married-couple families .....	35	46	28	44	—	21	8	16	129
Householder worked in 1989 .....	20	38	15	23	—	10	8	16	102
With related children under 18 years .....	13	38	15	23	—	—	8	16	122
With related children under 5 years .....	13	10	15	23	—	—	—	7	111
Female householder, no husband present .....	10	95	30	75	—	14	9	15	6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	10	41	18	33	—	7	4	9	—
With related children under 18 years .....	10	82	30	64	—	14	9	15	6
With related children under 5 years .....	10	27	12	43	—	7	5	—	6
Unrelated individuals .....	126	116	39	99	—	76	18	—	11
Nonfamily householder .....	34	109	17	81	—	65	7	—	—
65 years and over .....	27	97	12	35	—	30	7	—	—
Persons .....	245	650	241	455	—	167	98	134	591
Percent below poverty level .....	3.4	9.3	7.2	12.5	—	7.4	10.1	11.3	16.5
Persons under 18 years .....	78	241	104	223	—	35	47	78	331
Related children under 18 years .....	35	241	104	194	—	35	47	78	331
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	10	183	70	82	—	25	41	60	124
Persons 65 years and over .....	27	145	24	45	—	41	7	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	133	149	43	171	—	46	25	84	130
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	387	828	517	637	—	295	113	141	1 045



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscookee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Alabomo (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons -----	91 337	18 060	18 060	10 100	73 277	5 240	4 375	68 037	68 030
Native -----	90 753	18 024	18 024	10 084	72 729	5 039	4 174	67 690	67 683
Foreign born -----	584	36	36	16	548	201	201	347	347
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households -----	123	6	6	6	117	1	—	116	116
Persons 5 years and over -----	82 567	16 601	16 601	9 165	65 966	4 791	3 997	61 175	61 171
Speak a language other than English -----	3 240	526	526	344	2 714	166	158	2 548	2 548
Do not speak English "very well" -----	1 041	168	168	108	873	67	66	806	806
In linguistically isolated households -----	221	15	15	15	206	3	—	203	203
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school -----	27 423	4 980	4 980	2 839	22 443	1 714	1 455	20 729	20 729
Preprimary school -----	1 444	210	210	156	1 234	113	97	1 121	1 121
Public school -----	1 205	190	190	136	1 015	113	97	902	902
Elementary or high school -----	20 623	4 098	4 098	2 376	16 525	1 161	945	15 364	15 364
Public school -----	20 083	4 055	4 055	2 347	16 028	1 113	905	14 915	14 915
College -----	5 356	672	672	307	4 684	440	413	4 244	4 244
Public college -----	4 546	620	620	282	3 926	373	349	3 553	3 553
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over -----	49 959	10 498	10 498	5 751	39 461	2 219	1 739	37 242	37 238
Less than 9th grade -----	9 482	3 266	3 266	1 585	6 216	148	—	6 068	6 068
9th to 12th grade, no diploma -----	11 065	2 724	2 724	1 509	8 341	208	37	8 133	8 133
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	14 616	2 659	2 659	1 453	11 957	817	736	11 140	11 136
Some college, no degree -----	8 320	1 174	1 174	732	7 146	700	640	6 446	6 446
Associate degree -----	2 684	256	256	167	2 428	198	189	2 230	2 230
Bachelor's degree -----	2 354	273	273	176	2 081	110	102	1 971	1 971
Graduate or professional degree -----	1 438	146	146	129	1 292	38	35	1 254	1 254
Percent high school graduate or higher -----	58.9	42.9	42.9	46.2	63.1	84.0	97.9	61.9	61.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher -----	7.6	4.0	4.0	5.3	8.5	6.7	7.9	8.7	8.7
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years -----	1 532	1 588	1 588	1 589	1 519	1 695	1 610	1 508	1 508
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over -----	82 567	16 601	16 601	9 165	65 966	4 791	3 997	61 175	61 171
Some house -----	39 692	10 835	10 835	5 515	28 857	929	349	27 928	27 928
Different house in United States -----	39 766	5 739	5 739	3 623	34 027	3 038	2 830	30 989	30 989
Central city of this MSA/PMSA -----	21 114	537	537	365	20 577	150	145	20 427	20 427
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA -----	5 838	4 187	4 187	2 780	1 651	192	82	1 459	1 459
Different MSA/PMSA -----	9 196	586	586	186	8 610	2 006	1 958	6 604	6 604
Not in on MSA/PMSA -----	3 618	429	429	292	3 189	690	645	2 499	2 499
Abroad -----	3 109	27	27	27	3 082	824	818	2 258	2 254
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over -----	35 203	6 355	6 355	3 509	28 848	2 790	2 537	26 058	26 056
Car, truck, or van -----	31 026	5 981	5 981	3 247	25 045	1 942	1 700	23 103	23 101
Drove alone -----	24 114	4 595	4 595	2 538	19 519	1 259	1 114	18 260	18 258
Carpooled -----	6 912	1 386	1 386	709	5 526	683	586	4 843	4 843
Public transportation -----	1 241	93	93	86	1 148	47	44	1 101	1 101
Other means -----	2 710	261	261	171	2 449	769	761	1 680	1 680
Worked at home -----	226	20	20	5	206	32	32	174	174
Mean travel time to work (minutes) -----	18.8	21.9	21.9	18.3	18.1	12.1	10.9	18.8	18.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence -----	33 532	5 900	5 900	3 327	27 632	2 576	2 344	25 056	25 054
Central city -----	25 253	2 856	2 856	1 652	22 397	748	606	21 649	21 647
Outside central city -----	8 279	3 044	3 044	1 675	5 235	1 828	1 738	3 407	3 407
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence -----	1 671	455	455	182	1 216	214	193	1 002	1 002
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over -----	64 346	13 112	13 112	7 178	51 234	3 692	3 088	47 542	47 538
In labor force -----	40 935	7 568	7 568	4 243	33 367	3 040	2 710	30 327	30 323
Employed -----	30 897	6 462	6 462	3 628	24 435	715	458	23 720	23 718
Unemployed -----	4 804	1 026	1 026	592	3 778	136	71	3 642	3 640
Percent of civilian labor force -----	13.5	13.7	13.7	14.0	13.4	16.0	13.4	13.3	13.3
Females 16 years and over -----	34 500	7 301	7 301	4 104	27 199	1 231	878	25 968	25 966
Employed -----	16 436	3 231	3 231	1 840	13 205	411	273	12 794	12 794
Unemployed -----	2 718	488	488	285	2 230	91	62	2 139	2 137
With own children under 6 years -----	6 631	1 156	1 156	715	5 475	344	286	5 131	5 129
In labor force -----	4 117	746	746	430	3 371	191	162	3 180	3 178
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	7 354	1 410	1 410	869	5 944	350	263	5 594	5 594
In labor force -----	5 469	1 027	1 027	625	4 442	203	152	4 239	4 239
Persons 16 to 19 years -----	6 804	1 422	1 422	789	5 382	416	366	4 966	4 966
Not enrolled in school -----	1 914	341	341	214	1 573	261	251	1 312	1 312
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	984	242	242	150	742	25	18	717	717
Not high school graduate -----	897	192	192	132	705	39	33	666	666
Employed -----	176	32	32	26	144	—	—	144	144
Unemployed -----	203	46	46	32	157	—	—	157	157
Not in labor force -----	463	114	114	74	349	24	18	325	325
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 -----	41 704	7 651	7 651	4 139	34 053	3 067	2 708	30 986	30 982
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	32 542	5 969	5 969	3 212	26 573	2 485	2 222	24 088	24 084
50 to 52 weeks -----	21 625	3 860	3 860	1 973	17 765	1 756	1 593	16 009	16 007
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years -----	50 351	10 866	10 866	5 993	39 485	1 379	873	38 106	38 102
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	5 569	1 293	1 293	677	4 276	102	16	4 174	4 174
With a mobility limitation -----	1 938	488	488	204	1 450	41	—	1 409	1 409
In labor force -----	269	53	53	39	216	—	—	216	216
With a self-care limitation -----	4 706	1 126	1 126	588	3 580	61	16	3 519	3 519
With a work disability -----	6 098	1 376	1 376	574	4 722	121	9	4 601	4 601
In labor force -----	1 899	276	276	121	1 623	25	—	1 598	1 598
Prevented from working -----	3 665	955	955	397	2 710	86	9	2 624	2 624
No work disability -----	44 253	9 490	9 490	5 419	34 763	1 258	864	33 505	33 501
In labor force -----	33 118	7 051	7 051	4 016	26 067	818	521	25 249	25 245
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over -----	6 963	2 059	2 059	1 055	4 904	98	8	4 806	4 806
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	2 319	683	683	345	1 636	41	—	1 595	1 595
With a mobility limitation -----	1 862	573	573	268	1 289	35	—	1 254	1 254
With a self-care limitation -----	1 459	433	433	258	1 026	23	—	1 003	1 003

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL				
	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	2 152	4 120	560	2 280	939	930	1 924	1 653	4 120
Native	2 152	4 120	560	2 270	939	930	1 924	1 647	4 120
Foreign born	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 965	3 771	540	2 156	825	801	1 752	1 517	3 771
Speak a language other than English	107	65	10	—	55	53	98	62	65
Do not speak English "very well"	60	23	—	—	—	5	51	29	23
In linguistically isolated households	15	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	641	1 148	158	635	243	357	580	403	1 148
Preprimary school	60	42	—	14	11	22	60	21	42
Public school	60	38	—	14	11	22	60	5	38
Elementary or high school	529	998	149	469	220	316	486	281	998
Public school	524	980	149	462	220	316	481	275	980
College	52	108	9	152	12	19	34	101	108
Public college	46	98	9	152	12	19	28	92	98
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 142	2 375	362	1 369	486	400	1 017	1 108	2 375
Less than 9th grade	201	768	124	329	145	121	172	273	768
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	313	600	109	332	190	159	275	252	600
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	324	656	111	372	61	103	289	259	656
Some college, no degree	185	195	7	251	49	12	185	210	195
Associate degree	34	20	11	39	28	—	34	68	20
Bachelor's degree	43	102	—	29	—	—	20	21	102
Graduate or professional degree	42	34	—	17	13	5	42	25	34
Percent high school graduate or higher	55.0	42.4	35.6	51.7	31.1	30.0	56.0	52.6	42.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.4	5.7	—	3.4	2.7	1.3	6.1	4.2	5.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 482	1 445	1 922	1 397	1 742	2 459	1 512	1 499	1 445
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 965	3 771	540	2 156	825	801	1 752	1 517	3 771
Some house	1 059	2 443	281	1 581	409	469	948	1 025	2 443
Different house in United States	906	1 311	259	575	416	332	804	492	1 311
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	95	111	11	47	32	64	90	10	111
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	698	1 044	161	354	364	206	628	410	1 044
Different MSA/PMSA	61	53	76	137	—	40	34	40	53
Not in an MSA/PMSA	52	103	11	37	20	22	52	32	103
Abroad	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	1 019	1 473	238	852	135	135	906	644	1 473
Car, truck, or van	1 008	1 341	228	844	88	115	895	603	1 341
Drove alone	831	993	195	758	62	45	768	474	993
Carpooled	177	348	33	86	26	70	127	129	348
Public transportation	9	50	—	—	6	16	9	5	50
Other means	2	77	—	8	41	4	2	36	77
Worked at home	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.8	18.2	17.2	22.9	23.3	20.1	18.8	16.8	18.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	968	1 395	213	833	125	128	860	603	1 395
Central city	563	662	145	412	41	40	512	274	662
Outside central city	405	733	68	421	84	88	348	329	733
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	51	78	25	19	10	7	46	41	78
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 497	2 964	415	1 721	639	526	1 323	1 285	2 964
In labor force	1 118	1 725	254	1 006	220	224	994	790	1 725
Employed	1 044	1 513	226	844	152	135	931	667	1 513
Unemployed	63	200	16	128	68	89	52	123	200
Percent of civilian labor force	5.7	11.7	6.6	13.2	30.9	39.7	5.3	15.6	11.7
Females 16 years and over	815	1 668	219	902	451	359	708	708	1 668
Employed	526	742	99	456	101	92	458	352	742
Unemployed	31	138	16	38	41	38	20	33	138
With own children under 6 years	119	302	19	134	103	73	106	109	302
In labor force	90	183	19	100	50	18	77	80	183
With own children 6 to 17 years only	231	298	59	163	98	103	219	125	298
In labor force	213	206	59	100	45	61	201	86	206
Persons 16 to 19 years	192	290	24	185	85	83	153	118	290
Not enrolled in school	71	68	—	24	38	21	51	13	68
Unemployed or not in labor force	47	42	—	24	28	15	42	—	42
Not high school graduate	46	37	—	24	32	15	35	—	37
Employed	15	7	—	—	10	—	9	—	7
Unemployed	—	6	—	9	11	15	—	—	6
Not in labor force	31	24	—	15	11	—	26	—	24
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 125	1 743	251	1 116	192	151	1 001	776	1 743
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	946	1 278	182	847	147	91	831	642	1 278
50 to 52 weeks	536	827	125	684	57	34	467	451	827
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 354	2 475	309	1 465	495	441	1 204	1 018	2 475
With a mobility or self-care limitation	161	283	54	75	112	96	126	45	283
With a mobility limitation	12	110	31	60	8	65	12	9	110
In labor force	—	33	—	—	—	6	—	—	33
With a self-care limitation	149	250	54	49	112	61	114	36	250
With a work disability	42	320	90	218	57	65	42	67	320
In labor force	18	60	47	42	19	—	18	17	60
Prevented from working	24	214	43	143	38	65	24	40	214
No work disability	1 312	2 155	219	1 247	438	376	1 062	951	2 155
In labor force	1 082	1 615	195	924	201	209	958	750	1 615
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	132	477	94	222	144	58	108	241	477
With a mobility or self-care limitation	57	146	34	57	75	13	40	50	146
With a mobility limitation	37	109	34	47	70	8	40	34	109
With a self-care limitation	50	120	10	44	57	5	20	35	120



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	560	2 280	854	2 018	1 871	4 375	4 375	865	2 094
Native	560	2 270	854	2 018	1 861	4 174	4 174	865	2 094
Foreign born	—	10	—	—	10	201	201	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	11
Persons 5 years and over	540	2 156	808	1 851	1 724	3 997	3 997	794	1 744
Speak a language other than English	10	—	—	80	83	158	158	8	77
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	17	34	66	66	1	11
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	11
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	158	635	205	573	489	1 455	1 455	259	725
Preprimary school	—	14	12	23	—	97	97	16	40
Public school	—	14	12	23	—	97	97	16	40
Elementary or high school	149	469	151	474	421	945	945	216	606
Public school	149	462	151	471	417	905	905	208	582
College	9	152	42	76	68	413	413	27	79
Public college	9	152	42	76	41	349	349	24	79
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	362	1 369	560	1 131	1 071	1 739	1 739	480	869
Less than 9th grade	124	329	216	470	447	—	—	148	237
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	109	332	167	257	296	37	37	171	299
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	111	372	77	334	237	736	736	81	208
Some college, no degree	7	251	78	48	51	640	640	60	99
Associate degree	11	39	13	2	24	189	189	9	8
Bachelor's degree	—	29	9	20	16	102	102	8	—
Graduate or professional degree	—	17	—	—	—	35	35	3	18
Percent high school graduate or higher	35.6	51.7	31.6	35.7	30.6	97.9	97.9	33.5	38.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.5	7.9	7.9	2.3	2.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 922	1 397	1 313	1 923	1 597	1 610	1 610	2 042	1 835
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	540	2 156	808	1 851	1 724	3 997	3 997	794	1 744
Same house	281	1 581	585	1 377	1 312	349	349	580	642
Different house in United States	259	575	223	474	412	2 830	2 830	208	1 102
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	11	47	38	24	47	145	145	5	787
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	161	354	127	367	257	82	82	110	50
Different MSA/PMSA	76	137	23	47	90	1 958	1 958	48	205
Not in an MSA/PMSA	11	37	35	36	18	645	645	45	60
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	818	818	6	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	238	852	367	602	588	2 537	2 537	253	299
Car, truck, or van	228	844	358	557	548	1 700	1 700	242	206
Drove alone	195	758	336	282	343	1 114	1 114	145	104
Carpooled	33	86	22	275	205	586	586	97	102
Public transportation	—	—	—	—	7	44	44	3	67
Other means	—	8	9	45	28	761	761	8	21
Worked at home	10	—	—	—	5	32	32	—	5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.2	22.9	25.0	34.3	29.2	10.9	10.9	24.4	24.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	213	833	312	486	535	2 344	2 344	232	293
Central city	145	412	100	199	255	606	606	142	266
Outside central city	68	421	212	287	280	1 738	1 738	90	27
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	25	19	55	116	53	193	193	21	6
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	415	1 721	704	1 401	1 390	3 088	3 088	604	1 157
In labor force	254	1 006	410	728	699	2 710	2 710	330	489
Employed	226	844	367	616	582	458	458	257	309
Unemployed	16	128	43	107	111	71	71	65	180
Percent of civilian labor force	6.6	13.2	10.5	14.8	16.0	13.4	13.4	20.2	36.8
Females 16 years and over	219	902	380	790	739	878	878	353	775
Employed	99	456	154	306	273	273	273	138	172
Unemployed	16	38	31	48	51	62	62	29	116
With own children under 6 years	19	134	34	146	88	286	286	58	233
In labor force	19	100	22	113	42	162	162	29	81
With own children 6 to 17 years only	59	163	76	111	113	263	263	87	153
In labor force	59	100	70	70	84	152	152	51	46
Persons 16 to 19 years	24	185	99	125	161	366	366	50	161
Not enrolled in school	—	24	8	30	45	251	251	10	39
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	24	8	19	36	18	18	7	39
Not high school graduate	—	24	—	10	15	33	33	6	17
Employed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	9	—	5	—	—	—	—	7
Not in labor force	—	15	—	5	15	18	18	6	10
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	251	1 116	414	786	717	2 708	2 708	359	462
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	182	847	350	600	586	2 222	2 222	263	314
50 to 52 weeks	125	684	282	311	382	1 593	1 593	163	151
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	309	1 465	600	1 099	1 132	873	873	506	1 054
With a mobility or self-care limitation	54	75	94	172	159	16	16	86	124
With a mobility limitation	31	60	63	43	75	—	—	41	75
In labor force	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	54	49	88	145	140	16	16	45	80
With a work disability	90	218	114	163	202	9	9	112	260
In labor force	47	42	10	15	34	—	—	25	74
Prevented from working	43	143	99	126	139	9	9	77	171
No work disability	219	1 247	486	936	930	864	864	394	794
In labor force	195	924	378	678	639	521	521	297	415
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	94	222	104	297	252	8	8	90	92
With a mobility or self-care limitation	34	57	33	127	70	—	—	41	51
With a mobility limitation	34	47	33	120	54	—	—	35	51
With a self-care limitation	10	44	13	64	34	—	—	23	40

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA									
	Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	866	945	1 094	768	2 094	3 220	3 347	768	1 656	2 460
Native	866	945	1 094	768	2 094	3 214	3 337	768	1 656	2 452
Foreign born	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	—	—	8
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	11	—	7	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	793	887	853	733	1 744	3 019	3 130	680	1 443	2 263
Speak a language other than English	10	36	34	14	77	92	108	67	13	179
Do not speak English "very well"	—	24	4	—	11	15	14	7	7	54
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	11	—	7	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	195	197	318	165	725	922	787	151	410	619
Preprimary school	4	7	—	—	40	40	24	—	24	21
Public school	4	7	—	—	40	31	18	—	24	21
Elementary or high school	178	159	302	113	606	657	567	132	348	491
Public school	178	159	296	100	582	626	548	132	334	484
College	13	31	16	52	79	225	196	19	38	107
Public college	—	31	12	36	79	180	177	19	32	99
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	551	665	430	532	869	2 066	2 217	378	920	1 468
Less than 9th grade	206	243	119	280	237	302	602	32	211	493
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	200	183	117	96	299	399	612	94	289	516
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	106	121	128	43	208	609	584	127	289	289
Some college, no degree	29	88	32	86	99	347	239	52	98	117
Associate degree	5	13	26	17	8	120	67	13	14	31
Bachelor's degree	5	17	8	—	—	178	96	46	—	8
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	—	10	18	111	17	14	19	14
Percent high school graduate or higher	26.3	35.9	45.1	29.3	38.3	66.1	45.2	66.7	45.7	31.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	.9	2.6	1.9	1.9	2.1	14.0	5.1	15.9	2.1	1.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 510	1 605	2 061	1 262	1 835	1 385	1 333	1 502	1 581	1 816
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	793	887	853	733	1 744	3 019	3 130	680	1 443	2 263
Same house	372	496	247	330	642	1 814	2 010	288	745	1 134
Different house in United States	421	391	601	403	1 102	1 158	1 069	373	673	1 113
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	337	366	484	286	787	866	838	257	535	737
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	23	7	37	30	50	51	35	27	64	115
Different MSA/PMSA	32	14	29	46	205	178	196	55	50	191
Not in an MSA/PMSA	29	4	51	41	60	63	—	34	24	70
Abroad	—	—	5	—	—	47	51	19	25	16
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	331	310	116	243	299	1 448	1 406	224	530	456
Car, truck, or van	298	272	93	198	206	1 257	1 248	204	414	315
Drove alone	270	171	60	111	104	1 011	801	197	316	160
Carpooled	28	101	33	87	102	246	447	7	98	155
Public transportation	8	12	12	26	67	107	62	7	45	34
Other means	20	26	11	19	21	78	96	13	64	94
Worked at home	5	—	—	—	5	6	—	—	7	13
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.8	19.3	16.4	20.2	24.5	20.1	18.2	12.6	17.3	16.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	331	310	116	239	293	1 414	1 374	224	518	442
Central city	304	299	95	219	266	1 275	1 252	199	487	340
Outside central city	27	11	21	20	27	139	122	25	31	102
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	—	—	—	4	6	34	32	—	12	14
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	669	749	591	632	1 157	2 452	2 661	494	1 136	1 870
In labor force	383	347	230	258	489	1 609	1 611	273	662	576
Employed	331	317	127	243	309	1 420	1 401	211	548	463
Unemployed	52	30	98	15	180	148	185	49	114	113
Percent of civilian labor force	13.6	8.6	43.6	5.8	36.8	9.4	11.7	18.8	17.2	19.6
Females 16 years and over	361	422	438	329	775	1 389	1 503	329	698	805
Employed	166	177	100	92	172	693	710	113	303	234
Unemployed	22	18	64	6	116	69	111	28	64	85
With own children under 6 years	74	32	149	19	233	146	123	62	140	135
In labor force	44	32	64	6	81	105	90	34	43	85
With own children 6 to 17 years only	13	73	91	50	153	249	232	59	154	176
In labor force	13	53	47	36	46	185	165	27	122	123
Persons 16 to 19 years	66	47	86	22	161	206	219	34	121	199
Not enrolled in school	20	7	31	12	39	39	72	14	38	120
Unemployed or not in labor force	20	7	24	12	39	31	26	14	19	91
Not high school graduate	6	7	26	8	17	33	51	7	18	106
Employed	—	—	7	—	—	8	24	—	12	23
Unemployed	6	7	—	—	7	7	23	—	—	14
Not in labor force	—	—	19	8	10	18	—	7	6	69
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	400	362	165	308	462	1 687	1 661	314	624	1 001
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	266	267	87	210	314	1 255	1 173	226	459	719
50 to 52 weeks	134	183	33	118	151	784	750	92	271	250
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	553	544	521	436	1 054	2 051	2 103	410	946	925
With a mobility or self-care limitation	216	177	108	38	124	320	166	34	76	139
With a mobility limitation	17	37	24	22	75	75	112	7	20	82
In labor force	—	—	—	5	—	19	6	—	—	13
With a self-care limitation	216	160	88	33	80	282	92	27	63	103
With a work disability	66	114	91	66	260	211	372	54	119	190
In labor force	7	32	9	6	74	90	112	13	32	56
Prevented from working	59	82	82	51	171	99	227	28	75	127
No work disability	487	430	430	370	794	1 840	1 731	356	827	735
In labor force	366	311	211	246	415	1 444	1 363	228	630	491
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	116	205	65	60	92	360	533	71	190	291
With a mobility or self-care limitation	41	75	37	17	51	64	149	19	74	119
With a mobility limitation	41	62	33	17	51	43	114	13	68	96
With a self-care limitation	30	41	13	11	40	42	110	6	43	61



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	1 786	3 051	2 112	2 194	2 421	1 290	3 330	3 340	1 512
Native	1 777	3 045	2 095	2 172	2 404	1 290	3 324	3 332	1 486
Foreign born	9	6	17	22	17	—	6	8	26
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	13	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 516	2 817	1 890	1 954	2 181	1 147	2 733	3 048	1 314
Speak a language other than English	62	49	114	90	72	102	83	230	60
Do not speak English "very well"	24	32	14	43	29	57	8	85	18
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	47	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	564	700	778	687	669	488	1 052	1 143	480
Preprimary school	19	31	10	51	30	16	142	51	20
Public school	19	31	10	42	15	16	135	41	20
Elementary or high school	495	570	572	481	574	361	793	884	352
Public school	486	559	556	481	570	339	774	869	352
College	50	99	196	155	65	111	117	208	108
Public college	50	53	147	140	58	102	82	182	80
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	833	1 880	1 081	1 149	1 395	632	1 403	1 740	687
Less than 9th grade	226	581	80	56	334	39	190	250	30
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	324	487	170	209	426	105	375	385	157
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	168	481	342	479	415	324	459	655	316
Some college, no degree	62	198	230	212	139	90	288	285	125
Associate degree	34	41	120	114	44	38	65	111	45
Bachelor's degree	13	71	121	61	37	26	—	20	14
Graduate or professional degree	6	21	18	18	—	10	26	34	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	34.0	43.2	76.9	76.9	45.5	77.2	59.7	63.5	72.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	2.3	4.9	12.9	6.9	2.7	5.7	1.9	3.1	2.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 827	1 353	1 425	1 819	1 559	1 800	1 728	1 613	1 414
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 516	2 817	1 890	1 954	2 181	1 147	2 733	3 048	1 314
Some house	834	1 539	775	888	897	298	1 071	1 084	304
Different house in United States	673	1 269	1 067	995	1 270	736	1 651	1 875	918
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	467	1 047	759	666	982	497	1 320	1 387	595
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	66	21	58	70	99	9	99	108	—
Different MSA/PMSA	69	149	206	190	112	83	165	314	255
Not in on MSA/PMSA	71	52	44	69	77	147	67	66	68
Abroad	9	9	48	71	14	113	11	89	92
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	394	993	993	968	810	541	800	1 314	679
Car, truck, or van	276	790	955	915	678	490	621	1 185	535
Drove alone	194	583	792	675	531	365	323	972	439
Carpooled	82	207	163	240	147	125	298	213	96
Public transportation	64	87	9	27	80	8	102	82	81
Other means	54	100	29	26	52	37	77	35	63
Worked at home	—	16	—	—	—	6	—	12	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.8	20.2	17.1	18.9	20.9	18.4	20.4	18.8	17.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	383	960	971	955	763	518	759	1 253	640
Central city	318	923	822	840	680	419	669	1 020	596
Outside central city	65	37	149	115	83	99	90	233	44
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	11	33	22	13	47	23	41	61	39
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 129	2 295	1 440	1 531	1 665	859	1 891	2 274	967
In labor force	486	1 245	1 123	1 035	980	661	1 118	1 503	776
Employed	383	1 009	911	928	803	419	823	1 293	565
Unemployed	92	236	115	55	159	120	295	161	97
Percent of civilian labor force	19.4	19.0	11.2	5.6	16.5	22.3	26.4	11.1	14.7
Females 16 years and over	711	1 419	812	799	928	405	1 205	1 329	505
Employed	220	569	509	457	370	216	410	702	273
Unemployed	77	124	89	32	79	83	214	86	72
With own children under 6 years	157	181	169	107	172	135	413	183	141
In labor force	52	103	132	41	88	109	198	83	110
With own children 6 to 17 years only	150	185	238	151	181	77	284	345	122
In labor force	93	136	184	123	126	77	181	270	105
Persons 16 to 19 years	173	201	151	166	138	125	226	299	91
Not enrolled in school	55	76	24	22	17	16	80	44	59
Unemployed or not in labor force	49	53	18	22	8	8	74	27	25
Not high school graduate	49	29	4	22	8	8	67	10	35
Employed	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
Unemployed	30	7	—	—	—	—	17	10	—
Not in labor force	19	6	4	22	8	—	50	—	18
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	461	1 245	1 108	1 095	1 000	634	1 075	1 490	795
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	329	889	922	884	756	521	802	1 199	639
50 to 52 weeks	198	550	700	667	466	437	419	828	475
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	955	1 725	1 268	1 415	1 439	711	1 767	1 990	794
With a mobility or self-care limitation	172	195	118	103	120	86	185	221	61
With a mobility limitation	75	68	25	65	32	17	122	92	18
In labor force	15	9	4	4	6	—	25	27	7
With a self-care limitation	172	162	110	74	111	86	122	158	61
With a work disability	144	231	150	199	238	66	245	326	56
In labor force	26	52	65	46	64	20	104	160	38
Prevented from working	104	166	77	153	145	38	130	144	18
No work disability	811	1 494	1 118	1 216	1 201	645	1 522	1 664	738
In labor force	443	1 157	932	937	881	519	1 002	1 274	624
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	163	570	75	64	208	23	124	235	59
With a mobility or self-care limitation	85	172	19	23	42	14	53	115	19
With a mobility limitation	39	139	19	23	38	14	53	79	9
With a self-care limitation	71	113	9	17	27	14	12	46	10

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	744	1 874	3 784	2 956	741	2 629	4 270	5 100	3 929
Native	744	1 862	3 778	2 949	741	2 624	4 262	5 069	3 812
Foreign born	—	12	6	7	—	5	8	31	117
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	6	—	16	—	—	—	11	20	—
Persons 5 years and over	621	1 704	3 485	2 745	741	2 413	3 974	4 668	3 202
Speak a language other than English	48	48	140	73	41	130	110	156	189
Do not speak English "very well"	42	30	31	5	15	47	29	60	40
In linguistically isolated households	17	—	43	—	—	—	26	20	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	212	810	1 392	1 015	179	844	1 499	1 586	1 156
Preprimary school	33	79	79	46	—	18	73	87	80
Public school	26	47	52	46	—	18	22	76	75
Elementary or high school	134	584	1 023	781	107	659	1 064	1 086	681
Public school	112	561	1 004	762	83	639	1 043	1 053	657
College	45	147	290	188	72	167	362	413	395
Public college	38	135	235	188	48	149	324	329	346
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	325	950	2 053	1 703	625	1 457	2 443	2 883	1 457
Less than 9th grade	40	49	203	243	115	91	261	139	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	16	183	376	252	313	173	453	417	98
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	63	312	787	538	126	460	657	851	662
Some college, no degree	51	215	369	325	56	365	473	775	528
Associate degree	28	80	126	143	15	182	227	272	79
Bachelor's degree	37	72	111	126	—	100	217	250	83
Graduate or professional degree	90	39	81	76	—	86	155	179	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	82.8	75.6	71.8	70.9	31.5	81.9	70.8	80.7	93.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	39.1	11.7	9.4	11.9	—	12.8	15.2	14.9	6.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 533	1 324	1 401	1 554	—	1 277	1 524	1 350	1 731
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	621	1 704	3 485	2 745	741	2 413	3 974	4 668	3 202
Same house	277	735	1 717	1 803	165	1 204	2 185	2 438	286
Different house in United States	344	924	1 540	847	576	1 143	1 594	1 915	2 352
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	262	642	1 090	646	56	793	1 130	1 029	218
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	8	19	30	51	8	47	133	93	17
Different MSA/PMSA	54	245	235	101	376	246	213	554	1 650
Not in on MSA/PMSA	20	18	185	49	136	57	118	239	467
Abroad	—	45	228	95	—	66	195	315	564
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	307	834	1 601	1 267	—	1 316	1 996	2 310	1 807
Car, truck, or van	299	829	1 496	1 257	—	1 280	1 909	2 215	1 248
Drove alone	214	666	1 277	1 011	—	1 107	1 553	1 906	1 098
Carpooled	85	163	219	246	—	173	356	309	150
Public transportation	—	—	21	—	—	26	46	21	26
Other means	—	5	84	10	—	10	41	55	456
Worked at home	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	77
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.8	18.0	20.5	22.4	—	18.0	20.1	18.8	12.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	295	768	1 552	1 201	—	1 251	1 890	2 193	1 772
Central city	272	701	1 433	1 015	—	1 054	1 620	1 761	1 320
Outside central city	23	67	119	186	—	197	270	432	452
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	12	66	49	66	—	65	106	117	35
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	461	1 194	2 633	2 107	733	1 846	3 012	3 752	2 397
In labor force	362	961	1 876	1 461	—	1 480	2 218	2 623	2 006
Employed	288	798	1 532	1 262	—	1 184	1 907	2 005	555
Unemployed	55	101	202	119	—	139	191	247	110
Percent of civilian labor force	16.0	11.2	11.6	8.6	—	10.5	9.1	11.0	16.5
Females 16 years and over	286	648	1 470	1 180	55	980	1 687	2 011	884
Employed	189	407	810	739	—	677	1 122	1 171	347
Unemployed	23	87	66	59	—	59	89	115	102
With own children under 6 years	119	139	268	190	—	195	265	398	570
In labor force	85	105	180	150	—	177	188	291	337
With own children 6 to 17 years only	62	172	342	312	—	278	509	472	216
In labor force	55	161	245	280	—	252	452	349	138
Persons 16 to 19 years	33	138	355	242	18	209	348	403	289
Not enrolled in school	6	22	46	30	—	41	63	25	252
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	22	31	—	—	23	33	16	7
Not high school graduate	—	9	40	14	—	11	30	16	28
Employed	—	—	9	14	—	—	11	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	15	—	—	—	10	—	—
Not in labor force	—	9	16	—	—	11	9	16	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	395	971	1 920	1 537	133	1 462	2 110	2 692	1 899
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	303	757	1 515	1 195	85	1 261	1 604	2 183	1 580
50 to 52 weeks	197	549	1 077	834	14	946	1 177	1 459	1 045
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	436	1 099	2 404	1 822	—	1 608	2 657	3 077	1 056
With a mobility or self-care limitation	46	81	188	233	—	85	296	382	39
With a mobility limitation	—	35	87	53	—	13	79	91	—
In labor force	—	—	10	16	—	—	17	14	—
With a self-care limitation	46	64	146	219	—	85	257	324	39
With a work disability	12	103	249	185	—	88	264	228	20
In labor force	12	46	95	58	—	32	150	96	7
Prevented from working	—	43	97	123	—	49	95	96	7
No work disability	424	996	2 155	1 637	—	1 520	2 393	2 849	1 036
In labor force	331	853	1 618	1 312	—	1 283	1 908	2 110	658
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	6	33	87	205	—	81	235	304	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	11	20	102	—	26	108	60	—
With a mobility limitation	—	11	10	64	—	26	76	48	—
With a self-care limitation	—	6	10	75	—	26	73	39	—



**Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Alabama (pt.)		Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	30 897	6 462	6 462	3 628	24 435	715	458	23 720	23 718
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	1 616	222	222	125	1 394	34	34	1 360	1 360
Professional specialty occupations	2 800	318	318	218	2 482	94	89	2 388	2 388
Technicians and related support occupations	980	170	170	124	810	32	19	778	778
Sales occupations	2 548	423	423	324	2 125	58	52	2 067	2 067
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	3 725	595	595	382	3 130	127	117	3 003	3 003
Private household occupations	586	165	165	91	421	16	—	405	405
Protective service occupations	647	75	75	32	572	19	17	553	553
Service occupations, except protective and household	6 463	1 108	1 108	668	5 355	119	62	5 236	5 236
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	346	90	90	34	256	5	—	251	251
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	2 911	797	797	434	2 114	79	26	2 035	2 033
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4 251	1 473	1 473	722	2 778	53	—	2 725	2 725
Transportation and material moving occupations	1 790	411	411	201	1 379	53	34	1 326	1 326
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 234	615	615	273	1 619	26	8	1 593	1 593
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	30 166	6 205	6 205	3 494	23 961	919	637	23 042	23 040
Less than \$5,000	5 523	1 577	1 577	993	3 946	69	25	3 877	3 877
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 623	956	956	551	3 667	59	—	3 608	3 608
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4 189	768	768	477	3 421	79	36	3 342	3 342
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6 227	1 242	1 242	630	4 985	365	285	4 620	4 618
\$25,000 to \$34,999	4 140	742	742	352	3 398	180	156	3 218	3 218
\$35,000 to \$49,999	3 505	694	694	366	2 811	123	100	2 688	2 688
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1 528	194	194	111	1 334	41	35	1 293	1 293
\$75,000 to \$99,999	247	7	7	7	240	3	—	237	237
\$100,000 or more	184	25	25	7	159	—	—	159	159
Median (dollars)	16 039	13 557	13 557	11 930	16 679	21 910	24 018	16 286	16 286
Mean (dollars)	20 924	17 633	17 633	16 486	21 776	24 058	27 072	21 685	21 686
Families	22 315	4 504	4 504	2 499	17 811	862	628	16 949	16 947
Median income (dollars)	18 922	17 449	17 449	15 705	19 267	22 359	24 179	18 866	18 868
Per capita income (dollars)	7 220	6 170	6 170	5 925	7 479	7 947	8 382	7 443	7 444
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	30 166	6 205	6 205	3 494	23 961	919	637	23 042	23 040
With earnings	23 083	4 311	4 311	2 374	18 772	825	612	17 947	17 945
Mean earnings (dollars)	22 828	21 087	21 087	20 021	23 228	24 963	27 372	23 148	23 149
With Social Security income	6 576	1 787	1 787	960	4 789	102	17	4 687	4 687
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 069	4 873	4 873	4 904	5 143	5 245	3 892	5 141	5 141
With public assistance income	5 812	1 250	1 250	729	4 562	115	18	4 447	4 447
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 093	2 600	2 600	2 343	3 228	3 211	1 938	3 228	3 228
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	23 362	20 619	20 619	19 229	24 056	24 905	27 267	24 012	24 013
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	21 751	20 644	20 644	18 545	21 996	24 809	26 453	21 798	21 799
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 138	27 212	27 212	28 028	32 082	27 642	28 879	32 431	32 435
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 188	31 894	31 894	32 087	32 252	27 129	28 100	32 861	32 868
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 878	12 735	12 735	11 130	14 185	12 964	12 792	14 210	14 210
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 300	8 917	8 917	7 905	10 614	12 926	12 792	10 559	10 559
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	22 315	4 504	4 504	2 499	17 811	862	628	16 949	16 947
Householder worked in 1989	16 035	2 874	2 874	1 571	13 161	737	603	12 424	12 422
With related children under 18 years	15 077	2 815	2 815	1 654	12 262	730	591	11 532	11 530
With related children under 5 years	6 479	1 170	1 170	682	5 309	301	254	5 008	5 006
Married-couple families	11 793	2 286	2 286	1 092	9 507	692	561	8 815	8 813
Householder worked in 1989	9 670	1 703	1 703	831	7 967	647	552	7 320	7 318
With related children under 18 years	7 318	1 344	1 344	671	5 974	606	524	5 368	5 366
With related children under 5 years	3 114	521	521	279	2 593	263	230	2 330	2 328
Female householder, no husband present	9 294	1 967	1 967	1 270	7 327	147	59	7 180	7 180
Householder worked in 1989	5 459	1 008	1 008	653	4 451	76	43	4 375	4 375
With related children under 18 years	7 087	1 360	1 360	909	5 727	113	59	5 614	5 614
With related children under 5 years	3 119	623	623	394	2 496	30	16	2 466	2 466
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	10 526	2 022	2 022	1 186	8 504	77	17	8 427	8 427
Nonfamily householder	7 851	1 701	1 701	995	6 150	57	9	6 093	6 093
65 years and over	2 594	702	702	432	1 892	12	—	1 880	1 880
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	86 742	17 901	17 901	9 981	68 841	3 477	2 625	65 364	65 357
Persons under 18 years	29 936	5 632	5 632	3 338	24 304	1 651	1 377	22 653	22 650
Related children under 18 years	29 847	5 626	5 626	3 332	24 221	1 651	1 377	22 570	22 567
Related children 5 to 17 years	21 186	4 172	4 172	2 397	17 014	1 202	999	15 812	15 812
Persons 65 years and over	6 963	2 059	2 059	1 055	4 904	98	8	4 806	4 806
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	6 560	1 412	1 412	899	5 148	116	44	5 032	5 032
Percent below poverty level	29.4	31.3	31.3	36.0	28.9	13.5	7.0	29.7	29.7
Householder worked in 1989	2 997	557	557	347	2 440	40	28	2 400	2 400
With related children under 18 years	5 476	1 049	1 049	706	4 427	95	44	4 332	4 332
With related children under 5 years	2 881	518	518	349	2 363	29	16	2 334	2 334
Married-couple families	1 277	293	293	152	984	31	19	953	953
Householder worked in 1989	683	131	131	76	552	22	19	530	530
With related children under 18 years	837	138	138	86	699	29	19	670	670
With related children under 5 years	466	57	57	43	409	3	—	406	406
Female householder, no husband present	5 013	1 049	1 049	715	3 964	78	25	3 886	3 886
Householder worked in 1989	2 160	395	395	257	1 765	18	9	1 747	1 747
With related children under 18 years	4 488	867	867	600	3 621	66	25	3 555	3 555
With related children under 5 years	2 356	457	457	306	1 899	26	16	1 873	1 873
Unrelated individuals	4 753	1 103	1 103	655	3 650	31	8	3 619	3 619
Nonfamily householder	3 260	916	916	551	2 344	20	—	2 324	2 324
65 years and over	1 663	473	473	282	1 190	12	—	1 178	1 178
Persons	28 493	6 053	6 053	3 762	22 440	490	214	21 950	21 950
Percent below poverty level	32.8	33.8	33.8	37.7	32.6	14.1	8.2	33.6	33.6
Persons under 18 years	12 977	2 493	2 493	1 619	10 484	271	143	10 213	10 213
Related children under 18 years	12 901	2 493	2 493	1 619	10 408	271	143	10 137	10 137
Related children 5 to 17 years	8 595	1 801	1 801	1 129	6 794	218	114	6 576	6 576
Persons 65 years and over	2 686	882	882	444	1 804	35	—	1 769	1 769
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	14 915	3 316	3 316	2 223	11 599	274	103	11 325	11 325
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	35 244	7 627	7 627	4 666	27 617	790	451	26 827	26 820

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL				
	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 044	1 513	226	844	152	135	931	667	1 513
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	21	57	32	22	—	—	21	17	57
Professional specialty occupations .....	82	83	10	16	—	—	69	66	83
Technicians and related support occupations .....	39	34	—	14	—	—	30	45	34
Sales occupations .....	72	122	10	23	22	5	53	115	122
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	125	137	16	130	17	—	119	71	137
Private household occupations .....	22	22	10	8	—	30	17	11	22
Protective service occupations .....	6	9	—	29	—	—	—	14	9
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	117	294	9	122	58	46	95	136	294
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	3	31	13	—	—	—	3	—	31
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	101	201	24	114	16	23	101	50	201
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	315	323	34	233	12	20	282	68	323
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	78	57	43	39	23	—	78	33	57
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	63	143	25	94	4	11	63	41	143
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	675	1 386	222	709	419	320	584	588	1 386
Less than \$5,000 .....	73	330	44	96	238	195	68	133	330
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	83	204	12	73	104	55	65	90	204
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	58	243	41	57	15	48	39	110	243
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	175	291	66	164	42	22	151	88	291
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	131	138	27	112	12	—	122	48	138
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	117	144	32	151	—	—	101	76	144
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	38	29	—	43	8	—	38	36	29
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
\$100,000 or more .....	—	7	—	13	—	—	—	—	7
Median (dollars) .....	21 558	13 174	16 667	20 660	5 000—	5 000—	21 923	12 247	13 174
Mean (dollars) .....	23 529	16 865	18 188	25 278	7 112	5 380	24 147	18 991	16 865
Families .....	503	999	175	599	273	238	451	420	999
Median income (dollars) .....	25 495	17 725	18 125	27 882	5 000—	5 000—	26 016	15 652	17 725
Per capita income (dollars) .....	7 519	5 849	6 685	7 834	3 165	1 804	7 520	7 353	5 849
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	675	1 386	222	709	419	320	584	588	1 386
With earnings .....	583	1 027	157	533	161	114	504	396	1 027
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	25 035	18 316	22 103	28 334	10 969	8 616	25 663	23 075	18 316
With Social Security income .....	120	430	57	225	114	83	96	199	430
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 048	4 860	7 730	5 404	4 287	5 282	5 142	4 998	4 860
With public assistance income .....	67	210	31	69	224	129	57	103	210
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 418	2 696	917	1 413	2 299	1 678	2 839	2 273	2 696
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	27 341	20 198	20 173	28 468	7 920	4 688	27 757	22 434	20 198
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	25 242	21 435	27 018	29 113	4 597	3 124	25 247	26 168	21 435
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	30 590	27 347	23 240	33 851	23 170	3 118	31 590	26 873	27 347
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	29 647	32 156	29 949	38 144	—	3 650	29 859	39 241	32 156
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	21 944	12 288	8 210	17 656	6 265	4 873	20 637	13 025	12 288
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	17 400	8 666	7 962	12 332	4 597	3 148	16 244	9 598	8 666
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families .....	503	999	175	599	273	238	451	420	999
Householder worked in 1989 .....	437	645	122	392	119	73	402	249	645
With related children under 18 years .....	332	638	105	335	207	179	305	251	638
With related children under 5 years .....	129	296	12	117	85	79	113	88	296
Married-couple families .....	309	507	137	399	25	14	287	219	507
Householder worked in 1989 .....	281	359	115	281	17	14	266	150	359
With related children under 18 years .....	194	326	91	226	—	10	187	134	326
With related children under 5 years .....	96	153	12	66	—	5	89	26	153
Female householder, no husband present .....	175	444	26	175	241	218	145	172	444
Householder worked in 1989 .....	143	259	7	93	95	59	123	80	259
With related children under 18 years .....	125	290	14	105	207	163	105	112	290
With related children under 5 years .....	33	139	—	51	85	74	24	57	139
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	211	461	47	159	156	87	172	202	461
Nonfamily householder .....	172	387	47	110	146	82	133	168	387
65 years and over .....	57	163	11	52	98	42	50	65	163
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	2 152	4 108	560	2 253	939	903	1 924	1 627	4 108
Persons under 18 years .....	745	1 315	159	629	346	455	686	413	1 315
Related children under 18 years .....	745	1 309	159	629	346	455	686	413	1 309
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	558	960	139	505	232	326	514	277	960
Persons 65 years and over .....	132	477	94	222	144	58	108	241	477
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	60	320	20	86	188	191	55	120	320
Percent below poverty level .....	11.9	32.0	11.4	14.4	68.9	80.3	12.2	28.6	32.0
Householder worked in 1989 .....	50	157	13	27	65	42	45	27	157
With related children under 18 years .....	60	228	7	69	169	167	55	74	228
With related children under 5 years .....	33	115	—	26	85	73	28	42	115
Married-couple families .....	20	65	13	23	—	14	20	40	65
Householder worked in 1989 .....	20	25	13	5	—	14	20	11	25
With related children under 18 years .....	20	34	—	23	—	10	20	16	34
With related children under 5 years .....	13	13	—	—	—	5	13	6	13
Female householder, no husband present .....	40	236	7	52	188	171	35	80	236
Householder worked in 1989 .....	30	118	—	18	65	28	25	16	118
With related children under 18 years .....	40	187	7	42	169	151	35	58	187
With related children under 5 years .....	20	102	—	26	85	68	15	36	102
Unrelated individuals .....	88	243	24	101	109	66	83	107	243
Nonfamily householder .....	67	195	24	61	109	66	62	83	195
65 years and over .....	43	100	11	30	67	32	43	34	100
Persons .....	384	1 343	80	393	670	779	347	496	1 343
Percent below poverty level .....	17.8	32.7	14.3	17.4	71.4	86.3	18.0	30.5	32.7
Persons under 18 years .....	180	530	27	158	306	433	153	165	530
Related children under 18 years .....	180	530	27	158	306	433	153	165	530
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	142	385	27	121	192	311	120	108	385
Persons 65 years and over .....	43	169	11	64	86	32	43	101	169
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	140	714	69	193	481	645	135	197	714
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	561	1 788	170	525	720	813	501	653	1 788



Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	226	844	367	616	582	458	458	257
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	32	22	16	15	—	34	34	—
Professional specialty occupations -----	10	16	24	15	22	89	89	5
Technicians and related support occupations -----	—	14	—	8	15	19	19	13
Sales occupations -----	10	23	19	9	12	52	52	6
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	16	130	5	16	26	117	117	10
Private household occupations -----	10	8	10	7	34	—	—	16
Protective service occupations -----	—	29	—	3	5	17	17	2
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	9	122	51	108	128	62	62	57
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	13	—	19	18	6	—	—	5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	24	114	73	74	78	26	26	53
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	34	233	99	189	149	—	—	53
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	43	39	15	64	40	34	34	19
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	25	94	36	90	67	8	8	18
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households -----	222	709	319	706	596	637	637	282
Less than \$5,000 -----	44	96	39	212	177	25	25	44
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	12	73	71	90	122	—	—	59
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	41	57	24	78	60	36	36	43
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	66	164	80	184	85	285	285	80
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	27	112	63	102	69	156	156	24
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	32	151	34	32	54	100	100	23
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	—	43	8	8	24	35	35	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
\$100,000 or more -----	—	13	—	—	5	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	16 667	20 660	17 813	12 589	9 933	24 018	24 018	14 537
Mean (dollars) -----	18 188	25 278	19 181	14 849	17 405	27 072	27 072	17 251
Families -----	175	599	221	499	433	628	628	234
Median income (dollars) -----	18 125	27 882	20 040	16 678	13 510	24 179	24 179	17 000
Per capita income (dollars) -----	6 685	7 834	7 210	5 317	5 533	8 382	8 382	5 748
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households -----	222	709	319	706	596	637	637	282
With earnings -----	157	533	263	483	365	612	612	213
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	22 103	28 334	21 282	16 669	23 139	27 372	27 372	18 042
With Social Security income -----	57	225	45	238	227	17	17	85
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	7 730	5 404	4 815	4 464	3 981	3 892	3 892	5 516
With public assistance income -----	31	69	57	210	144	18	18	97
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	917	1 413	2 984	3 856	3 027	1 938	1 938	3 447
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars) -----	20 173	28 468	21 032	17 390	20 578	27 267	27 267	18 565
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	27 018	29 113	24 185	19 299	19 367	26 453	26 453	17 198
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	23 240	33 851	24 639	20 926	23 132	28 879	28 879	22 344
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	29 949	38 144	31 928	26 781	28 893	28 100	28 100	19 871
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	8 210	17 656	13 018	12 615	17 728	12 792	12 792	13 079
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	7 962	12 332	11 152	11 196	8 021	12 792	12 792	13 073
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>								
Families -----	175	599	221	499	433	628	628	234
Householder worked in 1989 -----	122	392	147	322	259	603	603	134
With related children under 18 years -----	105	335	135	320	222	591	591	139
With related children under 5 years -----	12	117	54	168	113	254	254	47
Married-couple families -----	137	399	130	248	232	561	561	131
Householder worked in 1989 -----	115	281	98	172	165	552	552	95
With related children under 18 years -----	91	226	69	155	108	524	524	82
With related children under 5 years -----	12	66	27	81	41	230	230	33
Female householder, no husband present -----	26	175	80	219	167	59	59	88
Householder worked in 1989 -----	7	93	43	119	73	43	43	33
With related children under 18 years -----	14	105	66	154	92	59	59	54
With related children under 5 years -----	—	51	27	83	59	16	16	14
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	47	159	131	229	173	17	17	60
Nonfamily householder -----	47	110	98	207	163	9	9	48
65 years and over -----	11	52	42	81	66	—	—	12
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	560	2 253	841	2 018	1 871	2 625	2 625	852
Persons under 18 years -----	159	629	196	684	547	1 377	1 377	274
Related children under 18 years -----	159	629	196	684	547	1 377	1 377	274
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	139	505	155	517	400	999	999	203
Persons 65 years and over -----	94	222	104	297	252	8	8	90
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families -----	20	86	54	160	188	44	44	72
Percent below poverty level -----	11.4	14.4	24.4	32.1	43.4	7.0	7.0	30.8
Householder worked in 1989 -----	13	27	22	73	70	28	28	12
With related children under 18 years -----	7	69	38	124	100	44	44	51
With related children under 5 years -----	—	26	13	62	63	16	16	13
Married-couple families -----	13	23	9	36	60	19	19	12
Householder worked in 1989 -----	13	5	—	14	23	19	19	3
With related children under 18 years -----	—	23	—	12	17	19	19	10
With related children under 5 years -----	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	3
Female householder, no husband present -----	7	52	45	116	109	25	25	53
Householder worked in 1989 -----	—	18	22	52	41	9	9	9
With related children under 18 years -----	7	42	38	105	70	25	25	41
With related children under 5 years -----	—	26	13	56	51	16	16	10
Unrelated individuals -----	24	101	41	124	114	8	8	23
Nonfamily householder -----	24	61	26	122	104	—	—	20
65 years and over -----	11	30	20	61	58	—	—	12
Persons -----	80	393	231	742	769	214	214	276
Percent below poverty level -----	14.3	17.4	27.5	36.8	41.1	8.2	8.2	32.4
Persons under 18 years -----	27	158	69	335	258	143	143	128
Related children under 18 years -----	27	158	69	335	258	143	143	128
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	27	121	55	264	183	114	114	104
Persons 65 years and over -----	11	64	36	139	177	—	—	35
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	69	193	146	433	231	103	103	171
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	170	525	292	963	905	451	451	339

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	309	331	317	127	243	309	1 420	1 401	211	548
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	13	20	21	5	6	13	71	21	7	20
Professional specialty occupations	—	8	30	4	—	—	218	60	32	38
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	21	—	—
Sales occupations	47	13	16	10	19	47	149	100	28	43
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	15	14	23	10	36	15	122	131	39	32
Private household occupations	23	10	9	12	3	23	37	63	—	19
Protective service occupations	—	8	—	—	7	—	27	20	—	13
Service occupations, except protective and household	92	108	85	52	42	92	291	426	27	180
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6	19	—	—	27	6	12	11	—	7
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	21	31	20	5	33	21	97	87	19	38
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	35	48	54	18	29	35	135	180	34	75
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	16	18	—	15	7	86	118	6	39
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	50	36	41	11	26	50	132	163	19	44
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	681	345	441	383	194	681	1 138	1 167	303	643
Less than \$5,000	329	77	125	262	34	329	101	159	59	188
\$5,000 to \$9,999	202	80	121	82	42	202	138	179	88	139
\$10,000 to \$14,999	54	26	92	14	45	54	239	167	30	115
\$15,000 to \$24,999	59	82	38	5	36	59	216	285	40	98
\$25,000 to \$34,999	19	47	38	10	12	19	182	159	46	56
\$35,000 to \$49,999	18	26	18	10	25	18	152	167	33	20
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	7	9	—	—	—	83	51	7	20
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	7
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	5 137	13 542	8 382	5 000—	11 750	5 137	18 929	17 902	11 875	9 677
Mean (dollars)	7 777	15 894	12 321	5 710	15 511	7 777	24 202	20 834	16 286	14 100
Families	495	233	203	301	122	495	841	852	200	478
Median income (dollars)	5 085	16 425	12 284	5 000—	9 330	5 085	21 699	21 339	16 250	11 892
Per capita income (dollars)	2 787	6 167	5 767	1 933	4 970	2 787	8 561	7 151	6 436	5 226
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	681	345	441	383	194	681	1 138	1 167	303	643
With earnings	300	269	256	135	153	300	929	863	204	415
Mean earnings (dollars)	10 159	15 662	15 179	7 477	16 070	10 159	23 172	21 265	19 188	17 098
With Social Security income	135	110	172	102	67	135	288	391	71	160
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 777	5 190	4 937	3 569	5 188	4 777	5 748	5 649	5 326	4 740
With public assistance income	358	96	110	229	34	358	170	199	62	199
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 343	4 442	3 108	3 118	3 574	3 343	3 206	4 307	3 522	2 934
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	7 676	20 024	16 924	6 248	15 997	7 676	27 109	23 580	18 953	15 865
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	5 547	20 658	18 593	4 727	18 161	5 547	24 697	20 996	9 965	12 429
Married-couple families (dollars)	17 619	22 957	21 584	22 961	19 559	17 619	33 672	27 741	29 496	26 302
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 381	26 256	26 406	30 300	18 572	15 381	33 963	28 973	17 387	32 085
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	5 708	16 475	12 029	5 417	11 612	5 708	17 497	19 285	13 272	10 666
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	4 346	14 595	9 536	4 151	16 418	4 346	11 532	12 826	8 289	9 585
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	495	233	203	301	122	495	841	852	200	478
Householder worked in 1989	189	164	116	90	68	189	618	546	134	269
With related children under 18 years	409	94	111	253	82	409	461	351	128	290
With related children under 5 years	236	74	36	137	25	236	172	123	62	155
Married-couple families	63	139	104	15	51	63	468	400	73	137
Householder worked in 1989	45	117	62	10	23	45	361	297	60	100
With related children under 18 years	44	42	56	5	29	44	224	159	28	40
With related children under 5 years	22	34	10	—	10	22	108	58	7	27
Female householder, no husband present	405	87	99	275	50	405	290	380	120	316
Householder worked in 1989	123	47	54	75	30	123	187	209	67	156
With related children under 18 years	359	52	55	248	47	359	195	172	100	238
With related children under 5 years	214	40	26	137	15	214	39	57	55	116
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	281	128	309	94	202	281	387	397	124	198
Nonfamily householder	186	112	238	82	72	186	297	315	103	165
65 years and over	53	37	137	35	10	53	113	105	12	77
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 037	866	940	1 094	623	2 037	3 214	3 317	768	1 656
Persons under 18 years	949	221	214	545	141	949	895	750	294	584
Related children under 18 years	949	221	214	545	141	949	888	743	294	577
Related children 5 to 17 years	618	148	156	304	106	618	693	526	206	364
Persons 65 years and over	92	116	205	65	60	92	360	533	71	190
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	386	69	69	263	55	386	135	214	88	237
Percent below poverty level	78.0	29.6	34.0	87.4	45.1	78.0	16.1	25.1	44.0	49.6
Householder worked in 1989	103	42	31	71	16	103	63	77	42	106
With related children under 18 years	345	27	51	239	44	345	120	128	81	186
With related children under 5 years	209	22	29	137	25	209	23	52	35	109
Married-couple families	18	15	16	—	26	18	26	63	7	32
Householder worked in 1989	—	15	10	—	4	—	2	21	7	14
With related children under 18 years	7	—	16	—	15	7	15	23	7	14
With related children under 5 years	—	—	10	—	10	—	5	17	—	7
Female householder, no husband present	360	47	53	252	29	360	102	146	74	205
Householder worked in 1989	95	27	21	66	12	95	61	56	28	92
With related children under 18 years	338	27	35	239	29	338	98	100	74	172
With related children under 5 years	209	22	19	137	15	209	11	35	35	102
Unrelated individuals	191	57	210	94	112	191	134	148	61	123
Nonfamily householder	123	57	154	82	27	123	89	111	40	104
65 years and over	37	29	113	35	4	37	41	48	—	71
Persons	1 645	293	489	971	331	1 645	722	921	411	969
Percent below poverty level	80.8	33.8	52.0	88.8	53.1	80.8	22.5	27.8	53.5	58.5
Persons under 18 years	864	75	140	521	90	864	316	281	234	448
Related children under 18 years	864	75	140	521	90	864	309	274	234	448
Related children 5 to 17 years	554	51	90	280	55	554	280	172	173	294
Persons 65 years and over	64	40	136	43	30	64	81	153	—	101
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	1 198	86	183	725	239	1 198	314	403	336	404
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 756	430	581	988	361	1 756	1 024	1 173	449	1 044



Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

(Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	463	383	1 009	911	928	803	419	823	1 293	565
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	7	5	41	36	59	10	9	22	55	37
Professional specialty occupations.....	27	28	58	91	73	29	22	24	139	62
Technicians and related support occupations.....	—	—	—	62	18	25	30	22	60	11
Sales occupations.....	14	62	88	73	96	32	24	90	79	51
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	29	28	132	154	175	52	70	49	130	37
Private household occupations.....	28	25	28	31	—	8	—	14	22	—
Protective service occupations.....	7	—	—	18	84	—	—	9	15	21
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	193	123	312	134	165	314	105	244	244	163
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	9	—	—	—	12	5	6	—	9	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	36	38	132	90	95	100	53	78	154	26
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	42	52	86	152	72	123	54	144	196	63
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	8	15	85	48	12	51	14	30	132	24
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	63	7	47	22	67	54	32	97	58	70
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	756	626	1 294	744	736	920	422	1 262	1 136	583
Less than \$5,000.....	367	208	293	40	63	201	17	505	164	67
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	135	186	376	98	104	168	42	337	146	73
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	112	111	232	145	56	160	24	181	205	163
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	108	63	225	135	205	216	105	124	282	170
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	20	42	113	136	143	97	126	76	160	40
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	7	16	42	147	94	59	88	22	107	46
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	—	—	13	13	62	4	20	17	63	24
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	7	—	—	15	9	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more.....	—	—	—	15	—	15	—	—	9	—
Median (dollars).....	5 239	7 029	9 504	19 365	21 538	12 230	26 983	6 194	16 162	14 741
Mean (dollars).....	9 196	10 172	12 722	30 251	24 627	20 107	26 230	9 797	20 283	18 567
Families.....	408	439	758	539	542	604	335	909	846	356
Median income (dollars).....	6 766	8 253	12 530	19 403	20 526	13 718	24 125	6 090	19 833	13 934
Per capita income (dollars).....	4 005	3 601	5 512	10 516	7 971	7 180	8 401	3 760	6 896	7 375
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	756	626	1 294	744	736	920	422	1 262	1 136	583
With earnings.....	355	357	845	675	676	670	381	803	906	536
Mean earnings (dollars).....	11 012	11 646	13 468	30 738	22 720	23 623	25 311	11 485	19 999	16 724
With Social Security income.....	298	160	441	67	99	221	73	172	249	65
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	4 891	5 546	5 335	4 234	5 478	4 508	6 313	4 496	4 656	4 667
With public assistance income.....	334	241	311	54	57	237	51	482	193	65
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 821	3 306	2 260	5 219	4 514	2 986	4 585	2 994	3 946	3 263
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars).....	10 068	11 349	15 673	32 695	24 181	18 438	25 242	9 552	23 368	17 221
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	9 384	9 410	12 444	23 225	19 823	17 877	26 227	9 249	22 108	17 047
Married-couple families (dollars).....	20 275	18 478	20 182	31 685	30 971	22 298	29 835	19 931	28 303	23 727
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	28 540	19 991	19 725	31 767	30 244	22 233	32 111	24 797	29 067	25 169
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	7 600	7 077	12 540	35 957	17 448	15 354	16 468	5 943	18 951	10 020
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	7 072	6 519	10 015	12 721	10 821	14 724	13 310	5 852	15 654	9 242
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families.....	408	439	758	539	542	604	335	909	846	356
Householder worked in 1989.....	191	211	452	459	420	420	289	512	631	334
With related children under 18 years.....	329	329	441	410	306	413	245	755	563	301
With related children under 5 years.....	128	161	191	148	113	137	160	384	212	140
Married-couple families.....	62	91	301	326	266	282	219	176	384	159
Householder worked in 1989.....	41	52	166	302	214	245	197	151	317	159
With related children under 18 years.....	34	41	109	214	127	160	159	104	228	113
With related children under 5 years.....	7	36	38	76	29	45	112	22	70	53
Female householder, no husband present.....	325	309	411	199	228	291	71	675	419	165
Householder worked in 1989.....	136	125	254	151	158	158	54	318	290	150
With related children under 18 years.....	281	259	310	190	150	231	48	616	312	156
With related children under 5 years.....	121	109	142	66	77	78	38	350	142	62
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	485	235	688	287	430	390	149	482	408	290
Nonfamily householder.....	348	187	536	205	194	316	87	353	290	227
65 years and over.....	212	75	253	19	11	92	—	91	114	44
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	1 797	1 786	3 046	2 087	2 118	2 377	1 287	3 323	3 332	1 502
Persons under 18 years.....	632	763	832	740	689	794	512	1 555	1 215	578
Related children under 18 years.....	632	763	832	740	689	794	504	1 537	1 215	578
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	435	493	589	530	465	566	361	947	923	390
Persons 65 years and over.....	291	163	570	75	64	208	23	124	235	59
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families.....	247	237	319	117	155	245	54	598	233	133
Percent below poverty level.....	60.5	54.0	42.1	21.7	28.6	40.6	16.1	65.8	27.5	37.4
Householder worked in 1989.....	95	85	164	76	76	109	37	249	112	120
With related children under 18 years.....	240	212	251	103	122	210	54	551	167	133
With related children under 5 years.....	106	107	126	68	77	72	39	325	106	56
Married-couple families.....	14	9	66	40	54	42	16	30	50	12
Householder worked in 1989.....	7	9	32	32	24	17	16	24	31	12
With related children under 18 years.....	14	9	32	26	38	31	16	21	21	12
With related children under 5 years.....	—	9	17	14	11	—	16	5	11	12
Female householder, no husband present.....	233	228	233	71	96	181	23	561	163	114
Householder worked in 1989.....	88	76	120	38	47	75	6	225	72	108
With related children under 18 years.....	226	203	207	71	79	157	23	530	146	114
With related children under 5 years.....	106	98	103	48	66	58	23	320	95	37
Unrelated individuals.....	313	152	376	50	189	177	17	294	179	29
Nonfamily householder.....	233	114	324	9	16	139	—	219	88	12
65 years and over.....	157	48	187	—	—	59	—	67	71	12
Persons.....	1 171	1 047	1 461	514	760	1 054	181	2 271	1 085	514
Percent below poverty level.....	65.2	58.6	48.0	24.6	35.9	44.3	14.1	68.3	32.6	34.2
Persons under 18 years.....	517	525	498	284	354	460	94	1 244	500	293
Related children under 18 years.....	517	525	498	284	354	460	86	1 226	500	293
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	340	334	324	160	193	326	57	707	334	235
Persons 65 years and over.....	157	79	282	—	25	78	—	71	105	18
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	684	658	432	304	414	510	68	1 425	574	261
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	1 347	1 224	1 815	805	885	1 254	287	2 521	1 429	683

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	288	798	1 532	1 262	—	1 184	1 907	2 005	555
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	28	49	59	46	—	125	121	212	60
Professional specialty occupations.....	94	81	141	121	—	119	269	332	57
Technicians and related support occupations.....	—	47	50	50	—	67	72	147	12
Sales occupations.....	28	65	124	137	—	96	187	195	65
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	62	103	235	188	—	161	381	252	126
Private household occupations.....	—	6	16	19	—	—	14	—	—
Protective service occupations.....	—	43	26	52	—	17	65	91	7
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	38	160	366	249	—	213	246	268	112
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	12	—	26	8	—	—	8	8	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	7	83	114	77	—	137	140	192	30
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	19	96	195	181	—	139	172	150	14
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	—	31	139	63	—	54	148	67	47
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	—	34	41	71	—	56	84	91	19
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	250	525	1 071	860	—	870	1 345	1 884	932
Less than \$5,000.....	59	23	89	17	—	27	107	94	48
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	13	22	77	94	—	46	140	235	27
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	27	39	106	127	—	94	102	244	179
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	43	144	234	129	—	154	237	512	397
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	37	142	200	159	—	148	283	273	222
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	17	81	201	211	—	247	271	307	53
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	36	65	133	77	—	147	160	152	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	18	—	25	22	—	7	38	28	—
\$100,000 or more.....	—	9	6	24	—	—	7	39	—
Median (dollars).....	20 938	27 270	26 010	30 169	—	31 927	28 327	21 655	19 411
Mean (dollars).....	27 849	30 974	29 682	32 517	—	33 261	30 260	27 685	20 214
Families.....	198	425	954	745	—	707	1 175	1 462	909
Median income (dollars).....	20 313	27 336	27 329	31 268	—	35 335	29 754	23 372	19 558
Per capita income (dollars).....	9 465	8 907	8 299	9 471	901	10 293	9 514	10 301	6 000
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	250	525	1 071	860	—	870	1 345	1 884	932
With earnings.....	228	503	945	764	—	836	1 161	1 670	883
Mean earnings (dollars).....	27 486	29 602	30 124	30 917	—	32 422	29 581	25 972	19 788
With Social Security income.....	24	24	113	224	—	81	231	298	20
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	2 855	7 078	5 601	4 866	—	4 192	5 145	5 758	3 255
With public assistance income.....	39	59	103	153	—	88	205	108	26
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 244	3 317	3 618	3 132	—	2 770	3 179	2 603	3 009
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars).....	29 241	32 165	31 142	33 508	—	35 046	31 794	29 741	20 173
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	26 322	29 074	28 903	34 985	—	31 635	30 495	27 343	19 869
Married-couple families (dollars).....	50 075	34 199	37 457	40 766	—	42 927	38 969	36 167	21 183
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	52 793	35 944	35 276	41 829	—	40 112	39 963	34 940	20 921
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	8 407	27 480	17 458	19 069	—	21 109	18 085	18 117	10 632
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	8 407	16 381	14 240	16 691	—	15 326	15 800	14 887	10 632
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>									
Families.....	198	425	954	745	—	707	1 175	1 462	909
Householder worked in 1989.....	182	387	817	592	—	612	967	1 199	807
With related children under 18 years.....	177	336	624	506	—	512	783	983	851
With related children under 5 years.....	64	120	242	161	—	187	234	438	570
Married-couple families.....	99	272	650	487	—	448	774	945	822
Householder worked in 1989.....	99	245	559	411	—	417	664	766	739
With related children under 18 years.....	78	208	438	352	—	292	449	593	764
With related children under 5 years.....	25	100	194	100	—	99	148	291	513
Female householder, no husband present.....	99	117	260	209	—	207	371	428	87
Householder worked in 1989.....	83	106	214	154	—	150	280	344	68
With related children under 18 years.....	99	106	154	138	—	180	310	327	87
With related children under 5 years.....	39	20	40	55	—	75	79	125	57
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	72	175	172	192	—	259	248	517	56
Nonfamily householder.....	52	100	117	115	—	163	170	422	23
65 years and over.....	6	10	31	34	—	18	74	37	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	744	1 866	3 784	2 944	—	2 625	4 239	5 079	3 314
Persons under 18 years.....	297	730	1 354	1 001	—	890	1 436	1 604	1 562
Related children under 18 years.....	297	721	1 354	1 001	—	890	1 436	1 594	1 562
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	174	559	1 055	790	—	678	1 140	1 165	835
Persons 65 years and over.....	6	33	87	205	—	81	235	304	—
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families.....	70	60	158	77	—	81	181	260	164
Percent below poverty level.....	35.4	14.1	16.6	10.3	—	11.5	15.4	17.8	18.0
Householder worked in 1989.....	54	49	75	51	—	44	80	192	112
With related children under 18 years.....	70	60	152	60	—	81	159	212	164
With related children under 5 years.....	47	20	78	19	—	57	90	135	110
Married-couple families.....	8	6	76	16	—	—	43	86	132
Householder worked in 1989.....	8	6	34	12	—	—	14	58	99
With related children under 18 years.....	8	6	76	10	—	—	27	61	132
With related children under 5 years.....	8	6	56	6	—	—	15	61	90
Female householder, no husband present.....	62	54	73	57	—	73	127	160	32
Householder worked in 1989.....	46	43	32	35	—	36	62	120	13
With related children under 18 years.....	62	54	67	50	—	73	121	151	32
With related children under 5 years.....	39	14	22	13	—	49	68	74	20
Unrelated individuals.....	6	59	68	58	—	53	91	119	13
Nonfamily householder.....	6	8	35	22	—	24	54	68	—
65 years and over.....	—	5	10	19	—	9	38	17	—
Persons.....	217	309	769	368	—	366	827	907	653
Percent below poverty level.....	29.2	16.6	20.3	12.5	—	13.9	19.5	17.9	19.7
Persons under 18 years.....	131	177	422	152	—	171	404	408	343
Related children under 18 years.....	131	168	422	152	—	171	404	398	343
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	32	134	336	97	—	107	301	256	188
Persons 65 years and over.....	—	5	10	37	—	9	56	66	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	196	111	287	93	—	168	486	226	229
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	269	400	836	568	—	464	1 041	1 264	1 036



Table 24. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>				
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>771</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>563</b>
Native .....	764	644	556	556
Foreign born .....	7	7	7	7
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>				
Linguistically isolated households .....	—	—	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	<b>740</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>547</b>
Speak a language other than English .....	157	153	135	135
Do not speak English "very well" .....	51	47	47	47
In linguistically isolated households .....	7	7	7	7
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>				
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b> .....	<b>67</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>
Preprimary school .....	12	—	—	—
Public school .....	12	—	—	—
Elementary or high school .....	38	38	38	38
Public school .....	31	31	31	31
College .....	17	6	6	6
Public college .....	17	6	6	6
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>				
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b> .....	<b>403</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>274</b>
Less than 9th grade .....	39	16	16	16
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	77	58	58	58
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	82	66	66	66
Some college, no degree .....	133	118	94	94
Associate degree .....	48	24	24	24
Bachelor's degree .....	7	7	7	7
Graduate or professional degree .....	17	9	9	9
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	71.2	75.2	73.0	73.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	6.0	5.4	5.8	5.8
<b>FERTILITY</b>				
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	867	805	802	802
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>				
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	<b>740</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>547</b>
Some house .....	206	131	112	112
Different house in United States .....	486	456	387	387
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	143	143	141	141
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	17	—	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA .....	152	144	122	122
Not in on MSA/PMSA .....	174	169	124	124
Abroad .....	48	48	48	48
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>				
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>473</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>338</b>
Car, truck, or van .....	267	218	201	201
Drove alone .....	183	146	136	136
Carpooled .....	84	72	65	65
Public transportation .....	—	—	—	—
Other means .....	191	191	122	122
Worked at home .....	15	15	15	15
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	14.4	12.7	14.1	14.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	473	424	338	338
Central city .....	326	296	286	286
Outside central city .....	147	128	52	52
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	—	—	—	—
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>				
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>708</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>515</b>
In labor force .....	526	477	389	389
Employed .....	186	145	143	143
Unemployed .....	38	38	36	36
Percent of civilian labor force .....	17.0	20.8	20.1	20.1
<b>Females 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>249</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>188</b>
Employed .....	115	89	87	87
Unemployed .....	21	21	21	21
With own children under 6 years .....	87	78	78	78
In labor force .....	29	29	29	29
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	6	6	6	6
In labor force .....	6	6	6	6
<b>Persons 16 to 19 years</b> .....	<b>118</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>85</b>
Not enrolled in school .....	112	112	79	79
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	15	15	15	15
Not high school graduate .....	30	30	30	30
Employed .....	15	15	15	15
Unemployed .....	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force .....	15	15	15	15
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>				
<b>Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989</b> .....	<b>513</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>358</b>
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	395	325	289	289
50 to 52 weeks .....	239	200	179	179
<b>DISABILITY</b>				
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years</b> .....	<b>343</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>279</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	36	22	22	22
With a mobility limitation .....	26	16	16	16
In labor force .....	16	16	16	16
With a self-care limitation .....	26	22	22	22
With a work disability .....	65	55	55	55
In labor force .....	16	16	16	16
Prevented from working .....	49	39	39	39
No work disability .....	278	228	224	224
In labor force .....	208	167	163	163
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>31</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>17</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	12	12	12	12
With a mobility limitation .....	6	6	6	6
With a self-care limitation .....	12	12	12	12

**Table 25. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	186	145	143	143
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	12	5	5	5
Professional specialty occupations .....	16	5	5	5
Technicians and related support occupations .....	9	4	4	4
Sales occupations .....	14	14	14	14
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	20	20	20	20
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	54	46	44	44
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	42	37	37	37
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	14	14	14	14
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	5	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	—	—	—	—
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	192	154	154	154
Less than \$5,000 .....	19	5	5	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	23	23	23	23
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	11	11	11	11
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	46	41	41	41
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	36	28	28	28
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	17	17	17	17
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	24	17	17	17
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	9	5	5	5
\$100,000 or more .....	7	7	7	7
Median (dollars) .....	24 583	24 583	24 583	24 583
Mean (dollars) .....	32 255	33 397	33 397	33 397
<b>Families</b>				
Median income (dollars) .....	23 750	23 750	23 750	23 750
Per capita income (dollars) .....	11 252	10 812	10 947	10 947
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	192	154	154	154
With earnings .....	145	121	121	121
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	36 056	36 267	36 267	36 267
With Social Security income .....	47	39	39	39
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 723	6 434	6 434	6 434
With public assistance income .....	5	5	5	5
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	411	411	411	411
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>				
Families (dollars) .....	28 435	28 708	28 708	28 708
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	34 169	35 367	35 367	35 367
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	35 987	33 822	33 822	33 822
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	36 988	39 240	39 240	39 240
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	4 088	13 628	13 628	13 628
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	—	—	—	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>				
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>				
Families .....	150	112	112	112
Householder worked in 1989 .....	106	82	82	82
With related children under 18 years .....	67	54	54	54
With related children under 5 years .....	40	35	35	35
Married-couple families .....	110	86	86	86
Householder worked in 1989 .....	97	73	73	73
With related children under 18 years .....	58	45	45	45
With related children under 5 years .....	31	26	26	26
Female householder, no husband present .....	20	6	6	6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	79	79	79	79
Nanfamily householder .....	42	42	42	42
65 years and over .....	11	11	11	11
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	512	415	411	411
Persons under 18 years .....	99	84	84	84
Related children under 18 years .....	93	78	78	78
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	62	62	62	62
Persons 65 years and over .....	31	17	17	17
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>				
Families .....	32	18	18	18
Percent below poverty level .....	21.3	16.1	16.1	16.1
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families .....	7	7	7	7
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	14	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals .....	22	22	22	22
Nanfamily householder .....	5	5	5	5
65 years and over .....	5	5	5	5
Persons .....	109	95	93	93
Percent below poverty level .....	21.3	22.9	22.6	22.6
Persons under 18 years .....	19	19	19	19
Related children under 18 years .....	19	19	19	19
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	19	19	19	19
Persons 65 years and over .....	19	5	5	5
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>				
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	31	17	15	15
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	130	116	114	114



Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	3 010	2 958	493	479	2 465	2 465	479	479
Native	1 102	1 063	322	322	741	741	322	322
Foreign born	1 908	1 895	171	157	1 724	1 724	157	157
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	142	142	—	—	142	142	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	2 808	2 756	455	441	2 301	2 301	441	441
Speak a language other than English	1 999	1 982	243	238	1 739	1 739	238	238
Do not speak English "very well"	1 031	1 017	114	111	903	903	111	111
In linguistically isolated households	433	433	12	12	421	421	12	12
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	944	944	175	175	769	769	175	175
Preprimary school	33	33	—	—	33	33	—	—
Public school	28	28	—	—	28	28	—	—
Elementary or high school	668	668	100	100	568	568	100	100
Public school	547	547	100	100	447	447	100	100
College	243	243	75	75	168	168	75	75
Public college	180	180	68	68	112	112	68	68
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	1 758	1 727	233	219	1 494	1 494	219	219
Less than 9th grade	241	241	22	22	219	219	22	22
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	254	254	3	—	251	251	—	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	484	474	84	82	390	390	82	82
Some college, no degree	245	240	52	43	188	188	43	43
Associate degree	113	101	22	22	79	79	22	22
Bachelor's degree	258	254	50	50	204	204	50	50
Graduate or professional degree	163	163	—	—	163	163	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	71.8	71.3	89.3	90.0	68.5	68.5	90.0	90.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	23.9	24.1	21.5	22.8	24.6	24.6	22.8	22.8
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 252	1 217	1 570	1 561	1 147	1 147	1 561	1 561
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	2 808	2 756	455	441	2 301	2 301	441	441
Some house	788	755	42	31	713	713	31	31
Different house in United States	1 222	1 207	222	222	985	985	222	222
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	526	526	—	—	526	526	—	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	591	576	202	202	374	374	202	202
Not in an MSA/PMSA	100	100	20	20	80	80	20	20
Abroad	798	794	191	188	603	603	188	188
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	1 341	1 314	225	214	1 089	1 089	214	214
Car, truck, or van	1 184	1 157	164	155	993	993	155	155
Drove alone	929	912	103	103	809	809	103	103
Carpooled	255	245	61	52	184	184	52	52
Public transportation	21	21	—	—	21	21	—	—
Other means	112	112	54	52	58	58	52	52
Worked at home	24	24	7	7	17	17	7	7
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.1	14.0	11.8	11.0	14.4	14.4	11.0	11.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 292	1 265	225	214	1 040	1 040	214	214
Central city	1 017	1 000	49	40	951	951	40	40
Outside central city	275	265	176	174	89	89	174	174
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	49	49	—	—	49	49	—	—
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	2 172	2 120	355	341	1 765	1 765	341	341
In labor force	1 442	1 415	225	214	1 190	1 190	214	214
Employed	1 093	1 073	72	61	1 001	1 001	61	61
Unemployed	78	78	—	—	78	78	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	6.7	6.8	—	—	7.2	7.2	—	—
Females 16 years and over	1 323	1 289	175	170	1 114	1 114	170	170
Employed	627	619	45	43	574	574	43	43
Unemployed	60	60	—	—	60	60	—	—
With own children under 6 years	284	277	70	67	207	207	67	67
In labor force	113	110	11	11	99	99	11	11
With own children 6 to 17 years only	328	323	43	43	280	280	43	43
In labor force	199	199	20	20	179	179	20	20
Persons 16 to 19 years	165	156	48	48	108	108	48	48
Not enrolled in school	86	77	48	48	29	29	48	48
Unemployed or not in labor force	20	14	14	14	—	—	14	14
Not high school graduate	17	14	14	14	—	—	14	14
Employed	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	14	14	14	14	—	—	14	14
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 399	1 357	236	225	1 121	1 121	225	225
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 133	1 096	184	173	912	912	173	173
50 to 52 weeks	683	663	107	96	556	556	96	96
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 800	1 755	191	177	1 564	1 564	177	177
With a mobility or self-care limitation	61	61	—	—	61	61	—	—
With a mobility limitation	33	33	—	—	33	33	—	—
In labor force	24	24	—	—	24	24	—	—
With a self-care limitation	61	61	—	—	61	61	—	—
With a work disability	75	65	3	—	62	62	—	—
In labor force	31	31	—	—	31	31	—	—
Prevented from working	35	25	—	—	25	25	—	—
No work disability	1 725	1 690	188	177	1 502	1 502	177	177
In labor force	1 124	1 104	72	61	1 032	1 032	61	61
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	93	93	11	11	82	82	11	11
With a mobility or self-care limitation	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
With a mobility limitation	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
With a self-care limitation	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—

**Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fert Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA-AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fert Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 093	1 073	72	61	1 001	1 001	61	61
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	106	106	—	—	106	106	—	—
Professional specialty occupations	201	201	10	10	191	191	10	10
Technicians and related support occupations	9	9	—	—	9	9	—	—
Sales occupations	136	121	—	—	121	121	—	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	93	93	33	33	60	60	33	33
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	15	15	—	—	15	15	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	201	196	11	9	185	185	9	9
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	152	152	18	9	134	134	9	9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	161	161	—	—	161	161	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	19	19	—	—	19	19	—	—
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	628	601	54	43	547	547	43	43
Less than \$5,000	66	66	—	—	66	66	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	39	29	—	—	29	29	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	22	22	—	—	22	22	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	147	142	26	26	116	116	26	26
\$25,000 to \$34,999	106	106	9	9	97	97	9	9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	80	80	19	8	61	61	8	8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	67	67	—	—	67	67	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	59	59	—	—	59	59	—	—
\$100,000 or more	42	30	—	—	30	30	—	—
Median (dollars)	27 326	27 413	30 278	23 594	27 355	27 355	23 594	23 594
Mean (dollars)	45 620	45 125	28 911	25 074	46 725	46 725	25 074	25 074
Families	496	469	52	43	417	417	43	43
Median income (dollars)	30 917	31 042	27 500	23 594	31 488	31 488	23 594	23 594
Per capita income (dollars)	12 046	11 708	5 191	4 541	13 012	13 012	4 541	4 541
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	628	601	54	43	547	547	43	43
With earnings	544	517	54	43	463	463	43	43
Mean earnings (dollars)	47 133	47 496	28 746	25 030	49 683	49 683	25 030	25 030
With Social Security income	48	48	—	—	48	48	—	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 880	6 880	—	—	6 880	6 880	—	—
With public assistance income	21	21	—	—	21	21	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 581	4 581	—	—	4 581	4 581	—	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	51 116	50 798	28 485	25 074	53 580	53 580	25 074	25 074
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	54 685	55 255	29 391	25 434	59 485	59 485	25 434	25 434
Married-couple families (dollars)	57 830	57 917	28 485	25 074	62 730	62 730	25 074	25 074
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	65 483	66 467	29 391	25 434	74 964	74 964	25 434	25 434
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	17 769	17 769	—	—	17 769	17 769	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	13 330	13 330	—	—	13 330	13 330	—	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	496	469	52	43	417	417	43	43
Householder worked in 1989	410	393	52	43	341	341	43	43
With related children under 18 years	320	315	44	35	271	271	35	35
With related children under 5 years	133	133	18	18	115	115	18	18
Married-couple families	397	370	52	43	318	318	43	43
Householder worked in 1989	340	323	52	43	271	271	43	43
With related children under 18 years	241	236	44	35	192	192	35	35
With related children under 5 years	109	109	18	18	91	91	18	18
Female householder, no husband present	74	74	—	—	74	74	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	45	45	—	—	45	45	—	—
With related children under 18 years	62	62	—	—	62	62	—	—
With related children under 5 years	16	16	—	—	16	16	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	214	214	2	—	212	212	—	—
Nonfamily householder	132	132	2	—	130	130	—	—
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 802	2 757	365	351	2 392	2 392	351	351
Persons under 18 years	873	873	138	138	735	735	138	138
Related children under 18 years	873	873	138	138	735	735	138	138
Related children 5 to 17 years	671	671	100	100	571	571	100	100
Persons 65 years and over	93	93	11	11	82	82	11	11
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	43	43	—	—	43	43	—	—
Percent below poverty level	8.7	9.2	—	—	10.3	10.3	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	13	13	—	—	13	13	—	—
With related children under 18 years	38	38	—	—	38	38	—	—
With related children under 5 years	13	13	—	—	13	13	—	—
Married-couple families	20	20	—	—	20	20	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
With related children under 18 years	15	15	—	—	15	15	—	—
With related children under 5 years	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	23	23	—	—	23	23	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—
With related children under 18 years	23	23	—	—	23	23	—	—
With related children under 5 years	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—
Unrelated individuals	65	65	—	—	65	65	—	—
Nonfamily householder	35	35	—	—	35	35	—	—
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons	262	262	—	—	262	262	—	—
Percent below poverty level	9.4	9.5	—	—	11.0	11.0	—	—
Persons under 18 years	105	105	—	—	105	105	—	—
Related children under 18 years	105	105	—	—	105	105	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	76	76	—	—	76	76	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	7	7	—	—	7	7	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	197	197	—	—	197	197	—	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	481	471	55	55	416	416	55	55



Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Columbus, GA-AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	7 308	6 948	1 716	1 702	5 232	5 227	1 702	1 702	1 458
Native	5 790	5 484	1 298	1 284	4 186	4 181	1 284	1 284	1 119
Foreign born	1 518	1 464	418	418	1 046	1 046	418	418	339
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	124	124	33	33	91	91	33	33	26
Persons 5 years and over	6 449	6 156	1 575	1 563	4 581	4 578	1 563	1 563	1 232
Speak a language other than English	4 342	4 168	1 272	1 269	2 896	2 896	1 269	1 269	972
Do not speak English "very well"	1 355	1 310	409	409	901	901	409	409	320
In linguistically isolated households	333	333	114	114	219	219	114	114	52
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	2 115	2 035	519	514	1 516	1 515	514	514	426
Preprimary school	119	119	43	43	76	76	43	43	7
Public school	95	95	33	33	62	62	33	33	7
Elementary or high school	1 406	1 333	292	291	1 041	1 040	291	291	280
Public school	1 273	1 200	275	274	925	924	274	274	265
College	590	583	184	180	399	399	180	180	139
Public college	506	499	162	160	337	337	160	160	128
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	3 337	3 139	735	730	2 404	2 402	730	730	525
Less than 9th grade	141	102	15	15	87	87	15	15	13
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	342	321	29	29	292	290	29	29	32
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	989	939	142	140	797	797	140	140	171
Some college, no degree	836	794	183	183	611	611	183	183	202
Associate degree	366	332	111	111	218	218	111	111	53
Bachelor's degree	428	421	153	153	268	268	153	153	47
Graduate or professional degree	235	230	99	99	131	131	99	99	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	85.5	86.5	94.0	94.0	84.2	84.3	94.0	94.0	91.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	19.9	20.7	34.3	34.5	16.6	16.6	34.5	34.5	10.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 394	1 407	1 805	1 810	1 300	1 300	1 810	1 810	1 749
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	6 449	6 156	1 575	1 563	4 581	4 578	1 563	1 563	1 232
Some house	1 205	1 150	157	154	993	993	154	154	64
Different house in United States	3 526	3 321	835	826	2 486	2 486	826	826	684
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	890	863	6	—	857	857	—	—	11
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	268	221	63	63	158	158	63	63	5
Different MSA/PMSA	1 873	1 760	589	586	1 171	1 171	586	586	533
Not in an MSA/PMSA	495	477	177	177	300	300	177	177	135
Abroad	1 718	1 685	583	583	1 102	1 099	583	583	484
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	3 457	3 295	939	936	2 356	2 356	936	936	690
Car, truck, or van	2 621	2 470	610	607	1 860	1 860	607	607	303
Drove alone	2 177	2 067	487	484	1 580	1 580	484	484	246
Carpooled	444	403	123	123	280	280	123	123	57
Public transportation	22	22	—	—	22	22	—	—	10
Other means	748	737	329	329	408	408	329	329	311
Worked at home	66	66	—	—	66	66	—	—	66
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.6	14.2	10.2	10.1	15.9	15.9	10.1	10.1	11.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	3 259	3 097	835	833	2 262	2 262	833	833	680
Central city	2 001	1 928	151	149	1 777	1 777	149	149	537
Outside central city	1 258	1 169	684	684	485	485	684	684	143
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	198	198	104	103	94	94	103	103	10
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	5 024	4 774	1 217	1 208	3 557	3 555	1 208	1 208	945
In labor force	3 753	3 563	966	960	2 597	2 595	960	960	750
Employed	1 773	1 611	161	159	1 450	1 450	159	159	90
Unemployed	202	184	27	24	157	155	24	24	13
Percent of civilian labor force	10.2	10.3	14.4	13.1	9.8	9.7	13.1	13.1	12.6
Females 16 years and over	1 973	1 826	344	341	1 482	1 482	341	341	272
Employed	713	614	54	54	560	560	54	54	58
Unemployed	179	161	24	24	137	137	24	24	13
With own children under 6 years	657	628	152	151	476	476	151	151	159
In labor force	209	180	—	—	180	180	—	—	20
With own children 6 to 17 years only	441	412	101	99	311	311	99	99	72
In labor force	260	231	28	28	203	203	28	28	37
Persons 16 to 19 years	585	555	177	176	378	378	176	176	172
Not enrolled in school	343	343	120	120	223	223	120	120	147
Unemployed or not in labor force	43	43	—	—	43	43	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	39	39	5	5	34	34	5	5	10
Employed	11	11	—	—	11	11	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	13	13	—	—	13	13	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 790	3 623	988	980	2 635	2 633	980	980	688
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	3 075	2 933	775	769	2 158	2 156	769	769	573
50 to 52 weeks	1 977	1 860	463	460	1 397	1 397	460	460	289
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 053	2 833	439	431	2 394	2 392	431	431	298
With a mobility or self-care limitation	117	96	2	—	94	94	—	—	18
With a mobility limitation	43	43	2	—	41	41	—	—	—
In labor force	11	11	—	—	11	11	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	101	80	2	—	78	78	—	—	18
With a work disability	214	205	26	24	179	179	24	24	—
In labor force	103	96	8	8	88	88	8	8	—
Prevented from working	65	65	2	—	63	63	—	—	—
No work disability	2 839	2 628	413	407	2 215	2 213	407	407	298
In labor force	1 821	1 656	180	175	1 476	1 474	175	175	103
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	155	140	—	—	140	140	—	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	46	46	—	—	46	46	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	22	22	—	—	22	22	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	24	24	—	—	24	24	—	—	—

Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA	
			Total	Fort Benning South COP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108	
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 773	1 611	161	159	1 450	1 450	159	159	90	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	109	100	—	—	100	100	—	—	14	
Professional specialty occupations	281	276	61	59	215	215	59	59	15	
Technicians and related support occupations	54	43	8	8	35	35	8	8	5	
Sales occupations	207	181	39	39	142	142	39	39	6	
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	297	253	12	12	241	241	12	12	23	
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Protective service occupations	73	73	—	—	73	73	—	—	—	
Service occupations, except protective and household	264	264	20	20	244	244	20	20	27	
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	24	24	—	—	24	24	—	—	—	
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	226	198	—	—	198	198	—	—	—	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	92	85	12	12	73	73	12	12	—	
Transportation and material moving occupations	105	93	9	9	84	84	9	9	—	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	41	21	—	—	21	21	—	—	—	
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	1 992	1 869	297	294	1 572	1 570	294	294	227	
Less than \$5,000	79	50	—	—	50	50	—	—	5	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	114	112	—	—	112	112	—	—	31	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	222	203	34	34	169	169	34	34	35	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	584	558	103	103	455	453	103	103	103	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	459	438	102	99	336	336	99	99	40	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	273	252	22	22	230	230	22	22	8	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	198	198	36	36	162	162	36	36	—	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	53	53	—	—	53	53	—	—	—	
\$100,000 or more	10	5	—	—	5	5	—	—	5	
Median (dollars)	24 920	25 225	26 150	26 000	25 000	25 024	26 000	26 000	17 083	
Mean (dollars)	28 654	28 975	28 207	28 160	29 120	29 131	28 160	28 160	22 467	
Families	1 697	1 614	295	294	1 319	1 317	294	294	227	
Median income (dollars)	25 228	25 433	26 050	26 000	25 237	25 269	26 000	26 000	17 083	
Per capita income (dollars)	8 587	8 668	8 041	8 047	8 873	8 878	8 047	8 047	5 745	
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 992	1 869	297	294	1 572	1 570	294	294	227	
With earnings	1 890	1 787	284	281	1 503	1 501	281	281	215	
Mean earnings (dollars)	26 663	26 798	28 334	28 314	26 508	26 517	28 314	28 314	23 099	
With Social Security income	144	127	—	—	127	127	—	—	—	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 711	4 415	—	—	4 415	4 415	—	—	—	
With public assistance income	76	69	—	—	69	69	—	—	—	
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 038	3 961	—	—	3 961	3 961	—	—	—	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	29 434	29 589	28 165	28 160	29 907	29 922	28 160	28 160	22 467	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 945	27 878	28 762	28 760	27 594	27 611	28 760	28 760	21 736	
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 078	31 106	28 165	28 160	31 872	31 893	28 160	28 160	23 325	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 931	29 871	28 762	28 760	30 298	30 327	28 760	28 760	22 675	
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 416	16 735	—	—	16 735	16 735	—	—	7 100	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 612	13 858	—	—	13 858	13 858	—	—	7 100	
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	1 697	1 614	295	294	1 319	1 317	294	294	227	
Householder worked in 1989	1 560	1 513	270	269	1 243	1 241	269	269	215	
With related children under 18 years	1 239	1 198	279	278	919	917	278	278	199	
With related children under 5 years	631	606	165	164	441	441	164	164	130	
Married-couple families	1 491	1 428	295	294	1 133	1 131	294	294	215	
Householder worked in 1989	1 384	1 348	270	269	1 078	1 076	269	269	209	
With related children under 18 years	1 057	1 027	279	278	748	746	278	278	187	
With related children under 5 years	547	522	165	164	357	357	164	164	124	
Female householder, no husband present	185	165	—	—	165	165	—	—	12	
Householder worked in 1989	155	144	—	—	144	144	—	—	6	
With related children under 18 years	172	161	—	—	161	161	—	—	12	
With related children under 5 years	74	74	—	—	74	74	—	—	6	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	450	398	8	6	390	390	6	6	10	
Nonfamily householder	295	255	2	—	253	253	—	—	—	
65 years and over	28	20	—	—	20	20	—	—	—	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 251	5 896	1 157	1 143	4 739	4 734	1 143	1 143	1 011	
Persons under 18 years	2 465	2 334	540	534	1 794	1 791	534	534	513	
Related children under 18 years	2 440	2 309	534	528	1 775	1 772	528	528	513	
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 594	1 530	393	389	1 137	1 136	389	389	287	
Persons 65 years and over	155	140	—	—	140	140	—	—	—	
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	211	187	39	39	148	148	39	39	41	
Percent below poverty level	12.4	11.6	13.2	13.3	11.2	11.2	13.3	13.3	18.1	
Householder worked in 1989	138	136	26	26	110	110	26	26	35	
With related children under 18 years	158	145	39	39	106	106	39	39	41	
With related children under 5 years	111	98	26	26	72	72	26	26	23	
Married-couple families	150	135	39	39	96	96	39	39	29	
Householder worked in 1989	101	99	26	26	73	73	26	26	29	
With related children under 18 years	110	97	39	39	58	58	39	39	29	
With related children under 5 years	78	65	26	26	39	39	26	26	17	
Female householder, no husband present	61	52	—	—	52	52	—	—	12	
Householder worked in 1989	37	37	—	—	37	37	—	—	6	
With related children under 18 years	48	48	—	—	48	48	—	—	12	
With related children under 5 years	33	33	—	—	33	33	—	—	6	
Unrelated individuals	126	119	6	6	113	113	6	6	—	
Nonfamily householder	43	36	—	—	36	36	—	—	—	
65 years and over	14	14	—	—	14	14	—	—	—	
Persons	920	841	153	150	688	688	150	150	207	
Percent below poverty level	14.7	14.3	13.2	13.1	14.5	14.5	13.1	13.1	20.5	
Persons under 18 years	402	392	78	75	314	314	75	75	121	
Related children under 18 years	377	367	72	69	295	295	69	69	121	
Related children 5 to 17 years	213	213	61	58	152	152	58	58	73	
Persons 65 years and over	48	48	—	—	48	48	—	—	—	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	358	283	9	6	274	274	6	6	54	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 597	1 482	279	276	1 203	1 201	276	276	410	



Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	141 281	112 996	9 416	7 993	103 580	103 015	8 027	7 993	6 354
Native	137 425	109 577	9 077	7 707	100 500	99 937	7 728	7 707	6 201
Foreign born	3 856	3 419	339	286	3 080	3 078	299	286	153
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	242	197	11	11	186	186	11	11	7
Persons 5 years and over	131 428	105 115	8 692	7 373	96 423	95 906	7 400	7 373	5 604
Speak a language other than English	5 598	4 845	539	468	4 306	4 288	481	468	305
Do not speak English "very well"	1 574	1 317	119	102	1 198	1 192	102	102	78
In linguistically isolated households	383	310	11	11	299	299	11	11	20
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	29 988	24 120	2 295	2 014	21 825	21 724	2 027	2 014	1 104
Preprimary school	2 540	2 196	261	256	1 935	1 923	256	256	133
Public school	1 496	1 310	150	146	1 160	1 148	146	146	99
Elementary or high school	19 534	15 190	1 321	1 083	13 869	13 807	1 096	1 083	502
Public school	17 156	13 424	1 202	978	12 222	12 160	985	978	472
College	7 914	6 734	713	675	6 021	5 994	675	675	469
Public college	6 967	5 972	641	603	5 331	5 310	603	603	408
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	90 317	71 461	3 673	2 802	67 788	67 434	2 816	2 802	1 685
Less than 9th grade	8 371	5 980	94	12	5 886	5 739	12	12	5
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	14 609	10 331	257	77	10 074	9 984	77	77	100
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	27 809	21 391	1 181	853	20 210	20 126	853	853	855
Some college, no degree	17 583	14 646	902	726	13 744	13 716	733	726	533
Associate degree	4 907	4 069	300	260	3 769	3 765	260	260	81
Bachelor's degree	11 088	9 651	678	640	8 973	8 972	640	640	73
Graduate or professional degree	5 950	5 393	261	234	5 132	5 132	241	234	38
Percent high school graduate or higher	74.6	77.2	90.4	96.8	76.5	76.7	96.8	96.8	93.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.9	21.1	25.6	31.2	20.8	20.9	31.3	31.2	6.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 244	1 233	1 639	1 706	1 204	1 203	1 708	1 706	1 726
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	131 428	105 115	8 692	7 373	96 423	95 906	7 400	7 373	5 604
Some house	60 471	46 408	946	344	45 462	45 219	344	344	207
Officer house in United States	66 621	54 636	6 570	5 914	48 066	47 794	5 914	5 914	4 656
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	26 904	24 940	327	149	24 613	24 411	149	149	139
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	8 038	1 887	281	97	1 606	1 584	97	97	55
Officer MSA/PMSA	21 641	19 533	4 480	4 301	15 053	15 025	4 301	4 301	3 183
Not in an MSA/PMSA	10 038	8 276	1 482	1 367	6 794	6 774	1 367	1 367	1 279
Abroad	4 336	4 071	1 176	1 115	2 895	2 893	1 142	1 115	741
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	70 551	57 380	5 864	5 218	51 516	51 307	5 225	5 218	4 023
Car, truck, or van	63 236	50 428	3 407	2 814	47 021	46 830	2 821	2 814	1 326
Drove alone	55 513	44 176	2 381	1 896	41 795	41 660	1 896	1 896	1 088
Carpooled	7 723	6 252	1 026	918	5 226	5 170	925	918	238
Public transportation	240	219	70	68	149	149	68	68	6
Other means	5 536	5 340	2 083	2 059	3 257	3 239	2 059	2 059	2 302
Worked at home	1 539	1 393	304	277	1 089	1 089	277	277	389
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.8	16.0	11.2	9.7	16.5	16.5	9.7	9.7	10.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	67 207	55 050	5 575	5 001	49 475	49 284	5 008	5 001	3 958
Central city	52 710	45 891	1 611	1 300	44 280	44 115	1 300	1 300	3 098
Outside central city	14 497	9 159	3 964	3 701	5 195	5 169	3 708	3 701	860
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	3 344	2 330	289	217	2 041	2 023	217	217	65
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	112 677	90 229	7 250	6 162	82 979	82 535	6 176	6 162	4 940
In labor force	75 422	61 228	6 130	5 420	55 098	54 859	5 427	5 420	4 478
Employed	59 902	46 884	1 121	550	45 763	45 553	557	550	482
Unemployed	3 484	2 613	109	54	2 504	2 477	54	54	49
Percent of civilian labor force	5.5	5.3	8.9	8.9	5.2	5.2	8.8	8.9	9.2
Females 16 years and over	55 779	44 121	1 851	1 282	42 270	42 015	1 289	1 282	886
Employed	27 887	22 113	633	382	21 480	21 385	382	382	335
Unemployed	1 749	1 265	77	54	1 188	1 179	54	54	38
With own children under 6 years	8 636	6 968	646	555	6 322	6 292	562	555	588
In labor force	4 990	3 953	201	155	3 752	3 741	155	155	264
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 736	6 868	471	358	6 397	6 357	358	358	139
In labor force	6 496	5 121	278	196	4 843	4 824	196	196	93
Persons 16 to 19 years	9 161	7 604	1 085	1 001	6 519	6 483	1 001	1 001	1 560
Not enrolled in school	4 301	3 894	878	839	3 016	2 996	839	839	1 428
Unemployed or not in labor force	977	732	50	21	682	677	21	21	24
Not high school graduate	1 335	1 079	71	34	1 008	993	34	34	151
Employed	477	415	8	—	407	394	—	—	—
Unemployed	252	142	11	—	131	129	—	—	—
Not in labor force	423	339	18	—	321	321	—	—	9
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	80 298	65 122	6 226	5 446	58 896	58 631	5 460	5 446	4 284
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	66 393	53 726	5 352	4 695	48 374	48 163	4 702	4 695	3 365
50 to 52 weeks	47 949	38 596	3 619	3 187	34 977	34 851	3 194	3 187	1 487
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	81 956	63 704	2 165	1 290	61 539	61 216	1 304	1 290	988
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 751	2 638	38	—	2 600	2 587	—	—	21
With a mobility limitation	2 095	1 503	28	—	1 475	1 471	—	—	21
In labor force	301	250	—	—	250	250	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	2 477	1 756	19	—	1 737	1 725	—	—	5
With a work disability	8 074	5 979	119	27	5 860	5 811	27	27	56
In labor force	3 019	2 391	33	—	2 358	2 339	—	—	23
Prevented from working	4 235	2 955	64	17	2 891	2 866	17	17	27
No work disability	73 882	57 725	2 046	1 263	55 679	55 405	1 277	1 263	932
In labor force	58 204	45 408	1 187	604	44 221	44 007	611	604	508
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	17 222	13 586	139	10	13 447	13 328	10	10	5
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 899	3 088	40	—	3 048	3 016	—	—	5
With a mobility limitation	3 098	2 448	31	—	2 417	2 385	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	2 157	1 718	26	—	1 692	1 677	—	—	5



**Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscooke County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscooke County, GA
			Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and aver	59 902	46 884	1 121	550	45 763	45 553	557	550	482
Executive, administrative, and monogerial occupations	7 950	6 761	129	76	6 632	6 620	76	76	42
Professional specialty occupations	8 409	7 194	200	147	6 994	6 987	154	147	67
Technicians and related support occupations	2 023	1 693	18	16	1 675	1 670	16	16	16
Soles occupations	8 576	6 753	155	79	6 598	6 588	79	79	75
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	10 381	8 222	204	100	8 018	7 981	100	100	89
Private household occupations	70	53	—	—	53	52	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	1 144	951	25	20	926	926	20	20	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	4 650	3 629	134	86	3 495	3 465	86	86	97
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	570	389	17	—	372	365	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	8 011	5 579	96	7	5 483	5 439	7	7	22
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3 936	2 586	47	9	2 539	2 507	9	9	50
Transportation and material moving occupations	2 290	1 745	58	—	1 687	1 672	—	—	6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1 892	1 329	38	10	1 291	1 281	10	10	18
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	53 557	42 456	1 670	1 139	40 786	40 563	1 146	1 139	944
Less than \$5,000	3 003	2 170	58	33	2 112	2 083	33	33	32
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 496	3 430	81	9	3 349	3 314	9	9	18
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5 184	4 041	73	28	3 968	3 920	28	28	164
\$15,000 to \$24,999	11 192	8 605	500	380	8 105	8 055	380	380	513
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 259	7 348	369	252	6 979	6 946	252	252	165
\$35,000 to \$49,999	9 815	7 962	395	310	7 567	7 558	317	310	35
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7 118	5 839	168	106	5 671	5 657	106	106	5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 795	1 516	24	21	1 492	1 489	21	21	12
\$100,000 or more	1 695	1 545	2	—	1 543	1 541	—	—	—
Medion (dollars)	27 804	28 856	28 811	29 760	28 860	28 972	29 848	29 760	18 931
Meon (dollars)	35 497	36 952	30 556	31 731	37 214	37 301	31 839	31 731	20 865
Families	38 728	30 546	1 540	1 139	29 006	28 865	1 146	1 139	930
Medion income (dollars)	32 705	34 045	29 509	29 760	34 433	34 526	29 848	29 760	18 714
Per copito income (dollars)	14 023	14 557	9 385	9 189	15 027	15 063	9 193	9 189	7 981
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	53 557	42 456	1 670	1 139	40 786	40 563	1 146	1 139	944
With earnings	42 739	34 035	1 570	1 130	32 465	32 320	1 137	1 130	879
Mean earnings (dollars)	34 891	35 837	29 692	30 888	36 134	36 187	31 001	30 888	21 116
With Social Security income	14 729	11 415	149	18	11 266	11 174	18	18	17
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 238	7 346	5 152	7 524	7 375	7 370	7 524	7 524	5 596
With public assistance income	2 594	2 013	41	15	1 972	1 951	15	15	25
Meon public assistance income (dollars)	3 201	3 260	2 022	338	3 286	3 285	338	338	681
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	40 732	42 499	31 270	31 713	43 096	43 171	31 820	31 713	20 571
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 911	40 185	29 999	30 633	41 114	41 208	30 768	30 633	19 603
Married-couple families (dollars)	44 183	46 173	32 752	32 876	46 969	47 031	32 981	32 876	20 939
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 653	45 144	31 434	31 674	46 585	46 683	31 808	31 674	19 978
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	21 760	22 751	11 763	6 939	23 040	23 130	6 939	6 939	10 864
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 829	15 482	7 934	7 862	15 750	15 783	7 862	7 862	10 864
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	38 611	30 430	1 544	1 107	28 904	28 803	1 106	1 107	844
Householder worked in 1989	31 066	24 888	1 412	1 075	23 539	23 434	1 074	1 075	757
With related children under 18 years	19 507	15 473	1 226	985	14 253	14 229	984	985	750
With related children under 5 years	8 152	6 487	599	496	5 897	5 860	495	496	536
Married-couple families	31 150	24 527	1 370	1 034	23 191	23 130	1 033	1 034	760
Householder worked in 1989	25 887	20 687	1 307	1 027	19 441	19 370	1 026	1 027	697
With related children under 18 years	15 047	11 948	1 111	912	10 841	10 859	911	912	666
With related children under 5 years	6 664	5 363	556	463	4 797	4 790	462	463	486
Female householder, na husband present	5 992	4 707	151	65	4 543	4 492	65	65	73
Householder worked in 1989	3 981	3 228	90	40	3 136	3 102	40	40	49
With related children under 18 years	3 638	2 839	105	65	2 725	2 688	65	65	73
With related children under 5 years	1 228	916	35	25	900	872	25	25	50
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	17 750	14 300	159	19	14 145	14 013	19	19	45
Nonfamily householder	14 241	11 424	124	9	11 304	11 196	9	9	27
65 years and over	5 544	4 453	44	—	4 451	4 368	—	—	—
Persons far whom poverty status is determined	131 831	104 020	5 610	4 164	98 432	97 884	4 190	4 164	3 125
Persons under 18 years	31 637	25 012	2 278	1 909	22 741	22 605	1 929	1 909	1 407
Related children under 18 years	31 425	24 842	2 276	1 909	22 566	22 430	1 929	1 909	1 407
Related children 5 to 17 years	21 747	17 087	1 560	1 297	15 527	15 437	1 310	1 297	669
Persons 65 years and over	16 336	12 828	163	18	12 707	12 555	18	18	5
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	3 225	2 398	124	48	2 241	2 244	48	48	132
Percent below poverty level	8.3	7.9	8.1	4.2	7.7	7.8	4.2	4.2	14.2
Householder worked in 1989	1 775	1 387	55	23	1 315	1 308	23	23	77
With related children under 18 years	2 436	1 894	98	48	1 784	1 779	48	48	127
With related children under 5 years	1 186	942	49	33	895	879	33	33	93
Married-couple families	1 296	907	50	23	874	860	23	23	95
Householder worked in 1989	768	616	37	23	598	578	23	23	64
With related children under 18 years	793	615	44	23	582	577	23	23	90
With related children under 5 years	492	405	18	8	391	381	8	8	67
Female householder, na husband present	1 776	1 364	66	25	1 259	1 265	25	25	37
Householder worked in 1989	943	720	18	—	666	679	—	—	13
With related children under 18 years	1 573	1 228	54	25	1 151	1 151	25	25	37
With related children under 5 years	689	532	31	25	499	493	25	25	26
Unrelated individuals	4 335	3 184	52	10	3 145	3 114	10	10	11
Nonfamily householder	2 965	2 154	39	—	2 128	2 112	—	—	—
65 years and over	1 756	1 338	26	—	1 324	1 301	—	—	—
Persons	13 427	9 935	480	275	9 435	9 345	275	275	510
Percent below poverty level	10.2	9.6	8.6	6.6	9.6	9.5	6.6	6.6	16.3
Persons under 18 years	4 152	3 146	246	180	2 900	2 857	180	180	269
Related children under 18 years	4 004	3 028	244	180	2 784	2 741	180	180	269
Related children 5 to 17 years	2 723	1 969	215	159	1 754	1 732	159	159	85
Persons 65 years and over	2 300	1 661	50	—	1 629	1 593	—	—	—
Ratia of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	5 345	3 839	218	155	3 607	3 594	155	155	131
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	19 821	14 940	840	563	14 095	13 905	563	563	943



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
		Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
All housing units.....	93 643	19 633	19 633	10 592	74 010	3 108	2 143	70 902	70 669
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990.....	1 529	538	538	140	991	64	7	927	927
1985 to 1988.....	7 923	1 964	1 964	633	5 959	201	21	5 758	5 757
1980 to 1984.....	7 873	1 711	1 711	658	6 162	217	60	5 945	5 940
1970 to 1979.....	20 889	5 624	5 624	2 542	15 265	932	744	14 333	14 313
1960 to 1969.....	21 303	3 451	3 451	2 020	17 852	523	360	17 329	17 318
1950 to 1959.....	16 757	2 684	2 684	1 886	14 073	398	307	13 675	13 664
1940 to 1949.....	9 232	1 842	1 842	1 514	7 390	226	181	7 164	7 138
1939 or earlier.....	8 137	1 819	1 819	1 199	6 318	547	463	5 771	5 612
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom.....	1 152	147	147	116	1 005	3	—	1 002	1 002
1 bedroom.....	10 819	1 800	1 800	1 385	9 019	73	22	8 946	8 924
2 bedrooms.....	30 032	7 054	7 054	3 942	22 978	532	164	22 446	22 309
3 bedrooms.....	41 079	8 792	8 792	4 170	32 287	1 306	877	30 981	30 914
4 bedrooms.....	9 286	1 557	1 557	822	7 729	1 142	1 049	6 587	6 582
5 or more bedrooms.....	1 275	283	283	157	992	52	31	940	938
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	565	91	91	91	474	—	—	474	474
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	1 028	90	90	90	938	132	132	806	806
Vacant condominium housing units.....	103	14	14	14	89	—	—	89	89
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	92 462	19 144	19 144	10 487	73 318	3 066	2 143	70 252	70 019
Source of water, public system or private company.....	91 371	17 987	17 987	10 536	73 384	3 053	2 118	70 331	70 098
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	82 871	11 529	11 529	10 294	71 342	2 226	2 118	69 116	68 883
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	935	581	581	53	354	43	—	311	311
Owner-occupied housing units.....	368	249	249	18	119	4	—	115	115
Renter-occupied housing units.....	401	235	235	31	166	15	—	151	151
Occupied housing units.....	86 241	17 499	17 499	9 528	68 742	2 884	2 063	65 858	65 640
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas.....	58 169	7 204	7 204	5 776	50 965	1 332	1 296	49 633	49 428
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	5 917	4 028	4 028	318	1 889	566	15	1 323	1 322
Electricity.....	20 556	5 401	5 401	3 330	15 155	887	705	14 268	14 260
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	343	145	145	38	198	25	—	173	173
All other fuels.....	1 035	683	683	52	352	34	7	318	314
No fuel used.....	221	38	38	14	183	40	40	143	143
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None.....	11 265	2 363	2 363	1 669	8 902	151	44	8 751	8 700
1.....	30 261	5 663	5 663	3 393	24 598	956	699	23 642	23 554
2.....	31 141	6 002	6 002	2 882	25 139	1 447	1 157	23 692	23 627
3 or more.....	13 574	3 471	3 471	1 584	10 103	330	163	9 773	9 759
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	47 450	11 380	11 380	5 169	36 070	594	28	35 476	35 350
1989 to March 1990.....	4 159	1 063	1 063	398	3 096	77	7	3 019	3 004
1985 to 1988.....	10 419	2 429	2 429	1 004	7 990	178	21	7 812	7 799
1980 to 1984.....	6 555	1 577	1 577	560	4 978	112	—	4 866	4 860
1970 to 1979.....	12 634	3 080	3 080	1 261	9 554	94	—	9 460	9 435
1969 or earlier.....	13 683	3 231	3 231	1 946	10 452	133	—	10 319	10 252
Renter-occupied housing units.....	38 791	6 119	6 119	4 359	32 672	2 290	2 035	30 382	30 290
1989 to March 1990.....	18 355	2 333	2 333	1 603	16 022	1 112	992	14 910	14 866
1985 to 1988.....	12 735	1 875	1 875	1 297	10 860	1 007	957	9 853	9 827
1980 to 1984.....	3 742	724	724	527	3 018	119	86	2 899	2 883
1970 to 1979.....	2 555	598	598	449	1 957	37	—	1 920	1 918
1969 or earlier.....	1 404	589	589	483	815	15	—	800	796
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit.....	7 283	1 806	1 806	867	5 477	119	14	5 358	5 332
Householder 65 years and over.....	17 200	4 297	4 297	2 533	12 903	159	9	12 744	12 663
Owner-occupied housing units.....	12 566	3 206	3 206	1 681	9 360	107	—	9 253	9 185
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	228	181	181	34	47	8	—	39	39
No telephone in unit.....	641	239	239	81	402	12	—	390	390
No vehicle available.....	3 958	1 104	1 104	749	2 854	45	—	2 809	2 781
Complete plumbing facilities.....	85 472	17 015	17 015	9 479	68 457	2 865	2 063	65 592	65 374
1.00 or less persons per room.....	81 960	16 299	16 299	9 087	65 661	2 803	2 046	62 858	62 654
1.01 or more persons per room.....	3 512	716	716	392	2 796	62	17	2 734	2 720
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	769	484	484	49	285	19	—	266	266
1.00 or less persons per room.....	652	377	377	32	275	18	—	257	257
1.01 or more persons per room.....	117	107	107	17	10	1	—	9	9
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	37 745	29 698	29 698	30 200	40 284	27 316	25 361	40 501	40 559
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	19 942	16 010	16 010	15 555	20 678	27 428	28 759	20 170	20 185
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	16 079	3 957	3 957	2 438	12 122	299	135	11 823	11 769
Owner-occupied housing units.....	4 420	1 523	1 523	634	2 897	89	14	2 808	2 780
Renter-occupied housing units.....	11 659	2 434	2 434	1 804	9 225	210	121	9 015	8 989

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
All housing units -----	2 597	821	1 815	1 678	2 653	1 661	576	878	1 556	2 204
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 -----	90	8	53	12	75	111	—	—	—	82
1985 to 1988 -----	159	91	182	112	507	379	—	14	89	123
1980 to 1984 -----	160	90	177	20	332	187	30	19	57	136
1970 to 1979 -----	826	229	570	438	873	606	65	49	184	741
1960 to 1969 -----	677	158	389	433	492	197	22	128	217	536
1950 to 1959 -----	464	107	271	293	181	106	45	182	441	375
1940 to 1949 -----	123	51	135	272	119	17	314	259	205	113
1939 or earlier -----	98	87	38	98	74	58	100	227	363	98
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom -----	—	—	54	32	12	6	9	7	8	—
1 bedroom -----	169	153	173	322	69	125	93	152	166	157
2 bedrooms -----	722	338	653	447	1 011	438	307	378	673	602
3 bedrooms -----	1 260	302	804	715	1 361	948	128	284	606	1 057
4 bedrooms -----	397	22	131	118	193	123	39	44	69	352
5 or more bedrooms -----	49	6	—	44	7	21	—	13	34	36
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units -----	67	—	17	7	—	—	—	—	—	67
Renter-occupied condominium housing units -----	31	—	25	10	—	—	—	—	—	31
Vacant condominium housing units -----	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	2 597	810	1 789	1 664	2 641	1 631	576	857	1 544	2 204
Source of water, public system or private company -----	2 518	821	1 771	1 672	2 553	1 521	576	878	1 556	2 184
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	2 229	476	1 611	1 672	273	199	576	878	1 526	2 158
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	10	11	—	14	10	57	—	12	9	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	11	—	—	10	36	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	10	—	—	14	—	16	—	8	9	—
Occupied housing units -----	2 415	723	1 644	1 545	2 441	1 452	495	770	1 391	2 045
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas -----	901	331	633	972	688	68	469	644	1 120	881
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	245	100	206	44	742	1 013	—	20	16	30
Electricity -----	1 227	263	774	507	830	268	26	92	249	1 123
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	9	6	18	—	57	6	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	33	14	13	8	109	97	—	14	6	11
No fuel used -----	—	9	—	14	15	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None -----	80	97	118	475	107	76	298	347	146	39
1 -----	676	271	523	524	700	467	156	297	576	558
2 -----	1 032	238	700	346	1 072	543	29	93	449	903
3 or more -----	627	117	303	200	562	366	12	33	220	545
Vehicles per household -----	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.2	2.0	2.0	.5	.8	1.6	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 764	395	1 120	685	1 871	1 165	56	206	917	1 530
1989 to March 1990 -----	254	26	113	16	225	111	—	11	20	207
1985 to 1988 -----	415	56	303	93	556	323	6	15	182	366
1980 to 1984 -----	240	63	69	59	348	143	—	30	147	223
1970 to 1979 -----	387	103	305	244	431	308	4	56	137	328
1969 or earlier -----	468	147	330	273	311	280	46	94	431	406
Renter-occupied housing units -----	651	328	524	860	570	287	439	564	474	515
1989 to March 1990 -----	357	127	267	219	324	119	140	151	193	287
1985 to 1988 -----	182	114	137	288	175	123	107	127	112	137
1980 to 1984 -----	54	30	56	71	60	13	46	92	107	44
1970 to 1979 -----	58	43	45	141	—	26	15	116	24	47
1969 or earlier -----	—	14	19	141	11	6	131	78	38	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit -----	50	30	130	187	186	175	148	166	123	8
Householder 65 years and over -----	451	244	297	453	427	302	140	240	471	379
Owner-occupied housing units -----	432	148	196	248	369	255	26	102	395	360
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	11	—	8	10	6	—	8	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	6	11	27	40	6	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	36	44	87	210	66	47	106	127	84	26
Complete plumbing facilities -----	2 405	712	1 644	1 531	2 431	1 400	495	762	1 382	2 045
1.00 or less persons per room -----	2 399	697	1 565	1 355	2 370	1 317	471	700	1 351	2 045
1.01 or more persons per room -----	6	15	79	176	61	83	24	62	31	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	10	11	—	14	10	52	—	8	9	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	10	—	—	8	10	52	—	8	9	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	11	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	38 619	32 791	30 017	21 465	30 411	33 025	15 234	19 476	27 457	40 957
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	28 127	16 985	15 321	12 160	18 244	15 798	7 046	7 758	17 568	30 621
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	163	102	268	597	358	250	333	409	263	102
Owner-occupied housing units -----	91	22	89	136	166	151	31	35	127	49
Renter-occupied housing units -----	72	80	179	461	192	99	302	374	136	53



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
All housing units.....	444	1 658	1 599	1 677	—	—	393	377	157	1
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	—	34	12	12	—	—	8	8	19	—
1985 to 1988.....	67	163	65	112	—	—	36	24	19	—
1980 to 1984.....	54	160	182	20	—	—	24	36	17	—
1970 to 1979.....	95	521	450	437	—	—	85	134	49	1
1960 to 1969.....	82	363	239	433	—	—	141	76	26	—
1950 to 1959.....	41	264	245	293	—	—	89	66	7	—
1940 to 1949.....	51	124	176	272	—	—	10	—	11	—
1939 or earlier.....	54	29	230	98	—	—	—	33	9	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	—	54	6	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom.....	138	167	190	322	—	—	12	15	6	—
2 bedrooms.....	202	553	781	446	—	—	120	136	100	1
3 bedrooms.....	104	753	523	715	—	—	203	198	51	—
4 bedrooms.....	—	131	69	118	—	—	45	22	—	—
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	—	30	44	—	—	13	6	—	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	17	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	25	24	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	433	1 632	1 578	1 663	—	—	393	377	157	1
Source of water, public system or private company.....	444	1 628	1 599	1 671	—	—	334	377	143	1
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	422	1 535	1 528	1 671	—	—	71	54	76	1
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	11	—	7	14	—	—	10	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	11	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	14	—	—	10	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	400	1 504	1 378	1 545	—	—	370	323	140	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	251	616	823	972	—	—	20	80	17	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	34	118	56	44	—	—	215	66	88	—
Electricity.....	115	739	479	507	—	—	104	148	35	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	18	20	—	—	—	9	6	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	13	—	8	—	—	22	14	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	9	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	74	109	181	475	—	—	41	23	9	—
1.....	203	454	625	524	—	—	118	68	69	—
2.....	99	653	310	346	—	—	129	139	47	—
3 or more.....	24	288	262	200	—	—	82	93	15	—
Vehicles per household.....	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.2	—	—	1.9	2.0	1.5	—
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	118	1 022	635	685	—	—	234	277	98	—
1989 to March 1990.....	—	102	42	16	—	—	47	26	11	—
1985 to 1988.....	30	267	45	93	—	—	49	26	36	—
1980 to 1984.....	7	53	41	59	—	—	17	56	16	—
1970 to 1979.....	18	305	169	244	—	—	59	85	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	63	295	338	273	—	—	62	84	35	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	282	482	743	860	—	—	136	46	42	—
1989 to March 1990.....	104	235	274	219	—	—	70	23	32	—
1985 to 1988.....	101	137	288	288	—	—	45	13	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	20	51	96	71	—	—	10	10	5	—
1970 to 1979.....	43	40	23	141	—	—	11	—	5	—
1969 or earlier.....	14	19	62	141	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	20	107	108	187	—	—	42	10	23	—
Householder 65 years and over.....	167	269	414	453	—	—	72	77	28	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	79	168	303	248	—	—	72	69	28	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	11	—	7	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	6	11	21	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available.....	37	78	81	210	—	—	10	7	9	—
Complete plumbing facilities.....	389	1 504	1 371	1 531	—	—	360	323	140	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	389	1 432	1 344	1 355	—	—	354	308	133	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	72	27	176	—	—	6	15	7	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	11	—	7	14	—	—	10	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	—	7	8	—	—	10	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	11	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	24 501	31 058	22 138	21 465	—	—	23 328	36 322	19 160	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	15 126	15 025	19 212	12 160	—	—	18 680	28 378	18 719	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	80	244	410	597	—	—	61	22	24	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	73	183	136	—	—	42	22	16	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	80	171	227	461	—	—	19	—	8	—

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
All housing units .....	2 653	1 661	1 195	1 116	1 488	2 150	2 143	958	7
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	75	111	78	58	41	7	7	57	—
1985 to 1988 .....	507	379	156	83	127	21	21	180	—
1980 to 1984 .....	332	187	113	144	200	60	60	157	—
1970 to 1979 .....	873	606	477	294	563	744	744	188	—
1960 to 1969 .....	492	197	155	150	194	360	360	163	—
1950 to 1959 .....	181	106	57	160	132	307	307	91	—
1940 to 1949 .....	119	17	70	51	50	188	181	38	7
1939 or earlier .....	74	58	89	176	181	463	463	84	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	12	6	—	—	13	—	—	3	—
1 bedroom .....	69	125	45	86	57	22	22	51	—
2 bedrooms .....	1 011	438	444	326	536	164	164	368	—
3 bedrooms .....	1 361	948	627	577	657	877	877	429	—
4 bedrooms .....	193	123	65	108	179	1 056	1 049	86	7
5 or more bedrooms .....	7	21	14	19	46	31	31	21	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	132	132	—	—
Covent condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 641	1 631	1 135	963	1 359	2 150	2 143	916	7
Source of water, public system or private company .....	2 553	1 521	757	814	951	2 125	2 118	928	7
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	273	199	96	374	91	2 125	2 118	101	7
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	10	57	66	225	160	—	—	43	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	10	36	21	102	62	—	—	4	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	16	37	86	55	—	—	15	—
Occupied housing units .....	2 441	1 452	1 068	954	1 223	2 070	2 063	814	7
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	688	68	209	59	287	1 303	1 296	29	7
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	742	1 013	473	538	575	15	15	551	—
Electricity .....	830	268	323	179	184	705	705	182	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	57	6	7	13	9	—	—	25	—
All other fuels .....	109	97	56	165	168	7	7	27	—
No fuel used .....	15	—	—	—	—	40	40	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	107	76	70	216	152	44	44	107	—
1 .....	700	467	207	316	325	699	699	257	—
2 .....	1 072	543	436	295	459	1 164	1 157	283	7
3 or more .....	562	366	355	127	287	163	163	167	—
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 871	1 165	849	742	975	28	28	566	—
1989 to March 1990 .....	225	111	113	73	59	7	7	70	—
1985 to 1988 .....	556	323	170	100	165	21	21	157	—
1980 to 1984 .....	348	143	112	124	201	—	—	112	—
1970 to 1979 .....	431	308	341	205	390	—	—	94	—
1969 or earlier .....	311	280	113	240	160	—	—	133	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	570	287	219	212	248	2 042	2 035	248	7
1989 to March 1990 .....	324	119	68	53	41	999	992	113	7
1985 to 1988 .....	175	123	75	54	93	957	957	50	—
1980 to 1984 .....	60	13	34	58	7	86	86	33	—
1970 to 1979 .....	—	26	26	23	58	—	—	37	—
1969 or earlier .....	11	6	16	24	49	—	—	15	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	186	175	109	228	166	14	14	105	—
Householder 65 years and over .....	427	302	209	296	353	9	9	150	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	369	255	177	270	285	—	—	107	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	10	6	29	53	49	—	—	8	—
No telephone in unit .....	40	6	22	65	25	—	—	12	—
No vehicle available .....	66	47	35	102	79	—	—	45	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 431	1 400	1 010	766	1 106	2 070	2 063	795	7
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 370	1 317	979	737	1 014	2 053	2 046	750	7
1.01 or more persons per room .....	61	83	31	29	92	17	17	45	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	10	52	58	188	117	—	—	19	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	10	52	53	126	94	—	—	18	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	5	62	23	—	—	1	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	30 411	33 025	30 865	22 378	26 950	25 361	25 361	27 412	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	18 244	15 798	20 175	12 079	14 574	28 830	28 759	15 885	49 300
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	358	250	138	299	367	135	135	164	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	166	151	81	182	229	14	14	75	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	192	99	57	117	138	121	121	89	—



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
All housing units.....	1 375	233	363	1 163	428	1 286	822	490	1 167	1 291
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	—
1985 to 1988.....	38	1	—	11	—	28	—	—	5	126
1980 to 1984.....	17	5	—	20	—	12	—	—	—	155
1970 to 1979.....	81	20	18	179	5	198	108	15	24	129
1960 to 1969.....	143	11	17	443	107	435	145	49	114	209
1950 to 1959.....	343	11	20	337	147	532	190	197	287	348
1940 to 1949.....	269	26	10	122	107	62	204	128	408	239
1939 or earlier.....	484	159	298	51	62	19	175	101	295	85
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	65	—	257	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
1 bedroom.....	486	22	84	55	75	—	208	109	150	137
2 bedrooms.....	538	137	—	301	218	306	408	224	588	795
3 bedrooms.....	230	67	22	606	95	858	192	136	391	328
4 bedrooms.....	49	5	—	167	29	122	14	21	33	8
5 or more bedrooms.....	7	2	—	34	11	—	—	—	5	6
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	11	—	—	—	18	4	—	—	—	36
Vocant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 352	233	144	1 147	414	1 281	804	490	1 167	1 291
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 375	233	363	1 163	428	1 286	822	490	1 167	1 291
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 375	233	363	1 145	428	1 286	808	482	1 167	1 291
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	12	—	—	5	—	5	13	6	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	5	—	5	13	6	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 237	218	301	1 120	371	1 255	736	453	1 066	1 218
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	986	205	144	959	356	1 144	713	374	992	695
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	7	1	40	5	—	6	—	40	—	19
Electricity.....	230	8	117	143	6	100	17	31	74	504
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	4	—	13	—	5	—	8	—	—
No fuel used.....	14	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	666	51	277	79	123	59	123	92	83	93
1.....	403	88	14	334	148	379	417	163	533	569
2.....	144	65	10	486	69	620	166	163	320	450
3 or more.....	24	14	—	221	31	197	30	35	130	106
Vehicles per household.....	.6	1.2	.1	1.8	1.1	1.8	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	244	126	11	910	120	1 049	283	215	625	457
1989 to March 1990.....	12	15	6	61	—	71	23	8	47	15
1985 to 1988.....	32	13	—	137	8	146	17	26	110	51
1980 to 1984.....	46	6	5	74	—	174	9	20	54	27
1970 to 1979.....	55	25	—	202	26	228	78	38	142	89
1969 or earlier.....	99	67	—	436	86	430	156	123	272	275
Renter-occupied housing units.....	993	92	290	251	206	453	238	441	761	761
1989 to March 1990.....	407	44	81	108	44	63	261	73	173	357
1985 to 1988.....	358	26	117	79	107	81	119	84	164	318
1980 to 1984.....	104	16	45	23	40	46	15	52	8	37
1970 to 1979.....	89	2	47	—	32	8	39	23	58	29
1969 or earlier.....	35	4	—	—	28	8	19	6	38	20
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	380	26	72	10	45	31	165	44	70	54
Householder 65 years and over.....	241	81	223	381	113	281	303	136	352	346
Owner-occupied housing units.....	112	68	—	368	70	253	170	90	256	254
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	40	—	45	—	14	—	31	7	4	20
No vehicle available.....	125	28	209	54	53	35	91	45	51	34
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 225	218	301	1 115	371	1 250	723	447	1 066	1 218
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 075	204	295	1 099	334	1 220	685	400	1 040	1 206
1.01 or more persons per room.....	150	14	6	16	37	30	38	47	26	12
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	12	—	—	5	—	5	13	6	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	12	—	—	5	—	5	13	6	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	16 880	24 135	71 182	36 732	17 850	32 271	19 148	19 904	28 344	30 804
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	8 206	15 266	8 873	27 134	15 615	24 414	16 294	14 899	19 179	27 093
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	792	54	144	44	149	66	155	123	141	146
Owner-occupied housing units.....	53	28	—	38	28	40	53	50	61	50
Renter-occupied housing units.....	739	26	144	6	121	26	102	73	80	96

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
All housing units.....	1 709	1 221	2 054	650	1 247	440	1 375	797	702	1 245
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	5	23	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
1985 to 1988.....	135	—	50	16	19	5	38	—	17	58
1980 to 1984.....	151	12	125	18	13	8	17	13	25	7
1970 to 1979.....	361	66	271	64	83	10	81	42	71	278
1960 to 1969.....	526	361	271	73	72	24	143	110	158	362
1950 to 1959.....	357	531	293	148	309	69	343	151	57	493
1940 to 1949.....	108	159	447	156	348	130	269	140	167	31
1939 or earlier.....	66	69	591	175	403	194	484	341	207	12
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	—	—	42	—	49	6	65	—	39	6
1 bedroom.....	164	61	392	260	430	119	486	181	160	64
2 bedrooms.....	411	158	879	300	470	159	538	337	310	393
3 bedrooms.....	826	488	571	69	232	126	230	224	158	591
4 bedrooms.....	252	410	136	21	59	18	49	46	33	162
5 or more bedrooms.....	56	104	34	—	7	12	7	9	2	29
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	104	—	104	—	3	—	—	—	9	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	38	—	45	—	19	—	11	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	3	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 709	1 217	2 044	642	1 240	424	1 352	797	694	1 245
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 702	1 221	2 054	650	1 247	440	1 375	797	702	1 245
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 698	1 221	2 054	642	1 247	440	1 375	797	702	1 245
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	5	25	4	13	12	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	8	4	5	12	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 628	1 173	1 894	556	1 073	348	1 237	701	633	1 173
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	1 303	1 001	1 342	481	916	319	986	627	529	999
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	7	—	19	15	5	7	7	9	—	6
Electricity.....	301	167	518	44	136	22	230	60	77	168
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	5	—	8	—	—	—	—	27	—
No fuel used.....	17	—	15	8	16	—	14	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	62	5	277	235	567	121	666	113	96	257
1.....	590	282	877	202	287	129	403	378	307	381
2.....	648	557	597	91	160	73	144	183	208	358
3 or more.....	328	329	143	28	59	25	24	27	22	177
Vehicles per household.....	1.8	2.1	1.3	.9	.8	1.1	.6	1.2	1.2	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 070	1 015	812	142	243	91	244	252	237	770
1989 to March 1990.....	63	66	72	7	22	—	12	32	23	31
1985 to 1988.....	222	130	227	27	24	—	32	11	40	113
1980 to 1984.....	122	127	139	15	55	19	46	25	40	46
1970 to 1979.....	281	284	163	13	40	13	55	74	50	320
1969 or earlier.....	382	408	211	80	102	59	99	110	84	260
Renter-occupied housing units.....	558	158	1 082	414	830	257	993	449	396	403
1989 to March 1990.....	369	66	466	121	401	95	407	184	195	216
1985 to 1988.....	135	54	374	108	246	47	358	164	77	103
1980 to 1984.....	35	23	109	48	116	45	104	47	75	59
1970 to 1979.....	10	15	77	94	52	49	89	25	38	6
1969 or earlier.....	9	—	56	43	15	21	35	29	11	19
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	69	7	54	99	233	121	380	75	43	69
Householder 65 years and over.....	412	435	613	208	270	86	241	195	230	313
Owner-occupied housing units.....	364	391	335	87	109	28	112	120	115	256
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	—	15	21	8	40	—	—	15
No vehicle available.....	25	5	93	126	133	30	125	61	83	117
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 628	1 173	1 889	538	1 069	343	1 225	701	633	1 173
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 596	1 173	1 870	504	1 021	328	1 075	686	625	1 094
1.01 or more persons per room.....	32	—	19	34	48	15	150	15	8	79
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	5	18	4	5	12	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	—	5	18	—	—	12	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	4	5	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	42 855	78 202	58 076	17 795	26 316	13 240	16 880	22 514	25 880	27 314
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	25 033	27 573	21 875	12 555	21 815	12 930	8 206	20 221	18 461	13 767
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	142	53	160	256	599	156	792	116	90	254
Owner-occupied housing units.....	45	15	40	58	32	40	53	40	17	111
Renter-occupied housing units.....	97	38	120	198	567	116	739	76	73	143



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Troct 21	Troct 22	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28	Troct 29.01	Troct 29.02
All housing units.....	1 050	1 423	913	786	949	504	835	1 493	1 542	1 931
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	19	11	—	13	18	8	—	4	—	32
1985 to 1988.....	25	45	23	—	—	13	13	12	75	266
1980 to 1984.....	—	29	—	—	27	13	7	106	166	321
1970 to 1979.....	123	56	138	92	133	62	81	50	613	510
1960 to 1969.....	263	287	321	438	256	88	124	337	296	554
1950 to 1959.....	470	428	155	162	143	68	313	507	278	201
1940 to 1949.....	121	407	161	46	126	—	173	320	81	47
1939 or earlier.....	29	160	115	35	246	252	124	157	33	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	—	30	9	—	43	53	30	29	24	41
1 bedroom.....	80	113	166	146	365	233	201	420	280	338
2 bedrooms.....	365	570	419	471	331	139	381	740	581	839
3 bedrooms.....	480	645	287	148	210	31	197	253	567	669
4 bedrooms.....	103	46	32	21	—	33	7	51	74	44
5 or more bedrooms.....	22	19	—	—	—	15	19	—	16	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	17	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	19	17	—	—	—	—	—	25
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	5	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 045	1 423	907	781	943	486	817	1 456	1 538	1 919
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 044	1 423	913	786	949	504	835	1 493	1 538	1 931
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 028	1 423	913	786	949	504	835	1 475	1 511	1 875
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	8	6	—	—	—	—	24	8	9
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	8	6	—	—	—	—	20	8	—
Occupied housing units.....	983	1 341	841	712	859	414	736	1 307	1 431	1 716
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	695	1 204	469	572	544	247	636	1 166	772	941
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	18	6	10	6	—	—	21	31	27	218
Electricity.....	259	108	347	128	293	167	73	84	625	557
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	11	9	6	22	—	—	7	7	—
All other fuels.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
No fuel used.....	5	12	6	—	—	—	—	19	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	50	220	149	304	584	90	359	486	139	252
1.....	333	538	377	284	215	225	275	574	628	792
2.....	464	392	248	82	42	79	78	188	563	541
3 or more.....	136	191	67	42	18	20	24	59	101	131
Vehicles per household.....	1.8	1.5	1.3	.8	.4	1.1	.7	.9	1.5	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	677	814	307	106	39	85	222	380	549	837
1989 to March 1990.....	58	24	25	5	12	14	5	4	17	138
1985 to 1988.....	83	56	37	5	10	13	23	12	86	143
1980 to 1984.....	96	67	35	8	—	26	39	32	118	156
1970 to 1979.....	95	345	91	43	9	25	48	72	171	264
1969 or earlier.....	345	322	119	45	8	7	107	260	157	136
Renter-occupied housing units.....	306	527	534	606	820	329	514	927	882	879
1989 to March 1990.....	193	172	232	181	166	221	112	186	587	566
1985 to 1988.....	71	170	174	223	285	78	260	306	190	217
1980 to 1984.....	12	65	78	89	181	21	65	131	75	63
1970 to 1979.....	30	108	44	72	127	9	70	198	30	33
1969 or earlier.....	—	12	6	41	61	—	7	106	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	44	75	54	147	236	71	150	239	90	311
Householder 65 years and over.....	293	443	271	137	295	41	149	446	184	135
Owner-occupied housing units.....	281	368	182	39	8	26	104	262	148	135
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	12	—	22	21	9	8	20	—	—
No vehicle available.....	39	87	40	63	216	15	47	178	28	12
Complete plumbing facilities.....	983	1 333	835	712	859	414	736	1 287	1 423	1 707
1.00 or less persons per room.....	983	1 287	810	631	829	384	643	1 190	1 342	1 513
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	46	25	81	30	30	93	97	81	194
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	8	6	—	—	—	—	20	8	9
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	8	6	—	—	—	—	20	8	9
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	29 167	23 091	44 199	27 619	41 427	41 026	15 047	16 202	48 309	26 684
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	25 308	16 675	29 294	16 027	8 448	16 193	8 431	11 093	22 427	19 144
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	100	347	143	352	540	96	420	668	141	390
Owner-occupied housing units.....	63	158	36	23	8	5	104	159	19	125
Renter-occupied housing units.....	37	189	107	329	532	91	316	509	122	265

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
All housing units.....	1 248	2 157	1 786	2 094	1 433	423	1 696	2 640	888
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990.....	29	—	25	—	—	20	117	13	30
1985 to 1988.....	69	166	100	55	10	94	261	1 029	173
1980 to 1984.....	98	179	198	48	77	59	221	1 003	158
1970 to 1979.....	347	242	295	179	191	115	652	578	302
1960 to 1969.....	301	719	328	673	231	50	251	5	150
1950 to 1959.....	261	718	321	768	265	37	106	—	31
1940 to 1949.....	104	62	447	292	547	—	58	—	20
1939 or earlier.....	39	71	72	79	112	48	30	12	24
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom.....	18	—	52	13	33	—	—	41	—
1 bedroom.....	183	145	533	146	372	7	20	646	19
2 bedrooms.....	702	812	856	878	796	59	185	1 157	48
3 bedrooms.....	316	1 098	327	898	218	233	1 292	573	624
4 bedrooms.....	29	102	18	143	7	94	169	209	176
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	—	—	16	7	30	30	14	21
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	47	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	29	12	22	—	—	67	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 240	2 157	1 786	2 072	1 433	404	1 689	2 640	888
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 248	2 157	1 786	2 094	1 433	164	1 649	2 635	809
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 240	2 136	1 768	2 083	1 422	8	1 478	2 623	630
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	30	5	20	—	19	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	8	30	5	—	—	19	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	1 099	2 072	1 538	1 846	1 207	415	1 619	2 402	857
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas.....	943	1 847	1 179	1 564	931	16	1 144	926	559
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	13	21	68	35	5	145	49	12	44
Electricity.....	133	204	261	230	271	227	410	1 464	232
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	10	—	24	7	—	6	5	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	—	6	10	—	21	11	—	22
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None.....	276	79	776	354	250	23	38	29	24
1.....	517	876	524	711	641	78	322	984	83
2.....	230	807	199	575	278	151	887	1 074	466
3 or more.....	76	310	39	206	38	163	372	315	284
Vehicles per household.....	1.1	1.7	.7	1.4	1.1	2.3	2.1	1.7	2.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	398	1 332	206	883	212	382	1 259	652	757
1989 to March 1990.....	—	83	12	59	13	34	204	108	119
1985 to 1988.....	54	216	49	159	44	139	367	331	249
1980 to 1984.....	48	182	3	67	35	63	172	41	188
1970 to 1979.....	154	319	54	238	21	100	398	167	170
1969 or earlier.....	142	532	88	360	99	46	118	5	31
Renter-occupied housing units.....	701	740	1 332	963	995	33	360	1 750	100
1989 to March 1990.....	325	446	614	449	583	6	216	1 130	40
1985 to 1988.....	225	202	440	372	287	6	103	559	36
1980 to 1984.....	67	71	184	62	99	8	22	61	9
1970 to 1979.....	55	—	72	74	19	—	13	—	15
1969 or earlier.....	29	21	22	6	7	13	6	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit.....	218	156	543	240	183	19	24	22	—
Householder 65 years and over.....	290	344	170	422	120	66	173	82	67
Owner-occupied housing units.....	205	336	62	280	58	60	146	40	67
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	22	—	15	7	—	6	5	—	—
No vehicle available.....	70	17	64	115	41	15	11	7	24
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 091	2 042	1 533	1 839	1 207	396	1 619	2 402	857
1.00 or less persons per room.....	998	1 937	1 392	1 770	1 091	389	1 604	2 381	837
1.01 or more persons per room.....	93	105	141	69	116	7	15	21	20
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	30	5	7	—	19	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	8	30	5	7	—	19	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	18 686	36 162	21 202	26 875	21 312	64 101	45 950	54 143	52 626
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	19 519	20 230	9 925	14 263	18 267	18 120	33 261	33 008	34 273
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	432	190	883	440	265	27	79	90	48
Owner-occupied housing units.....	99	45	34	91	44	15	50	—	35
Renter-occupied housing units.....	333	145	849	349	221	12	29	90	13



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05
All housing units .....	2 668	636	1 764	2 492	1 175	3 291	1 908	2 624	997
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	109	28	88	—	—	14	14	112	7
1985 to 1988 .....	564	127	368	29	—	699	63	163	120
1980 to 1984 .....	382	75	488	157	9	593	18	22	110
1970 to 1979 .....	1 037	252	545	1 069	278	862	365	743	392
1960 to 1969 .....	303	120	168	737	368	550	1 183	1 279	270
1950 to 1959 .....	145	17	50	425	307	362	227	254	91
1940 to 1949 .....	103	—	47	75	140	160	25	41	—
1939 or earlier .....	25	17	10	—	73	51	13	10	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	—	—	9	—	—	16	—	8	4
1 bedroom .....	93	15	77	11	45	321	69	97	31
2 bedrooms .....	214	43	251	503	303	1 053	255	330	105
3 bedrooms .....	1 986	202	1 049	1 367	697	1 259	1 381	1 853	687
4 bedrooms .....	339	254	368	568	119	530	193	336	170
5 or more bedrooms .....	36	122	10	43	11	112	10	—	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	26	67	—	—	56	—	8	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	19	6	49	—	—	85	19	4	—
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	8	12	—	—	7	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 668	636	1 758	2 462	1 175	3 257	1 903	2 600	997
Source of water, public system or private company .....	2 628	583	1 748	2 484	1 175	3 273	1 908	2 614	997
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	2 487	578	1 748	2 492	1 154	3 253	1 908	2 539	982
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	11	8	9	26	—	19	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	5	8	—	14	—	19	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	9	5	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	2 575	592	1 691	2 437	1 119	3 189	1 834	2 516	954
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	1 980	458	1 106	2 034	996	2 323	1 529	2 064	695
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	125	11	4	7	24	22	14	30	29
Electricity .....	409	107	555	396	86	833	285	384	218
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	7	—	—	—	6	13	—
All other fuels .....	61	16	19	—	—	11	—	25	12
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	76	—	21	38	15	165	41	99	26
1 .....	442	84	358	511	429	1 144	622	828	282
2 .....	1 313	233	863	1 293	409	1 372	773	1 138	422
3 or more .....	744	275	449	595	266	508	398	451	224
Vehicles per household .....	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 201	583	1 300	2 006	822	2 025	1 219	1 796	783
1989 to March 1990 .....	180	68	181	151	64	167	43	202	73
1985 to 1988 .....	940	263	504	514	106	683	238	377	135
1980 to 1984 .....	440	90	229	218	110	349	146	286	92
1970 to 1979 .....	423	98	252	613	187	522	399	519	298
1969 or earlier .....	218	64	134	510	355	304	393	412	185
Renter-occupied housing units .....	374	9	391	431	297	1 164	615	720	171
1989 to March 1990 .....	240	9	237	218	162	634	374	319	81
1985 to 1988 .....	85	—	131	126	88	377	145	251	65
1980 to 1984 .....	23	—	23	69	13	95	43	111	11
1970 to 1979 .....	9	—	—	14	22	58	40	39	14
1969 or earlier .....	17	—	—	4	12	—	13	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	28	—	7	7	42	149	59	147	25
Householder 65 years and over .....	229	118	226	512	371	667	196	189	123
Owner-occupied housing units .....	165	118	197	494	347	495	173	166	118
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	7	—
No vehicle available .....	55	—	17	28	15	52	5	35	14
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 575	592	1 686	2 429	1 110	3 170	1 834	2 497	954
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 550	592	1 679	2 418	1 097	3 140	1 765	2 361	887
1.01 or more persons per room .....	25	—	7	11	13	30	69	136	67
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	5	8	9	19	—	19	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	5	8	9	19	—	19	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	48 156	133 355	61 658	41 827	38 168	46 639	32 604	35 351	35 701
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	28 585	91 477	38 007	32 186	22 896	22 059	27 099	22 400	17 578
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	79	—	66	100	78	356	155	370	106
Owner-occupied housing units .....	41	—	40	60	19	132	59	102	50
Renter-occupied housing units .....	38	—	26	40	59	224	96	268	56

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
All housing units .....	—	1 893	1 819	2 535	2 216	410	—	—	233
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	65	32	47	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	66	85	536	—	—	—	—	1
1980 to 1984 .....	—	116	203	409	54	18	—	—	5
1970 to 1979 .....	—	543	477	537	409	42	—	—	20
1960 to 1969 .....	—	620	588	752	966	123	—	—	11
1950 to 1959 .....	—	309	369	234	646	187	—	—	11
1940 to 1949 .....	—	124	31	—	105	40	—	—	26
1939 or earlier .....	—	50	34	20	36	—	—	—	159
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	—	—	—	68	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	—	119	39	270	124	65	—	—	22
2 bedrooms .....	—	385	230	862	489	162	—	—	137
3 bedrooms .....	—	1 228	1 250	1 054	1 531	161	—	—	67
4 bedrooms .....	—	140	283	258	64	22	—	—	5
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	21	17	23	8	—	—	—	2
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	18	—	30	214	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	—	1 893	1 793	2 535	2 206	410	—	—	233
Source of water, public system or private company .....	—	1 893	1 812	2 535	2 207	407	—	—	233
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	—	1 820	1 758	2 535	2 189	362	—	—	233
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	9	—	4	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	—	1 803	1 745	2 373	2 134	347	—	—	218
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	—	1 400	1 311	1 550	1 504	243	—	—	205
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	19	57	—	15	51	—	—	1
Electricity .....	—	384	368	813	600	34	—	—	8
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	10	6	6	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	9	—	—	13	—	—	4
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	—	51	89	163	76	30	—	—	51
1 .....	—	586	589	987	1 174	148	—	—	88
2 .....	—	782	619	826	815	122	—	—	65
3 or more .....	—	384	448	397	69	47	—	—	14
Vehicles per household .....	—	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.6	—	—	1.2
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	1 160	1 386	1 224	3	199	—	—	126
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	107	138	123	—	14	—	—	15
1985 to 1988 .....	—	192	212	204	3	31	—	—	13
1980 to 1984 .....	—	175	171	137	—	44	—	—	6
1970 to 1979 .....	—	311	496	356	—	81	—	—	25
1969 or earlier .....	—	375	369	404	—	29	—	—	67
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	643	359	1 149	2 131	148	—	—	92
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	348	182	632	1 237	88	—	—	44
1985 to 1988 .....	—	197	113	377	879	54	—	—	26
1980 to 1984 .....	—	73	37	74	15	6	—	—	16
1970 to 1979 .....	—	15	13	34	—	—	—	—	2
1969 or earlier .....	—	10	14	32	—	—	—	—	4
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	—	52	31	115	167	40	—	—	26
Householder 65 years and over .....	—	255	257	230	—	24	—	—	81
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	231	250	222	—	24	—	—	68
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	—	7	52	42	—	—	—	—	28
Complete plumbing facilities .....	—	1 803	1 736	2 373	2 130	347	—	—	218
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	1 756	1 669	2 247	1 927	304	—	—	204
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	47	67	126	203	43	—	—	14
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	9	—	4	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	9	—	4	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	—	33 830	33 085	35 134	19 300	27 339	—	—	24 135
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	—	24 040	19 942	21 218	20 747	19 008	—	—	15 266
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	—	210	258	353	353	48	—	—	54
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	84	170	133	—	6	—	—	28
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	126	88	220	353	42	—	—	26



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chottahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Alaboma (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	40 506	8 016	8 016	4 748	32 490	258	28	32 232	32 112
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	27 723	4 355	4 355	2 642	23 368	130	14	23 238	23 198
Less than \$300 .....	3 693	533	533	278	3 160	23	—	3 137	3 130
\$300 to \$399 .....	3 609	753	753	387	2 856	29	—	2 827	2 807
\$400 to \$499 .....	3 675	862	862	511	2 813	24	—	2 789	2 782
\$500 to \$599 .....	3 996	865	865	625	3 131	15	—	3 116	3 114
\$600 to \$799 .....	6 253	878	878	543	5 375	32	7	5 343	5 342
\$800 to \$999 .....	3 197	277	277	169	2 920	—	—	2 920	2 917
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	2 511	157	157	110	2 354	7	7	2 347	2 347
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	522	30	30	19	492	—	—	492	492
\$2,000 or more .....	267	—	—	—	267	—	—	267	267
Median (dollars) .....	571	503	503	523	591	450	825	592	592
Not mortgaged .....	12 783	3 661	3 661	2 106	9 122	128	14	8 994	8 914
Less than \$100 .....	1 853	674	674	377	1 179	23	14	1 156	1 133
\$100 to \$199 .....	7 371	2 228	2 228	1 331	5 143	84	—	5 059	5 002
\$200 to \$299 .....	2 492	593	593	338	1 899	14	—	1 885	1 885
\$300 to \$399 .....	653	114	114	49	539	7	—	532	532
\$400 to \$499 .....	227	39	39	5	188	—	—	188	188
\$500 or more .....	187	13	13	6	174	—	—	174	174
Median (dollars) .....	158	149	149	148	162	145	100	162	162
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	11 842	3 156	3 156	1 741	8 686	117	21	8 569	8 495
Less than 20 percent .....	4 454	1 395	1 395	850	3 059	42	—	3 017	2 989
20 to 24 percent .....	1 306	430	430	182	876	17	—	859	835
25 to 29 percent .....	902	205	205	93	697	12	—	685	683
30 to 34 percent .....	811	180	180	98	631	11	—	620	613
35 percent or more .....	4 145	878	878	482	3 267	21	7	3 246	3 233
Not computed .....	224	68	68	36	156	14	—	142	142
Median .....	25.3	21.7	21.7	20.1	27.4	22.8	45.0	27.5	27.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	10 410	2 156	2 156	1 368	8 254	74	—	8 180	8 152
Less than 20 percent .....	5 852	1 339	1 339	801	4 513	55	—	4 458	4 434
20 to 24 percent .....	1 493	366	366	227	1 127	3	—	1 124	1 121
25 to 29 percent .....	1 298	297	297	223	1 001	13	—	988	987
30 to 34 percent .....	934	74	74	74	860	1	—	859	859
35 percent or more .....	833	80	80	43	753	2	—	751	751
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.8	15.8	15.8	16.5	18.3	14.3	—	18.3	18.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	8 695	1 490	1 490	882	7 205	30	—	7 175	7 172
Less than 20 percent .....	5 953	1 217	1 217	718	4 736	28	—	4 708	4 705
20 to 24 percent .....	1 493	211	211	123	1 282	2	—	1 280	1 280
25 to 29 percent .....	721	36	36	21	685	—	—	685	685
30 to 34 percent .....	300	14	14	14	286	—	—	286	286
35 percent or more .....	228	12	12	6	216	—	—	216	216
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16.2	14.6	14.6	15.2	16.6	10.0	—	16.7	16.7
\$50,000 or more .....	9 559	1 214	1 214	757	8 345	37	7	8 308	8 293
Less than 20 percent .....	8 002	1 127	1 127	706	6 875	37	7	6 838	6 824
20 to 24 percent .....	882	82	82	51	800	—	—	800	799
25 to 29 percent .....	481	5	5	—	476	—	—	476	476
30 to 34 percent .....	141	—	—	—	141	—	—	141	141
35 percent or more .....	53	—	—	—	53	—	—	53	53
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.7	11.0	11.0	10.4	13.1	10.2	17.5	13.1	13.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	38 376	5 952	5 952	4 343	32 424	2 229	1 983	30 195	30 103
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	1 771	504	504	436	1 267	13	7	1 254	1 254
\$100 to \$199 .....	4 465	1 117	1 117	899	3 348	44	7	3 304	3 299
\$200 to \$299 .....	6 931	1 193	1 193	807	5 738	96	13	5 642	5 597
\$300 to \$399 .....	9 134	1 381	1 381	958	7 753	250	189	7 503	7 481
\$400 to \$499 .....	7 783	910	910	724	6 873	343	331	6 530	6 515
\$500 to \$599 .....	3 282	219	219	155	3 063	109	106	2 954	2 954
\$600 to \$749 .....	1 630	126	126	107	1 504	67	60	1 437	1 437
\$750 to \$999 .....	403	26	26	21	377	22	19	355	355
\$1,000 or more .....	84	—	—	—	84	2	—	82	82
No cash rent .....	2 893	476	476	236	2 417	1 283	1 251	1 134	1 129
Median (dollars) .....	351	295	295	293	359	413	431	357	357
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	11 974	2 511	2 511	1 922	9 463	167	60	9 296	9 275
Less than 20 percent .....	521	139	139	113	382	8	—	374	374
20 to 24 percent .....	769	144	144	121	625	3	—	622	622
25 to 29 percent .....	1 001	188	188	155	813	—	—	813	813
30 to 34 percent .....	970	199	199	179	771	6	—	765	765
35 percent or more .....	7 510	1 470	1 470	1 136	6 040	73	5	5 967	5 952
Not computed .....	1 203	371	371	218	832	77	55	755	749
Median .....	50.0+	47.6	47.6	46.5	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	10 931	1 516	1 516	1 061	9 415	478	421	8 937	8 885
Less than 20 percent .....	1 727	410	410	296	1 317	15	—	1 302	1 296
20 to 24 percent .....	1 786	244	244	166	1 542	65	46	1 477	1 457
25 to 29 percent .....	1 883	221	221	153	1 662	58	43	1 604	1 594
30 to 34 percent .....	1 851	270	270	182	1 581	33	29	1 548	1 537
35 percent or more .....	2 897	262	262	209	2 635	21	17	2 614	2 609
Not computed .....	787	109	109	55	678	286	286	392	392
Median .....	29.1	26.1	26.1	26.3	29.5	26.4	27.5	29.7	29.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	10 373	1 346	1 346	933	9 027	1 016	966	8 011	7 997
Less than 20 percent .....	5 210	813	813	539	4 397	213	174	4 184	4 173
20 to 24 percent .....	2 725	292	292	240	2 433	170	168	2 263	2 262
25 to 29 percent .....	986	97	97	79	889	43	43	846	846
30 to 34 percent .....	285	23	23	13	262	11	11	251	251
35 percent or more .....	190	20	20	15	170	—	—	170	170
Not computed .....	977	101	101	47	876	579	570	297	295
Median .....	19.2	18.1	18.1	18.8	19.4	20.2	20.7	19.4	19.4
\$35,000 or more .....	5 098	579	579	427	4 519	568	536	3 951	3 946
Less than 20 percent .....	4 278	544	544	419	3 734	225	196	3 509	3 504
20 to 24 percent .....	217	—	—	—	217	—	—	217	217
25 to 29 percent .....	45	—	—	—	45	—	—	45	45
30 to 34 percent .....	13	—	—	—	13	—	—	13	13
35 percent or more .....	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	7	7
Not computed .....	538	35	35	8	503	343	340	160	160
Median .....	13.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	13.2	15.0	15.2	13.2	13.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL						Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			
	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 553	342	889	633	1 108	478	36	206	866	1 442
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage -----	1 029	151	546	315	721	226	10	82	437	990
Less than \$300 -----	55	11	64	29	85	22	—	27	55	55
\$300 to \$399 -----	153	35	57	57	154	61	4	16	59	143
\$400 to \$499 -----	105	12	133	76	144	47	6	24	107	97
\$500 to \$599 -----	236	30	140	93	115	29	—	10	136	229
\$600 to \$799 -----	254	41	128	39	156	52	—	5	65	240
\$800 to \$999 -----	123	—	12	14	54	9	—	—	15	123
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	90	17	6	7	—	6	—	—	—	90
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	13	5	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	13
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	586	542	513	494	481	473	458	386	497	588
Not mortgaged -----	524	191	343	318	387	252	26	124	429	452
Less than \$100 -----	62	40	25	78	38	61	—	25	99	35
\$100 to \$199 -----	327	112	251	190	216	127	26	62	256	297
\$200 to \$299 -----	107	27	53	39	95	40	—	32	67	98
\$300 to \$399 -----	28	7	14	5	23	5	—	—	7	22
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	—	—	—	15	19	—	5	—	—
\$500 or more -----	—	5	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	167	162	166	143	169	137	125	149	134	169
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 -----	326	118	251	340	384	211	18	140	355	274
Less than 20 percent -----	175	80	83	142	146	89	7	79	195	140
20 to 24 percent -----	31	16	31	56	75	39	—	17	22	31
25 to 29 percent -----	9	—	23	14	22	25	—	—	40	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	10	20	24	19	6	12	22	—
35 percent or more -----	111	22	93	100	106	31	5	32	76	103
Not computed -----	—	—	11	8	11	8	—	—	—	—
Median -----	19.2	12.8	26.3	22.1	22.7	21.6	31.7	19.2	18.2	19.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	424	89	329	169	283	109	14	33	255	403
Less than 20 percent -----	230	62	169	85	164	69	14	33	150	216
20 to 24 percent -----	69	14	54	27	75	9	—	—	57	69
25 to 29 percent -----	70	7	74	39	20	18	—	—	42	63
30 to 34 percent -----	26	6	24	18	—	—	—	—	—	26
35 percent or more -----	29	—	8	—	24	13	—	—	6	29
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	17.7	10.0	19.0	19.9	18.6	14.0	10.0	13.3	16.5	18.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	350	74	216	102	226	115	—	25	118	336
Less than 20 percent -----	257	74	167	88	171	97	—	25	110	243
20 to 24 percent -----	64	—	37	14	40	18	—	—	8	64
25 to 29 percent -----	15	—	6	—	9	—	—	—	—	15
30 to 34 percent -----	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
35 percent or more -----	—	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	16.1	14.6	15.1	14.1	14.4	13.0	—	10.0	14.2	16.5
\$50,000 or more -----	453	61	93	22	215	43	4	8	138	429
Less than 20 percent -----	402	46	93	22	215	43	4	8	138	378
20 to 24 percent -----	51	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	51
25 to 29 percent -----	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	11.6	11.7	10.0	11.9	11.4	10.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	11.7
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units -----</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>515</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 -----	—	10	—	85	—	10	158	180	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	34	73	61	225	45	15	148	223	43	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	33	68	68	235	149	64	58	88	176	15
\$300 to \$399 -----	219	44	234	145	199	84	54	36	98	179
\$400 to \$499 -----	197	98	106	58	74	59	10	20	63	189
\$500 to \$599 -----	86	—	15	21	21	—	—	—	10	72
\$600 to \$749 -----	42	15	11	22	19	—	—	—	17	42
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	40	20	19	69	45	44	11	17	47	18
Median (dollars) -----	406	306	356	246	328	358	119	136	295	420
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 -----	65	133	192	446	188	106	351	361	157	40
Less than 20 percent -----	6	10	9	8	—	—	24	48	8	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	18	37	—	—	32	34	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	18	16	17	—	—	44	45	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	18	—	34	13	—	40	20	44	—
35 percent or more -----	59	77	120	281	141	62	176	182	91	40
Not computed -----	—	10	29	69	34	44	35	32	14	—
Median -----	50.0+	39.1	49.9	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	40.3	39.6	47.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	170	79	154	252	163	74	50	153	115	102
Less than 20 percent -----	19	27	17	109	36	—	15	65	45	—
20 to 24 percent -----	20	8	31	52	34	17	4	28	7	20
25 to 29 percent -----	42	12	11	37	10	13	5	16	14	15
30 to 34 percent -----	56	13	53	25	30	28	15	8	21	34
35 percent or more -----	33	9	42	29	40	—	—	27	11	33
Not computed -----	—	10	—	—	13	16	11	9	17	—
Median -----	30.4	24.7	31.7	21.6	27.5	29.6	25.5	21.3	22.9	32.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	249	80	148	112	132	88	31	50	152	217
Less than 20 percent -----	129	26	74	89	94	70	31	35	90	120
20 to 24 percent -----	87	14	52	10	11	12	—	7	15	79
25 to 29 percent -----	4	40	17	8	—	—	—	—	17	—
30 to 34 percent -----	8	—	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	8
35 percent or more -----	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Not computed -----	21	—	—	—	17	6	—	8	24	10
Median -----	19.3	25.0	20.0	14.8	14.3	17.9	17.5	16.1	18.0	19.2
\$35,000 or more -----	167	36	25	50	69	8	7	—	42	156
Less than 20 percent -----	148	36	25	50	69	8	7	—	42	148
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Median -----	12.5	11.5	11.1	11.0	13.4	12.5	10.0	—	13.0	12.5



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL—Con.						Remainder of Russell County, AL			
	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 304 (pt.)	Tract 305 (pt.)	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 308 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	104	858	603	633	—	—	111	238	31	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	31	539	238	315	—	—	39	120	7	—
Less than \$300 .....	5	64	43	29	—	—	—	6	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	13	57	38	57	—	—	10	22	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	126	75	76	—	—	8	12	7	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	140	17	93	—	—	7	30	—	—
\$600 to \$799 .....	6	128	60	39	—	—	14	35	—	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	12	5	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	7	6	—	7	—	—	—	10	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	379	515	460	494	—	—	511	548	475	—
Not mortgaged .....	73	319	365	318	—	—	72	118	24	—
Less than \$100 .....	25	25	90	78	—	—	27	15	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	43	236	221	190	—	—	30	69	15	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	5	53	44	39	—	—	9	22	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	5	10	5	—	—	6	7	9	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	5	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	151	165	131	143	—	—	152	171	179	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	51	227	336	340	—	—	52	67	24	—
Less than 20 percent .....	51	75	161	142	—	—	35	29	8	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	24	32	56	—	—	—	16	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	23	16	14	—	—	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	10	28	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	84	82	100	—	—	8	22	9	—
Not computed .....	—	11	17	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	11.0	27.0	19.9	22.1	—	—	15.5	21.4	22.9	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	39	322	133	169	—	—	21	50	7	—
Less than 20 percent .....	27	169	107	85	—	—	14	35	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	6	54	14	27	—	—	—	8	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	67	12	39	—	—	7	7	7	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	24	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	18.2	13.2	19.9	—	—	10.0	10.0	27.5	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	7	216	78	102	—	—	14	67	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	7	167	78	88	—	—	14	67	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	37	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	15.1	15.0	14.1	—	—	10.0	15.3	—	—
\$50,000 or more .....	7	93	56	22	—	—	24	54	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	7	93	56	22	—	—	24	39	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.5	10.0	10.5	11.9	—	—	10.7	10.4	—	—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units .....</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>860</b>	—	—	<b>136</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>42</b>	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	10	—	3	85	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	73	56	131	225	—	—	34	—	5	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	62	59	114	235	—	—	18	6	9	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	29	211	206	145	—	—	40	15	23	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	83	106	195	58	—	—	8	15	—	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	15	37	21	—	—	14	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749 .....	15	11	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	10	19	45	69	—	—	22	10	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	293	361	340	246	—	—	313	389	328	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	125	184	258	446	—	—	25	8	8	—
Less than 20 percent .....	10	9	6	8	—	—	6	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	18	—	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	18	16	15	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	18	—	23	34	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	69	112	185	281	—	—	19	8	8	—
Not computed .....	10	29	29	69	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	38.0	48.8	50.0+	50.0+	—	—	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	69	138	182	252	—	—	68	10	16	—
Less than 20 percent .....	27	12	23	109	—	—	19	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent .....	8	20	27	52	—	—	—	—	11	—
25 to 29 percent .....	12	11	43	37	—	—	27	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	13	53	13	25	—	—	22	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	9	42	58	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Median .....	24.7	32.5	28.7	21.6	—	—	27.8	—	21.4	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	71	134	166	112	—	—	32	9	14	—
Less than 20 percent .....	26	65	83	89	—	—	9	—	9	—
20 to 24 percent .....	14	52	63	10	—	—	8	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	31	17	6	8	—	—	4	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Not computed .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	11	—	—	—
Median .....	23.4	20.2	19.8	14.8	—	—	20.9	27.5	13.9	—
\$35,000 or more .....	17	21	134	50	—	—	11	19	4	—
Less than 20 percent .....	17	21	134	50	—	—	—	19	4	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—
Median .....	15.3	12.5	12.4	11.0	—	—	—	11.3	10.0	—

Table 33. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 108</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>721</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>—</b>
Less than \$300.....	85	22	52	54	36	—	—	23	—
\$300 to \$399.....	154	61	19	24	76	—	—	29	—
\$400 to \$499.....	144	47	75	25	33	—	—	24	—
\$500 to \$599.....	115	29	33	5	21	—	—	15	—
\$600 to \$799.....	156	52	39	10	29	7	7	25	—
\$800 to \$999.....	54	9	18	8	19	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	7	6	9	—	15	7	7	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	481	473	474	356	409	825	825	423	—
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>387</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>—</b>
Less than \$100.....	38	61	30	75	51	14	14	9	—
\$100 to \$199.....	216	127	121	148	171	—	—	84	—
\$200 to \$299.....	95	40	13	63	13	—	—	14	—
\$300 to \$399.....	23	5	13	2	—	—	—	7	—
\$400 to \$499.....	15	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	169	137	135	140	152	100—	100—	153	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	384	211	194	224	259	21	21	96	—
Less than 20 percent.....	146	89	58	97	83	—	—	42	—
20 to 24 percent.....	75	39	30	29	52	—	—	17	—
25 to 29 percent.....	22	25	28	14	14	—	—	12	—
30 to 34 percent.....	24	19	15	10	14	—	—	11	—
35 percent or more.....	106	31	63	66	91	7	7	14	—
Not computed.....	11	8	—	8	5	14	14	—	—
Median.....	22.7	21.6	26.6	21.9	24.2	45.0	45.0	21.8	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	283	109	95	119	104	—	—	74	—
Less than 20 percent.....	164	69	82	104	70	—	—	55	—
20 to 24 percent.....	75	9	13	—	34	—	—	3	—
25 to 29 percent.....	20	18	—	15	—	—	—	13	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
35 percent or more.....	24	13	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.6	14.0	13.1	10.1	13.0	—	—	14.3	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	226	115	80	53	53	—	—	30	—
Less than 20 percent.....	171	97	68	45	37	—	—	28	—
20 to 24 percent.....	40	18	12	2	16	—	—	2	—
25 to 29 percent.....	9	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.4	13.0	15.0	10.0—	14.1	—	—	10.0—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	215	43	53	20	48	7	7	30	—
Less than 20 percent.....	215	43	42	20	38	7	7	30	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	11	—	10	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.4	10.0—	17.0	10.0—	16.7	17.5	17.5	10.0—	—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>552</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>1 990</b>	<b>1 983</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	—	10	19	14	25	7	7	6	—
\$100 to \$199.....	45	15	17	66	36	7	7	37	—
\$200 to \$299.....	149	64	39	22	79	13	13	83	—
\$300 to \$399.....	199	84	23	14	25	189	189	61	—
\$400 to \$499.....	74	59	18	12	—	331	331	12	—
\$500 to \$599.....	21	—	29	—	—	106	106	3	—
\$600 to \$749.....	19	—	—	—	—	67	60	—	7
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	—	19	19	3	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
No cash rent.....	45	44	18	61	40	1 251	1 251	32	—
Median (dollars).....	328	358	269	166	235	431	431	284	625
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	188	106	51	96	107	60	60	107	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	10	5	5	—	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	4	19	—	—	3	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	9	2	22	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	13	—	—	7	—	—	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	141	62	32	40	24	5	5	68	—
Not computed.....	34	44	—	38	37	55	55	22	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	44.6	44.4	27.5	50.0+	50.0+	49.7	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	163	74	28	50	46	421	421	57	—
Less than 20 percent.....	36	—	8	22	24	—	—	15	—
20 to 24 percent.....	34	17	—	5	11	46	46	19	—
25 to 29 percent.....	10	13	7	8	3	43	43	15	—
30 to 34 percent.....	30	28	—	—	8	29	29	4	—
35 percent or more.....	40	—	13	—	—	17	17	4	—
Not computed.....	13	16	—	15	—	286	286	—	—
Median.....	27.5	29.6	29.3	18.0	19.8	27.5	27.5	23.6	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	132	88	61	32	45	966	966	50	—
Less than 20 percent.....	94	70	33	20	39	174	174	39	—
20 to 24 percent.....	11	12	18	—	3	168	168	2	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	5	—	—	43	43	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	10	—	—	—	—	11	11	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	17	6	5	12	3	570	570	9	—
Median.....	14.3	17.9	17.7	10.0—	12.1	20.7	20.7	16.0	—
\$35,000 or more.....	69	8	23	11	7	543	536	25	7
Less than 20 percent.....	69	8	10	8	7	203	196	22	7
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	13	3	—	340	340	3	—
Median.....	13.4	12.5	10.0—	11.7	12.5	15.4	15.2	10.0—	17.5



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA							
	Tract 16	Tract 110	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>230</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>443</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	81	40	5	478	16	621	87	70	297	190
Less than \$300.....	29	7	—	75	7	76	25	45	53	50
\$300 to \$399.....	34	20	—	83	9	82	32	8	48	—
\$400 to \$499.....	5	7	—	61	—	74	24	17	51	40
\$500 to \$599.....	13	2	—	68	—	132	—	—	54	32
\$600 to \$799.....	—	1	5	123	—	171	6	—	57	51
\$800 to \$999.....	—	3	—	38	—	64	—	—	22	13
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	—	30	—	22	—	—	12	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	360	379	725	534	356	567	344	250	495	509
Not mortgaged.....	149	80	6	390	104	357	196	111	296	253
Less than \$100.....	69	23	—	12	14	51	67	35	51	41
\$100 to \$199.....	74	57	—	275	67	227	114	52	195	179
\$200 to \$299.....	—	—	6	79	6	62	3	24	39	33
\$300 to \$399.....	6	—	—	5	12	17	3	—	7	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	5	—	9	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	107	122	225	164	156	140	115	138	133	153
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	146	74	6	289	81	317	199	105	242	144
Less than 20 percent.....	80	28	—	158	34	180	104	59	131	61
20 to 24 percent.....	17	24	—	37	9	24	19	5	10	18
25 to 29 percent.....	11	2	—	24	13	22	19	10	13	26
30 to 34 percent.....	11	7	6	19	9	11	11	16	27	—
35 percent or more.....	27	13	—	51	16	80	46	15	61	35
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Median.....	18.8	21.9	32.5	18.7	23.6	17.6	19.1	18.6	19.4	22.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	62	28	—	248	28	240	47	36	129	140
Less than 20 percent.....	42	24	—	185	28	115	43	36	95	122
20 to 24 percent.....	20	3	—	17	—	42	4	—	15	11
25 to 29 percent.....	—	1	—	6	—	42	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	35	—	26	—	—	5	3
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	5	—	15	—	—	14	4
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.8	12.5	—	12.0	10.0	20.6	10.0	12.5	13.4	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	17	3	—	108	11	283	16	40	125	97
Less than 20 percent.....	17	3	—	76	11	223	16	40	96	69
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	22	—	33	—	—	24	13
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	15
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	5	—	6	—	—	5	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	—	16.3	10.0	16.4	10.0	10.0	12.6	15.5
\$50,000 or more.....	5	15	5	223	—	138	21	—	97	62
Less than 20 percent.....	5	14	5	215	—	122	21	—	91	62
20 to 24 percent.....	—	1	—	8	—	16	—	—	6	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	—	11.2	—	10.0	—	—	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>978</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>761</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	232	—	6	—	23	—	6	—	5	—
\$100 to \$199.....	289	5	14	5	59	—	72	24	56	16
\$200 to \$299.....	265	45	144	11	104	33	177	91	131	34
\$300 to \$399.....	126	22	71	73	51	42	139	70	80	212
\$400 to \$499.....	32	15	13	59	—	66	35	30	91	350
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	24	42	10	45	13	—	47	86
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	18	9	—	20	—	—	7	43
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	8
\$1,000 or more.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	27	5	—	11	4	—	11	14	18	12
Median (dollars).....	184	292	284	428	226	471	279	293	316	451
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	723	21	214	13	129	34	172	67	110	119
Less than 20 percent.....	58	—	13	—	23	—	—	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent.....	85	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	4	8
25 to 29 percent.....	126	—	7	—	6	—	22	5	9	—
30 to 34 percent.....	65	—	5	—	24	—	11	7	9	—
35 percent or more.....	352	15	183	13	66	34	117	52	64	99
Not computed.....	37	6	6	—	10	—	5	3	19	12
Median.....	35.6	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	38.6	50.0+	39.4	50.0+	43.2	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	152	52	60	50	43	63	116	113	154	194
Less than 20 percent.....	54	6	—	5	15	—	21	39	48	—
20 to 24 percent.....	28	20	9	—	15	7	25	12	42	36
25 to 29 percent.....	23	10	6	12	13	33	17	5	17	14
30 to 34 percent.....	47	11	9	16	—	6	18	13	30	57
35 percent or more.....	—	5	36	17	—	17	29	38	17	87
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Median.....	23.9	25.0	40.3	32.5	22.2	28.7	27.6	27.5	23.5	34.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	97	14	8	98	57	55	135	58	118	282
Less than 20 percent.....	78	11	—	61	57	22	111	38	79	106
20 to 24 percent.....	19	1	—	9	—	12	24	8	28	118
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	17	—	21	—	7	11	52
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	2	—	11	—	—	—	5	—	6
Median.....	14.8	13.3	32.5	17.8	13.5	22.3	16.2	17.5	18.0	21.4
\$35,000 or more.....	6	5	8	49	22	54	30	—	53	166
Less than 20 percent.....	6	5	8	49	22	43	30	—	47	156
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	10
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median.....	10.0	11.9	10.0	13.1	10.0	16.0	10.0	—	13.5	12.8

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 10	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	997	973	703	135	228	82	230	229	212	685
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	634	512	441	42	105	28	81	102	127	521
Less than \$300 .....	52	—	15	11	21	13	29	12	34	81
\$300 to \$399 .....	100	6	24	9	8	5	34	40	13	126
\$400 to \$499 .....	70	30	65	10	21	—	5	11	21	96
\$500 to \$599 .....	64	47	65	—	38	—	13	15	23	80
\$600 to \$799 .....	133	138	105	4	10	10	—	11	30	42
\$800 to \$999 .....	90	68	78	8	7	—	—	13	—	76
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	101	133	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	24	51	27	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	39	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	670	923	698	413	516	360	360	397	483	437
Not mortgaged .....	363	461	262	93	123	54	149	127	85	164
Less than \$100 .....	20	4	25	25	24	16	69	55	27	35
\$100 to \$199 .....	199	138	117	53	78	34	74	46	45	83
\$200 to \$299 .....	114	156	32	15	6	4	—	26	9	40
\$300 to \$399 .....	24	100	31	—	15	—	6	—	4	6
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	32	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	6	31	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	183	240	191	136	135	123	107	113	132	140
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	226	140	154	87	109	63	146	116	96	302
Less than 20 percent .....	87	48	31	35	41	12	80	53	49	69
20 to 24 percent .....	33	31	18	19	15	13	17	12	—	42
25 to 29 percent .....	19	7	19	4	4	7	11	12	—	19
30 to 34 percent .....	8	5	7	11	—	13	11	16	6	45
35 percent or more .....	79	44	72	18	49	14	27	17	30	127
Not computed .....	—	5	7	—	—	4	—	6	11	—
Median .....	23.9	23.1	33.9	22.2	24.5	28.2	18.8	20.8	17.0	32.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	203	107	169	23	61	10	62	63	62	162
Less than 20 percent .....	112	72	99	17	44	4	42	40	34	104
20 to 24 percent .....	24	8	41	6	—	—	9	—	4	18
25 to 29 percent .....	24	6	6	—	9	6	—	—	18	8
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	14	—	8	—	—	4	6	19
35 percent or more .....	38	21	9	—	—	—	—	10	—	13
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.6	13.1	17.1	13.7	10.0	25.8	10.8	10.0	16.3	16.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	219	170	136	13	23	9	17	40	33	125
Less than 20 percent .....	153	119	96	4	13	9	17	29	30	92
20 to 24 percent .....	24	18	23	4	10	—	—	11	3	20
25 to 29 percent .....	18	10	10	5	—	—	—	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent .....	18	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	6	16	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.0	13.8	13.5	23.1	18.9	10.0	10.0	13.2	16.4	15.5
\$50,000 or more .....	349	556	244	12	35	—	5	10	21	96
Less than 20 percent .....	288	451	225	12	35	—	5	10	18	85
20 to 24 percent .....	50	52	11	—	—	—	—	—	3	5
25 to 29 percent .....	5	20	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
35 percent or more .....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	11.5	10.0	11.1	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	11.4	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	558	158	1 076	388	830	257	978	445	396	403
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	36	217	8	232	—	16	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	8	4	28	138	280	92	289	79	83	15
\$200 to \$299 .....	64	18	113	151	145	113	265	152	102	188
\$300 to \$399 .....	194	42	395	43	142	33	126	105	95	47
\$400 to \$499 .....	130	28	301	—	20	11	32	63	47	88
\$500 to \$599 .....	39	19	187	8	12	—	—	28	11	26
\$600 to \$749 .....	52	20	36	—	—	—	—	9	21	12
\$750 to \$999 .....	43	9	—	—	7	—	—	5	7	6
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	28	18	9	12	7	—	27	4	14	21
Median (dollars) .....	400	417	399	208	154	232	184	294	289	292
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	95	29	192	204	624	120	723	122	142	185
Less than 20 percent .....	4	—	—	24	18	—	58	7	6	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	12	82	—	85	4	38	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	17	124	6	126	10	41	16
30 to 34 percent .....	4	—	14	42	82	—	65	11	8	6
35 percent or more .....	85	23	163	96	275	110	352	86	42	142
Not computed .....	2	6	15	13	43	4	37	4	7	21
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	35.1	34.1	47.1	35.6	42.8	27.9	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	161	45	355	103	109	102	152	139	98	123
Less than 20 percent .....	—	7	19	44	31	79	54	30	22	7
20 to 24 percent .....	12	—	25	24	14	23	28	32	30	22
25 to 29 percent .....	34	8	83	29	40	—	23	15	11	25
30 to 34 percent .....	36	7	74	—	13	—	47	37	20	48
35 percent or more .....	67	23	154	—	11	—	—	25	8	21
Not computed .....	12	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	7	—
Median .....	34.0	50.0+	33.4	20.9	26.2	15.0	23.9	27.5	23.9	30.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	194	10	361	51	54	21	97	135	114	83
Less than 20 percent .....	113	5	164	43	54	21	78	92	70	37
20 to 24 percent .....	32	5	130	—	—	—	19	30	25	22
25 to 29 percent .....	18	—	54	—	—	—	—	8	6	18
30 to 34 percent .....	24	—	13	8	—	—	—	5	6	6
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Median .....	18.8	20.0	20.6	12.7	15.8	12.5	14.8	16.7	18.3	21.0
\$35,000 or more .....	108	74	168	30	43	14	6	49	42	12
Less than 20 percent .....	95	56	148	30	26	14	6	49	42	12
20 to 24 percent .....	6	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	7	12	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.2	12.8	13.6	10.6	10.0	10.6	10.0	10.0	13.6	10.0



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>624</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>381</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	353	591	146	55	22	59	80	72	353	317
Less than \$300.....	95	170	22	15	10	6	42	32	43	27
\$300 to \$399.....	35	208	11	22	—	—	20	12	62	61
\$400 to \$499.....	73	104	27	18	—	—	5	22	56	32
\$500 to \$599.....	68	38	7	—	—	8	—	6	53	46
\$600 to \$799.....	68	65	35	—	—	25	13	—	85	71
\$800 to \$999.....	6	6	18	—	—	12	—	—	41	52
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	8	—	20	—	12	8	—	—	13	12
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	468	345	620	339	1 271	775	297	317	525	580
Not mortgaged.....	271	191	142	30	17	26	119	295	108	64
Less than \$100.....	38	17	16	13	—	—	39	34	6	16
\$100 to \$199.....	166	121	34	17	9	15	66	217	83	20
\$200 to \$299.....	61	31	41	—	8	—	14	19	5	21
\$300 to \$399.....	—	16	42	—	—	11	—	25	14	7
\$400 to \$499.....	6	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	163	165	246	156	147	188	137	144	151	167
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	185	379	66	36	17	26	140	256	91	101
Less than 20 percent.....	67	87	11	19	9	7	59	92	49	28
20 to 24 percent.....	32	51	—	—	—	—	4	12	10	—
25 to 29 percent.....	22	61	8	—	—	6	14	21	—	15
30 to 34 percent.....	7	10	5	—	—	—	19	21	—	—
35 percent or more.....	50	164	37	17	8	13	44	98	32	58
Not computed.....	7	6	5	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
Median.....	23.4	29.0	40.4	14.2	10.0	32.5	27.5	29.3	18.5	37.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	245	215	86	24	—	14	35	70	101	117
Less than 20 percent.....	171	182	72	24	—	—	22	70	62	44
20 to 24 percent.....	23	26	—	—	—	—	5	—	14	7
25 to 29 percent.....	23	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	9	39
30 to 34 percent.....	16	—	8	—	—	—	8	—	5	7
35 percent or more.....	12	7	6	—	—	—	—	—	11	20
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.9	15.3	15.5	14.4	—	27.5	17.5	10.0	17.6	26.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	129	137	46	12	—	21	24	26	199	86
Less than 20 percent.....	115	130	36	12	—	14	24	26	166	56
20 to 24 percent.....	—	7	10	—	—	—	—	—	18	7
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	15	7
30 to 34 percent.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.0	12.0	13.4	10.0	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	14.3	14.2
\$50,000 or more.....	65	51	90	13	22	24	—	15	70	77
Less than 20 percent.....	65	51	84	13	—	24	—	15	70	77
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	20.4	15.4	—	10.0	10.2	14.8
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>306</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>882</b>	<b>879</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	—	9	17	117	202	—	128	15	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	8	70	17	131	319	16	134	315	7	28
\$200 to \$299.....	48	163	89	229	225	121	134	342	72	210
\$300 to \$399.....	60	126	173	102	43	159	75	137	229	296
\$400 to \$499.....	110	81	206	7	7	21	31	41	412	272
\$500 to \$599.....	31	51	26	12	—	12	—	26	94	39
\$600 to \$749.....	24	13	6	—	—	—	—	10	44	26
\$750 to \$999.....	—	4	—	8	—	—	—	11	16	—
\$1,000 or more.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
No cash rent.....	20	10	—	—	—	—	7	22	8	—
Median (dollars).....	432	309	387	241	142	310	194	235	432	371
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	34	164	121	319	540	106	339	525	133	274
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	6	32	54	—	6	25	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	16	40	83	—	39	29	7	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	6	70	102	7	28	29	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	6	32	75	17	54	61	—	20
35 percent or more.....	24	142	71	145	210	82	190	333	101	254
Not computed.....	10	14	16	—	16	—	22	48	25	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	45.0	32.7	31.5	50.0+	48.2	46.7	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	85	197	191	148	207	145	127	237	321	264
Less than 20 percent.....	9	42	12	77	137	21	61	82	13	20
20 to 24 percent.....	21	12	24	31	38	35	33	52	18	103
25 to 29 percent.....	12	39	35	12	—	20	15	31	64	71
30 to 34 percent.....	5	4	37	11	7	21	—	18	81	47
35 percent or more.....	31	90	83	17	25	48	11	49	145	23
Not computed.....	7	10	—	—	—	—	7	5	—	—
Median.....	28.8	30.6	33.3	19.7	17.0	29.1	19.9	23.3	34.0	25.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	110	118	160	86	43	47	43	141	310	253
Less than 20 percent.....	75	104	71	80	43	37	43	130	137	161
20 to 24 percent.....	17	10	82	6	—	10	—	6	112	72
25 to 29 percent.....	7	4	7	—	—	—	—	5	28	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—
35 percent or more.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	15
Not computed.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.0	14.0	20.5	13.1	10.0	17.6	13.8	16.0	20.8	18.5
\$35,000 or more.....	77	48	62	53	6	31	—	16	118	88
Less than 20 percent.....	74	48	56	53	6	31	—	16	102	88
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	3	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.6	10.0	12.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	11.4	14.1	13.7

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.02	Tract 101.03	Tract 101.04	Tract 102.01
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	355	1 133	149	872	194	286	1 148	618	691
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage -----	227	791	90	616	133	183	994	567	616
Less than \$300 -----	71	200	28	162	41	7	60	7	6
\$300 to \$399 -----	82	96	11	91	12	21	119	—	56
\$400 to \$499 -----	44	127	34	68	44	12	55	28	43
\$500 to \$599 -----	19	117	—	94	20	18	144	32	126
\$600 to \$799 -----	4	174	—	117	10	20	260	121	201
\$800 to \$999 -----	7	38	—	79	6	23	172	102	92
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	—	39	17	5	—	69	131	241	67
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	13	42	28	16
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	9
Median (dollars) -----	358	466	459	479	427	938	684	982	664
Not mortgaged -----	128	342	59	256	61	103	154	51	75
Less than \$100 -----	6	29	35	35	—	17	5	—	13
\$100 to \$199 -----	94	210	24	171	48	35	94	5	9
\$200 to \$299 -----	28	84	—	33	7	32	55	32	46
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	—	—	17	6	19	—	14	7
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	139	161	100—	143	148	197	182	232	222
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 -----	223	355	76	357	100	38	151	77	69
Less than 20 percent -----	65	164	15	101	30	23	12	5	23
20 to 24 percent -----	38	26	—	39	5	7	21	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	10	5	8	35	16	—	19	—	11
30 to 34 percent -----	27	17	16	14	—	—	21	—	—
35 percent or more -----	83	143	37	168	49	8	78	72	31
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Median -----	29.2	22.6	34.7	31.3	29.7	18.7	36.0	50.0+	29.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	93	365	41	264	37	71	261	92	237
Less than 20 percent -----	73	245	41	157	13	59	137	33	36
20 to 24 percent -----	13	64	—	41	8	12	38	10	64
25 to 29 percent -----	—	21	—	34	16	—	38	7	58
30 to 34 percent -----	7	14	—	23	—	—	31	20	69
35 percent or more -----	—	21	—	9	—	—	17	22	10
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	14.5	14.5	10.0—	15.5	23.4	10.9	19.4	27.1	26.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	25	227	17	164	42	63	325	97	121
Less than 20 percent -----	18	214	—	109	36	34	147	35	59
20 to 24 percent -----	7	13	—	19	6	—	74	25	58
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	17	6	—	8	62	26	4
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	30	—	—	14	11	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	21	28	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	14.5	12.9	27.5	15.8	10.0—	18.2	21.0	22.7	20.1
\$50,000 or more -----	14	186	15	87	15	114	411	352	264
Less than 20 percent -----	14	158	15	82	15	83	324	221	225
20 to 24 percent -----	—	6	—	—	—	24	38	56	30
25 to 29 percent -----	—	22	—	5	—	—	15	55	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	7	34	12	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	9
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	10.0—	12.5	12.3	10.0—	16.6	15.8	18.3	14.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	696	740	1 320	963	995	26	355	1 750	100
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	138	6	8	6	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	73	5	477	135	20	6	9	—	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	339	119	306	254	224	8	—	7	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	194	233	291	346	600	—	20	136	15
\$400 to \$499 -----	73	202	64	137	66	—	107	626	16
\$500 to \$599 -----	5	62	17	43	22	—	136	639	49
\$600 to \$749 -----	—	95	—	11	—	6	47	326	20
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	4	8	12	23	—	11	—	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—
No cash rent -----	12	20	19	19	32	—	25	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	281	402	207	312	333	253	528	513	531
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 -----	333	100	859	385	231	18	32	72	—
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	55	19	—	6	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	96	6	—	6	9	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	9	70	12	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	20	—	66	32	21	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	280	86	533	298	203	6	6	64	—
Not computed -----	33	5	39	18	7	—	17	8	—
Median -----	50.0+	50.0+	44.1	50.0+	50.0+	22.5	24.2	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	200	305	288	364	403	—	41	310	22
Less than 20 percent -----	72	37	81	29	20	—	—	—	9
20 to 24 percent -----	47	39	86	81	90	—	—	5	—
25 to 29 percent -----	30	52	30	79	133	—	—	64	—
30 to 34 percent -----	5	73	26	51	76	—	8	84	—
35 percent or more -----	43	104	58	118	72	—	25	157	13
Not computed -----	3	—	7	6	12	—	8	—	—
Median -----	22.8	31.7	23.5	29.4	28.2	—	41.8	35.2	36.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	130	266	138	174	272	—	144	739	42
Less than 20 percent -----	118	142	115	132	187	—	42	206	—
20 to 24 percent -----	5	32	11	19	72	—	60	329	35
25 to 29 percent -----	7	51	—	—	—	—	29	157	7
30 to 34 percent -----	—	19	—	—	—	—	13	25	—
35 percent or more -----	—	7	—	23	—	—	—	22	—
Not computed -----	—	15	12	—	13	—	—	—	—
Median -----	13.9	19.1	15.5	16.8	17.8	—	22.5	22.5	23.0
\$35,000 or more -----	33	69	35	40	89	8	138	629	36
Less than 20 percent -----	24	65	35	34	89	8	122	576	31
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	34	5
25 to 29 percent -----	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	9	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.4	12.2	11.3	12.5	10.0—	10.0—	15.0	14.4	13.8



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 102.02	Tract 103.01	Tract 103.02	Tract 104.01	Tract 104.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	2 053	473	1 204	1 920	789	1 718	1 198	1 706	753	
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	1 836	347	1 064	1 391	483	1 388	1 073	1 505	619	
Less than \$300 .....	83	11	14	111	78	130	286	263	71	
\$300 to \$399 .....	74	7	32	144	81	116	180	212	75	
\$400 to \$499 .....	129	6	49	188	55	142	133	247	89	
\$500 to \$599 .....	276	5	79	199	68	98	196	315	51	
\$600 to \$799 .....	547	—	282	319	128	348	253	350	167	
\$800 to \$999 .....	470	43	277	165	44	178	15	62	148	
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	257	68	237	257	29	274	10	34	18	
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	81	78	—	—	65	—	22	—	
\$2,000 or more .....	—	126	16	8	—	37	—	—	—	
Median (dollars) .....	725	1 707	850	650	562	735	468	509	647	
Not mortgaged .....	217	126	140	529	306	330	125	201	134	
Less than \$100 .....	7	—	23	56	37	20	12	31	—	
\$100 to \$199 .....	111	—	62	293	210	174	90	112	74	
\$200 to \$299 .....	74	23	55	157	53	66	18	48	41	
\$300 to \$399 .....	17	23	—	8	6	34	5	—	16	
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	20	—	7	—	36	—	—	3	
\$500 or more .....	8	60	—	8	—	—	—	10	—	
Median (dollars) .....	193	492	183	168	147	175	144	166	185	
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	184	28	98	300	231	310	301	377	197	
Less than 20 percent .....	66	—	23	160	128	82	105	83	44	
20 to 24 percent .....	15	8	21	16	30	37	35	23	22	
25 to 29 percent .....	—	11	—	45	11	8	26	36	5	
30 to 34 percent .....	15	—	—	28	5	15	16	57	22	
35 percent or more .....	79	9	54	44	51	168	119	171	104	
Not computed .....	9	—	—	7	6	—	—	7	—	
Median .....	32.2	27.7	41.5	19.0	18.9	37.2	27.0	33.8	35.7	
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	420	31	202	570	204	341	397	586	210	
Less than 20 percent .....	106	6	73	285	104	146	238	257	57	
20 to 24 percent .....	70	12	17	95	27	37	32	126	20	
25 to 29 percent .....	56	6	43	86	31	77	59	92	15	
30 to 34 percent .....	72	—	34	42	19	35	41	58	68	
35 percent or more .....	116	7	35	62	23	46	27	53	50	
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median .....	28.0	24.0	26.3	20.0	19.1	23.3	17.5	21.4	31.0	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	668	19	256	397	161	470	322	452	207	
Less than 20 percent .....	321	14	108	260	134	258	247	326	109	
20 to 24 percent .....	171	5	79	71	17	101	70	62	46	
25 to 29 percent .....	94	—	36	20	10	74	5	42	34	
30 to 34 percent .....	54	—	38	—	—	37	—	—	12	
35 percent or more .....	28	—	33	8	—	—	—	22	6	
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median .....	20.4	17.2	21.3	16.9	11.8	18.8	14.3	15.0	19.5	
\$50,000 or more .....	781	395	648	653	193	597	178	291	139	
Less than 20 percent .....	602	263	464	497	179	399	178	283	139	
20 to 24 percent .....	128	41	100	102	8	77	—	8	—	
25 to 29 percent .....	51	57	70	54	6	97	—	—	—	
30 to 34 percent .....	—	15	14	—	—	16	—	—	—	
35 percent or more .....	—	19	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median .....	15.3	14.7	16.7	14.4	10.9	15.2	11.8	10.8	10.1	
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	345	9	391	431	288	1 164	610	720	171	
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	41	—	7	—	
\$100 to \$199 .....	37	—	—	6	—	121	—	58	—	
\$200 to \$299 .....	35	—	—	17	20	104	25	32	23	
\$300 to \$399 .....	75	—	12	35	52	245	55	207	47	
\$400 to \$499 .....	19	—	97	173	140	406	290	190	40	
\$500 to \$599 .....	55	—	87	100	37	136	193	128	27	
\$600 to \$749 .....	65	6	114	42	19	54	47	50	34	
\$750 to \$999 .....	46	—	55	10	5	24	—	—	—	
\$1,000 or more .....	—	3	5	25	—	—	—	6	—	
No cash rent .....	13	—	21	23	15	33	—	42	—	
Median (dollars) .....	475	638	592	488	437	413	479	413	454	
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	62	—	22	54	68	264	51	223	47	
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	
20 to 24 percent .....	8	—	—	—	—	15	—	7	—	
25 to 29 percent .....	22	—	—	—	—	25	—	26	—	
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	38	—	12	—	
35 percent or more .....	26	—	13	50	54	131	51	105	47	
Not computed .....	6	—	9	4	14	42	—	73	—	
Median .....	29.5	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.5	50.0+	48.3	50.0+	
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	64	—	73	55	86	371	181	173	68	
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	6	7	49	—	—	—	
20 to 24 percent .....	7	—	—	8	21	56	19	26	20	
25 to 29 percent .....	19	—	—	13	18	51	13	27	16	
30 to 34 percent .....	19	—	8	10	4	84	32	29	—	
35 percent or more .....	19	—	51	18	29	131	117	91	32	
Not computed .....	—	—	14	—	7	—	—	—	—	
Median .....	31.6	—	38.8	30.2	28.2	31.8	37.4	35.7	29.4	
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	112	—	100	135	58	390	244	188	42	
Less than 20 percent .....	48	—	24	63	20	142	71	68	18	
20 to 24 percent .....	25	—	29	37	34	173	113	51	—	
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	24	11	—	57	33	42	16	
30 to 34 percent .....	13	—	20	—	4	—	27	27	8	
35 percent or more .....	19	—	3	19	—	18	—	—	—	
Not computed .....	7	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	
Median .....	20.9	—	24.5	20.3	21.3	21.5	22.3	22.5	25.9	
\$35,000 or more .....	107	9	196	187	76	139	134	136	14	
Less than 20 percent .....	81	9	159	152	76	111	128	129	5	
20 to 24 percent .....	26	—	9	14	—	12	6	7	9	
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	18	—	—	8	—	—	—	
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	
Not computed .....	—	—	7	14	—	8	—	—	—	
Median .....	17.1	10.0	15.4	15.2	15.0	14.6	12.3	11.6	21.1	

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.							Remainder of Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108	Tract 109	Tract 110 (pt.)	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 110 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	—	1 099	1 311	1 022	—	158	—	—	120
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage -----	—	895	1 043	824	—	108	—	—	40
Less than \$300 -----	—	171	145	102	—	22	—	—	7
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	112	120	90	—	18	—	—	20
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	125	91	122	—	18	—	—	7
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	145	162	71	—	22	—	—	2
\$600 to \$799 -----	—	209	263	283	—	28	—	—	1
\$800 to \$999 -----	—	115	172	97	—	—	—	—	3
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	—	18	71	53	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	19	6	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	—	524	602	616	—	483	—	—	379
Not mortgaged -----	—	204	268	198	—	50	—	—	80
Less than \$100 -----	—	30	21	6	—	—	—	—	23
\$100 to \$199 -----	—	140	178	103	—	41	—	—	57
\$200 to \$299 -----	—	34	57	79	—	9	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more -----	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	—	153	173	189	—	172	—	—	122
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 -----	—	265	339	227	—	73	—	—	74
Less than 20 percent -----	—	63	58	60	—	19	—	—	28
20 to 24 percent -----	—	34	14	—	—	13	—	—	24
25 to 29 percent -----	—	26	19	12	—	4	—	—	2
30 to 34 percent -----	—	12	26	39	—	—	—	—	7
35 percent or more -----	—	130	198	98	—	37	—	—	13
Not computed -----	—	—	24	18	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	34.0	50.0+	34.2	—	35.2	—	—	21.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	—	331	421	255	—	26	—	—	28
Less than 20 percent -----	—	153	221	140	—	15	—	—	24
20 to 24 percent -----	—	76	41	24	—	—	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent -----	—	59	37	42	—	—	—	—	1
30 to 34 percent -----	—	38	73	35	—	11	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	5	49	14	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	20.8	19.4	18.8	—	12.5	—	—	12.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	—	312	318	318	—	46	—	—	3
Less than 20 percent -----	—	180	188	194	—	42	—	—	3
20 to 24 percent -----	—	107	44	54	—	4	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	18	55	47	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	24	17	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	7	7	6	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	17.7	17.5	17.8	—	10.0—	—	—	10.0—
\$50,000 or more -----	—	191	233	222	—	13	—	—	15
Less than 20 percent -----	—	186	217	213	—	13	—	—	14
20 to 24 percent -----	—	5	4	9	—	—	—	—	1
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	11.4	13.5	11.6	—	10.8	—	—	10.0—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units -----</b>	—	643	350	1 149	2 119	148	—	—	92
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	—	5	12	23	5	—	—	—	5
\$200 to \$299 -----	—	15	12	152	213	23	—	—	45
\$300 to \$399 -----	—	120	59	399	395	45	—	—	22
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	353	134	387	378	65	—	—	15
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	96	74	131	14	15	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749 -----	—	48	35	40	8	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	—	10	6	8	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	—	6	14	—	558	—	—	—	5
Median (dollars) -----	—	459	469	398	362	407	—	—	292
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 -----	—	82	84	205	192	42	—	—	21
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	67	84	161	98	35	—	—	15
Not computed -----	—	15	—	—	94	7	—	—	6
Median -----	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	—	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	—	237	95	436	970	41	—	—	52
Less than 20 percent -----	—	5	—	27	48	11	—	—	6
20 to 24 percent -----	—	30	7	73	119	—	—	—	20
25 to 29 percent -----	—	15	8	75	260	7	—	—	10
30 to 34 percent -----	—	75	31	78	182	—	—	—	11
35 percent or more -----	—	112	42	183	99	23	—	—	5
Not computed -----	—	—	7	—	262	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	34.6	34.7	32.8	28.6	41.1	—	—	25.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	—	183	109	400	830	59	—	—	14
Less than 20 percent -----	—	97	19	175	402	52	—	—	11
20 to 24 percent -----	—	26	44	192	191	7	—	—	1
25 to 29 percent -----	—	60	29	27	28	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	17	6	8	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	201	—	—	—	2
Median -----	—	19.7	24.0	20.7	18.3	17.6	—	—	13.3
\$35,000 or more -----	—	141	62	108	127	6	—	—	5
Less than 20 percent -----	—	141	46	101	69	6	—	—	5
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	9	7	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	7	—	58	—	—	—	—
Median -----	—	12.8	14.9	13.9	11.6	10.0—	—	—	11.9



**Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>54 142</b>	<b>11 077</b>	<b>11 077</b>	<b>5 845</b>	<b>43 065</b>	<b>1 734</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>41 331</b>	<b>41 114</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	812	271	271	81	541	41	7	500	500
1985 to 1988 .....	5 181	1 268	1 268	374	3 913	111	—	3 802	3 801
1980 to 1984 .....	5 044	1 172	1 172	471	3 872	111	44	3 761	3 756
1970 to 1979 .....	12 133	3 072	3 072	1 350	9 061	560	434	8 501	8 483
1960 to 1969 .....	11 643	1 875	1 875	1 072	9 768	273	183	9 495	9 485
1950 to 1959 .....	9 631	1 566	1 566	1 155	8 065	207	163	7 858	7 848
1940 to 1949 .....	4 863	793	793	589	4 070	115	94	3 955	3 933
1939 or earlier .....	4 835	1 060	1 060	753	3 775	316	270	3 459	3 308
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	475	47	47	29	428	—	—	428	428
1 bedroom .....	5 092	765	765	622	4 327	39	13	4 288	4 269
2 bedrooms .....	15 774	4 065	4 065	2 152	11 709	280	81	11 429	11 303
3 bedrooms .....	25 487	5 061	5 061	2 418	20 426	687	462	19 739	19 674
4 bedrooms .....	6 381	981	981	540	5 400	703	624	4 697	4 692
5 or more bedrooms .....	933	158	158	84	775	25	15	750	748
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	53 746	11 017	11 017	5 816	42 729	1 729	1 195	41 000	40 783
Source of water, public system or private company .....	53 080	10 455	10 455	5 807	42 625	1 700	1 179	40 925	40 708
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	47 572	6 302	6 302	5 680	41 270	1 232	1 180	40 038	39 821
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	157	51	51	11	106	—	—	106	106
Owner-occupied housing units .....	82	27	27	11	55	—	—	55	55
Renter-occupied housing units .....	75	24	24	—	51	—	—	51	51
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	36 692	4 634	4 634	3 526	32 058	779	760	31 279	31 074
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	3 408	2 199	2 199	167	1 209	366	15	843	842
Electricity .....	13 179	3 784	3 784	2 102	9 395	543	401	8 852	8 845
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	190	119	119	18	71	10	—	61	61
All other fuels .....	580	317	317	32	263	24	7	239	235
No fuel used .....	93	24	24	—	69	12	12	57	57
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	3 543	710	710	540	2 833	80	36	2 753	2 702
1 .....	18 370	3 516	3 516	2 183	14 854	471	318	14 383	14 296
2 .....	22 537	4 382	4 382	2 018	18 155	976	773	17 179	17 114
3 or more .....	9 692	2 469	2 469	1 104	7 223	207	68	7 016	7 002
Vehicles per household .....	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>33 917</b>	<b>7 825</b>	<b>7 825</b>	<b>3 722</b>	<b>26 092</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>25 699</b>	<b>25 573</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 991	771	771	309	2 220	71	7	2 149	2 134
1985 to 1988 .....	7 987	1 871	1 871	789	6 116	114	—	6 002	5 989
1980 to 1984 .....	4 765	1 190	1 190	438	3 575	59	—	3 516	3 510
1970 to 1979 .....	8 098	1 883	1 883	767	6 215	71	—	6 144	6 119
1969 or earlier .....	10 076	2 110	2 110	1 419	7 966	78	—	7 888	7 821
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>20 225</b>	<b>3 252</b>	<b>3 252</b>	<b>2 123</b>	<b>16 973</b>	<b>1 341</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>15 632</b>	<b>15 541</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	10 635	1 590	1 590	993	9 045	630	543	8 415	8 371
1985 to 1988 .....	6 379	975	975	631	5 404	623	598	4 781	4 756
1980 to 1984 .....	1 737	360	360	244	1 377	60	47	1 317	1 301
1970 to 1979 .....	1 022	207	207	164	815	26	—	789	787
1969 or earlier .....	452	120	120	91	332	2	—	330	326
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	2 614	702	702	300	1 912	53	6	1 859	1 833
Householder 65 years and over .....	11 925	2 659	2 659	1 647	9 266	95	—	9 171	9 090
Owner-occupied housing units .....	9 249	2 129	2 129	1 226	7 120	69	—	7 051	6 983
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	27	27	27	11	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	213	74	74	34	139	4	—	135	135
No vehicle available .....	1 879	412	412	336	1 467	27	—	1 440	1 412
Complete plumbing facilities .....	53 985	11 026	11 026	5 834	42 959	1 734	1 195	41 225	41 008
1.00 or less persons per room .....	52 981	10 811	10 811	5 752	42 170	1 711	1 187	40 459	40 256
1.01 or more persons per room .....	1 004	215	215	82	789	23	8	766	752
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	157	51	51	11	106	—	—	106	106
1.00 or less persons per room .....	141	35	35	—	106	—	—	106	106
1.01 or more persons per room .....	16	16	16	11	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	41 232	33 122	33 122	32 733	43 664	29 916	15 941	43 875	43 972
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	24 082	19 317	19 317	18 834	24 995	29 641	30 940	24 597	24 651
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	5 864	1 548	1 548	948	4 316	156	76	4 160	4 106
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 071	646	646	329	1 425	42	—	1 383	1 355
Renter-occupied housing units .....	3 793	902	902	619	2 891	114	76	2 777	2 751

**Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			Remainder of Russell County, AL		
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>2 234</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>2 243</b>	<b>723</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>2 243</b>	<b>723</b>	<b>758</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 -----	69	16	58	44	—	8	12	58	44	44
1985 to 1988 -----	135	106	447	207	—	99	39	447	207	130
1980 to 1984 -----	155	107	316	121	19	94	121	316	121	79
1970 to 1979 -----	729	255	720	241	—	249	191	720	241	301
1960 to 1969 -----	559	206	402	45	55	200	114	402	45	51
1950 to 1959 -----	409	166	149	41	105	159	78	149	41	48
1940 to 1949 -----	86	57	103	—	106	57	98	103	—	56
1939 or earlier -----	92	14	48	24	151	14	106	48	24	49
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom -----	—	15	12	6	—	15	6	12	6	—
1 bedroom -----	119	78	36	67	84	78	90	36	67	8
2 bedrooms -----	535	339	867	251	211	299	409	867	251	283
3 bedrooms -----	1 173	403	1 169	359	105	396	239	1 169	359	397
4 bedrooms -----	363	92	152	40	30	92	7	152	40	56
5 or more bedrooms -----	44	—	7	—	6	—	8	7	—	14
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	2 234	920	2 231	717	436	873	754	2 231	717	745
Source of water, public system or private company -----	2 179	915	2 159	651	436	868	759	2 159	651	521
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	1 927	841	219	84	436	816	744	219	84	44
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	10	—	10	6	—	—	—	10	6	11
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	10	6	—	—	—	10	6	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas -----	874	404	667	18	373	396	450	667	18	154
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	197	100	642	451	20	80	—	642	451	297
Electricity -----	1 126	396	774	191	37	377	309	774	191	271
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	9	18	57	—	—	18	—	57	—	7
All other fuels -----	28	9	88	63	6	9	—	88	63	29
No fuel used -----	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None -----	70	61	98	—	115	61	88	98	—	—
1 -----	599	292	608	244	210	279	373	608	244	134
2 -----	966	409	1 014	321	86	375	168	1 014	321	318
3 or more -----	599	165	523	158	25	165	130	523	158	306
Vehicles per household -----	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.8	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 685</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>1 711</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>1 711</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>622</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	254	43	199	67	11	43	28	199	67	74
1985 to 1988 -----	400	178	526	209	15	158	38	526	209	152
1980 to 1984 -----	240	42	335	77	11	34	24	335	77	85
1970 to 1979 -----	372	170	385	96	56	170	55	385	96	238
1969 or earlier -----	419	222	266	95	94	222	189	266	95	73
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>549</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>136</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	291	170	309	111	106	151	222	309	111	50
1985 to 1988 -----	161	70	152	56	42	70	136	152	56	51
1980 to 1984 -----	54	7	60	6	29	7	46	60	6	22
1970 to 1979 -----	43	25	—	6	40	25	—	—	6	7
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	11	—	32	—	21	11	—	6
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit -----	50	70	165	109	36	59	55	165	109	34
Householder 65 years and over -----	428	210	390	123	183	210	207	390	123	131
Owner-occupied housing units -----	409	128	332	99	83	128	154	332	99	125
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	10	—	6
No telephone in unit -----	—	7	40	—	—	7	14	40	—	—
No vehicle available -----	26	54	66	—	78	54	44	66	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	2 224	927	2 233	717	436	880	759	2 233	717	747
1.00 or less persons per room -----	2 218	903	2 179	702	413	856	747	2 179	702	733
1.01 or more persons per room -----	6	24	54	15	23	24	12	54	15	14
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	10	—	10	6	—	—	—	10	6	11
1.00 or less persons per room -----	10	—	10	6	—	—	—	10	6	6
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	39 332	31 438	31 005	39 619	20 272	31 517	24 406	31 005	39 619	34 257
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	27 883	15 221	18 576	18 869	10 735	15 402	19 042	18 576	18 869	26 676
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	127	138	311	94	151	130	206	311	94	54
Owner-occupied housing units -----	66	30	133	56	35	30	72	133	56	35
Renter-occupied housing units -----	61	108	178	38	116	100	134	178	38	19



Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA		
	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 9	Tract 14	Tract 16 (pt.)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>219</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>1 202</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>1 089</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>573</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	6	14	7	7	34	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	27	32	—	—	111	16	96	19	16
1980 to 1984 .....	26	93	44	44	67	7	140	—	7
1970 to 1979 .....	31	245	434	434	126	12	105	29	12
1960 to 1969 .....	18	85	183	183	90	24	142	52	24
1950 to 1959 .....	35	21	163	163	44	125	304	156	125
1940 to 1949 .....	23	12	101	94	14	99	227	160	99
1939 or earlier .....	53	107	270	270	46	290	75	228	290
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	—	—	—	—	—	32	17	11	32
1 bedroom .....	5	—	13	13	26	226	115	260	226
2 bedrooms .....	40	229	81	81	199	204	640	213	204
3 bedrooms .....	125	251	462	462	225	85	303	117	85
4 bedrooms .....	46	93	631	624	72	26	8	43	26
5 or more bedrooms .....	3	36	15	15	10	—	6	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	219	609	1 202	1 195	527	561	1 089	644	561
Source of water, public system or private company .....	209	463	1 186	1 179	514	573	1 089	644	573
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	126	33	1 187	1 180	45	573	1 089	644	573
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	3	—	—	—	12	—	—	12
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	3	—	—	—	12	—	—	12
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	2	159	767	760	12	502	676	566	502
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	110	265	15	15	351	7	19	—	7
Electricity .....	69	120	401	401	142	54	394	62	54
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	13	9	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	25	56	7	7	17	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	12	12	—	10	—	16	10
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	3	15	36	36	44	188	55	244	188
1 .....	57	106	318	318	153	273	509	217	273
2 .....	110	299	780	773	196	100	419	136	100
3 or more .....	49	189	68	68	139	12	106	47	12
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.9	.9	1.5	1.0	.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>201</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>189</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	23	33	7	7	64	—	15	18	—
1985 to 1988 .....	35	80	—	—	114	32	51	18	32
1980 to 1984 .....	42	132	—	—	59	36	27	52	36
1970 to 1979 .....	38	223	—	—	71	50	89	40	50
1969 or earlier .....	63	63	—	—	78	71	270	102	71
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>18</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>384</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	5	16	550	543	80	177	323	174	177
1985 to 1988 .....	5	31	598	598	25	134	228	151	134
1980 to 1984 .....	1	7	47	47	13	32	37	59	32
1970 to 1979 .....	2	17	—	—	26	25	29	24	25
1969 or earlier .....	5	7	—	—	2	16	20	6	16
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	—	31	6	6	47	167	43	113	167
Householder 65 years and over .....	76	153	—	—	95	159	341	209	159
Owner-occupied housing units .....	71	145	—	—	69	96	249	100	96
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	4	9	20	13	9
No vehicle available .....	3	—	—	—	27	65	34	81	65
Complete plumbing facilities .....	219	606	1 202	1 195	532	561	1 089	644	561
1.00 or less persons per room .....	217	579	1 194	1 187	517	510	1 081	620	510
1.01 or more persons per room .....	2	27	8	8	15	51	8	24	51
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	3	—	—	—	12	—	—	12
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	3	—	—	—	12	—	—	12
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	38 587	34 056	15 941	15 941	30 170	17 659	31 014	26 173	17 659
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	27 480	19 554	31 047	30 940	18 130	9 838	27 948	37 528	9 838
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	8	67	76	76	80	282	108	217	282
Owner-occupied housing units .....	3	51	—	—	42	21	50	32	21
Renter-occupied housing units .....	5	16	76	76	38	261	58	185	261

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.04
Occupied housing units .....	506	662	881	201	1 532	264	662	554	2 196
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	8	7	—	7	—	—	8
1985 to 1988 .....	7	32	115	12	83	19	7	—	855
1980 to 1984 .....	—	85	112	5	144	32	—	34	794
1970 to 1979 .....	53	252	268	30	84	42	38	82	522
1960 to 1969 .....	181	81	235	22	530	33	126	81	5
1950 to 1959 .....	72	201	101	59	565	38	314	123	—
1940 to 1949 .....	93	5	42	53	55	74	146	182	—
1939 or earlier .....	100	6	—	13	71	19	31	52	12
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	—	7	11	—	—	14	—	11	24
1 bedroom .....	99	182	158	21	65	64	53	156	519
2 bedrooms .....	212	230	404	90	512	138	254	285	964
3 bedrooms .....	163	223	282	90	893	41	304	88	505
4 bedrooms .....	32	15	26	—	62	7	45	7	176
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	5	—	—	—	—	6	7	8
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	506	662	869	201	1 532	264	662	554	2 196
Source of water, public system or private company .....	506	662	881	201	1 532	264	662	554	2 191
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	506	642	860	201	1 511	259	662	554	2 179
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	335	340	404	189	1 439	212	548	412	859
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	7	180	7	21	34	7	5	12
Electricity .....	171	315	297	5	72	12	90	137	1 325
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	38	21	104	25	39	63	77	47	29
1 .....	265	306	460	106	643	122	337	310	897
2 .....	155	282	276	42	633	66	184	180	997
3 or more .....	48	53	41	28	217	13	64	17	273
Vehicles per household .....	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	219	288	452	119	1 086	103	399	150	598
1989 to March 1990 .....	25	—	87	—	31	12	19	7	93
1985 to 1988 .....	22	52	71	6	164	24	42	25	301
1980 to 1984 .....	20	36	97	—	147	3	12	23	32
1970 to 1979 .....	54	53	82	10	230	4	108	12	167
1969 or earlier .....	98	147	115	103	514	60	218	83	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	287	374	429	82	446	161	263	404	1 598
1989 to March 1990 .....	124	271	329	50	275	74	103	244	1 037
1985 to 1988 .....	90	85	61	11	94	31	105	112	500
1980 to 1984 .....	35	4	23	15	56	19	20	33	61
1970 to 1979 .....	38	14	16	—	—	22	35	8	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	6	21	15	—	7	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	14	15	132	29	75	71	43	74	22
Householder 65 years and over .....	215	140	82	90	314	87	283	71	82
Owner-occupied housing units .....	141	126	82	90	306	46	193	46	40
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	25	7	12	12	17	26	64	8	7
Complete plumbing facilities .....	506	662	881	201	1 502	264	662	554	2 196
1.00 or less persons per room .....	506	656	834	185	1 502	243	646	525	2 175
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	6	47	16	—	21	16	29	21
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	51 037	42 717	24 228	20 998	37 590	16 981	26 072	20 189	54 154
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	41 569	26 944	20 493	11 445	18 169	15 323	13 254	17 812	33 130
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	26	21	175	52	144	68	112	125	82
Owner-occupied housing units .....	20	6	53	6	45	15	30	37	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	6	15	122	46	99	53	82	88	82



Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Occupied housing units .....	2 477	2 854	1 252	1 282	—	897	381	507	1 000
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	95	14	14	21	—	8	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	520	550	26	37	—	—	6	169	—
1980 to 1984 .....	343	459	—	16	—	33	4	106	28
1970 to 1979 .....	962	749	180	242	—	150	23	106	189
1960 to 1969 .....	303	523	821	756	—	379	125	112	423
1950 to 1959 .....	126	362	184	181	—	225	215	14	284
1940 to 1949 .....	103	146	14	19	—	60	8	—	69
1939 or earlier .....	25	51	13	10	—	42	—	—	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
1 bedroom .....	85	267	12	47	—	30	5	71	28
2 bedrooms .....	174	831	127	162	—	199	50	218	220
3 bedrooms .....	1 866	1 136	952	931	—	574	287	163	721
4 bedrooms .....	320	500	151	142	—	84	39	33	23
5 or more bedrooms .....	32	104	10	—	—	10	—	7	8
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 477	2 832	1 247	1 282	—	897	371	507	1 000
Source of water, public system or private company .....	2 447	2 848	1 252	1 282	—	897	381	507	1 000
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	2 304	2 833	1 252	1 235	—	863	376	507	995
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	1 918	2 131	1 142	1 121	—	738	327	279	721
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	115	22	7	12	—	8	8	—	6
Electricity .....	387	695	103	126	—	151	46	223	273
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	5	—
All other fuels .....	57	6	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	70	106	10	42	—	27	18	10	25
1 .....	431	991	373	445	—	297	99	200	482
2 .....	1 250	1 294	574	561	—	417	165	258	443
3 or more .....	726	463	295	234	—	156	99	39	50
Vehicles per household .....	2.2	1.8	2.0	1.8	—	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 109	1 913	930	947	—	612	324	185	—
1989 to March 1990 .....	168	147	34	78	—	40	13	13	—
1985 to 1988 .....	896	625	146	163	—	53	32	44	—
1980 to 1984 .....	417	329	76	140	—	77	13	27	—
1970 to 1979 .....	410	508	297	259	—	129	74	77	—
1969 or earlier .....	218	304	377	307	—	313	192	24	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	368	941	322	335	—	285	57	322	1 000
1989 to March 1990 .....	240	494	208	150	—	168	26	205	560
1985 to 1988 .....	85	311	63	107	—	72	10	102	425
1980 to 1984 .....	17	78	14	57	—	28	7	—	15
1970 to 1979 .....	9	58	24	21	—	7	7	15	—
1969 or earlier .....	17	—	13	—	—	10	7	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	28	96	42	28	—	21	—	5	48
Householder 65 years and over .....	225	660	181	149	—	197	124	11	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	161	488	163	130	—	187	124	11	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	55	52	5	24	—	—	14	5	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 477	2 840	1 252	1 282	—	897	381	507	1 000
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 460	2 832	1 228	1 257	—	891	370	476	932
1.01 or more persons per room .....	17	8	24	25	—	6	11	31	68
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	48 091	46 072	33 043	34 895	—	30 338	33 097	37 431	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	28 807	24 075	24 570	26 029	—	24 071	25 816	28 352	22 095
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	72	264	85	162	—	100	30	24	136
Owner-occupied housing units .....	34	132	48	50	—	76	21	15	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	38	132	37	112	—	24	9	9	136

**Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA—AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgio (pt.)	Chottahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Alobomo (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 946	5 489	5 489	3 427	23 457	147	7	23 310	23 190
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	19 461	3 192	3 192	1 964	16 269	80	7	16 189	16 149
Less than \$300	2 513	369	369	210	2 144	9	—	2 135	2 128
\$300 to \$399	2 195	557	557	320	1 638	6	—	1 632	1 612
\$400 to \$499	2 356	605	605	335	1 751	18	—	1 733	1 726
\$500 to \$599	2 858	635	635	443	2 223	15	—	2 208	2 206
\$600 to \$799	4 446	648	648	397	3 798	32	7	3 766	3 765
\$800 to \$999	2 308	215	215	143	2 093	—	—	2 093	2 090
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2 102	133	133	97	1 969	—	—	1 969	1 969
\$1,500 to \$1,999	431	30	30	19	401	—	—	401	401
\$2,000 or more	252	—	—	—	252	—	—	252	252
Median (dollars)	593	510	510	527	620	532	625	621	622
Not mortgaged	9 485	2 297	2 297	1 463	7 188	67	—	7 121	7 041
Less than \$100	1 251	362	362	284	889	4	—	885	862
\$100 to \$199	5 417	1 390	1 390	879	4 027	47	—	3 980	3 923
\$200 to \$299	1 965	436	436	251	1 529	14	—	1 515	1 515
\$300 to \$399	489	82	82	44	407	2	—	405	405
\$400 to \$499	199	20	20	5	179	—	—	179	179
\$500 or more	164	7	7	—	157	—	—	157	157
Median (dollars)	161	154	154	148	164	158	—	164	165
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	7 337	1 834	1 834	1 126	5 503	50	7	5 453	5 379
Less than 20 percent	3 219	855	855	591	2 364	27	—	2 337	2 309
20 to 24 percent	833	234	234	121	599	8	—	591	567
25 to 29 percent	545	126	126	53	419	3	—	416	414
30 to 34 percent	402	113	113	54	289	—	—	289	282
35 percent or more	2 251	485	485	297	1 766	12	7	1 754	1 741
Not computed	87	21	21	10	66	—	—	66	66
Median	22.4	21.1	21.1	19.1	23.0	18.6	45.0	23.0	23.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 285	1 473	1 473	988	5 812	46	—	5 766	5 738
Less than 20 percent	4 162	915	915	603	3 247	27	—	3 220	3 196
20 to 24 percent	1 121	295	295	180	826	3	—	823	820
25 to 29 percent	850	179	179	131	671	13	—	658	657
30 to 34 percent	590	39	39	39	551	1	—	550	550
35 percent or more	562	45	45	35	517	2	—	515	515
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.1	16.4	16.4	15.9	17.4	18.5	—	17.4	17.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6 371	1 092	1 092	636	5 279	26	—	5 253	5 250
Less than 20 percent	4 399	907	907	523	3 492	24	—	3 468	3 465
20 to 24 percent	1 109	144	144	78	965	2	—	963	963
25 to 29 percent	463	15	15	15	448	—	—	448	448
30 to 34 percent	218	14	14	14	204	—	—	204	204
35 percent or more	182	12	12	6	170	—	—	170	170
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.0	14.5	14.5	15.2	16.4	10.0	—	16.4	16.4
\$50,000 or more	7 953	1 090	1 090	677	6 863	25	—	6 838	6 823
Less than 20 percent	6 569	1 003	1 003	626	5 566	25	—	5 541	5 527
20 to 24 percent	820	82	82	51	738	—	—	738	737
25 to 29 percent	411	5	5	—	406	—	—	406	406
30 to 34 percent	100	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	100
35 percent or more	53	—	—	—	53	—	—	53	53
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.8	10.9	10.9	10.1	13.2	10.0	—	13.2	13.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	20 048	3 166	3 166	2 115	16 882	1 322	1 172	15 560	15 469
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	225	47	47	47	178	7	7	171	171
\$100 to \$199	1 460	404	404	328	1 056	19	7	1 037	1 032
\$200 to \$299	2 920	611	611	367	2 309	42	—	2 267	2 222
\$300 to \$399	4 781	892	892	537	3 889	139	89	3 750	3 729
\$400 to \$499	5 090	674	674	514	4 416	221	211	4 195	4 180
\$500 to \$599	2 448	161	161	102	2 287	89	86	2 198	2 198
\$600 to \$749	1 148	93	93	74	1 055	67	60	988	988
\$750 to \$999	245	17	17	12	228	8	8	220	220
\$1,000 or more	53	—	—	—	53	—	—	53	53
No cash rent	1 678	267	267	134	1 411	730	704	681	676
Median (dollars)	395	352	352	360	406	429	450	405	405
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	4 211	974	974	692	3 237	95	42	3 142	3 121
Less than 20 percent	100	37	37	37	63	—	—	63	63
20 to 24 percent	256	38	38	38	218	2	—	216	216
25 to 29 percent	323	45	45	41	278	—	—	278	278
30 to 34 percent	322	86	86	73	236	6	—	230	230
35 percent or more	2 720	635	635	432	2 085	34	5	2 051	2 036
Not computed	490	133	133	71	357	53	37	304	298
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	5 620	842	842	538	4 778	249	218	4 529	4 478
Less than 20 percent	650	192	192	130	458	4	—	454	448
20 to 24 percent	872	99	99	76	773	40	33	733	713
25 to 29 percent	1 056	126	126	79	930	58	43	872	863
30 to 34 percent	1 014	189	189	101	825	15	11	810	799
35 percent or more	1 603	161	161	108	1 442	18	17	1 424	1 419
Not computed	425	75	75	44	350	114	114	236	236
Median	30.1	28.7	28.7	27.6	30.3	27.0	27.2	30.5	30.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	6 522	959	959	629	5 563	542	500	5 021	5 007
Less than 20 percent	2 997	519	519	313	2 478	111	80	2 367	2 356
20 to 24 percent	1 926	241	241	189	1 685	111	109	1 574	1 573
25 to 29 percent	685	79	79	66	606	17	17	589	589
30 to 34 percent	220	18	18	8	202	—	—	202	202
35 percent or more	108	11	11	6	97	—	—	97	97
Not computed	586	91	91	47	495	303	294	192	190
Median	19.9	18.9	18.9	19.6	20.2	20.4	21.1	20.2	20.2
\$35,000 or more	3 695	391	391	256	3 304	436	412	2 868	2 863
Less than 20 percent	3 096	356	356	248	2 740	174	153	2 566	2 561
20 to 24 percent	151	—	—	—	151	—	—	151	151
25 to 29 percent	34	—	—	—	34	—	—	34	34
30 to 34 percent	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	3	3
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	411	35	35	8	376	262	259	114	114
Median	13.5	12.7	12.7	13.0	13.6	15.6	15.8	13.5	13.5



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL			Remainder of Russell County, AL		
	Tract 304	Tract 306	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>1 489</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>285</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	1 015	298	655	69	82	291	138	655	69	194
Less than \$300	55	55	85	14	27	55	13	85	14	37
\$300 to \$399	153	47	132	11	16	47	38	132	11	12
\$400 to \$499	105	75	134	16	24	68	26	134	16	68
\$500 to \$599	222	65	115	13	10	65	17	115	13	18
\$600 to \$799	254	50	145	6	5	50	39	145	6	39
\$800 to \$999	123	—	31	9	—	—	5	31	9	11
\$1,000 to \$1,499	90	—	7	—	—	—	—	7	—	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999	13	6	6	—	—	6	—	6	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	589	467	480	480	386	466	480	480	480	478
Not mortgaged	474	216	341	55	105	216	180	341	55	91
Less than \$100	52	19	10	13	25	19	65	10	13	8
\$100 to \$199	287	152	198	23	43	152	96	198	23	78
\$200 to \$299	107	40	95	19	32	40	9	95	19	5
\$300 to \$399	28	5	23	—	—	5	10	23	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	15	—	5	—	—	15	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	170	171	177	132	136	171	116	177	132	129
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	302	145	317	44	121	145	152	317	44	115
Less than 20 percent	151	57	128	12	60	57	80	128	12	28
20 to 24 percent	31	19	57	6	17	19	19	57	6	17
25 to 29 percent	9	13	12	16	—	13	6	12	16	21
30 to 34 percent	—	—	24	10	12	—	7	24	10	15
35 percent or more	111	51	85	—	32	51	35	85	—	34
Not computed	—	5	11	—	—	5	5	11	—	—
Median	20.0	23.4	22.2	26.3	20.1	23.4	18.8	22.2	26.3	28.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	406	197	260	12	33	190	83	260	12	51
Less than 20 percent	212	122	155	—	33	122	62	155	—	38
20 to 24 percent	69	34	75	—	—	34	14	75	—	13
25 to 29 percent	70	34	20	12	—	27	7	20	12	—
30 to 34 percent	26	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	29	—	10	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	18.9	13.4	18.5	27.5	13.3	12.6	15.5	18.5	27.5	16.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	335	108	204	53	25	108	49	204	53	66
Less than 20 percent	242	96	158	44	25	96	49	158	44	61
20 to 24 percent	64	6	40	9	—	6	—	40	9	5
25 to 29 percent	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	6	6	—	—	6	—	6	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.5	13.4	14.5	12.0	10.0	13.4	15.3	14.5	12.0	12.7
\$50,000 or more	446	64	215	15	8	64	34	215	15	53
Less than 20 percent	395	64	215	15	8	64	34	215	15	42
20 to 24 percent	51	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.5	10.0	11.4	10.0	11.0	10.0	11.1	11.4	10.0	17.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>97</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	37	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	28	50	38	6	102	50	57	38	6	—
\$200 to \$299	24	12	149	26	48	12	50	149	26	23
\$300 to \$399	171	118	168	72	32	104	123	168	72	23
\$400 to \$499	173	69	74	51	13	69	141	74	51	9
\$500 to \$599	71	7	21	—	—	7	28	21	—	24
\$600 to \$749	42	—	19	—	—	—	—	19	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	40	11	45	18	17	11	26	45	18	18
Median (dollars)	413	368	329	375	172	370	386	329	375	343
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	59	104	174	38	110	96	151	174	38	14
Less than 20 percent	—	9	—	—	18	9	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	18	—	—	12	18	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	16	—	—	—	16	15	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	13	—	9	—	—	13	—	—
35 percent or more	59	50	127	20	61	42	115	127	20	14
Not computed	—	11	34	18	10	11	21	34	18	—
Median	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	38.6	40.5	29.8	50.0+	50.0+	38.6	45.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	138	79	146	47	103	73	91	146	47	13
Less than 20 percent	19	12	36	—	27	12	10	36	—	—
20 to 24 percent	20	6	17	—	24	—	17	17	—	—
25 to 29 percent	33	—	10	13	16	—	30	10	13	—
30 to 34 percent	44	53	30	28	—	53	5	30	28	—
35 percent or more	22	8	40	—	27	8	22	40	—	13
Not computed	—	—	13	6	9	—	7	13	6	—
Median	29.5	32.0	30.6	31.3	24.2	32.3	27.5	30.6	31.3	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999	221	75	125	88	36	70	111	125	88	47
Less than 20 percent	116	18	87	70	28	18	44	87	70	24
20 to 24 percent	72	40	11	12	—	40	56	11	12	18
25 to 29 percent	4	12	—	—	—	12	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	21	—	17	6	8	—	5	17	6	5
Median	19.1	22.4	14.5	17.9	16.1	22.1	20.8	14.5	17.9	18.6
\$35,000 or more	131	14	69	—	—	14	72	69	—	23
Less than 20 percent	112	14	69	—	—	14	72	69	—	10
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Median	13.4	15.0	13.4	—	—	15.0	12.7	13.4	—	10.0

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA		Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA		Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA		Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA	
	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16	Tract 9	Tract 14	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 14	Tract 16 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	129	202	7	7	140	179	438	215	179			
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>												
With a mortgage .....	33	118	7	7	73	58	190	98	58			
Less than \$300 .....	7	10	—	—	9	12	50	21	12			
\$300 to \$399 .....	11	39	—	—	6	28	—	4	28			
\$400 to \$499 .....	6	19	—	—	18	5	40	21	5			
\$500 to \$599 .....	5	11	—	—	15	13	32	35	13			
\$600 to \$799 .....	2	10	7	7	25	—	51	10	—			
\$800 to \$999 .....	2	19	—	—	—	—	13	7	—			
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—			
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Median (dollars) .....	381	476	625	625	516	375	509	519	375			
Not mortgaged .....	96	84	—	—	67	121	248	117	121			
Less than \$100 .....	15	—	—	—	4	58	41	24	58			
\$100 to \$199 .....	42	84	—	—	47	63	174	72	63			
\$200 to \$299 .....	35	—	—	—	14	—	33	6	—			
\$300 to \$399 .....	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	15	—			
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
\$500 or more .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Median (dollars) .....	180	170	—	—	158	105	154	133	105			
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>												
Less than \$20,000 .....	42	81	7	7	43	112	139	106	112			
Less than 20 percent .....	23	19	—	—	27	75	56	41	75			
20 to 24 percent .....	4	13	—	—	8	17	18	15	17			
25 to 29 percent .....	6	9	—	—	3	5	26	4	5			
30 to 34 percent .....	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
35 percent or more .....	7	32	7	7	5	15	35	46	15			
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—			
Median .....	15.0	29.7	45.0	45.0	16.1	15.9	23.2	24.0	15.9			
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	37	59	—	—	46	56	140	57	56			
Less than 20 percent .....	35	40	—	—	27	36	122	40	36			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	19	—	—	3	20	11	—	20			
25 to 29 percent .....	2	—	—	—	13	—	—	9	—			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	8	—			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	2	—	4	—	—			
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Median .....	10.7	13.8	—	—	18.5	13.3	10.0	10.0	13.3			
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	30	30	—	—	26	6	97	17	6			
Less than 20 percent .....	28	20	—	—	24	6	69	7	6			
20 to 24 percent .....	2	10	—	—	2	—	13	10	—			
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Median .....	10.0	13.8	—	—	10.0	10.0	15.5	20.7	10.0			
\$50,000 or more .....	20	32	—	—	25	5	62	35	5			
Less than 20 percent .....	20	22	—	—	25	5	62	35	5			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Median .....	10.0	17.0	—	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0			
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	18	63	1 179	1 172	143	375	637	414	375			
<b>GROSS RENT</b>												
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	7	7	—	33	—	47	33			
\$100 to \$199 .....	4	—	7	7	12	83	16	119	83			
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	31	—	—	42	169	29	107	169			
\$300 to \$399 .....	3	20	89	89	50	53	156	129	53			
\$400 to \$499 .....	3	—	211	211	10	19	304	5	19			
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	86	86	3	—	78	—	—			
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	67	60	—	—	34	—	—			
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	8	8	—	—	8	—	—			
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
No cash rent .....	8	12	704	704	26	18	12	7	18			
Median (dollars) .....	308	283	452	450	305	220	456	223	220			
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>												
Less than \$10,000 .....	5	16	42	42	53	241	81	247	241			
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	6			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	2	34	8	33	34			
25 to 29 percent .....	—	4	—	—	—	23	—	44	23			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	6	7	—	45	7			
35 percent or more .....	4	3	5	5	29	143	61	96	143			
Not computed .....	1	9	37	37	16	28	12	29	28			
Median .....	45.0	29.4	50.0+	50.0+	48.5	42.0	50.0+	33.6	42.0			
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	5	18	218	218	31	64	148	88	64			
Less than 20 percent .....	—	7	—	—	4	23	—	14	23			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	33	16	23	10	16			
25 to 29 percent .....	3	3	43	43	15	10	14	40	10			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	8	11	11	4	15	52	13	15			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	17	17	1	—	59	11	—			
Not computed .....	2	—	114	114	—	—	—	—	—			
Median .....	27.5	28.3	27.2	27.2	26.5	22.8	33.6	27.5	22.8			
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	2	22	500	500	42	70	268	49	70			
Less than 20 percent .....	—	16	80	80	31	51	106	49	51			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	3	109	109	2	19	104	—	19			
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	17	17	—	—	52	—	—			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Not computed .....	2	3	294	294	9	—	6	—	—			
Median .....	—	15.4	21.1	21.1	16.5	14.7	21.2	16.2	14.7			
\$35,000 or more .....	6	7	419	412	17	—	140	30	—			
Less than 20 percent .....	3	7	160	153	14	—	130	13	—			
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—			
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Not computed .....	3	—	259	259	3	—	—	17	—			
Median .....	10.0	12.5	15.9	15.8	10.0	—	12.5	10.0	—			



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 23	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 101.04
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>200</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>564</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	99	131	96	24	599	14	238	81	517
Less than \$300.....	6	30	27	18	175	3	121	35	7
\$300 to \$399.....	6	34	18	6	64	11	15	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	16	8	—	—	92	—	37	29	28
\$500 to \$599.....	7	23	21	—	94	—	32	7	32
\$600 to \$799.....	20	31	6	—	132	—	6	10	112
\$800 to \$999.....	18	—	12	—	25	—	22	—	97
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	20	5	12	—	17	—	5	—	210
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
\$2,000 or more.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Median (dollars).....	747	459	515	225	444	368	297	416	951
Not mortgaged.....	101	102	34	79	313	42	161	55	47
Less than \$100.....	6	6	16	6	29	35	14	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	23	77	6	50	199	7	121	42	5
\$200 to \$299.....	31	5	12	23	66	—	26	7	28
\$300 to \$399.....	32	14	—	—	—	—	—	6	14
\$400 to \$499.....	9	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	274	148	158	159	159	100	149	143	233
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	44	48	55	68	273	41	156	71	72
Less than 20 percent.....	11	43	28	44	144	15	67	18	5
20 to 24 percent.....	—	5	—	18	16	—	30	5	—
25 to 29 percent.....	8	—	15	—	—	8	7	10	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	6	17	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more.....	25	—	12	—	96	18	45	38	67
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	44.3	12.9	19.8	17.5	19.6	28.4	21.8	36.8	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	50	44	28	28	285	15	149	27	86
Less than 20 percent.....	36	30	28	22	203	15	102	11	33
20 to 24 percent.....	—	9	—	6	43	—	24	8	10
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	—	—	21	—	10	8	7
30 to 34 percent.....	8	—	—	—	10	—	13	—	20
35 percent or more.....	6	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	16
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.0	10.0	11.7	10.0	12.9	10.0	13.0	21.6	25.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	26	107	23	—	208	—	57	23	83
Less than 20 percent.....	16	102	23	—	195	—	42	23	31
20 to 24 percent.....	10	5	—	—	13	—	—	—	21
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	20
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	11
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.9	10.0	14.8	—	13.3	—	10.2	10.0	22.5
\$50,000 or more.....	80	34	24	7	146	—	37	15	323
Less than 20 percent.....	74	34	24	7	140	—	32	15	203
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	56
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	50
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	11.5	15.0	10.0	10.0	—	10.0	10.0	18.1
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>287</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>1 598</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	19	—	—	43	49	20	—
\$200 to \$299.....	23	—	70	29	80	70	90	115	7
\$300 to \$399.....	115	75	136	43	137	25	96	230	102
\$400 to \$499.....	124	231	172	5	125	4	16	32	569
\$500 to \$599.....	19	57	24	5	48	—	—	—	619
\$600 to \$749.....	6	11	—	—	41	—	—	—	295
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	—	15	12	6	7	6
Median (dollars).....	403	449	394	309	395	248	284	326	516
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	7	17	129	39	52	62	105	90	64
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	25	6	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	18	12	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	11	—	—	7	17	—	—
35 percent or more.....	7	8	118	29	52	6	58	83	64
Not computed.....	—	9	—	10	—	6	—	—	—
Median.....	45.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	25.8	44.6	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	128	101	123	26	231	49	114	196	267
Less than 20 percent.....	6	—	8	—	32	17	13	12	—
20 to 24 percent.....	15	6	16	9	31	9	35	76	5
25 to 29 percent.....	27	12	49	7	45	8	25	69	57
30 to 34 percent.....	21	41	27	5	52	10	29	9	54
35 percent or more.....	59	42	23	5	71	5	6	30	151
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Median.....	33.8	34.0	28.8	27.9	30.7	24.2	26.2	25.7	36.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	115	189	117	17	144	40	34	95	692
Less than 20 percent.....	48	66	85	17	80	28	34	90	178
20 to 24 percent.....	67	94	19	—	—	—	—	5	310
25 to 29 percent.....	—	20	5	—	30	—	—	—	157
30 to 34 percent.....	—	9	—	—	19	—	—	—	25
35 percent or more.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	22
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	15	12	—	—	—
Median.....	20.7	21.5	17.3	13.5	18.8	13.9	15.7	16.3	22.7
\$35,000 or more.....	37	67	60	—	19	10	10	23	575
Less than 20 percent.....	31	67	60	—	19	10	10	23	544
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.5	12.2	13.2	—	12.5	10.0	12.5	10.0	14.2

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 102.02	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 974	1 629	918	911	—	584	317	145	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	1 761	1 299	798	754	—	397	180	115	—
Less than \$300.....	83	130	248	188	—	127	54	15	—
\$300 to \$399.....	74	116	150	105	—	69	20	8	—
\$400 to \$499.....	120	132	90	114	—	55	23	30	—
\$500 to \$599.....	268	91	132	165	—	60	14	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	533	331	164	143	—	53	52	40	—
\$800 to \$999.....	448	178	9	10	—	26	17	18	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	235	245	5	18	—	7	—	4	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	45	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	721	728	404	476	—	408	450	615	—
Not mortgaged.....	213	330	120	157	—	187	137	30	—
Less than \$100.....	7	20	12	31	—	30	21	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	111	174	90	92	—	128	96	16	—
\$200 to \$299.....	70	66	13	34	—	29	15	14	—
\$300 to \$399.....	17	34	5	—	—	—	5	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	191	175	141	161	—	147	161	197	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	173	306	236	189	—	183	74	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	62	82	100	66	—	43	43	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	15	37	23	8	—	28	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	26	11	—	26	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	15	15	7	20	—	6	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	72	164	80	84	—	80	24	—	—
Not computed.....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	31.7	36.9	23.9	32.4	—	28.9	17.9	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	400	337	272	321	—	192	93	37	—
Less than 20 percent.....	101	146	176	168	—	123	79	23	—
20 to 24 percent.....	66	37	22	73	—	39	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	49	73	32	23	—	19	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	72	35	31	28	—	6	9	9	—
35 percent or more.....	112	46	11	29	—	5	5	5	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	28.4	23.0	15.9	19.2	—	15.8	12.5	13.5	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	657	457	279	246	—	123	100	91	—
Less than 20 percent.....	314	245	215	190	—	85	82	68	—
20 to 24 percent.....	167	101	59	26	—	31	12	23	—
25 to 29 percent.....	94	74	5	19	—	—	6	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	54	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	28	—	—	11	—	7	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.4	19.1	12.7	12.6	—	13.2	11.3	13.1	—
\$50,000 or more.....	744	529	131	155	—	86	50	17	—
Less than 20 percent.....	579	373	131	147	—	86	50	17	—
20 to 24 percent.....	114	71	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	51	77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.3	14.2	11.1	10.4	—	10.0	10.0	16.1	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	345	941	322	335	—	285	57	322	992
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	—	23	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	37	69	—	45	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	35	97	18	10	—	9	—	—	75
\$300 to \$399.....	75	205	37	88	—	61	14	96	386
\$400 to \$499.....	19	300	135	110	—	168	25	173	191
\$500 to \$599.....	55	136	119	56	—	40	11	53	8
\$600 to \$749.....	65	54	13	5	—	7	—	—	8
\$750 to \$999.....	46	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	13	33	—	8	—	—	7	—	316
Median (dollars).....	475	418	483	408	—	451	460	434	366
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	62	177	16	100	—	23	9	9	59
Less than 20 percent.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	8	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	22	25	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	17	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	26	86	16	33	—	23	9	9	25
Not computed.....	6	34	—	30	—	—	—	—	34
Median.....	29.5	45.8	50.0+	34.2	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	64	312	107	71	—	108	8	82	473
Less than 20 percent.....	—	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
20 to 24 percent.....	7	56	13	—	—	20	—	13	73
25 to 29 percent.....	19	39	—	13	—	6	—	30	133
30 to 34 percent.....	19	62	13	16	—	48	—	16	53
35 percent or more.....	19	111	81	42	—	34	8	23	42
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	160
Median.....	31.6	31.4	37.9	36.3	—	32.9	45.0	29.7	27.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	112	313	153	86	—	102	22	187	404
Less than 20 percent.....	48	105	47	50	—	51	4	71	177
20 to 24 percent.....	25	155	77	16	—	11	13	101	88
25 to 29 percent.....	—	35	7	15	—	40	5	15	22
30 to 34 percent.....	13	—	22	5	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	19	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Not computed.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	109
Median.....	20.9	21.7	21.9	19.3	—	20.0	22.7	21.1	18.8
\$35,000 or more.....	107	139	46	78	—	52	18	44	56
Less than 20 percent.....	81	111	46	78	—	52	11	44	29
20 to 24 percent.....	26	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	7	—	27
Median.....	17.1	14.6	12.1	11.3	—	13.2	10.0	12.7	10.5



Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgio (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
Occupied housing units .....	30 447	6 321	6 321	3 629	24 126	945	671	23 181	23 180
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	507	213	213	52	294	16	—	278	278
1985 to 1988 .....	1 886	436	436	187	1 450	45	7	1 405	1 405
1980 to 1984 .....	2 165	412	412	154	1 753	67	10	1 686	1 686
1970 to 1979 .....	6 820	1 874	1 874	995	4 946	294	255	4 652	4 652
1960 to 1969 .....	7 918	1 212	1 212	714	6 706	195	137	6 511	6 511
1950 to 1959 .....	5 495	809	809	497	4 686	116	84	4 570	4 570
1940 to 1949 .....	3 327	857	857	757	2 470	46	33	2 424	2 423
1939 or earlier .....	2 329	508	508	273	1 821	166	145	1 655	1 655
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	509	48	48	48	461	—	—	461	461
1 bedroom .....	4 164	753	753	579	3 411	25	9	3 386	3 386
2 bedrooms .....	10 557	2 065	2 065	1 292	8 492	149	65	8 343	8 342
3 bedrooms .....	12 556	2 883	2 883	1 421	9 673	458	305	9 215	9 215
4 bedrooms .....	2 379	476	476	238	1 903	286	276	1 617	1 617
5 or more bedrooms .....	282	96	96	51	186	27	16	159	159
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	29 885	6 005	6 005	3 590	23 880	935	671	22 945	22 944
Source of water, public system or private company .....	29 541	5 576	5 576	3 619	23 965	927	662	22 038	22 037
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	27 450	3 970	3 970	3 542	23 480	705	661	22 775	22 774
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	603	424	424	29	179	19	—	160	160
Owner-occupied housing units .....	286	222	222	7	64	4	—	60	60
Renter-occupied housing units .....	317	202	202	22	115	15	—	100	100
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	20 325	2 514	2 514	2 205	17 811	381	364	17 430	17 430
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	2 458	1 799	1 799	151	659	198	—	461	461
Electricity .....	6 951	1 602	1 602	1 219	5 349	313	279	5 036	5 035
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	147	26	26	20	121	15	—	106	106
All other fuels .....	455	366	366	20	89	10	—	79	79
No fuel used .....	111	14	14	14	97	28	28	69	69
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	7 629	1 646	1 646	1 122	5 983	69	8	5 914	5 914
1 .....	11 151	2 122	2 122	1 185	9 029	350	246	8 679	8 678
2 .....	7 957	1 574	1 574	851	6 383	418	337	5 965	5 965
3 or more .....	3 710	979	979	471	2 731	108	80	2 623	2 623
Vehicles per household .....	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	12 890	3 492	3 492	1 426	9 398	179	7	9 219	9 219
1989 to March 1990 .....	1 064	292	292	89	772	6	—	766	766
1985 to 1988 .....	2 202	539	539	215	1 663	50	7	1 613	1 613
1980 to 1984 .....	1 691	387	387	122	1 304	47	—	1 257	1 257
1970 to 1979 .....	4 404	1 174	1 174	494	3 230	23	—	3 207	3 207
1969 or earlier .....	3 529	1 100	1 100	506	2 429	53	—	2 376	2 376
Renter-occupied housing units .....	17 557	2 829	2 829	2 203	14 728	766	664	13 962	13 961
1989 to March 1990 .....	7 091	743	743	610	6 348	363	330	5 985	5 985
1985 to 1988 .....	6 022	881	881	652	5 141	320	295	4 821	4 820
1980 to 1984 .....	1 964	345	345	264	1 619	59	39	1 560	1 560
1970 to 1979 .....	1 533	391	391	285	1 142	11	—	1 131	1 131
1969 or earlier .....	947	469	469	392	478	13	—	465	465
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	4 517	1 095	1 095	558	3 422	64	8	3 358	3 358
Householder 65 years and over .....	5 208	1 630	1 630	878	3 578	64	9	3 514	3 514
Owner-occupied housing units .....	3 260	1 069	1 069	447	2 191	38	—	2 153	2 153
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	201	154	154	23	47	8	—	39	39
No telephone in unit .....	423	165	165	47	258	8	—	250	250
No vehicle available .....	2 074	692	692	413	1 382	18	—	1 364	1 364
Complete plumbing facilities .....	29 844	5 897	5 897	3 600	23 947	926	671	23 021	23 020
1.00 or less persons per room .....	27 525	5 396	5 396	3 290	22 129	887	662	21 242	21 241
1.01 or more persons per room .....	2 319	501	501	310	1 818	39	9	1 779	1 779
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	603	424	424	29	179	19	—	160	160
1.00 or less persons per room .....	502	333	333	23	169	18	—	151	151
1.01 or more persons per room .....	101	91	91	6	10	1	—	9	9
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	28 345	21 638	21 638	23 451	30 837	22 194	64 502	31 005	31 005
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 020	12 117	12 117	12 314	15 577	24 162	25 927	15 106	15 106
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	10 009	2 390	2 390	1 482	7 619	129	45	7 490	7 490
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 286	858	858	297	1 428	33	—	1 395	1 395
Renter-occupied housing units .....	7 723	1 532	1 532	1 185	6 191	96	45	6 095	6 095

Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL				
	Troct 306	Troct 308	Troct 309.01	Troct 309.02	Troct 301	Troct 302	Troct 306 (pt.)	Troct 307	Troct 308 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	711	1 475	176	710	365	327	618	609	1 475
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	25	12	17	39	—	—	19	—	12
1985 to 1988 -----	57	95	7	108	—	—	45	13	95
1980 to 1984 -----	62	20	—	62	10	—	58	53	20
1970 to 1979 -----	281	408	57	260	32	45	250	206	408
1960 to 1969 -----	154	386	38	130	17	56	134	85	386
1950 to 1959 -----	72	251	24	60	8	41	72	109	251
1940 to 1949 -----	43	239	7	17	248	139	32	56	239
1939 or earlier -----	17	64	26	34	50	46	8	87	64
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	—	32	—	—	9	7	—	—	32
1 bedroom -----	68	286	7	38	81	57	62	52	286
2 bedrooms -----	252	381	48	125	167	134	209	270	381
3 bedrooms -----	352	637	98	464	94	108	308	227	637
4 bedrooms -----	39	105	23	67	14	14	39	50	105
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	34	—	16	—	7	—	10	34
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	711	1 461	176	686	365	312	618	599	1 461
Source of water, public system or private company -----	687	1 475	176	654	365	327	608	609	1 475
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	623	1 469	19	72	365	327	589	557	1 469
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	14	—	46	—	8	—	7	14
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	14	—	16	—	8	—	—	14
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	223	922	10	50	361	264	214	363	922
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	106	38	89	543	—	—	38	56	38
Electricity -----	378	493	56	77	4	55	362	170	493
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	20	—
All other fuels -----	4	8	21	34	—	8	4	—	8
No fuel used -----	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	57	462	9	76	264	232	48	93	462
1 -----	231	473	92	223	93	80	175	242	473
2 -----	285	340	36	217	—	7	272	142	340
3 or more -----	138	200	39	194	8	8	123	132	200
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	.3	.4	1.8	1.6	1.2
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	459	633	138	607	8	19	389	301	633
1989 to March 1990 -----	70	16	26	44	—	—	59	14	16
1985 to 1988 -----	125	93	19	106	—	—	109	7	93
1980 to 1984 -----	27	59	13	66	—	19	19	17	59
1970 to 1979 -----	135	238	35	206	—	—	135	114	238
1969 or earlier -----	102	227	45	185	8	—	67	149	227
Renter-occupied housing units -----	252	842	38	103	357	308	229	308	842
1989 to March 1990 -----	97	210	15	8	111	45	84	52	210
1985 to 1988 -----	67	279	23	62	54	78	67	152	279
1980 to 1984 -----	49	71	—	7	46	63	44	40	71
1970 to 1979 -----	20	141	—	20	15	76	15	23	141
1969 or earlier -----	19	141	—	6	131	46	19	41	141
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	60	176	21	66	133	130	48	53	176
Householder 65 years and over -----	87	414	37	179	103	57	59	207	414
Owner-occupied housing units -----	68	209	37	156	—	19	40	149	209
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	8	—	6	—	8	—	7	8
No telephone in unit -----	4	27	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	33	197	—	47	89	49	24	37	197
Complete plumbing facilities -----	711	1 461	176	664	365	319	618	602	1 461
1.00 or less persons per room -----	656	1 285	169	596	341	280	570	587	1 285
1.01 or more persons per room -----	55	176	7	68	24	39	48	15	176
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	14	—	46	—	8	—	7	14
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	8	—	46	—	8	—	7	8
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	27 342	22 333	18 877	26 185	27 400	11 640	29 571	19 621	22 333
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	15 430	12 133	13 597	9 562	6 395	5 050	14 608	19 290	12 133
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	130	576	36	156	259	258	114	204	576
Owner-occupied housing units -----	59	115	22	95	—	—	43	111	115
Renter-occupied housing units -----	71	461	14	61	259	258	71	93	461



Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL					Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chattahoochee County, GA
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201
Occupied housing units -----	176	710	304	735	614	671	671	274
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 -----	17	39	34	47	18	—	—	16
1985 to 1988 -----	7	108	14	45	56	7	7	38
1980 to 1984 -----	—	62	30	90	72	10	10	57
1970 to 1979 -----	57	260	96	216	211	255	255	39
1960 to 1969 -----	38	130	86	113	90	137	137	58
1950 to 1959 -----	24	60	6	113	85	84	84	32
1940 to 1949 -----	7	17	6	21	38	33	33	13
1939 or earlier -----	26	34	32	90	44	145	145	21
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	7	38	25	70	28	9	9	16
2 bedrooms -----	48	125	96	208	223	65	65	84
3 bedrooms -----	98	464	176	383	280	305	305	153
4 bedrooms -----	23	67	7	60	73	276	276	10
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	16	—	14	10	16	16	11
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	176	686	265	607	528	671	671	264
Source of water, public system or private company -----	176	654	164	488	351	662	662	265
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	19	72	52	198	42	661	661	44
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	46	47	188	114	—	—	19
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	30	21	102	62	—	—	4
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	16	26	86	52	—	—	15
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas -----	10	50	55	57	128	364	364	17
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	89	543	176	428	310	—	—	198
Electricity -----	56	77	46	110	64	279	279	34
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	15
All other fuels -----	21	34	27	140	112	—	—	10
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	28	28	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None -----	9	76	70	213	137	8	8	61
1 -----	92	223	73	259	219	246	246	104
2 -----	36	217	112	185	160	337	337	81
3 or more -----	39	194	49	78	98	80	80	28
Vehicles per household -----	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	138	607	221	541	444	7	7	172
1989 to March 1990 -----	26	44	39	50	26	—	—	6
1985 to 1988 -----	19	106	18	65	85	7	7	43
1980 to 1984 -----	13	66	27	82	69	—	—	47
1970 to 1979 -----	35	206	97	167	167	—	—	23
1969 or earlier -----	45	185	40	177	97	—	—	53
Renter-occupied housing units -----	38	103	83	194	170	664	664	102
1989 to March 1990 -----	15	8	18	48	25	330	330	33
1985 to 1988 -----	23	62	24	49	62	295	295	25
1980 to 1984 -----	—	7	12	57	—	39	39	20
1970 to 1979 -----	—	20	19	21	41	—	—	11
1969 or earlier -----	—	6	10	19	42	—	—	13
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit -----	21	66	75	228	135	8	8	56
Householder 65 years and over -----	37	179	78	220	200	9	9	55
Owner-occupied housing units -----	37	156	52	199	140	—	—	38
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	6	23	53	49	—	—	8
No telephone in unit -----	—	6	22	65	25	—	—	8
No vehicle available -----	—	47	35	99	79	—	—	18
Complete plumbing facilities -----	176	664	257	547	500	671	671	255
1.00 or less persons per room -----	169	596	240	520	435	662	662	225
1.01 or more persons per room -----	7	68	17	27	65	9	9	30
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	46	47	188	114	—	—	19
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	46	47	126	91	—	—	18
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	62	23	—	—	1
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	18 877	26 185	21 641	16 356	18 453	64 502	64 502	20 472
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	13 597	9 562	9 523	10 651	12 289	25 927	25 927	12 673
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	36	156	84	291	300	45	45	84
Owner-occupied housing units -----	22	95	46	179	178	—	—	33
Renter-occupied housing units -----	14	61	38	112	122	45	45	51

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Muscogee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA								
	Tract 16	Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
Occupied housing units .....	659	299	455	418	212	659	1 145	1 187	329	629
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	11	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	22	—	7	—	5	22	58	37	10	—
1980 to 1984 .....	10	—	9	7	3	10	7	24	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	69	5	19	36	10	69	265	52	60	68
1960 to 1969 .....	119	88	59	15	16	119	333	264	124	350
1950 to 1959 .....	163	93	124	135	38	163	441	339	63	142
1940 to 1949 .....	133	70	92	143	48	133	31	325	57	34
1939 or earlier .....	143	43	145	82	92	143	6	135	15	35
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	27	—	—	33	6	27	6	18	9	—
1 bedroom .....	178	59	187	92	59	178	64	91	36	100
2 bedrooms .....	289	159	232	200	75	289	318	492	166	371
3 bedrooms .....	135	58	25	77	48	135	585	521	118	137
4 bedrooms .....	23	23	11	16	18	23	143	46	—	21
5 or more bedrooms .....	7	—	—	—	6	7	29	19	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	648	289	455	411	204	648	1 145	1 187	323	624
Source of water, public system or private company .....	659	299	455	418	212	659	1 145	1 187	329	629
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	659	299	447	418	212	659	1 145	1 187	329	629
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	18	4	5	—	—	8	6	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	8	4	5	—	—	8	6	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	484	284	397	339	192	484	987	1 066	134	535
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	12	5	7	—	6	6	10	6
Electricity .....	171	6	38	74	13	171	152	99	170	82
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9	6
All other fuels .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	4	9	—	—	—	4	—	12	6	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	473	99	215	323	76	473	257	215	111	277
1 .....	130	128	169	70	89	130	365	463	106	266
2 .....	44	47	58	13	33	44	352	333	93	44
3 or more .....	12	25	13	12	14	12	171	176	19	42
Vehicles per household .....	.4	1.1	.7	.3	.9	.4	1.4	1.4	1.1	.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	55	109	101	13	45	55	758	722	88	102
1989 to March 1990 .....	12	—	3	4	—	12	31	24	—	5
1985 to 1988 .....	—	8	27	6	—	—	113	35	15	5
1980 to 1984 .....	10	—	4	3	13	10	46	62	15	8
1970 to 1979 .....	5	26	13	—	13	5	314	331	37	39
1969 or earlier .....	28	75	54	—	19	28	254	270	21	45
Renter-occupied housing units .....	604	190	354	405	167	604	387	465	241	527
1989 to March 1990 .....	230	30	79	223	62	230	208	152	102	141
1985 to 1988 .....	224	84	97	88	34	224	103	155	84	205
1980 to 1984 .....	67	16	48	57	28	67	51	60	43	68
1970 to 1979 .....	64	32	87	28	36	64	6	93	6	72
1969 or earlier .....	19	28	43	9	7	19	19	5	6	41
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	208	32	80	120	94	208	69	68	40	141
Householder 65 years and over .....	77	95	169	61	39	77	307	383	56	131
Owner-occupied housing units .....	16	59	55	9	13	16	250	318	41	39
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	26	14	15	8	8	26	15	5	—	22
No vehicle available .....	55	46	119	52	12	55	117	87	15	57
Complete plumbing facilities .....	659	299	437	414	207	659	1 145	1 179	323	629
1.00 or less persons per room .....	560	272	403	390	192	560	1 066	1 133	298	548
1.01 or more persons per room .....	99	27	34	24	15	99	79	46	25	81
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	18	4	5	—	—	8	6	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	18	—	—	—	—	8	6	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	4	5	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	14 201	17 425	13 115	28 850	15 384	14 201	26 874	23 396	27 183	26 814
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	7 209	14 651	11 139	4 779	14 245	7 209	13 768	16 488	14 744	12 694
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	505	119	246	382	98	505	254	322	117	326
Owner-occupied housing units .....	32	28	58	—	23	32	111	145	16	23
Renter-occupied housing units .....	473	91	188	382	75	473	143	177	101	303



**Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34
Occupied housing units .....	763	630	1 296	732	773	887	392	1 246	1 163	576
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	12	—	4	—	24	22	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	13	—	25	84	57	53	65	48	—
1980 to 1984 .....	7	—	82	64	181	93	20	138	48	38
1970 to 1979 .....	76	50	43	303	172	281	117	198	135	68
1960 to 1969 .....	231	108	280	204	239	212	110	256	443	99
1950 to 1959 .....	118	253	473	49	68	159	85	238	329	126
1940 to 1949 .....	113	109	270	64	5	46	7	326	112	199
1939 or earlier .....	206	97	144	23	—	17	—	25	48	46
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	35	30	18	17	19	11	—	32	13	22
1 bedroom .....	253	130	324	49	149	146	63	389	78	150
2 bedrooms .....	303	304	657	283	241	510	189	603	449	334
3 bedrooms .....	172	146	246	317	346	191	117	211	532	70
4 bedrooms .....	—	7	51	59	18	29	23	11	81	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	13	—	7	—	—	—	—	10	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	757	616	1 269	728	773	879	392	1 246	1 141	576
Source of water, public system or private company .....	763	630	1 296	728	773	887	392	1 246	1 163	576
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	763	630	1 278	721	738	879	392	1 233	1 152	570
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	20	8	9	8	—	5	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	20	8	—	8	—	5	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	515	547	1 155	427	522	743	289	958	995	466
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	21	31	20	27	6	—	30	28	—
Electricity .....	226	56	84	278	224	128	103	234	140	110
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	22	—	7	7	—	10	—	24	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	519	336	486	109	148	251	16	713	277	190
1 .....	194	229	563	299	270	400	178	393	361	282
2 .....	42	49	188	276	265	188	130	114	391	83
3 or more .....	8	16	59	48	90	48	68	26	134	21
Vehicles per household .....	.4	.6	.9	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.8	.6	1.4	.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	29	152	380	256	367	279	156	84	471	56
1989 to March 1990 .....	12	5	4	17	33	—	33	—	40	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	23	12	34	72	48	47	15	117	19
1980 to 1984 .....	—	31	32	82	59	48	21	—	50	12
1970 to 1979 .....	9	41	72	113	182	144	43	50	130	9
1969 or earlier .....	8	52	260	10	21	39	12	19	134	16
Renter-occupied housing units .....	734	478	916	476	406	608	236	1 162	692	520
1989 to March 1990 .....	154	101	186	284	208	264	125	540	346	302
1985 to 1988 .....	253	243	295	105	141	214	96	400	259	141
1980 to 1984 .....	146	65	131	71	40	52	15	165	42	66
1970 to 1979 .....	120	62	198	16	17	55	—	50	39	11
1969 or earlier .....	61	7	106	—	—	23	—	7	6	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	224	140	239	75	161	189	68	468	197	100
Householder 65 years and over .....	236	115	446	44	53	200	11	83	139	49
Owner-occupied housing units .....	8	70	262	22	53	115	11	16	87	12
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	21	8	20	—	—	22	—	15	7	—
No vehicle available .....	171	29	178	21	—	58	—	38	51	33
Complete plumbing facilities .....	763	630	1 276	724	764	879	392	1 241	1 156	576
1.00 or less persons per room .....	733	537	1 179	662	617	802	323	1 126	1 103	507
1.01 or more persons per room .....	30	93	97	62	147	77	69	115	53	69
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	20	8	9	8	—	5	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	20	8	9	8	—	5	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	37 531	12 641	16 202	55 231	29 987	17 700	29 328	26 244	27 417	24 999
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	8 694	8 359	11 178	18 744	16 741	20 712	24 974	9 136	14 673	17 367
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	467	379	657	120	210	380	42	811	323	136
Owner-occupied housing units .....	8	78	159	13	72	93	—	19	56	7
Renter-occupied housing units .....	459	301	498	107	138	287	42	792	267	129

**Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Occupied housing units -----	272	535	1 149	891	—	865	1 333	1 842	935
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	72	7	—	44	17	47	—
1985 to 1988 -----	74	30	112	105	—	66	79	315	—
1980 to 1984 -----	101	18	6	95	—	73	197	246	26
1970 to 1979 -----	64	156	432	340	—	376	428	399	149
1960 to 1969 -----	19	282	446	256	—	181	433	601	418
1950 to 1959 -----	—	43	64	81	—	76	122	214	277
1940 to 1949 -----	14	6	17	—	—	44	23	—	36
1939 or earlier -----	—	—	—	7	—	5	34	20	29
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	53	—
1 bedroom -----	39	52	35	26	—	80	31	152	79
2 bedrooms -----	131	104	147	100	—	160	169	548	212
3 bedrooms -----	79	342	803	604	—	563	876	854	612
4 bedrooms -----	23	37	164	157	—	51	240	219	32
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—	—	—	—	11	17	16	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	267	535	1 125	891	—	865	1 317	1 842	925
Source of water, public system or private company -----	267	535	1 139	891	—	865	1 326	1 842	935
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	267	535	1 111	876	—	852	1 277	1 842	913
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	5	—	19	—	—	—	9	—	4
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	19	—	—	—	9	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	164	346	858	666	—	635	967	1 271	631
Battled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	7	18	29	—	11	49	—	9
Electricity -----	103	182	258	184	—	219	308	566	289
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	6
All other fuels -----	5	—	15	12	—	—	9	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	59	31	57	26	—	24	71	153	51
1 -----	137	249	359	264	—	264	490	778	553
2 -----	31	163	522	388	—	354	437	553	312
3 or more -----	45	92	211	213	—	223	335	358	19
Vehicles per household -----	1.2	1.6	1.8	2.0	—	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	77	249	786	728	—	521	1 040	1 039	3
1989 to March 1990 -----	10	9	116	68	—	59	117	110	—
1985 to 1988 -----	38	67	194	122	—	129	174	160	3
1980 to 1984 -----	15	60	140	81	—	93	158	110	—
1970 to 1979 -----	14	102	236	277	—	182	422	279	—
1969 or earlier -----	—	11	100	180	—	58	169	380	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	195	286	363	163	—	344	293	803	932
1989 to March 1990 -----	112	166	147	73	—	171	147	403	554
1985 to 1988 -----	66	75	144	65	—	120	103	275	378
1980 to 1984 -----	17	29	54	11	—	45	30	74	—
1970 to 1979 -----	—	16	18	14	—	8	6	19	—
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	32	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	41	17	102	25	—	31	31	110	111
Householder 65 years and over -----	7	10	34	118	—	54	133	219	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	7	5	30	113	—	40	126	211	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	7	—	—	—	9	—	—
No vehicle available -----	—	—	11	14	—	7	38	37	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	267	535	1 130	891	—	865	1 324	1 842	931
1.00 or less persons per room -----	257	490	1 027	824	—	824	1 268	1 756	837
1.01 or more persons per room -----	10	45	103	67	—	41	56	86	94
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	5	—	19	—	—	—	9	—	4
1.00 or less persons per room -----	5	—	19	—	—	—	9	—	4
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	58 757	31 366	35 306	35 688	—	38 456	32 897	34 725	19 300
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	13 575	29 752	18 909	17 405	—	24 080	18 705	18 406	20 375
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	84	65	208	101	—	110	228	329	160
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	6	52	45	—	8	149	118	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	84	59	156	56	—	102	79	211	160



Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Russell County, AL		Georgio (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA	
	AL MSA	Alabama (pt.)	Total	Phenix City city (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	11 012	2 503	2 503	1 308	8 509	95	7	8 414	8 414
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	7 769	1 139	1 139	665	6 630	50	7	6 580	6 580
Less than \$300 .....	1 102	164	164	68	938	14	—	924	924
\$300 to \$399 .....	1 356	196	196	67	1 160	23	—	1 137	1 137
\$400 to \$499 .....	1 232	257	257	176	975	6	—	969	969
\$500 to \$599 .....	1 075	223	223	175	852	—	—	852	852
\$600 to \$799 .....	1 699	219	219	146	1 480	—	—	1 480	1 480
\$800 to \$999 .....	849	56	56	20	793	—	—	793	793
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	375	24	24	13	351	7	7	344	344
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	66	—	—	—	66	—	—	66	66
\$2,000 or more .....	15	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	15
Median (dollars) .....	517	481	481	512	527	339	1 125	529	529
Not mortgaged .....	3 243	1 364	1 364	643	1 879	45	—	1 834	1 834
Less than \$100 .....	588	312	312	93	276	5	—	271	271
\$100 to \$199 .....	1 936	838	838	452	1 098	35	—	1 063	1 063
\$200 to \$299 .....	510	157	157	87	353	—	—	353	353
\$300 to \$399 .....	158	32	32	5	126	5	—	121	121
\$400 to \$499 .....	28	19	19	—	9	—	—	9	9
\$500 or more .....	23	6	6	6	17	—	—	17	17
Median (dollars) .....	147	142	142	149	152	149	—	152	152
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	4 375	1 311	1 311	615	3 064	53	—	3 011	3 011
Less than 20 percent .....	1 210	540	540	259	670	15	—	655	655
20 to 24 percent .....	468	196	196	61	272	9	—	263	263
25 to 29 percent .....	340	79	79	40	261	9	—	252	252
30 to 34 percent .....	409	67	67	44	342	11	—	331	331
35 percent or more .....	1 825	382	382	185	1 443	9	—	1 434	1 434
Not computed .....	123	47	47	26	76	—	—	76	76
Median .....	31.3	22.3	22.3	22.9	34.3	26.4	—	34.5	34.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	2 947	683	683	380	2 264	28	—	2 236	2 236
Less than 20 percent .....	1 608	424	424	198	1 184	28	—	1 156	1 156
20 to 24 percent .....	355	71	71	47	284	—	—	284	284
25 to 29 percent .....	435	118	118	92	317	—	—	317	317
30 to 34 percent .....	301	35	35	35	266	—	—	266	266
35 percent or more .....	248	35	35	8	213	—	—	213	213
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	18.6	14.3	14.3	18.8	19.4	10.0	—	19.6	19.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	2 234	398	398	246	1 836	2	—	1 834	1 834
Less than 20 percent .....	1 476	310	310	195	1 166	2	—	1 164	1 164
20 to 24 percent .....	380	67	67	45	313	—	—	313	313
25 to 29 percent .....	250	21	21	6	229	—	—	229	229
30 to 34 percent .....	82	—	—	—	82	—	—	82	82
35 percent or more .....	46	—	—	—	46	—	—	46	46
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16.9	14.9	14.9	15.3	17.4	10.0	—	17.4	17.4
\$50,000 or more .....	1 456	111	111	67	1 345	12	7	1 333	1 333
Less than 20 percent .....	1 325	111	111	67	1 214	12	7	1 202	1 202
20 to 24 percent .....	55	—	—	—	55	—	—	55	55
25 to 29 percent .....	45	—	—	—	45	—	—	45	45
30 to 34 percent .....	31	—	—	—	31	—	—	31	31
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.4	11.2	11.2	10.9	12.6	15.7	17.5	12.6	12.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	17 324	2 753	2 753	2 195	14 571	724	628	13 847	13 846
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	1 540	457	457	389	1 083	6	—	1 077	1 077
\$100 to \$199 .....	2 997	713	713	571	2 284	25	—	2 259	2 259
\$200 to \$299 .....	3 897	573	573	431	3 324	54	13	3 270	3 270
\$300 to \$399 .....	4 013	479	479	411	3 534	81	70	3 453	3 452
\$400 to \$499 .....	2 432	222	222	196	2 210	122	120	2 088	2 088
\$500 to \$599 .....	788	58	58	53	730	8	8	722	722
\$600 to \$749 .....	466	33	33	33	433	—	—	433	433
\$750 to \$999 .....	140	9	9	9	131	14	11	117	117
\$1,000 or more .....	21	—	—	—	21	2	—	19	19
No cash rent .....	1 030	209	209	102	821	412	406	409	409
Median (dollars) .....	293	229	229	231	304	358	414	303	303
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	7 595	1 528	1 528	1 221	6 067	72	18	5 995	5 995
Less than 20 percent .....	415	102	102	76	313	8	—	305	305
20 to 24 percent .....	513	106	106	83	407	1	—	406	406
25 to 29 percent .....	678	143	143	114	535	—	—	535	535
30 to 34 percent .....	628	104	104	97	524	—	—	524	524
35 percent or more .....	4 692	835	835	704	3 857	39	—	3 818	3 818
Not computed .....	669	238	238	147	431	24	18	407	407
Median .....	48.5	45.0	45.0	44.9	49.6	50.0+	—	49.6	49.6
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	4 997	674	674	523	4 323	165	139	4 158	4 157
Less than 20 percent .....	1 073	218	218	166	855	11	—	844	844
20 to 24 percent .....	873	145	145	90	728	25	13	703	703
25 to 29 percent .....	771	95	95	74	676	—	—	676	675
30 to 34 percent .....	785	81	81	81	704	18	18	686	686
35 percent or more .....	1 235	101	101	101	1 134	3	—	1 131	1 131
Not computed .....	260	34	34	11	226	108	108	118	118
Median .....	27.7	23.5	23.5	25.0	28.4	23.5	30.7	28.5	28.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	3 450	363	363	280	3 087	377	369	2 710	2 710
Less than 20 percent .....	2 039	277	277	209	1 762	87	79	1 675	1 675
20 to 24 percent .....	652	44	44	44	608	44	44	564	564
25 to 29 percent .....	288	18	18	13	270	26	26	244	244
30 to 34 percent .....	65	5	5	5	60	11	11	49	49
35 percent or more .....	82	9	9	9	73	—	—	73	73
Not computed .....	324	10	10	—	314	209	209	105	105
Median .....	17.8	15.7	15.7	17.0	18.1	19.7	20.1	18.0	18.0
\$35,000 or more .....	1 282	188	188	171	1 094	110	102	984	984
Less than 20 percent .....	1 088	188	188	171	900	39	31	861	861
20 to 24 percent .....	66	—	—	—	66	—	—	66	66
25 to 29 percent .....	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	4	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	7	7
Not computed .....	117	—	—	—	117	71	71	46	46
Median .....	12.0	10.9	10.9	10.7	12.2	11.1	11.6	12.3	12.3

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Russell County, AL				Phenix City city (pt.), Russell County, AL				
	Tract 306	Tract 308	Tract 309.01	Tract 309.02	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 306 (pt.)	Tract 307	Tract 308 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	369	581	101	354	8	19	345	285	581
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage -----	242	308	55	157	—	—	242	100	308
Less than \$300 -----	9	29	—	8	—	—	9	30	29
\$300 to \$399 -----	10	57	22	50	—	—	10	—	57
\$400 to \$499 -----	58	69	10	31	—	—	58	49	69
\$500 to \$599 -----	75	93	—	16	—	—	75	—	93
\$600 to \$799 -----	78	39	—	46	—	—	78	21	39
\$800 to \$999 -----	6	14	23	—	—	—	6	—	14
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	6	7	—	6	—	—	6	—	7
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	562	499	427	467	—	—	562	443	499
Not mortgaged -----	127	273	46	197	8	19	103	185	273
Less than \$100 -----	6	51	28	48	—	—	6	25	51
\$100 to \$199 -----	99	172	18	104	8	19	84	125	172
\$200 to \$299 -----	13	39	—	21	—	—	13	35	39
\$300 to \$399 -----	9	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	5
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more -----	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Median (dollars) -----	151	148	100	138	125	175	146	146	148
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 -----	106	294	56	167	—	19	82	184	294
Less than 20 percent -----	26	116	18	77	—	19	18	81	116
20 to 24 percent -----	12	43	18	33	—	—	5	13	43
25 to 29 percent -----	10	14	10	9	—	—	10	10	14
30 to 34 percent -----	10	13	—	9	—	—	10	21	13
35 percent or more -----	42	100	10	31	—	—	33	47	100
Not computed -----	6	8	—	8	—	—	6	12	8
Median -----	31.0	23.1	22.8	20.4	—	17.5	32.5	21.9	23.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	132	163	23	97	8	—	132	50	163
Less than 20 percent -----	47	79	9	69	8	—	47	45	79
20 to 24 percent -----	20	27	—	9	—	—	20	—	27
25 to 29 percent -----	40	39	—	6	—	—	40	5	39
30 to 34 percent -----	17	18	—	—	—	—	17	—	18
35 percent or more -----	8	—	14	13	—	—	8	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	24.7	20.5	41.8	12.9	10.0	—	24.7	12.0	20.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	108	102	22	62	—	—	108	29	102
Less than 20 percent -----	71	88	13	53	—	—	71	29	88
20 to 24 percent -----	31	14	—	9	—	—	31	—	14
25 to 29 percent -----	6	—	9	—	—	—	6	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	17.3	14.1	14.2	14.1	—	—	17.3	10.0	14.1
\$50,000 or more -----	23	22	—	28	—	—	23	22	22
Less than 20 percent -----	23	22	—	28	—	—	23	22	22
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.9	11.9	—	10.6	—	—	10.9	10.0	11.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	247	842	38	103	357	308	224	305	842
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 -----	—	85	—	10	158	143	—	3	85
\$100 to \$199 -----	11	225	7	9	129	121	6	74	225
\$200 to \$299 -----	56	226	—	38	36	40	47	64	226
\$300 to \$399 -----	116	145	31	12	24	4	107	73	145
\$400 to \$499 -----	37	49	—	8	10	—	37	54	49
\$500 to \$599 -----	8	21	—	—	—	—	8	9	21
\$600 to \$749 -----	11	22	—	—	—	—	11	—	22
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	8	69	—	26	—	—	8	19	69
Median (dollars) -----	335	245	320	263	107	107	343	302	245
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 -----	88	446	14	68	297	251	88	107	446
Less than 20 percent -----	—	8	—	—	24	30	—	6	8
20 to 24 percent -----	—	37	—	—	24	22	—	—	37
25 to 29 percent -----	—	17	—	—	44	45	—	—	17
30 to 34 percent -----	—	34	—	—	29	11	—	23	34
35 percent or more -----	70	281	14	42	152	121	70	70	281
Not computed -----	18	69	—	26	24	22	18	8	69
Median -----	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	39.8	38.6	50.0+	44.0	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	75	234	17	27	39	50	65	91	234
Less than 20 percent -----	5	100	—	—	15	38	—	13	100
20 to 24 percent -----	25	52	17	17	4	4	20	10	52
25 to 29 percent -----	11	37	—	—	5	—	11	13	37
30 to 34 percent -----	—	25	—	—	15	8	—	8	25
35 percent or more -----	34	20	—	—	—	—	34	36	20
Not computed -----	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	11	—
Median -----	28.4	21.6	22.5	22.5	25.5	17.2	40.4	32.5	21.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	73	112	7	—	14	7	64	45	112
Less than 20 percent -----	56	89	7	—	14	7	47	29	89
20 to 24 percent -----	12	10	—	—	—	—	12	7	10
25 to 29 percent -----	5	8	—	—	—	—	5	—	8
30 to 34 percent -----	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	17.5	14.8	12.5	—	17.5	10.0	18.1	15.9	14.8
\$35,000 or more -----	11	50	—	8	7	—	7	62	50
Less than 20 percent -----	11	50	—	8	7	—	7	62	50
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	11.0	—	12.5	10.0	—	10.0	12.0	11.0



Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

(Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Russell County, AL					Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Chottahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chottahoochee County, GA	Remainder of Chottahoochee County, GA	Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Muscogee County, GA
	Tract 309.01 (pt.)	Tract 309.02 (pt.)	Tract 310	Tract 311	Tract 312	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 201	Tract 16
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	101	354	137	287	262	7	7	88	51
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	55	157	51	93	111	7	7	43	23
Less than \$300 .....	—	8	15	47	26	—	—	14	17
\$300 to \$399 .....	22	50	7	13	37	—	—	23	6
\$400 to \$499 .....	10	31	7	19	14	—	—	6	—
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	16	15	—	10	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$799 .....	—	46	—	8	19	—	—	—	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	23	—	7	6	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	6	—	—	5	7	7	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	427	467	425	298	382	1 125	1 125	327	254
Not mortgaged .....	46	197	86	194	151	—	—	45	28
Less than \$100 .....	28	48	22	60	51	—	—	5	11
\$100 to \$199 .....	18	104	43	106	87	—	—	35	11
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	21	8	28	13	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	5	13	—	—	—	—	5	6
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	100—	138	152	127	124	—	—	149	114
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	56	167	79	182	178	—	—	53	34
Less than 20 percent .....	18	77	30	74	64	—	—	15	5
20 to 24 percent .....	18	33	13	25	39	—	—	9	—
25 to 29 percent .....	10	9	7	8	5	—	—	9	6
30 to 34 percent .....	—	9	—	8	6	—	—	11	11
35 percent or more .....	10	31	29	59	59	—	—	9	12
Not computed .....	—	8	—	8	5	—	—	—	—
Median .....	22.8	20.4	23.7	22.6	22.9	—	—	26.4	32.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	23	97	44	82	45	—	—	28	6
Less than 20 percent .....	9	69	44	69	30	—	—	28	6
20 to 24 percent .....	—	9	—	—	15	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	6	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	14	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	41.8	12.9	11.4	10.0	10.0	—	—	10.0	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	22	62	14	23	23	—	—	2	11
Less than 20 percent .....	13	53	7	17	17	—	—	2	11
20 to 24 percent .....	—	9	7	—	6	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	9	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.2	14.1	20.0	11.1	16.1	—	—	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more .....	—	28	—	—	16	7	7	5	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	28	—	—	16	7	7	5	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.5	10.6	—	—	16.4	17.5	17.5	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	38	103	66	171	142	628	628	96	598
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	—	10	19	14	25	—	—	6	199
\$100 to \$199 .....	7	9	17	62	36	—	—	25	201
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	38	16	22	48	13	13	41	96
\$300 to \$399 .....	31	12	—	11	5	70	70	11	73
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	8	9	9	—	120	120	2	13
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	5	—	—	8	8	—	—
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	11	11	3	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	26	—	53	28	406	406	2	7
Median (dollars) .....	320	263	192	165	169	414	414	253	145
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	14	68	37	91	91	18	18	54	477
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	10	5	5	—	—	8	52
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	4	19	—	—	1	51
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	9	2	18	—	—	—	103
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	58
35 percent or more .....	14	42	18	36	21	—	—	39	204
Not computed .....	—	26	—	37	28	18	18	6	9
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	29.7	44.0	27.1	—	—	50.0+	32.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	17	27	15	45	28	139	139	26	88
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	8	22	17	—	—	11	31
20 to 24 percent .....	17	17	—	5	11	13	13	12	12
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	7	5	—	—	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	18	18	—	32
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Not computed .....	—	10	—	13	—	108	108	—	—
Median .....	22.5	22.5	14.7	17.3	19.1	30.7	30.7	20.8	25.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	7	—	14	30	23	369	369	8	27
Less than 20 percent .....	7	—	9	20	23	79	79	8	27
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	44	44	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	5	—	—	26	26	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	11	11	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	12.5	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	209	209	13.3	15.2
\$35,000 or more .....	—	8	—	5	—	102	102	8	6
Less than 20 percent .....	—	8	—	5	—	31	31	8	6
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	71	71	—	—
Median .....	—	12.5	—	14.2	—	11.6	11.6	10.0	10.0

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA									
	Tract 3	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16 (pt.)	Tract 20	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25
Specified owner-occupied housing units	109	94	13	45	51	673	696	88	85	29
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	16	24	7	18	23	515	565	47	55	12
Less than \$300	7	11	—	13	17	81	160	16	15	—
\$300 to \$399	9	9	4	5	6	120	198	5	22	—
\$400 to \$499	—	4	—	—	—	96	104	11	18	—
\$500 to \$599	—	—	3	—	—	80	32	—	—	—
\$600 to \$799	—	—	—	—	—	42	65	15	—	—
\$800 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	76	6	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	12
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	356	308	394	235	254	439	346	411	339	1 375
Not mortgaged	93	70	6	27	28	158	131	41	30	17
Less than \$100	14	25	—	8	11	35	11	10	13	—
\$100 to \$199	61	40	6	15	11	77	93	11	17	9
\$200 to \$299	6	5	—	4	—	40	14	10	—	8
\$300 to \$399	12	—	—	—	6	6	7	10	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	148	117	175	152	114	137	151	196	156	147
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	76	71	3	32	34	302	334	22	36	17
Less than 20 percent	34	22	—	—	5	69	60	—	19	9
20 to 24 percent	9	19	—	5	—	42	51	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	13	4	—	—	6	19	55	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	9	11	—	13	11	45	10	5	—	—
35 percent or more	11	15	3	10	12	127	152	12	17	8
Not computed	—	—	—	4	—	—	6	5	—	—
Median	22.2	23.6	50.0+	33.5	32.7	32.3	29.8	37.9	14.2	10.0-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	22	15	4	4	6	162	191	36	24	—
Less than 20 percent	22	15	4	4	6	104	158	36	24	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	18	26	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	13	7	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	12.9	17.5	10.0-	10.0-	16.0	15.5	15.7	14.4	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	11	4	6	9	11	119	120	20	12	—
Less than 20 percent	11	4	6	9	11	86	113	20	12	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	20	7	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	12.5	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	16.0	12.3	10.0	10.0-	—
\$50,000 or more	—	4	—	—	—	90	51	10	13	12
Less than 20 percent	—	4	—	—	—	79	51	10	13	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	12
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	10.0-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units	190	328	405	167	598	387	465	12.5 241	10.0- 527	22.5 718
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	23	28	170	8	199	—	9	17	117	189
\$100 to \$199	40	131	161	70	201	15	54	17	107	260
\$200 to \$299	92	124	34	61	96	188	153	66	221	219
\$300 to \$399	21	33	13	17	73	47	100	58	74	43
\$400 to \$499	—	—	15	11	13	72	75	76	—	7
\$500 to \$599	10	—	12	—	—	26	47	7	—	—
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—	—	12	13	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	6	4	—	8	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	4	12	—	—	9	21	10	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	219	199	111	210	145	287	311	367	231	148
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	102	187	377	62	477	185	150	114	287	474
Less than 20 percent	23	17	18	—	52	—	—	6	32	48
20 to 24 percent	—	12	49	—	51	—	—	16	34	69
25 to 29 percent	6	17	80	6	103	16	8	6	70	77
30 to 34 percent	10	42	37	—	58	6	—	6	20	68
35 percent or more	53	86	179	52	204	142	128	64	131	196
Not computed	10	13	14	4	9	21	14	16	—	16
Median	38.9	34.9	34.7	47.0	32.4	50.0+	50.0+	45.0	31.9	32.6
\$10,000 to \$19,999	31	89	17	75	88	107	172	63	142	195
Less than 20 percent	9	30	13	57	31	7	32	6	77	131
20 to 24 percent	9	24	4	18	12	22	12	9	31	32
25 to 29 percent	13	29	—	—	13	25	33	8	12	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	32	40	4	16	11	7
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	13	81	24	11	25
Not computed	—	6	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
Median	23.6	22.4	17.5	15.8	25.4	29.9	35.0	32.7	19.4	17.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	42	37	5	16	27	83	98	39	70	43
Less than 20 percent	42	37	5	16	27	37	84	23	64	43
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	22	10	9	6	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	18	4	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.9	10.5	12.5	12.5	15.2	21.0	15.0	19.0	12.8	10.0-
\$35,000 or more	15	15	6	14	6	12	45	25	28	6
Less than 20 percent	15	15	6	14	6	12	45	25	28	6
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.3	10.0-	12.5	10.6	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	12.5	10.0-	10.0-



Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 27	Tract 28	Tract 29.01	Tract 29.02	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32	Tract 33	Tract 34
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	129	367	223	251	252	136	84	460	52
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	49	72	217	221	203	131	67	365	46
Less than \$300 .....	34	32	8	—	53	—	16	33	6
\$300 to \$399 .....	5	12	28	43	76	22	—	71	6
\$400 to \$499 .....	5	22	48	32	44	27	34	31	15
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	6	30	25	19	23	—	62	13
\$600 to \$799 .....	5	—	54	65	4	33	—	111	—
\$800 to \$999 .....	—	—	41	40	7	4	—	57	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	8	—	—	22	17	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	277	317	566	615	366	586	476	576	471
Not mortgaged .....	80	295	6	30	49	5	17	95	6
Less than \$100 .....	32	34	—	—	—	—	—	21	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	41	217	6	14	44	—	17	50	6
\$200 to \$299 .....	7	19	—	9	5	5	—	7	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	25	—	7	—	—	—	17	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	129	144	175	206	128	275	125	132	175
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	107	256	38	46	155	57	35	196	23
Less than 20 percent .....	52	92	6	—	21	—	—	34	12
20 to 24 percent .....	4	12	—	—	20	10	—	9	—
25 to 29 percent .....	14	21	—	—	10	—	—	28	—
30 to 34 percent .....	12	21	—	—	21	—	16	7	—
35 percent or more .....	25	98	32	46	83	47	19	118	11
Not computed .....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	21.9	29.3	46.3	50.0+	36.3	38.7	50.0+	39.5	19.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	11	70	57	89	65	39	17	115	10
Less than 20 percent .....	6	70	32	16	51	14	17	55	2
20 to 24 percent .....	5	—	5	7	7	21	—	17	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	4	39	—	—	—	24	8
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	5	7	7	—	—	10	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	11	20	—	4	—	9	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	19.1	27.8	16.3	21.3	10.0	20.7	26.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	11	26	92	63	25	11	17	99	19
Less than 20 percent .....	11	26	64	33	18	11	—	59	13
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	13	7	7	—	—	19	6
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	15	7	—	—	17	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	17.9	10.0	14.5	12.5	27.5	18.5	18.1
\$50,000 or more .....	—	15	36	53	7	29	15	50	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	15	36	53	7	7	15	50	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	10.0	14.7	12.5	26.7	12.5	12.5	16.0	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	473	908	476	406	603	236	1 150	692	520
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	123	15	—	—	—	—	131	—	8
\$100 to \$199 .....	116	304	7	9	73	5	434	86	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	134	342	72	121	310	35	236	164	90
\$300 to \$399 .....	75	137	154	153	146	72	257	242	326
\$400 to \$499 .....	25	41	149	82	62	50	60	121	26
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	26	37	15	—	11	17	43	22
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	10	33	26	—	54	—	11	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	11	16	—	—	4	8	12	23
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	22	8	—	12	5	7	13	25
Median (dollars) .....	198	237	401	355	276	422	201	318	338
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	324	517	116	140	294	36	793	280	126
Less than 20 percent .....	6	25	—	—	—	—	55	7	—
20 to 24 percent .....	39	29	7	—	—	—	71	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	28	29	—	—	—	9	52	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	39	61	—	9	20	—	59	15	10
35 percent or more .....	190	325	93	131	251	22	523	240	116
Not computed .....	22	48	16	—	23	5	33	18	—
Median .....	50.0+	46.2	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	45.2	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	106	234	212	122	163	52	239	242	196
Less than 20 percent .....	61	82	13	12	72	5	64	16	8
20 to 24 percent .....	25	49	12	79	38	8	77	46	8
25 to 29 percent .....	15	31	52	22	18	—	22	54	59
30 to 34 percent .....	—	18	40	9	—	18	16	22	67
35 percent or more .....	5	49	95	—	32	21	53	104	42
Not computed .....	—	5	—	—	3	—	7	—	12
Median .....	19.1	23.3	33.6	23.1	21.1	33.6	23.4	31.1	31.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	43	141	97	123	113	98	93	140	147
Less than 20 percent .....	43	130	62	63	101	38	87	98	76
20 to 24 percent .....	—	6	11	53	5	32	6	19	58
25 to 29 percent .....	—	5	—	—	7	21	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	8	7	—	7	—	23	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Median .....	13.8	16.0	18.8	19.8	14.0	21.7	15.8	17.3	19.2
\$35,000 or more .....	—	16	51	21	33	50	25	30	51
Less than 20 percent .....	—	16	35	21	24	46	25	24	51
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	6	—
Median .....	—	11.4	17.6	16.9	10.4	11.9	12.1	12.5	10.0

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA—Con.								
	Tract 105	Tract 106.02	Tract 106.04	Tract 106.05	Tract 106.06	Tract 107.01	Tract 107.02	Tract 107.03	Tract 108
Specified owner-occupied housing units	67	240	732	698	—	488	972	877	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	67	235	688	564	—	471	841	709	—
Less than \$300	—	33	70	66	—	40	83	87	—
\$300 to \$399	—	30	95	71	—	43	100	82	—
\$400 to \$499	10	43	115	83	—	52	68	92	—
\$500 to \$599	7	47	144	43	—	85	142	71	—
\$600 to \$799	17	71	193	145	—	151	211	243	—
\$800 to \$999	—	6	44	138	—	89	147	79	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	19	5	16	18	—	11	71	49	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8	—	11	—	—	—	19	6	—
\$2,000 or more	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	744	522	532	638	—	615	623	616	—
Not mortgaged	—	5	44	134	—	17	131	168	—
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
\$100 to \$199	—	—	20	74	—	12	82	87	—
\$200 to \$299	—	5	14	41	—	5	42	65	—
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	10	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	10	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars)	—	275	213	185	—	185	186	185	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	4	54	188	191	—	77	265	227	—
Less than 20 percent	—	5	17	44	—	20	15	60	—
20 to 24 percent	—	12	15	22	—	6	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	25	5	—	—	19	12	—
30 to 34 percent	—	9	37	22	—	6	26	39	—
35 percent or more	4	28	87	98	—	45	174	98	—
Not computed	—	—	7	—	—	—	24	18	—
Median	45.0	35.3	34.5	35.3	—	37.2	50.0+	34.2	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	4	113	228	185	—	122	320	218	—
Less than 20 percent	—	62	66	53	—	26	142	117	—
20 to 24 percent	—	10	53	14	—	24	41	24	—
25 to 29 percent	4	27	69	15	—	40	37	42	—
30 to 34 percent	—	4	16	58	—	32	64	26	—
35 percent or more	—	10	24	45	—	—	36	9	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	27.5	19.1	24.5	30.9	—	26.4	22.2	19.2	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13	36	187	193	—	184	210	227	—
Less than 20 percent	13	25	125	101	—	90	98	126	—
20 to 24 percent	—	11	36	40	—	76	32	31	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	15	34	—	18	49	47	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	12	—	—	24	17	—
35 percent or more	—	—	11	6	—	—	7	6	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	15.4	18.2	17.7	19.5	—	20.1	21.1	19.1	—
\$50,000 or more	46	37	129	129	—	105	177	205	—
Less than 20 percent	26	37	129	129	—	100	161	196	—
20 to 24 percent	6	—	—	—	—	5	4	9	—
25 to 29 percent	8	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
30 to 34 percent	6	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	19.1	12.6	11.3	10.1	—	13.4	14.8	11.1	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units	195	281	363	163	—	344	284	803	928
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—
\$100 to \$199	52	—	13	—	—	5	12	23	5
\$200 to \$299	7	7	22	23	—	6	12	152	108
\$300 to \$399	32	18	106	47	—	45	45	288	456
\$400 to \$499	86	148	80	40	—	185	100	205	145
\$500 to \$599	—	74	63	19	—	56	63	78	6
\$600 to \$749	—	34	45	34	—	41	35	40	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	6	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	347	477	422	450	—	476	474	381	208
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	79	35	123	47	—	59	75	196	76
Less than 20 percent	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	10	—
30 to 34 percent	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	—
35 percent or more	45	35	72	47	—	44	75	152	36
Not computed	—	—	43	—	—	15	—	—	40
Median	49.2	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	47	74	94	68	—	121	87	345	409
Less than 20 percent	5	—	—	—	—	5	—	27	36
20 to 24 percent	—	6	18	20	—	5	7	60	46
25 to 29 percent	12	13	14	16	—	6	8	45	97
30 to 34 percent	10	19	13	—	—	27	31	62	113
35 percent or more	20	36	49	32	—	78	34	151	49
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	68
Median	33.2	34.7	36.4	29.4	—	44.4	34.0	33.3	29.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	69	91	88	34	—	75	78	198	381
Less than 20 percent	37	24	13	18	—	40	15	104	202
20 to 24 percent	10	36	26	—	—	15	22	76	81
25 to 29 percent	22	26	27	16	—	20	24	12	6
30 to 34 percent	—	5	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	6	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	92
Median	19.4	23.0	25.9	19.7	—	19.6	25.4	19.7	17.8
\$35,000 or more	—	81	58	14	—	89	44	64	62
Less than 20 percent	—	75	51	9	—	89	35	57	31
20 to 24 percent	—	6	7	—	—	—	9	7	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31
Median	—	12.4	12.0	21.1	—	12.8	16.4	14.3	12.0



Table 38. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Muscogee County, GA	
	Columbus, GA—AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Columbus city (remainder)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>186</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>153</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	24	24	24	24
1980 to 1984 .....	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	37	32	32	32
1960 to 1969 .....	49	42	42	42
1950 to 1959 .....	36	28	28	28
1940 to 1949 .....	23	10	10	10
1939 or earlier .....	17	17	17	17
<b>BEDROOMS</b>				
No bedroom .....	6	6	6	6
1 bedroom .....	30	30	30	30
2 bedrooms .....	49	41	41	41
3 bedrooms .....	89	69	69	69
4 bedrooms .....	12	7	7	7
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	186	153	153	153
Source of water, public system or private company .....	186	153	153	153
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	176	148	148	148
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	121	93	93	93
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	5	—	—	—
Electricity .....	60	60	60	60
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	23	23	23	23
1 .....	83	68	68	68
2 .....	65	47	47	47
3 or more .....	15	15	15	15
Vehicles per household .....	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>99</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>78</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	6	6	6	6
1985 to 1988 .....	24	24	24	24
1980 to 1984 .....	30	30	30	30
1970 to 1979 .....	12	12	12	12
1969 or earlier .....	27	6	6	6
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>87</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>75</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	64	64	64	64
1985 to 1988 .....	18	6	6	6
1980 to 1984 .....	5	5	5	5
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
No telephone in unit .....	5	5	5	5
Householder 65 years and over .....	25	17	17	17
Owner-occupied housing units .....	20	12	12	12
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	5	5	5	5
No vehicle available .....	5	5	5	5
Complete plumbing facilities .....	186	153	153	153
1.00 or less persons per room .....	156	123	123	123
1.01 or more persons per room .....	30	30	30	30
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	41 674	42 261	42 261	42 261
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	25 153	24 930	24 930	24 930
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	28	20	20	20
Owner-occupied housing units .....	17	9	9	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	11	11	11	11

Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Muscooke County, GA	
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Columbus city (remainder)
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	86	73	73	73
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>				
With a mortgage -----	74	61	61	61
Less than \$300 -----	9	9	9	9
\$300 to \$399 -----	7	7	7	7
\$400 to \$499 -----	26	26	26	26
\$500 to \$599 -----	13	6	6	6
\$600 to \$799 -----	13	13	13	13
\$800 to \$999 -----	6	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	479	452	452	452
Not mortgaged -----	12	12	12	12
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	6	6	6	6
\$200 to \$299 -----	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	6	6	6	6
\$400 to \$499 -----	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more -----	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	225	225	225	225
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Less than \$20,000 -----	20	20	20	20
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	6	6	6	6
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	14	14	14	14
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	20	20	20	20
Less than 20 percent -----	12	12	12	12
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	8	8	8	8
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	9	9	9	9
Less than 20 percent -----	9	9	9	9
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5
\$50,000 or more -----	37	24	24	24
Less than 20 percent -----	37	24	24	24
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	82	75	75	75
<b>GROSS RENT</b>				
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	5	5	5	5
\$200 to \$299 -----	6	6	6	6
\$300 to \$399 -----	35	35	35	35
\$400 to \$499 -----	30	23	23	23
\$500 to \$599 -----	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749 -----	6	6	6	6
\$750 to \$999 -----	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	336	326	326	326
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Less than \$10,000 -----	11	11	11	11
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	11	11	11	11
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	12	12	12	12
Less than 20 percent -----	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	12	12	12	12
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	47	40	40	40
Less than 20 percent -----	24	24	24	24
20 to 24 percent -----	23	16	16	16
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	19.8	18.7	18.7	18.7
\$35,000 or more -----	12	12	12	12
Less than 20 percent -----	12	12	12	12
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5



Table 40. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA--AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	608	582	61	53	521	521	53	53
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 -----	13	13	—	—	13	13	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	62	62	—	—	62	62	—	—
1980 to 1984 -----	76	67	6	—	61	61	—	—
1970 to 1979 -----	141	124	23	23	101	101	23	23
1960 to 1969 -----	140	140	2	—	138	138	—	—
1950 to 1959 -----	100	100	10	10	90	90	10	10
1940 to 1949 -----	49	49	10	10	39	39	10	10
1939 or earlier -----	27	27	10	10	17	17	10	10
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	88	79	—	—	79	79	—	—
2 bedrooms -----	168	168	13	13	155	155	13	13
3 bedrooms -----	244	227	28	20	199	199	20	20
4 bedrooms -----	101	101	20	20	81	81	20	20
5 or more bedrooms -----	7	7	—	—	7	7	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	608	582	61	53	521	521	53	53
Source of water, public system or private company -----	608	582	61	53	521	521	53	53
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	579	570	53	53	517	517	53	53
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas -----	403	403	43	43	360	360	43	43
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	17	6	2	—	4	4	—	—
Electricity -----	188	173	16	10	157	157	10	10
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None -----	14	14	2	—	12	12	—	—
1 -----	198	198	20	20	178	178	20	20
2 -----	337	320	39	33	281	281	33	33
3 or more -----	59	50	—	—	50	50	—	—
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units -----	302	285	8	—	277	277	—	—
1989 to March 1990 -----	53	53	—	—	53	53	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	101	101	—	—	101	101	—	—
1980 to 1984 -----	49	49	6	—	43	43	—	—
1970 to 1979 -----	83	66	—	—	66	66	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	16	16	2	—	14	14	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	306	297	53	53	244	244	53	53
1989 to March 1990 -----	205	205	33	33	172	172	33	33
1985 to 1988 -----	70	70	20	20	50	50	20	20
1980 to 1984 -----	26	17	—	—	17	17	—	—
1970 to 1979 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	5	5	—	—	5	5	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit -----	50	41	2	—	39	39	—	—
Householder 65 years and over -----	14	14	—	—	14	14	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	9	9	—	—	9	9	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	599	582	61	53	521	521	53	53
1.00 or less persons per room -----	534	517	61	53	456	456	53	53
1.01 or more persons per room -----	65	65	—	—	65	65	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	51 016	49 335	43 585	—	49 501	49 501	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	25 915	26 428	25 244	25 244	26 685	26 685	25 244	25 244
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	78	78	—	—	78	78	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	16	16	—	—	16	16	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	62	62	—	—	62	62	—	—

**Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA
	Columbus, GA--AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage	245	245	-	-	245	245	-	-
Less than \$300	41	41	-	-	41	41	-	-
\$300 to \$399	27	27	-	-	27	27	-	-
\$400 to \$499	37	37	-	-	37	37	-	-
\$500 to \$599	27	27	-	-	27	27	-	-
\$600 to \$799	35	35	-	-	35	35	-	-
\$800 to \$999	26	26	-	-	26	26	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499	27	27	-	-	27	27	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	25	25	-	-	25	25	-	-
\$2,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	570	570	-	-	570	570	-	-
Not mortgaged	7	7	2	-	5	5	-	-
Less than \$100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	215	215	125	-	225	225	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000	54	54	-	-	54	54	-	-
Less than 20 percent	15	15	-	-	15	15	-	-
20 to 24 percent	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	-
25 to 29 percent	6	6	-	-	6	6	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	28	28	-	-	28	28	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	42.0	42.0	-	-	42.0	42.0	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	70	70	-	-	70	70	-	-
Less than 20 percent	38	38	-	-	38	38	-	-
20 to 24 percent	4	4	-	-	4	4	-	-
25 to 29 percent	6	6	-	-	6	6	-	-
30 to 34 percent	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	-
35 percent or more	17	17	-	-	17	17	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	19.3	19.3	-	-	19.3	19.3	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	42	42	2	-	40	40	-	-
Less than 20 percent	38	38	2	-	36	36	-	-
20 to 24 percent	4	4	-	-	4	4	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	16.3	16.3	10.0	-	16.5	16.5	-	-
\$50,000 or more	86	86	-	-	86	86	-	-
Less than 20 percent	51	51	-	-	51	51	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	25	25	-	-	25	25	-	-
30 to 34 percent	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	17.1	17.1	-	-	17.1	17.1	-	-
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	57	48	-	-	48	48	-	-
\$300 to \$399	84	84	-	-	84	84	-	-
\$400 to \$499	58	58	-	-	58	58	-	-
\$500 to \$599	22	22	-	-	22	22	-	-
\$600 to \$749	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	-
\$750 to \$999	11	11	-	-	11	11	-	-
\$1,000 or more	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-
No cash rent	59	59	53	53	6	6	53	53
Median (dollars)	370	372	-	-	372	372	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000	90	81	-	-	81	81	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	20	11	-	-	11	11	-	-
35 percent or more	32	32	-	-	32	32	-	-
Not computed	38	38	-	-	38	38	-	-
Median	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+	50.0+	-	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	57	57	20	20	37	37	20	20
Less than 20 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	21	21	-	-	21	21	-	-
25 to 29 percent	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-
30 to 34 percent	6	6	-	-	6	6	-	-
35 percent or more	20	20	20	20	-	-	20	20
Not computed	29.4	29.4	-	-	29.4	29.4	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	91	91	23	23	68	68	23	23
Less than 20 percent	31	31	-	-	31	31	-	-
20 to 24 percent	37	37	-	-	37	37	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	23	23	23	23	-	-	23	23
Median	20.4	20.4	-	-	20.4	20.4	-	-
\$35,000 or more	68	68	10	10	58	58	10	10
Less than 20 percent	48	48	-	-	48	48	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	10	10	10	10	-	-	10	10
Median	12.0	12.0	-	-	12.0	12.0	-	-



Table 42. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>2 000</b>	<b>1 877</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>1 601</b>	<b>1 599</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>254</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	30	30	—	—	30	30	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	162	141	16	14	125	125	14	14	—
1980 to 1984 -----	183	177	8	8	169	169	8	8	—
1970 to 1979 -----	572	524	102	100	422	422	100	100	55
1960 to 1969 -----	557	518	37	37	481	479	37	37	127
1950 to 1959 -----	277	277	53	53	224	224	53	53	52
1940 to 1949 -----	171	162	45	45	117	117	45	45	20
1939 or earlier -----	48	48	15	15	33	33	15	15	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	48	48	—	—	48	48	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	256	239	8	8	231	231	8	8	33
2 bedrooms -----	503	473	40	36	433	433	36	36	40
3 bedrooms -----	876	817	69	69	748	746	69	69	162
4 bedrooms -----	303	286	159	159	127	127	159	159	19
5 or more bedrooms -----	14	14	—	—	14	14	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 996	1 873	276	272	1 597	1 595	272	272	250
Source of water, public system or private company -----	1 983	1 866	274	272	1 592	1 590	272	272	245
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	1 918	1 845	272	272	1 573	1 571	272	272	254
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	12	12	—	—	12	12	—	—	4
Owner-occupied housing units -----	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	4	4	—	—	4	4	—	—	4
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	1 376	1 328	207	207	1 121	1 121	207	207	205
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	54	19	4	—	15	15	—	—	—
Electricity -----	545	507	65	65	442	440	65	65	40
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	6	6	—	—	6	6	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	17	17	—	—	17	17	—	—	9
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	83	76	—	—	76	76	—	—	4
1 -----	886	839	135	135	704	702	135	135	176
2 -----	781	733	126	122	607	607	122	122	74
3 or more -----	250	229	15	15	214	214	15	15	—
Vehicles per household -----	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>697</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	116	96	2	—	94	94	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	261	242	14	14	228	228	14	14	—
1980 to 1984 -----	74	62	—	—	62	62	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 -----	138	125	—	—	125	125	—	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	108	97	—	—	97	97	—	—	—
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>1 303</b>	<b>1 255</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>254</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	774	750	118	116	632	632	116	116	135
1985 to 1988 -----	456	442	125	125	317	315	125	125	119
1980 to 1984 -----	65	55	17	17	38	38	17	17	—
1970 to 1979 -----	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	165	156	—	—	156	154	—	—	19
Householder 65 years and over -----	115	99	—	—	99	99	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	107	91	—	—	91	91	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	8	8	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 988	1 865	276	272	1 589	1 587	272	272	250
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 827	1 704	268	264	1 436	1 434	264	264	197
1.01 or more persons per room -----	161	161	8	8	153	153	8	8	53
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	12	12	—	—	12	12	—	—	4
1.00 or less persons per room -----	12	12	—	—	12	12	—	—	4
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	37 466	38 938	13 488	10 500	39 610	39 610	10 500	10 500	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	22 927	22 891	28 089	28 079	21 532	21 535	28 079	28 079	23 244
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	261	229	31	31	198	198	31	31	49
Owner-occupied housing units -----	60	28	14	14	14	14	14	14	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	201	201	17	17	184	184	17	17	49

Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA	Georgia (pt.)	Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
			Total	Fort Benning South COP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
Specified owner-occupied housing units	632	578	14	14	564	564	14	14	-
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	529	492	-	-	492	492	-	-	-
Less than \$300	59	59	-	-	59	59	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	50	50	-	-	50	50	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	34	34	-	-	34	34	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599	66	46	-	-	46	46	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799	189	172	-	-	172	172	-	-	-
\$800 to \$999	66	66	-	-	66	66	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499	53	53	-	-	53	53	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	12	12	-	-	12	12	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	664	669	-	-	669	669	-	-	-
Not mortgaged	103	86	14	14	72	72	14	14	-
Less than \$100	26	20	14	14	6	6	14	14	-
\$100 to \$199	37	35	-	-	35	35	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	21	12	-	-	12	12	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	19	19	-	-	19	19	-	-	-
\$500 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	162	160	100-	100-	183	183	100-	100-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	127	86	14	14	72	72	14	14	-
Less than 20 percent	20	20	-	-	20	20	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	14	5	-	-	5	5	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	6	6	-	-	6	6	-	-	-
35 percent or more	65	41	-	-	41	41	-	-	-
Not computed	20	14	14	14	-	-	14	14	-
Median	39.4	36.9	-	-	36.9	36.9	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	185	179	-	-	179	179	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	66	66	-	-	66	66	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	23	17	-	-	17	17	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	32	32	-	-	32	32	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	50	50	-	-	50	50	-	-	-
35 percent or more	14	14	-	-	14	14	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	25.5	26.0	-	-	26.0	26.0	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	156	149	-	-	149	149	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	91	84	-	-	84	84	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	29	29	-	-	29	29	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	19	19	-	-	19	19	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	17	17	-	-	17	17	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	17.8	17.8	-	-	17.8	17.8	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more	164	164	-	-	164	164	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	101	101	-	-	101	101	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	37	37	-	-	37	37	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	26	26	-	-	26	26	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	17.8	17.8	-	-	17.8	17.8	-	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 295	1 247	252	250	995	993	250	250	254
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	7	7	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	23	23	-	-	23	23	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	135	135	-	-	135	133	-	-	38
\$300 to \$399	335	325	32	30	293	293	30	30	84
\$400 to \$499	428	403	44	44	359	359	44	44	64
\$500 to \$599	86	79	12	12	67	67	12	12	8
\$600 to \$749	44	44	16	16	28	28	16	16	-
\$750 to \$999	27	27	8	8	19	19	8	8	-
\$1,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent	210	204	140	140	64	64	140	140	60
Median (dollars)	409	407	447	449	402	402	449	449	372
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	137	137	-	-	137	137	-	-	41
Less than 20 percent	7	7	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	6	6	-	-	6	6	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	114	114	-	-	114	114	-	-	41
Not computed	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-	-
Median	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	491	474	65	65	409	409	65	65	114
Less than 20 percent	25	25	-	-	25	25	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	59	59	-	-	59	59	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	74	74	-	-	74	74	-	-	29
30 to 34 percent	94	83	11	11	72	72	11	11	25
35 percent or more	139	139	8	8	131	131	8	8	16
Not computed	100	94	46	46	48	48	46	46	44
Median	32.0	31.9	34.3	34.3	31.6	31.6	34.3	34.3	31.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	520	496	143	141	353	351	141	141	83
Less than 20 percent	232	215	35	33	180	178	33	33	22
20 to 24 percent	164	157	23	23	134	134	23	23	4
25 to 29 percent	23	23	-	-	23	23	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	101	101	85	85	16	16	85	85	16
Median	19.3	19.4	18.3	18.6	19.5	19.6	18.6	18.6	16.6
\$35,000 or more	147	140	44	44	96	96	44	44	16
Less than 20 percent	119	112	35	35	77	77	35	35	16
20 to 24 percent	12	12	-	-	12	12	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	7	7	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	9	9	9	9	-	-	9	9	-
Median	13.4	13.2	15.6	15.6	12.5	12.5	15.6	15.6	10.6



**Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South COP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South COP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
Occupied housing units -----	53 199	42 188	1 615	1 080	40 573	40 358	1 087	1 080	920
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	806	535	41	7	494	494	7	7	-
1985 to 1988 -----	5 126	3 871	109	-	3 762	3 761	-	-	-
1980 to 1984 -----	4 956	3 790	103	36	3 687	3 682	36	36	28
1970 to 1979 -----	11 828	8 770	493	369	8 277	8 259	369	369	173
1960 to 1969 -----	11 374	9 532	273	183	9 259	9 251	183	183	389
1950 to 1959 -----	9 490	7 924	181	137	7 743	7 733	137	137	274
1940 to 1949 -----	4 805	4 012	99	78	3 913	3 891	85	78	49
1939 or earlier -----	4 814	3 754	316	270	3 438	3 287	270	270	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	441	394	-	-	394	394	-	-	-
1 bedroom -----	4 984	4 230	31	5	4 199	4 180	5	5	12
2 bedrooms -----	15 574	11 522	260	65	11 262	11 136	65	65	210
3 bedrooms -----	25 054	20 035	661	436	19 374	19 311	436	436	673
4 bedrooms -----	6 227	5 246	638	559	4 608	4 603	566	559	17
5 or more bedrooms -----	919	761	25	15	736	734	15	15	8
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	52 803	41 852	1 610	1 080	40 242	40 027	1 087	1 080	920
Source of water, public system or private company -----	52 145	41 750	1 583	1 064	40 167	39 952	1 071	1 064	920
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	46 670	40 406	1 117	1 065	39 289	39 074	1 072	1 065	915
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	149	98	-	-	98	98	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	74	47	-	-	47	47	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	75	51	-	-	51	51	-	-	-
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	36 083	31 462	706	687	30 756	30 551	694	687	651
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	3 389	1 205	362	15	843	842	15	15	6
Electricity -----	12 864	9 118	501	359	8 617	8 612	359	359	263
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	190	71	10	-	61	61	-	-	-
All other fuels -----	580	263	24	7	239	235	7	7	-
No fuel used -----	93	69	12	12	57	57	12	12	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	3 517	2 807	80	36	2 727	2 676	36	36	21
1 -----	18 053	14 559	436	283	14 123	14 038	283	283	441
2 -----	22 079	17 734	892	693	16 842	16 777	700	693	408
3 or more -----	9 550	7 088	207	68	6 881	6 867	68	68	50
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	33 513	25 730	391	7	25 339	25 213	7	7	-
1989 to March 1990 -----	2 928	2 177	69	7	2 108	2 093	7	7	-
1985 to 1988 -----	7 842	5 971	114	-	5 857	5 844	-	-	-
1980 to 1984 -----	4 724	3 540	59	-	3 481	3 475	-	-	-
1970 to 1979 -----	8 019	6 143	71	-	6 072	6 047	-	-	-
1969 or earlier -----	10 000	7 899	78	-	7 821	7 754	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	19 686	16 458	1 224	1 073	15 234	15 145	1 080	1 073	920
1989 to March 1990 -----	10 311	8 745	596	511	8 149	8 105	518	511	517
1985 to 1988 -----	6 211	5 236	557	532	4 679	4 656	532	532	388
1980 to 1984 -----	1 698	1 338	43	30	1 295	1 279	30	30	15
1970 to 1979 -----	1 014	807	26	-	781	779	-	-	-
1969 or earlier -----	452	332	2	-	330	326	-	-	-
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	2 564	1 869	53	6	1 816	1 792	6	6	44
Householder 65 years and over -----	11 842	9 199	95	-	9 104	9 023	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	9 174	7 061	69	-	6 992	6 924	-	-	-
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit -----	213	139	4	-	135	135	-	-	-
No vehicle available -----	1 871	1 459	27	-	1 432	1 404	-	-	-
Complete plumbing facilities -----	53 050	42 090	1 615	1 080	40 475	40 260	1 087	1 080	920
1.00 or less persons per room -----	52 098	41 353	1 600	1 080	39 753	39 552	1 087	1 080	872
1.01 or more persons per room -----	952	737	15	-	722	708	-	-	48
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	149	98	-	-	98	98	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room -----	133	98	-	-	98	98	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room -----	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	41 217	43 644	29 893	15 941	43 856	43 955	15 941	15 941	-
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	24 040	24 971	29 566	30 993	24 602	24 657	31 112	30 993	21 126
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	5 744	4 209	139	59	4 070	4 016	59	59	117
Owner-occupied housing units -----	2 058	1 425	42	-	1 383	1 355	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	3 686	2 784	97	59	2 687	2 661	59	59	117

**Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Columbus, GA-AL MSA		Chattahoochee County, GA		Muscogee County, GA		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Chattahoochee County, GA	Fort Benning South CDP, Chattahoochee County, GA	Columbus city (remainder), Muscogee County, GA
	Georgia (pt.)		Total	Fort Benning South CDP	Total	Columbus city (remainder)	Tract 202	Tract 202 (pt.)	Tract 108
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>28 575</b>	<b>23 121</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>22 974</b>	<b>22 854</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	19 154	15 988	80	7	15 908	15 868	7	7	-
Less than \$300	2 487	2 118	9	-	2 109	2 102	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	2 176	1 619	6	-	1 613	1 593	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	2 346	1 741	18	-	1 723	1 716	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599	2 821	2 206	15	-	2 191	2 189	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799	4 331	3 689	32	7	3 657	3 656	7	7	-
\$800 to \$999	2 258	2 043	-	-	2 043	2 040	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2 064	1 931	-	-	1 931	1 931	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	419	389	-	-	389	389	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more	252	252	-	-	252	252	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	591	617	532	625	617	618	625	625	-
Not mortgaged	9 421	7 133	67	-	7 066	6 986	-	-	-
Less than \$100	1 245	883	4	-	879	856	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	5 387	3 997	47	-	3 950	3 893	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299	1 956	1 529	14	-	1 515	1 515	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	489	407	2	-	405	405	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499	180	160	-	-	160	160	-	-	-
\$500 or more	164	157	-	-	157	157	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	161	164	158	-	164	165	-	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	7 278	5 466	50	7	5 416	5 342	7	7	-
Less than 20 percent	3 204	2 349	27	-	2 322	2 294	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	833	599	8	-	591	567	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	536	419	3	-	416	414	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	396	283	-	-	283	276	-	-	-
35 percent or more	2 222	1 750	12	7	1 738	1 725	7	7	-
Not computed	87	66	-	-	66	66	-	-	-
Median	22.3	22.9	18.6	45.0	23.0	23.0	45.0	45.0	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 209	5 742	46	-	5 696	5 668	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	4 135	3 220	27	-	3 193	3 169	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	1 111	822	3	-	819	816	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	831	652	13	-	639	638	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	570	531	1	-	530	530	-	-	-
35 percent or more	562	517	2	-	515	515	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	17.0	17.2	18.5	-	17.2	17.3	-	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6 264	5 179	26	-	5 153	5 150	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	4 344	3 444	24	-	3 420	3 417	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	1 080	936	2	-	934	934	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	457	442	-	-	442	442	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	201	187	-	-	187	187	-	-	-
35 percent or more	182	170	-	-	170	170	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	15.9	16.3	10.0	-	16.4	16.4	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more	7 824	6 734	25	-	6 709	6 694	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent	6 488	5 485	25	-	5 460	5 446	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	790	708	-	-	708	707	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	393	388	-	-	388	388	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	100	100	-	-	100	100	-	-	-
35 percent or more	53	53	-	-	53	53	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	12.7	13.1	10.0	-	13.1	13.1	-	-	-
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>19 517</b>	<b>16 375</b>	<b>1 213</b>	<b>1 065</b>	<b>15 162</b>	<b>15 073</b>	<b>1 072</b>	<b>1 065</b>	<b>912</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	225	178	7	7	171	171	7	7	-
\$100 to \$199	1 453	1 049	19	7	1 030	1 025	7	7	-
\$200 to \$299	2 888	2 277	42	-	2 235	2 192	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399	4 691	3 799	137	89	3 662	3 641	89	89	61
\$400 to \$499	4 886	4 223	192	182	4 031	4 016	182	182	372
\$500 to \$599	2 395	2 241	89	86	2 152	2 152	86	86	173
\$600 to \$749	1 109	1 016	51	44	965	965	51	44	-
\$750 to \$999	225	208	-	-	208	208	-	-	8
\$1,000 or more	53	53	-	-	53	53	-	-	8
No cash rent	1 592	1 331	676	650	655	650	650	650	290
Median (dollars)	393	405	420	444	404	404	447	444	366
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	4 158	3 184	95	42	3 089	3 068	42	42	48
Less than 20 percent	100	63	-	-	63	63	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	256	218	2	-	216	216	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	323	278	-	-	278	278	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	322	236	6	-	230	230	-	-	-
35 percent or more	2 677	2 042	34	5	2 008	1 993	5	5	-
Not computed	480	347	53	37	294	288	37	37	14
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	5 401	4 576	213	182	4 363	4 312	182	182	34
Less than 20 percent	643	451	4	-	447	441	-	-	12
20 to 24 percent	854	755	40	33	715	695	33	33	73
25 to 29 percent	1 019	893	58	43	835	826	43	43	123
30 to 34 percent	968	790	4	-	786	775	-	-	50
35 percent or more	1 525	1 364	10	9	1 354	1 349	9	9	34
Not computed	392	323	97	97	226	226	97	97	150
Median	29.9	30.2	26.2	26.1	30.5	30.5	26.1	26.1	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	6 357	5 398	494	454	4 904	4 892	454	454	373
Less than 20 percent	2 925	2 406	91	62	2 315	2 306	62	62	166
20 to 24 percent	1 887	1 646	111	109	1 535	1 534	109	109	88
25 to 29 percent	675	596	17	17	579	579	17	17	18
30 to 34 percent	220	202	-	-	202	202	-	-	-
35 percent or more	108	97	-	-	97	97	-	-	8
Not computed	542	451	275	266	176	174	266	266	93
Median	20.0	20.2	20.8	21.5	20.2	20.2	21.5	21.5	18.9
\$35,000 or more	3 601	3 217	411	387	2 806	2 801	394	387	49
Less than 20 percent	3 023	2 674	158	137	2 516	2 511	144	137	22
20 to 24 percent	139	139	-	-	139	139	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	34	34	-	-	34	34	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	402	367	253	250	114	114	250	250	27
Median	13.5	13.7	15.7	15.9	13.6	13.6	16.0	15.9	11.6



[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample	
Columbus, GA—AL MSA -----	243 072	14.2	93 643	14.4	COLUMBUS CITY (REMAINDER), MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA	Tract 1 -----	354	14.4	355	14.1
Alabama (pt.) -----	46 860	13.6	19 633	13.9		Tract 2 -----	2 634	15.9	1 150	15.7
<b>RUSSELL COUNTY, AL</b>						Tract 3 -----	1 021	13.7	449	15.6
Total -----	46 860	13.6	19 633	13.9		Tract 4 -----	3 180	15.9	1 286	15.8
Phenix City city (pt.) -----	24 642	13.2	10 592	13.6		Tract 5 -----	1 790	13.2	834	15.2
Georgia (pt.) -----	196 212	14.3	74 010	14.6		Tract 6 -----	1 035	16.0	478	15.7
<b>CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA</b>						Tract 8 -----	2 318	14.9	1 180	14.8
Total -----	16 934	15.3	3 108	19.4		Tract 9 -----	2 857	13.8	1 278	15.9
Fort Benning South CDP -----	14 617	12.1	2 143	11.7		Tract 10 -----	3 970	15.9	1 709	15.9
<b>MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA</b>						Tract 11 -----	2 740	15.3	1 221	16.1
Total -----	179 278	14.2	70 902	14.4	Tract 12 -----	3 441	15.6	2 057	15.8	
Columbus city (remainder) -----	178 681	14.1	70 657	14.3	Tract 13 -----	1 159	16.2	647	15.5	
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN RUSSELL COUNTY, AL</b>					Tract 14 -----	2 380	15.7	1 231	14.8	
Tract 304 -----	6 302	11.1	2 608	11.1	Tract 15 -----	1 230	14.6	456	14.7	
Tract 305 -----	1 714	13.2	806	13.9	Tract 16 (pt.) -----	3 470	15.4	1 375	15.6	
Tract 306 -----	4 657	12.7	1 855	13.5	Tract 18 -----	1 559	16.6	785	15.4	
Tract 308 -----	4 309	15.1	1 679	14.8	Tract 19 -----	1 156	15.7	714	15.1	
Tract 309.01 -----	6 593	10.3	2 616	9.9	Tract 20 -----	3 249	16.3	1 238	16.1	
Tract 309.02 -----	4 314	11.8	1 661	12.3	Tract 21 -----	2 403	16.3	1 057	16.1	
<b>PHENIX CITY CITY (PT.), RUSSELL COUNTY, AL</b>					Tract 22 -----	3 651	15.2	1 423	15.3	
Tract 301 -----	1 265	11.9	605	13.4	Tract 23 -----	1 761	14.9	878	16.2	
Tract 302 -----	1 916	14.1	849	13.7	Tract 24 -----	1 810	15.6	794	15.6	
Tract 303 -----	3 263	14.3	1 556	14.6	Tract 25 -----	2 777	13.3	976	13.7	
Tract 304 (pt.) -----	5 304	11.0	2 204	11.1	Tract 26 -----	645	16.6	457	15.1	
Tract 305 (pt.) -----	826	12.3	435	13.8	Tract 27 -----	2 073	14.0	873	14.8	
Tract 306 (pt.) -----	4 239	12.8	1 667	13.6	Tract 28 -----	3 049	15.3	1 502	15.1	
Tract 307 -----	3 524	14.0	1 599	14.8	Tract 29.01 -----	3 691	14.4	1 542	14.7	
Tract 308 (pt.) -----	4 299	15.1	1 674	14.8	Tract 29.02 -----	4 424	10.9	1 931	10.7	
Tract 309.01 (pt.) -----	6	—	3	—	Tract 30 -----	2 856	14.5	1 248	15.1	
Tract 309.02 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	Tract 31 -----	5 459	10.9	2 157	11.3	
<b>REMAINDER OF RUSSELL COUNTY, AL</b>					Tract 32 -----	4 016	15.0	1 786	14.5	
Tract 304 (pt.) -----	998	11.8	404	11.4	Tract 33 -----	4 944	11.6	2 094	11.8	
Tract 305 (pt.) -----	888	14.1	371	14.0	Tract 34 -----	2 987	13.6	1 433	13.8	
Tract 306 (pt.) -----	418	11.7	188	12.8	Tract 101.02 -----	1 236	13.8	433	14.1	
Tract 308 (pt.) -----	10	—	5	20.0	Tract 101.03 -----	4 754	15.5	1 686	15.7	
Tract 309.01 (pt.) -----	6 587	10.3	2 613	10.0	Tract 101.04 -----	5 240	14.6	2 640	14.2	
Tract 309.02 (pt.) -----	4 314	11.8	1 661	12.3	Tract 102.01 -----	2 679	15.7	888	14.8	
Tract 310 -----	3 030	13.6	1 197	14.5	Tract 102.02 -----	7 685	11.6	2 668	11.5	
Tract 311 -----	2 499	28.0	1 114	28.5	Tract 103.01 -----	1 658	14.4	654	14.8	
Tract 312 -----	3 474	14.6	1 488	14.3	Tract 103.02 -----	4 540	14.9	1 746	15.3	
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA</b>					Tract 104.01 -----	6 508	10.9	2 492	11.5	
Tract 202 -----	14 654	12.1	2 154	11.7	Tract 104.02 -----	2 814	15.7	1 175	16.3	
<b>FORT BENNING SOUTH CDP, CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA</b>					Tract 105 -----	8 008	11.4	3 291	12.0	
Tract 202 (pt.) -----	14 617	12.1	2 143	11.7	Tract 106.02 -----	5 482	15.8	1 908	16.1	
<b>REMAINDER OF CHATTAHOOCHEE COUNTY, GA</b>					Tract 106.04 -----	7 772	11.6	2 624	12.0	
Tract 201 -----	2 280	35.6	954	36.7	Tract 106.05 -----	3 187	16.1	996	16.2	
Tract 202 (pt.) -----	37	13.5	11	9.1	Tract 106.06 -----	1 227	11.7	1	—	
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA</b>					Tract 107.01 -----	5 065	15.6	1 893	15.4	
Tract 16 -----	3 470	15.4	1 375	15.6	Tract 107.02 -----	5 384	14.8	1 819	15.3	
Tract 110 -----	597	52.1	245	49.4	Tract 107.03 -----	6 473	11.6	2 535	11.4	
					Tract 108 -----	11 975	15.9	2 213	15.4	
					Tract 109 -----	905	14.3	401	14.5	
					Tract 110 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	
					<b>REMAINDER OF MUSCOGEE COUNTY, GA</b>					
					Tract 16 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	
					Tract 110 (pt.) -----	597	52.1	245	49.4	

# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into



12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.



## **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)**

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers



with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

## **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

### **Geographic Block Group**

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### **Tabulation Block Group**

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

## **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

## **CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION**

### **Census Division**

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### **Northeast Region**

##### *New England Division:*

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

##### *Middle Atlantic Division:*

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### **Midwest Region**

##### *East North Central Division:*

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

##### *West North Central Division:*

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### **South Region**

##### *South Atlantic Division:*

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida



### *East South Central Division:*

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

### *West South Central Division:*

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

### **West Region**

#### *Mountain Division:*

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

#### *Pacific Division:*

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

### **Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

### **CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA**

#### **Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.



## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.



The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

### Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

### GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

### GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

#### Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
```

#### Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census



tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State  
County "A"  
County "B"  
County "C"  
  
Place "X"  
Place "Y"  
Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The



metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

### **Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)**

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

### **Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)**

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

### **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

### **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.



Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.



## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for



unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these “special rule” areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, “extended cities” were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels—although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in “other rural.”

## **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places (“central place”) and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory (“urban fringe”) that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

## **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

## **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

## **ZIP CODE®**

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.





# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

**Median Age**—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability**—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

### ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.



The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

*Presentation Based on Persons:*

*Single Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

*Multiple Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

*Ancestry Unclassified*—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

*Presentations Based on Responses:*

*Total Ancestries Reported*—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

*First Ancestry Reported*—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

*Second Ancestry Reported*—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.



**Comparability**—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

## CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Citizen**—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

*Naturalized Citizen*—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

**Not a Citizen**—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

**Comparability**—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

*High School Graduate or Higher*—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or



its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

*Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate*—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

**Comparability**—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

**Employed**—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

**Unemployed**—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:



- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Experienced Unemployed**—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

**Experienced Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

**Labor Force**—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in Labor Force**—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker**—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

**Actual Hours Worked Last Week**—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of “actual hours” differs from that of “usual hours” described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

**Limitation of the Data**—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons “at work” is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed “with a job, but not at work” is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

**Comparability**—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see “Reference Week”).

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,



figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

## FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

## GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

**Institutionalized Persons**—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

**Type of Institution**—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

*Correctional Institutions*—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

*Prisons*—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)



operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

*Federal Detention Centers*—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

*Military Stockades, Jails*—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

*Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities*—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

*Police Lockups*—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

*Halfway Houses*—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

*Other Types of Correctional Institutions*—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

*Nursing Homes*—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

*Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals*—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals for Chronically Ill*—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.



*Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere*—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

*Juvenile Institutions*—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

*Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children*—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as "Public" and "Private."

*Residential Treatment Centers*—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

*Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

*Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

*Private Training Schools*—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

*Detention Centers*—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

**Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")**—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

*Rooming Houses*—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Group Homes*—Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

*Homes for the Mentally Ill*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private," and "Ownership not known." Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

*Homes for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as "Federal," "State," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

*Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their



children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

*Other Group Homes*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

*Religious Group Quarters*—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

*College Quarters Off Campus*—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

*College Dormitories*—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Military Quarters*—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

*Agriculture Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

*Other Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations*—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)*—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

*Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

*Visible in Street Locations*—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. All persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.



Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

*Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)*—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, “shelters for abused women” are included in the category “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

*Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals*—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

*Crews of Maritime Vessels*—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

*Staff Residents of Institutions*—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

*Other Nonhousehold Living Situations*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or “T-Night” enumeration at YMCA’s, YWCA’s, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

*Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters*—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data**—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of “types of group quarters”:

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an “I,” for institutional, or an “N,” for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an “Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List.” (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

*Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)*—For the 1990 census “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America’s total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.



The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Comparability**—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample



questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Comparability**—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

**Persons Per Household**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### Relationship to Householder

**Householder**—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder



is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of “married persons with spouse present” in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as “spouse.” For sample tabulations, the number of “married persons with spouse present” includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

*Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter*—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Stepson/Stepdaughter*—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Own Child*—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an “own child” is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other Relatives**—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/Sister*—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Parent*—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Other Relatives*—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

*Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child*—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

*Housemate or Roommate*—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

*Other Nonrelatives*—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

## Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.



## Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

*Married-Couple Family*—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

*Other Family:*

*Male Householder, No Wife Present*—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

*Female Householder, No Husband Present*—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

**Persons Per Family**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

## Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

## Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

## Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

## Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

## Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

**Comparability**—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

## INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of



wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

## Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.
7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.
8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of Households**—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

**Income of Families and Persons**—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

**Median Income**—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.



For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean Income**—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

**Comparability**—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income



- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of



banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

## **INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER**

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

### **Industry**

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

### **Occupation**

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

### **Class of Worker**

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

**Private Wage and Salary Workers**—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a



private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

**Government Workers**—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

**Self-Employed Workers**—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

**Unpaid Family Workers**—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

**Salaried/Self-Employed**—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

**Comparability**—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical



Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

## **JOURNEY TO WORK**

### **Place of Work**

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;



Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

**Limitation of the Data**—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was



asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

## **Means of Transportation to Work**

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

## **Private Vehicle Occupancy**

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

**Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van**—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

## **Time Leaving Home to Go to Work**

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **Travel Time to Work**

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH**

### **Language Spoken at Home**

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in



question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Household Language**—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
Other Indo-European	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	Cambodian
	Tagalog	
	Korean	
	Vietnamese	
	Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
All other languages	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa



## Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

**Linguistic Isolation**—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

**Limitation of the Data**—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

**Comparability**—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

## MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

**Now Married, Except Separated**—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

**Separated**—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.



**Widowed**—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

**Now Married**—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

*Spouse Present*—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse Absent*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

*Separated*—Defined above.

*Spouse Absent, Other*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

## MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

## PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

**Nativity**—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

**Native**—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

**Foreign Born**—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.



The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

**Comparability**—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

## POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

### Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—

Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

**Specified Poverty Levels**—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 (\$12,674 x 1.25) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

### Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—

The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds



shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

**Income Deficit**—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

**Mean Income Deficit**—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

**Comparability**—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.
3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

*Current Population Survey*—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

## RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years.....	6 451	\$6,451								
65 years and over.....	5,947	5,947								
Two persons.....	8,076									
Householder under 65 years...	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over .....	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons .....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons .....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons.....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons.....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons.....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons .....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons .....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973



self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

**American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut**—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

*American Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*American Indian Tribe*—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

*Aleut*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

**Asian or Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

**Asian**—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

*Chinese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

*Filipino*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

*Japanese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

*Asian Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

*Korean*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

*Vietnamese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.



*Cambodian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

*Laotian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

*Thai*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

*Other Asian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising “Other Asian.”

**Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as “Pacific Islander” by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

*Hawaiian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as “Hawaiian” as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

*Samoan*—Includes persons who indicated their race as “Samoan” or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

*Guamanian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as “Guamanian” or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

*Other Pacific Islander*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising “Other Pacific Islander.”

**Other Race**—Includes all other persons not included in the “White,” “Black,” “American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut,” and the “Asian or Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Persons reporting in the “Other race” category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—“Indian (Amer.),” “Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API),” and “Other race”—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses “Comparability.”)

The written entries under “Indian (Amer.)” and “Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)” were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the “Other race” category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under “Other race” underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father’s (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the “Other race” circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for “Other race” and “Other API” responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the “Other race” category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.



**Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census**

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoaan
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander <sup>1</sup>
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian <sup>3</sup>
Laotian	Micronesia <sup>3</sup>
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian <sup>1</sup>	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian <sup>3</sup>
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

<sup>2</sup>Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesia, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

**Comparability**—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoaan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

## REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

**Comparability**—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of



these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

## RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

**Comparability**—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.



## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

**Comparability**—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and Private School**—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

**Level of School in Which Enrolled**—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

**Comparability**—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular



school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

## SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

## SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

## VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Veteran Status**—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now



serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

**Period of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two “Korean conflict” categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the “Vietnam era and Korean conflict” category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

**Years of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

**Limitation of the Data**—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report “2 years”).

**Comparability**—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, “September 1980 or later” was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

## WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as “Prevented from working” or “Not prevented from working.”

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

## WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as “Worked in 1989.” All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as “Did not work in 1989.” Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as “Did not work in 1989.”



## Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

## Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Year-Round Full-Time Workers**—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

**Number of Workers in Family in 1989**—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

**Limitation of the Data**—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

**Comparability**—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

## YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

**Limitation of the Data**—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

**Comparability**—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)



Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this



item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

**Comparability**—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

## AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

## BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Comparability**—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

## BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.



## CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990.

## CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

**Limitation of the Data**—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

**Comparability**—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

## CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

**Median and Quartile Contract Rent**—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No



cash rent” are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Aggregate Contract Rent**—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category “Less than \$80” is \$50. The amount assigned to the category “\$1,000 or more” is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

## DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as “months vacant”) were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the “Less than 1 month” interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

**Comparability**—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

## GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as “No cash rent” in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

**Comparability**—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.



## GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

## HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

**Utility Gas**—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas**—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

**Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.**—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Wood**—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, sawmill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar Energy**—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

**Other Fuel**—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

**No Fuel Used**—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

**Comparability**—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

## INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

**Comparability**—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all



occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

## MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

**Comparability**—This item is new for 1990.

## MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

**Comparability**—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

## MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

**Comparability**—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,



condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

## PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

## PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Mean Persons Per Room**—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

## PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

**Comparability**—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

## POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

## REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.



The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

**Comparability**—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.



In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

**Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs**—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## **SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989**

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

## **SEWAGE DISPOSAL**

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

**Comparability**—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## **SOURCE OF WATER**

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

**Comparability**—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## **TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT**

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

**Comparability**—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.



## TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner Occupied**—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan” if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)” if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under “Mortgage Status.”)

**Renter Occupied**—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. “No cash rent” units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the “No cash rent” category. “Rented for cash rent” includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

**Comparability**—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

## UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as “type of structure”) were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

**Mobile Home or Trailer**—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer’s lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

**Comparability**—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are



shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

## USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

## UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

**Limitation of the Data**—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

**Comparability**—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

*For Rent*—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

*For Sale Only*—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

*Rented or Sold, Not Occupied*—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

*For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use*—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

*For Migrant Workers*—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

*Other Vacant*—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.



**Homeowner Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

**Rental Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

**Comparability**—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, “seasonal/recreational/occasional use” combined vacant units classified in 1980 as “seasonal or migratory” and “held for occasional use.” Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

## VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as “price asked” for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent’s estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for “specified units” exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category “Less than \$10,000” is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category “\$500,000 or more”

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Comparability**—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

## VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Vehicles Per Household**—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

**Limitation of the Data**—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability**—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented



separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

## YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

**Comparability**—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

## YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Median Year Structure Built**—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

**Limitation of the Data**—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

**Comparability**—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

## DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (–).

### Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is



computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### **Percentages, Rates, and Ratios**

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

### **Quartile**

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

### CONTENTS

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### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

### ACCURACY OF THE DATA

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that



published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

## ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

**Totals and Percentages**—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or



estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

**Sums and Differences**—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$SE_{\hat{X}}$  and  $SE_{\hat{Y}}$  of estimates  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$ :

$$SE_{(\hat{X} + \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

**Ratios**—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X}/\hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

**Medians**—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as  $N/2$ ). Treat  $N/2$  as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about  $N/2$ . Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about  $N/2$ . By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about  $N/2$ . Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

## Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;



2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948 / 21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$  percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86



percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is  $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$  percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9948/9314 = 1.07$$

$$\begin{aligned} SE(1.07) &= \left( \frac{9948}{9314} \right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

## ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

## PERSONS

### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

### STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2



### STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

### STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White
	Persons of Hispanic Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

# STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

# Renter

White Householder  
Householder of Hispanic origin  
Rent

101	Less than \$100
102	\$100 to \$199
103	\$200 to \$299
104	\$300 to \$399
105	\$400 to \$499
106	\$500 to \$599
107	\$600 to \$749
108	\$750 to \$999
109	\$1,000 or more
110	No cash rent

# STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

# STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

111-120	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110
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# STAGE IV: TENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner
	White Householder
	Householder of Hispanic Origin
	Value
1	Less than \$20,000
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999
9	\$300,000 or more
10	Other <sup>1</sup>
11-20	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin Same value categories as groups 1 through 10
21-40	Black Householder Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
41-60	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
61-80	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
81-100	Householder of Other Race Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20

121-140	Black Householder Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
141-160	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
161-180	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
181-200	Householder of Other Race Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
	Vacant Housing Units
1	Vacant for rent
2	Vacant for sale
3	Other vacant

<sup>1</sup>Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.



## Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional recanvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

**Respondent and Enumerator Error**—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

**Processing Error**—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

**Nonresponse**—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely

reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

## **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.



**Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1</sup>	Size of publication area <sup>2</sup>													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50 .....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100 .....	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250 .....	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500 .....	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000 .....	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500 .....	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000 .....	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

<sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

<sup>2</sup>The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

**Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage <sup>1</sup>												
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98 .....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95 .....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90 .....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85 .....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80 .....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75 .....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70 .....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65 .....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50 .....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Georgia-Alabama

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
<b>POPULATION</b>				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Household type and relationship.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.7	2.6	1.5	1.4
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Ancestry.....	2.4	2.1	1.2	1.0
Place of birth.....	2.6	2.3	1.4	1.1
Citizenship.....	1.9	1.6	0.9	0.8
Residence in 1985.....	2.1	1.9	1.1	0.9
Year of entry.....	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.6
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.2	2.2	1.3	1.3
Household type.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Employment status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.6
Place of work.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Means of transportation to work.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
<b>HOUSING</b>				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.3	1.3	0.5	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
House heating fuel.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5





# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures .....	D-2
Enumeration and Residence Rules .....	D-1
Processing Procedures .....	D-4

### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.



**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States



Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.



5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.





# APPENDIX E.

## Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### Your Guide for the

# 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
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<b>Example</b>	<b>2</b>
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CENSUS '90

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



D-4



## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0	00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0
10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0	10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0
20 20	2 0 2 0	20 20	2 0 2 0
30 30	3 0 3 0	30 30	3 0 3 0
40 40	4 0 4 0	40 40	4 0 4 0
50 50	5 0 5 0	50 50	5 0 5 0
60 60	6 0 6 0	60 60	6 0 6 0
70 70	7 0 7 0	70 70	7 0 7 0
80 80	8 0 8 0	80 80	8 0 8 0
90 90	9 0 9 0	90 90	9 0 9 0

## Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b. If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.

2. Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.

If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.

4. Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.

6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.

7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

## Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.

- b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.



## Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

### H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

### H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

### H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

### H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

### b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

### H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

### H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day . . . . .	30	4 times a year . . . . .	3
By the week . . . . .	4	2 times a year . . . . .	6
Every other week . . . .	2	Once a year . . . . .	12

### b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

### H8. The *person listed in column 1* refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

### H10. Mark **Yes, have all three facilities** if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

### H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

### H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do **not** count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

### H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

**Solar energy** is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

### H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

**Drilled wells**, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

### H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank** or **cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

### H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, *not* the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

### H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

### H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

### b. This *property* is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.



## Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

**H20.** If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [ ] the two utilities.

**H21.** Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

**H22.** When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

**H23a.** The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

**H24a.** A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

**H25.** A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

**H26.** Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

## Instructions for Question 8

**8.** For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

## Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

**9.** A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

**10.** If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

**11.** Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

**12.** Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

**13.** Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. *All* persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.



## Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).
- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

### Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

### Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

### Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No**, **lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

### Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman service** as active duty; do **not** count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.
- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.
- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

## Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

### 21a. Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

### Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

*If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.*

*If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.*

*If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.*

*If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.*

*If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.*

- d.** *If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

*If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.*

*If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

- e.** *If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.*

- 23a.** *If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.*

- b.** *If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.*

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.



## Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon*, fill the **a.m.** circle.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight*, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No**, **already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.  
Mark **No**, **temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.  
Mark **No**, **other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Metal furniture manufacturing                   | Furniture company     |
| Retail grocery store                            | Grocery store         |
| Petroleum refining                              | Oil company           |
| Cattle ranch                                    | Ranch                 |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Production clerk                                | Clerk                 |
| Carpenter's helper                              | Helper                |
| Auto engine mechanic                            | Mechanic              |
| Registered nurse                                | Nurse                 |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.  
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.  
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government* category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

## Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.  
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before* deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. *Also exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.  
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.  
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.
- Do not include the following as income in any item:*
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
  - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
  - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
  - Inheritances or insurance settlements
  - Any type of loan
  - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.



## **What the Census Is About – Some Questions and Answers**

### **Why are we taking a census?**

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### **What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?**

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### **How long have we been taking the census?**

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### **How are you being counted?**

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## **Why the Census Asks Certain Questions**

**Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.**

*It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.*

### **Name?**

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

### **Value or rent?**

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

### **Complete plumbing?**

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

### **Place of birth?**

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

### **Job?**

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

### **Income?**

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.



# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

**The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.**

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years--or until the year 2062--only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else--no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency--is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

**How to get started--and get help.**

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

**Please answer and return your form promptly.**

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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**Para personas de habla hispana --**  
(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

**1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**



	PERSON 1	PERSON 2
<b>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</b>	Last name First name Middle initial	Last name First name Middle initial
<b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b> Fill ONE circle for each person. If <b>Other relative</b> of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If a <b>RELATIVE</b> of Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative → If <b>NOT RELATED</b> to Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative
<b>3. Sex</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female
<b>4. Race</b> Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be. If <b>Indian (Amer.)</b> , print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. → If <b>Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</b> , print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. → If <b>Other race</b> , print race. →	<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API → <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →	<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API → <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →
<b>5. Age and year of birth</b> a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box. b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.	a. Age 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 b. Year of birth 1 8 0 0 0 0 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	a. Age 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 b. Year of birth 1 8 0 0 0 0 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9
<b>6. Marital status</b> Fill ONE circle for each person.	<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced
<b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b> Fill ONE circle for each person. If <b>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</b> , print one group. →	<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →	<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →
<b>FOR CENSUS USE →</b>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

PERSON 7	
Last name	
First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Husband/wife	<input type="radio"/> Brother/sister
<input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter	<input type="radio"/> Father/mother
<input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter	<input type="radio"/> Grandchild
	<input type="radio"/> Other relative
If NOT RELATED to Person 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child	<input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner
<input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate	<input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative
<input type="radio"/> Male	<input type="radio"/> Female
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age	b. Year of birth
0 0 0 0 0	1 8 0 0 0 0
1 0 1 0 0	9 0 1 0 1 0
2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0
4 0 4 0	4 0 4 0
5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0
6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0
7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0
8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0
9 0 9 0	9 0 9 0
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Divorced <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Never married	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	
<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	

## NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a—H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

**H1a.** Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?

- ☐ Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s).  
☐ No

**b.** Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else?

- ☐ Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s).  
☐ No

**H2.** Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.

- ☐ A mobile home or trailer  
☐ A one-family house detached from any other house  
☐ A one-family house attached to one or more houses  
☐ A building with 2 apartments  
☐ A building with 3 or 4 apartments  
☐ A building with 5 to 9 apartments  
☐ A building with 10 to 19 apartments  
☐ A building with 20 to 49 apartments  
☐ A building with 50 or more apartments  
☐ Other

**H3.** How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment?

Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

- ☐ 1 room  
☐ 2 rooms  
☐ 3 rooms  
☐ 4 rooms  
☐ 5 rooms  
☐ 6 rooms  
☐ 7 rooms  
☐ 8 rooms  
☐ 9 or more rooms

**H4.** Is this house or apartment —

- ☐ Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?  
☐ Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)?  
☐ Rented for cash rent?  
☐ Occupied without payment of cash rent?

If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE —

**H5a.** Is this house on ten or more acres?

- ☐ Yes ☐ No

**b.** Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property?

- ☐ Yes ☐ No

Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment —

**H6.** What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale?

- ☐ Less than \$10,000  
☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999  
☐ \$15,000 to \$19,999  
☐ \$20,000 to \$24,999  
☐ \$25,000 to \$29,999  
☐ \$30,000 to \$34,999  
☐ \$35,000 to \$39,999  
☐ \$40,000 to \$44,999  
☐ \$45,000 to \$49,999  
☐ \$50,000 to \$54,999  
☐ \$55,000 to \$59,999  
☐ \$60,000 to \$64,999  
☐ \$65,000 to \$69,999  
☐ \$70,000 to \$74,999  
☐ \$75,000 to \$79,999  
☐ \$80,000 to \$89,999  
☐ \$90,000 to \$99,999  
☐ \$100,000 to \$124,999  
☐ \$125,000 to \$149,999  
☐ \$150,000 to \$174,999  
☐ \$175,000 to \$199,999  
☐ \$200,000 to \$249,999  
☐ \$250,000 to \$299,999  
☐ \$300,000 to \$399,999  
☐ \$400,000 to \$499,999  
☐ \$500,000 or more

Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment —

**H7a.** What is the monthly rent?

- ☐ Less than \$80  
☐ \$80 to \$99  
☐ \$100 to \$124  
☐ \$125 to \$149  
☐ \$150 to \$174  
☐ \$175 to \$199  
☐ \$200 to \$224  
☐ \$225 to \$249  
☐ \$250 to \$274  
☐ \$275 to \$299  
☐ \$300 to \$324  
☐ \$325 to \$349  
☐ \$350 to \$374  
☐ \$375 to \$399  
☐ \$400 to \$424  
☐ \$425 to \$449  
☐ \$450 to \$474  
☐ \$475 to \$499  
☐ \$500 to \$524  
☐ \$525 to \$549  
☐ \$550 to \$599  
☐ \$600 to \$649  
☐ \$650 to \$699  
☐ \$700 to \$749  
☐ \$750 to \$999  
☐ \$1,000 or more

**b.** Does the monthly rent include any meals?

- ☐ Yes ☐ No

## FOR CENSUS USE

A. Total persons	B. Type of unit Occupied Vacant	D. Months vacant	G. DO	ID
0 0	<input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Cont'n	<input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6		
1 1	<input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere	<input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more		
2 2	<b>C1. Vacancy status</b>	<b>E. Complete after</b>		
3 3	<input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Other vacant	<input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> MV <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> QA <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> EN		
4 4	<b>C2. Is this unit boarded up?</b>	<input type="radio"/> P0 <input type="radio"/> P1 <input type="radio"/> P2 <input type="radio"/> P3 <input type="radio"/> P4 <input type="radio"/> P5 <input type="radio"/> P6 <input type="radio"/> 1A <input type="radio"/> SM		
5 5	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<b>F. Cov.</b>		
6 6		<input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1		
7 7				
8 8				
9 9				



<p><b>H8.</b> When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier         </p>	<p><b>H14.</b> Which <b>FUEL</b> is used <b>MOST</b> for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood  <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  <input type="radio"/> Electricity  <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke  <input type="radio"/> Wood  <input type="radio"/> Solar energy  <input type="radio"/> Other fuel  <input type="radio"/> No fuel used         </p>	<p><b>H20.</b> What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p><b>a. Electricity</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used       </p>
<p><b>H9.</b> How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms         </p>	<p><b>H15.</b> Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company?  <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well?  <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well?  <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.?         </p>	<p><b>b. Gas</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used       </p>
<p><b>H10.</b> Do you have <b>COMPLETE</b> plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H16.</b> Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer  <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  <input type="radio"/> No, use other means         </p>	<p><b>c. Water</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge       </p>
<p><b>H11.</b> Do you have <b>COMPLETE</b> kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H17.</b> About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959  <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949  <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier  <input type="radio"/> Don't know         </p>	<p><b>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</b></p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00          Yearly cost — Dollars       </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used       </p>
<p><b>H12.</b> Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H18.</b> Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	
<p><b>H13.</b> How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> 1  <input type="radio"/> 2  <input type="radio"/> 3  <input type="radio"/> 4  <input type="radio"/> 5  <input type="radio"/> 6  <input type="radio"/> 7 or more         </p>	<p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p> <p><b>H19a.</b> Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20  <input type="radio"/> No         </p> <p><b>b.</b> In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999  <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499  <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999  <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999  <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more         </p>	

**INSTRUCTION:**

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

**H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt
  - ☐ Yes, contract to purchase
  - ☐ No — Skip to H24a
- } Go to H23b

**b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

**c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
- ☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

**d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
- ☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

**H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No — Skip to H25

**b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

**H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

**H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔



PERSON 1		14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?		18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —	
Last name _____ First name _____ Middle initial _____ <b>8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born?</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; width: 100%;"></div> (Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)		<input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No		a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States		<b>b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?</b> (1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.) (2) Name of county in the U.S. <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (3) Name of city or town in the U.S. <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits		<b>b. Prevents this person from working at a job?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>10. When did this person come to the United States to stay?</b> <input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950		<b>15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16 <b>b. What is this language?</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese) <b>c. How well does this person speak English?</b> <input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not at all		<b>19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty —</b> a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <b>b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college?</b> Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree. <input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college		<b>16. When was this person born?</b> <input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person		<b>20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.</b> None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	
<b>12. How much school has this person COMPLETED?</b> Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received. <input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE — high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college — Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college — Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)		<b>17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18 <b>b. Was active-duty military service during —</b> Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. <input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time		<b>21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25 <b>b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div> Hours	
<b>13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?</b> (See instruction guide for further information.) <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; width: 100%;"></div> (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)		<b>17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18 <b>b. Was active-duty military service during —</b> Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. <input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time		<b>22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK?</b> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. <b>a. Address (Number and street)</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.) <b>b. Name of city, town, or post office</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> <b>c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits <b>d. County</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> <b>e. State</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <b>f. ZIP Code</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div>	
<b>13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?</b> (See instruction guide for further information.) <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; width: 100%;"></div> (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)		<b>c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div> Years		<b>22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK?</b> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. <b>a. Address (Number and street)</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.) <b>b. Name of city, town, or post office</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> <b>c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits <b>d. County</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div> <b>e. State</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <b>f. ZIP Code</b> <span style="float: right;">7</span> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div>	



**23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK?** If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

- ☐ Car, truck, or van      ☐ Motorcycle  
☐ Bus or trolley bus      ☐ Bicycle  
☐ Streetcar or trolley car      ☐ Walked  
☐ Subway or elevated      ☐ Worked at home  
☐ Railroad      ☐ Skip to 28  
☐ Ferryboat      ☐ Other method  
☐ Taxicab

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

**b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Drove alone      ☐ 5 people  
☐ 2 people      ☐ 6 people  
☐ 3 people      ☐ 7 to 9 people  
☐ 4 people      ☐ 10 or more people

**24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?**

- a.m.  
 p.m.

**b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?**

- Minutes — Skip to 28

**25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Yes, on layoff  
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.  
☐ No

**26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 27

**b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?**

- ☐ No, already has a job  
☐ No, temporarily ill  
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

**27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?**

- ☐ 1990      ☐ 1980 to 1984  
☐ 1989      ☐ 1979 or earlier  
☐ 1988      ☐ Never worked  
☐ 1985 to 1987

**28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY.** Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

**28. Industry or Employer**

**a. For whom did this person work?**

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

**b. What kind of business or industry was this?**

Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

**c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Manufacturing      ☐ Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)  
☐ Wholesale trade  
☐ Retail trade

**29. Occupation**

**a. What kind of work was this person doing?**

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

**b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?**

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

**30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization  
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

**31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 32

**b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?**

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

**c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?**

Hours

**32. INCOME IN 1989 —**

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989.

For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

**a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**33. What was this person's total income in 1989?**

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

- ☐ None OR  Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.





# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

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The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)



**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

## User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County



Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP



Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide.* This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program.* A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics.* A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community.* A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers.* A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base.* A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You.* The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement.* A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide.* A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.



## Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Centers—**The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**National Services Program—**The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse—**The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries—**There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the



annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## **Other Statistical Activities**

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

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100-PERCENT COMPONENT

**Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

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SAMPLE COMPONENT

**Population**

*Social characteristics:*

Education—enrollment and attainment  
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.  
Ancestry  
Language spoken at home  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Disability  
Fertility  
Veteran status

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Place of work and journey to work  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989  
Year last worked

**Housing**

Year moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Plumbing and kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Heating fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

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NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdi- visions of 1,000 or more inhabit- ants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geo- graphic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reser- vations, trust lands, tribal jurisdic- tion statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabit- ants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census sub- jects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

		Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 900 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	Over 2,100 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 3,300 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	



Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

Geographic areas

Description

STF 4 (Sample)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
	B	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

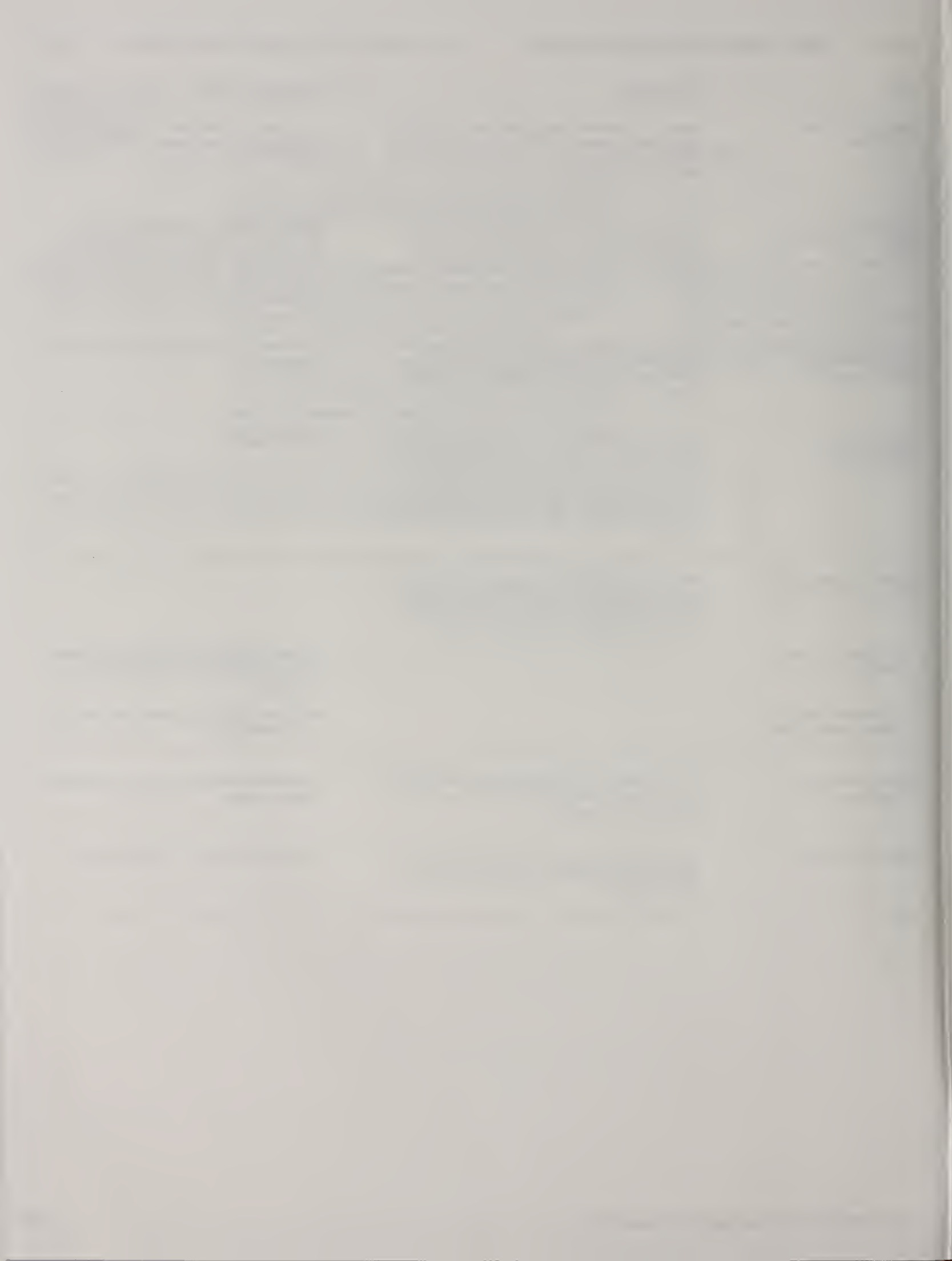
<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas





# APPENDIX G.

## Maps

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps**—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).









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